

FINANCIAL TIMES



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Why not go ahead without Germany?

Europa, Page 14



Financial data

Internet shakes up established providers

Finance Separate section

Today's Survey

Latin American



id Business Newspaper http://www.FT.com

FRIDAY MARCH 14 1997

Netanyahu condemns 'wicked' attack by Jordanian soldier

Albania appeals to Europe as mob rule spreads

Albania appealed yesterday for military intervention by the European members of Nato in a desperate attempt to halt the country's headlong slide into anarchy. Hans van Mierlo, Dutch foreign minister and president of the European Union's Council of Ministers, said the EU was considering the request. Meanwhile, Albanians looted weapons from army barracks as troops and police disappeared from sight and left the streets to mob rule. Prices doubled as frightened residents stocked up on food. Page 16

Virgin switches partner for transatiantic links

Virgin Atlantic said it was ending its partner ship with Delta Air Lines of the US and conclud ing an alliance with Continental of the US instead. It leaves Delta without a UK partner, although it has alliances with Swissair, Austrian Airlines and Sabena of Belgium. Page 6

German coal deal reached: The German government bought peace in its coalfields through a pact with the miners' union and employers. The government offered to reduce subsidies at a slower rate over the next nine years and secured a pledge of no mass sackings. The deal allows for a pit closure each year to 2000, other closures after that, and the loss of about 46,000 of 85,000 mining jobs by 2005.

BT and NTT in joint Singapore bid:

Nippon Telegraph and Telephone, the world's largest telecoms company, and British Telecommunications, the UK's dominant operator, are hidding jointly for Singapore's second national telecoms licence. It is the first time BT and NTT have collaborated on an overseas bid and has inspired speculation that the two are exploring stronger links. Page 16

Surge in Japanese economy: Japan's economy grew by 2.9 per cent in the last three months of 1996 bringing growth for the full year to a robust 3.6 per cent, its Economic Planning Agency said. Last year's growth rate was the highest of any developed economy and Japan's hest since 1991, it said. Page 16

De Klerk turns down Yale honour Bowing to protests from students and faculty,



research former South African president FW de Klerk, left, has given up a fel-lowship at Yale Law School. The co-winner of the 1993 Nobel peace prize said in a letter to Anthony Kronman, the Yale dean: "I have no wish to cause either one of us any embar rassment, It would

appear that the students charge me with having been the leader of a 'violent, racist white government.' . . . Nothing can be further from the truth."

Theft blamed on Russian gang: US and British investigators believe Russian criminal gangs may be behind the February 25 theft of \$2.5m in \$100 bills from London's Heathrow airport. The robbery highlighted a lucrative trade by US banks which ship billions of dollars abroad to serve as a reserve currency in high-Inflation environments. Page 8

Matsushita, the Japanese electronics group. will establish a regional headquarters in London to integrate its 16 European sales and financial operations in advance of European economic and monetary union. Matsushita said Europe accounted for 10 per cent of sales. Page 17

Turkish military curbs Islamists: The Islamic-led government bowed to Turkey's military and pledged measures to protect secular traditions. "Our government is determined to fight against the threat of religious fundamentalism." state minister Lutfu Esengul, a deputy from the Islamic Welfare party, said.

Night work by French women allowed: France can no longer forbid women labourers to work at night. At a time when France faces double-digit unemployment, the European Court of Justice ruled that its ban on night work for women hurts their chances in the job market and violates European law on equality in the workplace.

FT.come the FT web site provides online news, comment and analysis at http://www.FT.com

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Schoolgirl

shootings fuel Middle East tension

By Judy Dempsey in Jerusalem

All sides involved in the Middle East peace process yes-terday condemned a Jordanian soldier's unprovoked attack on a group of Israeli schoolgirls which left seven dead and at least six seriously wounded. The incident coincides with

a deepening rift between Israel

and the Palestinians over the pace of the peace negotiations. The shooting took place at Nayarayim on the "Island of Peace," a small enclave sandwiched between Israel and Jordan by the Jordan river which is visited by many Israeli tour-

The 13-year-old girls from the Bet Shemesh school near Jerusalem were on their

standing at an observation point across the Jordan river when the soldier opened fire, emptying a magazine of ammunition and re-loading before being overpowered by other troops.

The shootings come in the wake of growing tension between Israel and Palestinians, fuelled by Israel's decision to build a new Jewish settlement at Har Homa in east Jerusalem and its recent troop pullback from some towns and rural areas of the West Bank.

The Palestinians rejected the withdrawal, saying the 9 per cent of land ceded to their control was below their expectations.

In Washington, President Bill Clinton condemned the killings "in the strongest possiannual field trip. They were ble terms", adding that there



An Israeli schoolgirl who survived the shooting is comforted by her father

the tensions in the area over the issues".

He called on the leaders and people of the region to reject violence and redouble peace efforts.

was no reason "to believe this the Israeli prime minister, terrible incident is related to called it "a wicked attack that caused a terrible tragedy", adding that those who are "willing to employ violence pose the biggest threat to the

peace process". Mr Yassir Arafat, president Mr Benjamin Netanyahu, of the Palestinian Authority

phoned Mr Netanyahu to express his condolences. King Hussein of Jordan cut

short his visit to Spain and postponed a visit to Washington. He said the incident was 'something I feel is aimed at

Continued on Page 16

US sales grow faster than expected

By Gerard Baker in Washington

Markets unsettled by overheating fears

Buoyed by rising incomes, falling unemployment and a surging stock market, US consumers went on a spending spree in the first two months f 1997, fuelling fears that the economy is in danger of overheating and unsettling the markets.

Retail sales rose by a seasonlier, the Commerce Departslightly faster than expected.

The increase came on top of sharp upward revision to January's figure. Sales in that increase, up from an earlier estimate of 0.6 per cent, and the fastest gain since February last year. In real terms, spending in the first two months of 1997 rose at an annual rate of more than 7 per cent.

The figures provided further March, economists vesterday confirmation that the pace of were revising upwards their US economic growth is now in forecasts for overall growth in published on Wednesday, the the danger zone normally asso- the first quarter of 1997. clated with accelerating infla- Most now expect gross

report, fearing it would induce the Federal Reserve to raise ally adjusted 0.8 per cent in interest rates to cool demand February from a month ear- at the next meeting of its open market committee on March ment reported yesterday, 25. By 2pm, the benchmark 30year Treasury bond had dropped % of a point, pushing 6.934.

> Consumer accounts for more than a third of all economic activity. unlikely to be maintained in tionary pressures.

domestic product to grow at an tight labour markets, there Markets took fright at the annual rate of between 3 and 4 per cent in the first three months. That would represent almost no slowdown from the 3.9 per cent recorded in the last three months of 1996, itself considered too fast.

the yield up to 6.93 per cent. officials believe to be the US's The Dow Jones Industrial long-term, non-inflationary officials believe to be the US's ductivity. month posted a 1.5 per cent Average had lost 106 points to potential rate could prove too much for the Federal Reserve. spending even though the evidence of building materials sector. runaway consumer spending Though the pace of retail sales tral bank reported that there in the last two months is was still no clear sign of infla-

In its "Beige Book" report on conditions across the country Fed said that though strong demand growth had made for were few signs of an acceleration in wages, and little evi-

dence of other price pressures. The Fed has attributed the lack of inflation to a number of factors, including workers' insecurity about their employ-Two consecutive quarters of ment prospects, and under-regrowth of almost twice what ported improvements in pro-

> The sharpest increase in retail sales in the first two months was reported in the

US retail sales Month on month % change

There were also strong increases in demand for cars and trucks, and in department store sales.

Current account, Page 5 Markets, Page 36

GALLIARD HOMES

ANNOUNCE YOUR UNPRECEDENTED

German coal mine closure deal ends protests

By Peter Norman in Bonn

The German government yesterday bought peace in the nation's coalfields by offering to reduce subsidies at a slower rate over the next nine years and by securing a pledge of no mass sackings in the industry. The "socially acceptable"

run-down of coal mining. agreed yesterday with the I G Bergbau trade union and the employers, will involve a pit closure a year until 2000, additional closures after that, and the loss of about 46,000 of 85,000 mining jobs by 2005.

But the industry will be larger than envisaged just a week ago, when Chancello Helmut Kohl put forward plans for subsidy cuts that would have cost nearly 60,000 jobs. That plan brought thousands of protesting miners to the streets of Bonn.

The 10,000 demonstrators, who on Wednesday withdrew to nearby Cologne at their union's insistence to await the outcome of the talks, welcomed the compromise.

But Mr Gunter Rexrodt, the Bonn economics minister, warned that the industry would be halved by 2005 and coal would play a subordinate role in supplying Germany's future energy needs.

The settlement was reached just before dawn yesterday after intensive negotiations between Mr Friedrich Bohl. the head of the Chancellery, and Mr Wolfgang Clement. economics minister of the state of North Rhine Westphalia and a member of the opposition Social Democrats.

Overall subsidies will be educed from DM8.91bn (\$5.24bn) this year to DM5.5bn a year by 2005 to bring the cost of German coal down to world market levels and to help finance pit closures. While the subsidies planned for 2005 are in line with Bonn's original plans, the federal government has agreed to pay an extra DM1.65bn over the period, bringing its total

> Continued on Page 16 Two winners, Page 3 Observer, Page 15

NatWest bank suspends four over options losses

By John Gapper, niding Editor

National Westminster Bank, the UK's biggest bank, yesterday took tough action against a group of senior managers as it disclosed that its losses due to mis-pricing of derivatives had risen to £90m. It also revealed that the mis-pricing had been allowed to continue over two years.

NatWest, which suspended one manager in its investment banking arm NatWest Markets two weeks ago, suspended a announced the conclusions of trols following the collapse of the first stage of an inquiry. It Barings, the London-based part of the loss by cutting £8m in 1995. from staff bonuses. Mr Martin Owen, chief exec-

utive of NatWest Markets. gave up £200,000 from his bonus of £500,000 for last year. small group of managers in its trading in Europe. interest rate derivatives arm.

provision, would cover the stage of its inquiry, which "We have found a major defi-

NatWest's response to managers' failure to prevent the loss caused by Mr Kyriacos Papouis, a former trader significant period". alleged to have mis-priced trades between the end of 1994 and 1996, has been unusually

However, the reputation of its investment bank is likely to be damaged by the disclosure that it failed to discover what was occurring despite an

It suspended Mr Phil Wise, chief administrative officer, Mr Jean Francois Nguyen, head of debt derivatives, Mr Christopher Lanson, head of interest The rest of the money was rate risk management, and Mr taken from the bonuses of a Ian Gaskell, head of swaps

NatWest said it would write rule out further suspensions of mis-pricing hard to detect. off £77m against its first half staff as the accountancy firm profits to cover losses, which, Coopers & Lybrand, and the ogether with the f8m bonuses law firm Linklaters & Paines, saving and an existing £5m proceeded with the second

could take several months.

ciency in controls. Although it seems to have occurred in an isolated area, it still gives us concerns because these losses remained undiscovered for a Two weeks ago, NatWest suspended Mr Neil Dodgson,

global head of options, for failing to supervise Mr Papouis. It said that Mr Papouis had declined to be interviewed. Lord Alexander, chairman of

NatWest, which has been trying to build up the group's investment bank in recent years, said that the bank remained committed to creating a global investment bank despite its "great concern' about the incident.

The initial stage of the internal review found evidence of losses in option books from late 1994 onwards, and discovered that some option trades had been moved between Mr Owen said he could not books in a manner that made

> Editoral Comment, Page 15 Observer, Page 15

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O THE FINANCIAL TIMES LIMITED 1997 No 33,240

£90m losses. Its original estimate of the losses two weeks ago was £50m.

further four yesterday as it attempt to tighten risk conadded that it was re-couping merchant banking group, early

forceful and open.

CONTENTS

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Yeltsin image-makers form PR group

By Chrystia Freeland in Moscow

The well connected Moscow team which overcame tremendous odds to secure Russian President Boris Yeltsin's re-election last year is planning to put its political services up for sale.

Their vehicle is a newly formed public relations (PR) and lobbying group called Group of '96 - a reference to last year's presidential ballot and they hope it will revo-Iutionise Russia's approach

Led by Mr Igor Malashenko, president of NTV, Russia's only private television station, Group of '96 hopes to sell its inside knowledge of the corridors of Russian power to aspirant politicians throughout the former Soviet Union and to western outlay. companies seeking smoother relationship with

the Kremlin. Russian observers estimate that the market for political consulting services

According to one report, an average gubernatorial profit.

campaign costs \$1m, while a presidential bid costs about \$500m by conservative esti-

Consulting companies imedzh-maekery (image-makers) - take some 15 to 20 per cent of the total campaign

Mr Malashenko, who was a key figure in the ninemember team which spearheaded Mr Yeltsin's election campaign last year, said the PR and lobbying company would be politically neutral, seeking primarily to make a

Many observers have criticised the television chief for his intimate involvement with Mr Yeltsin's election campaign last year, arguing that it corrupted the relationship between the Kremlin and media. Mr Malashenko acknowl-

edges the conflict of interest, although he believes the grave threat posed by the communists last year gave him no choice but to ignore such democratic niceties.

However, he said he would leave his post at NTV as soon as the public relations

company signed up its first client. The Russian media have speculated that presidents of former Soviet republics and Mr Yuri Luzhkov, the powerful mayor of Moscow with presidential public relations consultanambitions, could be among the first to enlist Group of

Mr Malashenko would not name target clients but said that, along with would-be domestic politicians, the group hoped to attract foreign companies and countries hoping to lobby the Russian leadership.

Mr Malashenko said he hoped the high-profile role he and his colleagues had played in Mr Yeltsin's election campaign would allow them to leap-frog smaller cies that already exist in

"Right now, there's no company you could turn to for a big assignment in Moscow," Mr Malashenko said. "The market is unstructured. We plan to use the experience we developed during the 1996 election cam-

Dealers

bullets in

On the Tirana foreign

exchange market yesterday an exposed position did not

mean going short on dollars

it meant dodging bullets

fired by marauding gangs of

"This job takes courage,"

said Mr Fatmir Gjyriqi, a 23-

vear-old dealer, pointing

across the street to where a

man had been wounded by a

stray bullet earlier in the

In the background, volleys of automatic gunfire could be heard as the people of

Tirana, armed with weapons

looted from military bar-

racks, plundered sacks of

Few police were left on

the streets, abandoning the apital to mob rule. But Mr

Gjyriqi and a dozen other

money dealers stood their

ground, waving wads of

banknotes to passers-by at

Business was slow as residents hurried to the safety

of their homes. "When roads are closed and people have

gans, it's difficult to do

business," Mr Gjyriqi com-

He said he usually earns

up to \$20 a day and needs

the money to complete his

engineering studies at Tirana University.
The money market is legal

and Albania's currency, the

lek, floats freely according

to the usual laws of supply

and demand, its value influ-

enced by the daily rate set

by the central bank across

the street. The lek has lost

about third of its value since

late last year but strangely,

despite the nationwide

descent into anarchy, it has

held steady in recent days and was trading at 140 to

the dollar. "People have no

money," Mr Gjyriqi

The collapse of fraudulent

pyramid schemes in Janu-

ery, the spark that ignited a

rebellion in the south that

explained.

of their savings.

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as "at the bank".

flour from warehouses.

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Tirana

EUROPEAN NEWS DIGEST

telecom move

Sweden yesterday unveiled measures to promote competition in its already deregulated elecommunications sector. A bill presented by the government included the abolition of licences for telecoms operators - in effect allowing uninhibited acces to the market.

The communications ministry said the proposals were designed to bring Sweden into line with a planned European Commission directive covering liberalisation of the EU telecoms market next year.

Sweden already operates one of Europe's most liberalised telecoms markets, following full deregulation of services in 1993. However, the government said some fine-tuning was needed to facilitate competition. Yesterday's proposals did not mention the status of Telia, the former telecoms monopoly, but the government confirmed partial privatisation of the state's 100 per cent holding was being considered. Greg Mclvor, Stockhob

Referendums for Slovaks

Slovak President Michal Kovac has called two referendums, on direct presidential elections and Nato nembership, to be held together on May 23 and 24. The two concern a vote on a constitutional change to allow the president to be elected by a direct popular vote and a decision on whether the country should join the North Atlantic Treaty Organisation.

The first was called after a petition organised by the opposition. The other was approved by parliament last month and has three questions - whether voters favour Nato membership, support the deployment of nuclear weapons on Slovak territory and support allowing foreign military bases on Slovak soil.

Fewer W Europe new cars

New car registrations in western Europe fell by 1.3 per cent last month, year-on-year, with a severe decline in rance and a weak German market.

The poor figures, which mean new car registrations have dropped by 1.8 per cent in the first two months of this year compared with 1996, suggest carmakers may not meet their forecasts of slightly higher sales this year. Last month's decline was attributable largely to France, where the termination of a government incentive programme last September has prompted a collapse in new car sales. Registrations fell by 25 per cent last month. according to provisional figures from the European Car Manufacturers' Association. Sales last month were also affected by a 3.3 per cent decline in Germany. Europe's

Anglo-German prizewinners



Andrew Fisher, Financial Times correspondent in Frankfurt, was yesterday awarded the Anglo-German Foundation's 1997 journalism prize.

Haiq Simonian, London

The prize for outstanding journalistic contribution for British-German understanding is traditionally awarded to both a British and a German print journalist for coverage of affairs in each other's country. The German winner was Jochen

Wittman of the Sächsische Zeitung. Andrew Fisher (above) has worked for the Financial Times since 1978.

300km M-ways for Hungary

Hungary plans 300km of motorway development at an estimated cost of Ft 300bn (\$1.7bn) during the next seven years, the government announced yesterday. The new stretches will vastly improve international transit routes, completing links south towards the Yugoslav and Romanian borders and south-west to the Slovenian/ Croatian border, and extend a route towards Ukraine.

Financing methods are being worked out, but the government is considering introducing a windscreen sticker to supplement or replace tolls, which have been judged too expensive and proved deeply unpopular with the public on the two existing toll routes introduced in the last 15 months.

Norway trade surplus up

Norway's trade surplus, excluding ships and oil platforms, rose to NKr8.9bn (\$1.3bn) in February compared with a NKr6.8bn surplus at the same time last year. The Central Statistical Bureau said imports rose 0.6 per cent to NKr17.2bn and exports 9 per cent to NKr26bn. The figures highlighted Norway's dependence on its booming offshore economy. Excluding oil and gas sales, the onshore trade deficit grew to NKr4.3hn (from NKr4.2bn) as export

The value of oil exports rose 18 per cent to NKr11.1bn. propelled by a rise in average oil prices from NKr114 to NKr145 a barrel. The increase came in spite of a 7.5 per cent volume fall in oil exports, from 82.6m to 76.8m barrels. Exports of natural gas exports leapt nearly 33 per cent to NKr2bn. The trade surplus grew to NKr20.3bn in the first two months of 1997, compared with NKr14.8bn in

Turks to curb Islamist organisations

Mr Necmettin Erbakan, Turkey's Islamist prime minister, yesterday bowed to pressure from secularist generals and agreed during a cabinet meeting to carry out their demands that the government crack down on

Two weeks ago, during a session of Turkey's National Security Council, military commanders handed Mr Erbakan a list of 20 "recommendations" to curb the activities of Islamist organisations or face "sanctions". Mr Lütfü. Esengün, a minister from Mr Erbakan's Refah party, said yesterday: "The government is determined to fight the danger of fundamentalism. Ministries will start working immediately and will apply

Turkey's small but growing Islamic businesses will probably be among the first organisations brought under tighter supervision. The powerful council "recom-

mended" that finance organisations. One banker said: "Technically the glomerate, described the council's brought in line with the stipulations Refah's funding.

under the control of religious sects Islamists are not doing anything measures as unacceptable. "They are be monitored and prevented from wrong." Many Islamic businesses. becoming economic forces; audio support tarikats, banned Islamic democracy, among them the freedom and visual media organisations fol-brotherhoods and contribute to Mr of religion and of expression." Inlas lowing an anti-secular line should be Erbakan's Refah party. Restricting appraised and where necessary Islamic enterprise would restrict

Small but growing Islamic businesses will probably be among the first organisations brought under tighter supervision

players but have grown in influence applies. We are financing all sectors, in the last 15 years.

Even conventional business executives say the government will find it

opposed to liberty, human rights and has 25 branches in Turkey, with 10,000 depositors. It has an office in Frankfurt and is planning to open a . second one in London.

Mr Yalcintas claims we are suf-fering just for ideological reasons. [Secularists] have a very fanatical attitude." He added: "I do not think the government would be so foolish as to abide by [the council's] advice. None of us has anything to do with sectarianism."

Even if the government is serious in enforcing the generals' demands. cracking down on these companies may be difficult in practice. Tarikats have operated for more than 70 years. As well as funding religious education and foundations, they provide networks of contacts for Islamic Mr Nevzat Yalçıntaş, chief adviser businessmen and have good political

Czech investment cash missing

Vanished \$35m raises worries about Prague exchange, reports Vincent Boland

→ spent a week in police custody charged with fraud and conspiracy to defraud over the disapassets from an investment fund, amid mounting official concern about lack of investor confidence in the Prague stock exchange.

In a country struggling to regulate its financial system, the fact that the men have been charged at all is significant, and a successful prosecution would help restore confidence among the millions of small investors attracted to the exchange by the mass privatisation scheme,

The charges relate to Trend VIF, an investment fund the five man-

aged for 50,000 shareholders. The main accused are Mr Miroslav Hálek, chairman of Kotva, Prague's landmark department store, and owner of KHB, a brokerage at the centre of the alleged fraud; Mr Petr Srejtr, deputy chairman of Kotva and an associate of Mr Hálek; and Mr Jan Cholasta, former managing director of Trend.

Trend, set up in 1991 by Bonton, the media group, attracted a flood of investors as coupon privatisation got under way. By August 1995 its portowned stakes in several top indusable asset was a big stake in Kotva.

ive Czech businessmen have company that managed the portfolio, and with it control of the underlying assets, to Mr Hálek, a former head of the Czech skiing association. He was pearance of some Kc1bn (\$35m) of an old Communist party man trying - like many others - to reinvent

himself as a capitalist. A report by Mr Emil Bušek, the court-appointed administrator to Trend, uncovered a pattern of "unlawful and unethical conduct" among the fund's managers dating from shortly after Mr Halek and the other accused took control, leaving shareholders with losses put at upwards of Kclbn.

Mr Hálek could not be contacted before his arrest for comment. By last summer, according to the report, Mr Hálek allegedly began to siphon off assets using a web of companies linked to KHB. The Kotva stake ended up under the ownership of Cyprus-registered Formister Enterprises, whose ownership is not

known. Most of the rest of the port-

folio was sold - some buyers never

paid for the shares, KHB companies

are alleged to have been involved in

disposing of the shares and hiding

Trend's assets now stand at less than Kc300m, leaving shareholders folio was valued at Kcl.2bn. It poorer by an average of about Kc12,000. "The managers did what trial companies, but its most valu- they wanted. Other shareholders were just ignored," says Mr Robert

Partners, who advised Mr Bušek in Trend shareholders on 17 February

Most of the proceeds may have vanished for good into secret accounts linked to KHB. Some may have been used to repay a loan Mr Halek and his associates took out to buy control of Trend from Bonton the purchase price has not been revealed, but it is thought to be

Kc200m-Kc300m Regulators were first alerted to problems at Trend by the Czech Value Fund (CVF), a London-based investment company which last summer, attracted by the quality of assets in the portfolio, spent about \$10m on a 37 per cent stake, becoming the fund's largest shareholder.

r John Moffitt of CVF says its suspicions were L aroused in meetings with Mr Hálek and intensified by its discovery that Trend's articles of association had been changed, restricting shareholders' voting rights and making it almost impossible to change

After a long tussle CVF, in alliance with other shareholders, succeeded last September in winning control of the fund, and called in the regulators. On October 31 Mr Bušek was appointed administrator and the fund's severely diminished assets were frozen.

though only about 50 turned up to hear it. CVF says it is determined to

press for prosecutions. Mr Moffitt believes the Czech state may be liable to a claim for damage by Trend investors after the legal system broke down. A court decreed in January that missing Trend assets valued at some Kc300m Mr Bušek had located be blocked, but failed to issue an order to freeze

them. They are missing again. The authorities appear to have been reluctant to give Mr Bušek their full backing. "We found it very hard to get information from any authority," says Mr Radek Blaha, a lawyer at Vaña Pergl. The ministry insists it is up to shareholders to

prove wrongdoing. Mr Moffitt sees the case as a litmus test of the commitment to improving supervision of the market. "How they respond {to the report] will be a barometer of what is really happening in this country." he says. "So far, public institutions have responded ineffectually at best

and negligently at worst." Lawyers for Trend shareholders are now trying to get the Kotva shares back from Cyprus and to establish the beneficial ownership of Formister Enterprises. They are also helping the authorities to build a criminal case against Mr Hálek and

Industry hits at

proposal to

Brussels loses battle over car spare parts

The European Commission vesterday lost its long battle

spare parts. A Commission proposal reproduce freely car spares screens, door panels and parts. lamps, provided they pay a Thi to the car manufacturers, as Britain, which liberalised was dropped from a directive aimed at harmonising eral years ago, will not be national laws on the protec-

tion of designs. Ministers from member states rejected the proposal. following fierce lobbying by enjoys a monopoly on the reproduction of spare parts dominant position in most. The council has missed a status quo; it would allow

dard which would apply for the whole territory of the Union and ensure the proper functioning of the single to reduce the dominance of market in the field of big car manufacturers on the designs," Mr Mario Monti, European market for car single market commissioner,

The consequence of yesterthat independent part manu- day's decision is that it will facturers be allowed to be up to member states to decide how far to liberalise such as bumpers, wind- the market for car repair This means independent

"fair and reasonable" royalty suppliers in countries such the market for spares sevable to sell their products in countries such as France, where the market is almost entirely the preserve of car

manufacturers. Representatives of spare parts makers, furious about the decision, said the outin some member states and a come of vesterday's meeting would not even preserve the

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permit some competition to extend the monopoly of car producers. "The Council's decision excludes spare body parts

from the benefits of the single market," said ECAR, the body representing independent producers and insurance companies.

"Once again, the council has shown a cynical disregard for the interests of consumers and small and medium-sized enterprises which are no match when pitted against the protectionist demands of Europe's corporate interests."

Car manufacturers argue it is only fair they receive protection against the reproduction of car spare parts, the design of which requires much time and investment. They also say that allowing them exclusive rights of reproduction sets higher safety standards.

In countries where a monopoly exists, consumers have to return to the manufacturer to replace a smashed wing mirror or broken window. In Britain, any independent supplier can do the job.

The UK voted in favour of the general proposal but a

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O The Financial Times Limited 1997. Editor: Richard Lambert, do The Financial Times Limited, Number One Southwark Bridge, London SEI 9HL.

raise fuel taxes New European Commission tempted to move production proposals to raise minimum tax rates on car and heating Unice, the European fuels and extend them for

and electricity have been condemned by industry, which says they would erode competitiveness. The controversial proposals, adopted on Wednesday, aim to iron out distortions to the single market caused by

the first time to natural gas

different taxation systems in the 15 member states. They are also designed to encourage countries to shift taxation off labour and on to non-renewable resources, thus promoting employment, saving energy and protecting

the environment. However, the plan is unlikely to become law. Tax- states. He also said that ation proposals require unanimous support of mem-ber states to become law, levy taxes higher than the

and several have already signalled opposition. The UK made clear vesterday it would veto them.

Industry leaders said they would saddle Europe with extra burdens at a time when competition from the

rest of the world is rising. "The idea that this proposal will save jobs is absolute bananas," said Mr Dirk Hudig, group manager for minimum rates would rise in

employment." Energy intensive industries would be

employers' organisation. said energy costs were already significantly higher in Europe. "Taxes should at least be harmonised towards the low-

est levels that exist on the international scene, and not upwards," said Mr Daniel Cloquet, director of industrial affairs at Unice. Mr Mario Monti, commissioner responsible for the

single market, said that because only taxes on mineral oils were governed by EU-wide minimum taxation, there were distortions between different sources of energy and between member since the proposal grants minimum rates, governments would be able to pursue more radical environ-

mental policies. Mr Monti says the proposals would allow member states to restructure taxation policies in favour of lobs, and include measures for cutting the tax burden on

energy intensive companies. Under the plan, the new

Gjyriqi said he and his brother had lost \$4,000 in the schemes Tirana's dealers "at the bank" also trade in privatisation vouchers issued by the state to workers on the sale of the nation's assets. Yesterday the vouchers were trading at just 8.5 per cent of their nominal value, a fall

from 6 per cent just a few days ago.
"The people of Albania are very poor because the state is selling its assets at a very cheap price," said Mr

rapidly spread northwards, has robbed many Albanians schemes sucked in about \$1.5bn - equivalent to more than balf Albania's 1996 gross domestic product. Mr

European affairs at ICI. three two-year stages Gjyriqi. What it will do is destroy Editorial Comment, Page 15

By John Barham in Ankara

Islamist organisations.

the decisions as soon as possible."

Mr Osman Akyūz, general man-

Islamic finance houses offering ager of Al Baraka Türk, Turkey's interest-free investments, industrial first and largest Islamic finance conglomerates run along Islamic house, founded in 1985 by Saudi and lines and media companies catering local investors, said:"We follow the for Islamist audiences are still niche regulations and laws which the state

not just Islamic sectors. There is no unlawful activity."

difficult to curb Islamic businesses. at Ihlas Holding, an Islamist con-

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Margineu a Contact: James Allan government official said yesterday the UK shared the The future's *right here* Commission's regret that the council was unable to agree YOUR ONE-STOP BROKERAGE FOR THE WORLD'S harmonised provisions relating to the repair of spare FINANCIAL TIMES
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By John Burton in Secul

Mr Lee Hoi-chang, one of South Korea's most popular politicians, yesterday emerged as a leading candidate in this year's presidential election after he was appointed chairman of the governing party.

The selection by President Kim Young-sam surprised political observers as Mr Lee is considered one of his chief political rivals. As the new head of the govern-

ing New Korea party, Mr Lee appears to have obtained a clear advantage in gaining the party's nomination as its presidential candidate in the December election. Mr Kim is constitutionally limited

by leading an anti-corruption campaign as head of the government power in 1993. He was made prime minister in 1994, but was sacked after he criticised Mr Kim for being "too autocratic".

Mr Lee's popularity forced the president to recruit him to help lead the government's campaign in National Assembly elections last year. Recently, Mr Lee has criticised Mr Kim for forcing a controversial labour law (later revoked) through parliament and for an in popularity in the past two Hong-koo, former party chairman. "inadequate" inquiry into the Hanbo Steel scandal.

tial candidates. His appointment as his reputation as an anti-corrupchairman of the New Kores party audit bureau after Mr Kim came to is part of a wide reshuffle of government posts in response to the aides and nearly half the cabinet. including the prime minister, have

> By appointing Mr Lee, the president has apparently acknowledged he no longer has enough political power to select his own protègé as the party's presidential candidate. Mr Kim has suffered a sharp fall

been replaced.

months. Allegations that governstrongest supporters of economic to lend nearly \$6bn (£3.75bn) to the Hyung-woo, another presidential suffered an apparent stroke.

Mr Lee, 61, rose to prominence reforms among potential presiden- failed Hanbo steel group tarnished

The president is now under assault because of new suspicions Hanbo scandal. Senior presidential that his son, Mr Kim Hyun-chul, engaged in influence-peddling by allegedly playing a key role in selecting government officials.

Mr Lee must compete against up to eight other candidates for the party's nomination, but most of them have been affected by close association with the beleaguered president. They include Mr Lee

The president's grip over the Ianbo Steel scandal. ment officials had accepted pay-divided party was further weak-contender, who headed the party's Mr Lee is also seen as one of the ments in return for pressing banks ened this week when Mr Choi majority faction loyal to Mr Kim,



Lee: has criticised Kim

warn of a slippery slope. "No

one sees a science park as a

danger," says one executive.

"But that won't deliver a

high-tech industry; then

there will be pressure for

He claims Hong Kong's

manufacturing base has

been transformed towards

higher value-added market-

ing and design activities. rather than decimated.
These are old arguments

about the decline of manu-

facturing. What is worrying,

and what is new, is that

their advocates are now

ASIA-PACIFIC NEWS DIGEST

dealing probe

At least two executives of Finance One, Thailand's largest finance company, which almost collapsed two weeks ago. are being investigated by the country's securities and exchange commission for allegedly violating insider trading rules in relation to the sale of stock in their own

Among those being investigated are Mr Pin Chakkaphak, president of Finance One and head of Thailand's Association of Finance Companies, and Mr Thermchai Phinyawatana, managing director.

Shares in Finance One fell more than 75 per cent in the six months up to its suspension after announcement of a preliminary deal to rescue the company by Thai Danu Bank, a small commercial bank. That rescue prompted Thai financial authorities to take measures to shore up Thailand's financial system and restructure debts of the Ted Bardacke, Bangkol

Beijing criticises US

Beiling yesterday criticised the US over Hong Kong and human rights, accusing Washington of Cold War thinking and saying ignorant American congressmen were trying to meddle in China's internal affairs. The US House of Representatives had wronged China on Tuesday when it approved a bill that called on Belling to honour its promises on Hong Kong after its return to Chinese rule on July 1, Mr Cui Tiankai, a foreign ministry spokesman, said in Beijing.

A report by the US State Department that criticised China for human rights abuses and the crushing of almost all dissent was a slanderous attempt to provoke confrontation, the State Council said.

NZ heading for 'soft landing'

New Zealand's economy was heading for the "proverbial soft landing" and current monetary conditions were too firm, the Reserve Bank said yesterday in its Economic Projections. Mr Don Brash, reserve bank governor, said his forecast was based on projections that the real economy was bottoming out with positive growth of about

Inflation is expected to fall over the next 18 months while economic growth was forecast at about 3 per cent Terry Hall, Wellington

Tamil bases under attack

Sri Lankan forces launched air, naval and artillery strikes on Tamil rebel jungle bases in the north-east yesterday to disrupt guerrilla preparations for an attack, military officials said. The military said at least 200 rebels were killed in the raid. The LTTE rebels are fighting for an independent homeland for minority Tamils in the island's north and east.

Sri Lanka is a safe country to which to repair ate Tamils who fail to meet Dutch criteria for asylum, The Hague's highest court with authority over refugee matters ruled yesterday. It rejected an appeal by three Tamile against a decision a year ago by Mrs Elizabeth Schmitz, junior justice minister, to send them back. The finding calls into question the future of several thousand applicants with cases pending. Gordon Cramb, Amsterdam

HK manufacturers seek a higher profile

John Ridding on pressure for a shift in economic strategy to rally the territory's industry

tinuity were the buzzwords of Hong Kong's budget this week. But as the territory prepares to return to China on July 1, there are pressures for a shift in economic strategy to accompany the shift in sover-

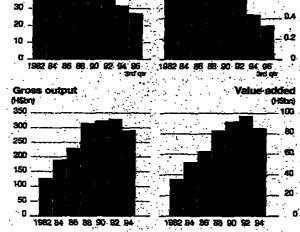
The question is whether Hong Kong needs an industrial policy to bolster manufacturing. While the Issue lacks the drama of diplomatic disputes, it stirs strong emotions in the business community.

Mr Tung Chee-hwa, the territory's future leader, has signalled he favours a stron-"With suitable guidance from the government, entrepreneurs will be able to find a new industrial direction and rally Hong Kong's manufacturing industry," he told the Chinese General Chamber of Commerce last Decem-

importance of demand-led development. But he said he would study how the administration could assist in high technology and textiles.

Depending on one's view.

Manufacturing: Hong Kong's Cinderella



strikes a chord or sounds the territory's laissez-faire unnecessary and damaging. Hong Kong's competitive- from 24 per cent in 1979 to

Failure to act, supporters alarm bells. Tinkering with counter, will lead to further erosion in manufacturing, traditions, say critics, is which has all but disappeared over the border. The It could ultimately lead to sector's share of gross higher taxes and reduce domestic product has shrunk

about 10 per cent today.

James Tien, chairman of the Hong Kong General Chamber of Commerce and managing director of Manhattan Garments. In his view, overreliance on services leads to a volatile and vulnerable economy. "We don't want to have all our eggs in one basket. What if there is a shock to world financial markets?"

Dr Raymond Chi'en, managing director of Lam Soon, the food processing group, says the aim is not to bail out sunset industries but to help build knowledge-based businesses. "We are skewed towards banks and property," he says. "This has given us a great run for 25 years, but it cannot go on forever." He believes there is a growing consensus that the economy requires "greater ballast"

One electronics executive dismisses the risk to the Hong Kong model. "Laissezfaire is a myth," he argues. "There is already a heavy government hand in housing and utilities. We think it is time to adjust the balance."

Proposals suggested to bolster manufacturing range from cheaper land for production sites, more science parks, tax incentives for ment in which small busi- do something."

That matters, says Mr research and development and a more selective immi-Few believe Mr Tung or

gration policy to attract his supporters favour rapid graduates and professionals. or radical action. But they graduates and professionals. Few back the Singaporean model of "picking winners". But Mr Tien believes something can be learned from its strategies. He suggests tax incentives could be offered to multinationals which could help foster local high-

tech companies. For many in the bustness government support prompt concern. "Hong Kong has established itself as the main financial and services sector in the region," says the head of one European bank. "It seems bizarre to suggest government should help manufacturing just when Korea and other interventionist economies are running into trouble." "Hong Kong does not need

high technology manufacturing," says Mr Howard Davies, professor of business studies at the Hong Kong Polytechnic University. "If significant resources were devoted to this approach, they would have to come from the taxpayer's pocket. The consequence could be an

more influential." Opponents of intervention also have determined sup-

porters, including Mr Donald Tsang, financial secretary. His stance suggests change will be resisted, possibly provoking strains in the new administration. But backers of a greater role for manufacturing believe their voice is now being heard.

"We have run out of time with Mr Patten [the present. governor)," says Mr Tien. "But Mr Tung is aware of end to the low-tax environ- our position. I think he will

The agreement resolves the seabed

Australia and Indonesia set to sign sea boundary treaty

By Nikki Tait in Sydney

and negotiation over maritime boundaries with the signing today of a treaty which draws permanent lines between

morning in Perth by Mr Alexander counterpart, sets out both seahed and

"economic zone" boundaries from the countries. This has previously been and gas. Part of the difficulty in set-tion" for the area lying south of East of the PFSEL. The "exclusive econ

On the Indonesian side, the boundaries run for about 3,000km from off- the mid 1970s - but ties have strengthshore Irian Jaya in the east, to the area south-west of Java in the west.

Conclusion of the treaty - which has taken four years and eight rounds of Downer, Australia's foreign minister, talks to negotiate – is likely to be cited tries have economic significance, both tive but controversial Timor Gap the other hand, will gain some additional seabed acreage to the west of for Indonesia to the north of the controversial Timor Gap the other hand, will gain some additional seabed acreage to the west of for Indonesia to the north of the controversial Timor Gap the other hand, will gain some additional seabed acreage to the west of for Indonesia to the north of the controversial Timor Gap the other hand, will gain some additional seabed acreage to the west of for Indonesia to the north of the controversial Timor Gap the other hand, will gain some additional seabed acreage to the west of for Indonesia to the north of the controversial Timor Gap the other hand, will gain some additional seabed acreage to the west of for Indonesia to the north of the controversial Timor Gap the other hand, will gain some additional seabed acreage to the west of for Indonesia to the north of the controversial Timor Gap the other hand, will gain some additional seabed acreage to the west of for Indonesia to the north of the controversial Timor Gap the other hand, will gain some additional seabed acreage to the west of for Indonesia to the north of the controversial Timor Gap the other hand, will gain some additional seabed acreage to the west of for Indonesia to the north of the controversial Timor Gap the other hand, will gain some additional seabed acreage to the west of for Indonesia to the north of the controversial Timor Gap the other hand, will gain some additional seabed acreage to the west of for Indonesia to the controversial Timor Gap the other hand, will gain some additional seabed acreage to the controversial Timor Gap the other hand, will gain some additional seabed acreage to the controversial Timor Gap the other hand, will gain some additional seabed acreage to the controversial Timor Gap the controversial Timor Gap the controversial Timor Gap the controversial Timor Ga

which Indonesia has occupied since both countries can claim overlap.

Indonesia signed a defence treaty. The waters between the two counity in the relationship between the two are viewed as highly promising for oil

seas north-west of Cape York in troubled by mutual distrust and differ-tling boundaries has been that, under Timor, will also be undisturbed.

line (PFSEL), which runs slightly created a special "zone of co-opera- the Ashmore Islands and to the north island.

zone" boundary around the Ashmore Australia and Indonesia were set to Queensland, through to Christmas ences over human rights. Difficulties us oven that it is a convention, the potential ences of tension is a convention of the Ashmore in Australia's convention, the potential exclusive economic conventions, the potential exclusive economic conventions. The current provisional islands will be redrawn in Australia's conventions and indonesia were set to Queensland, through to Christmas ences over human rights. Difficulties United Nations conventions, the potential exclusive economic conventions are conventions.

> Australia will retain its right to the closer to the Australian coast than the boundary to the west of the point ened significantly over the past seabed boundaries set out in two ear- seabed boundary, will determine the reached in the 1972 treaty. It also fordecade. In late 1995, Australia and lier agreements to 1971 and 1972 run- "exclusive economic zone" boundary. malises a semi-circular "exclusive econing from offshore Arnhem Land to This will give Indonesia extra terri-nomic zone" for Australia to the south the south of West Timor. The innovatory above the seabed. Australia, on of Christmas Island (which is Austra-

> > ing was not a sin.

Nervous Jakarta clamps down on dissent ahead of election

By Manuela Seragosa in Jakarta

Soldiers in full combat gear descended from helicopters into central Jakarta last week. They climbed on to motorbikes before speeding of the May 29 general electration of Jakarta's traffic is Mr Suharto now says he the authorities' latest show

of strength. Sri Bintang Pamungkas, one of Indonesia's most against "destructive" people vocal opposition leaders, was last week arrested and the country. charged with subversion -

Indonesia - after he sent out Moslem greeting cards calling on voters to boycott the elections. Try Sutrisno, the vice-president, was among the recipients.

The military exercise and threats, from President tion and the soldiers' infil- Suharto ahead of the poll. would "clobber" anyone who tried to unseat him, and other officials bave warned said to be out to destabilise

The clampdown on politi-

Support for boycott grows

Six months of ethnic violence

cal dissent is not unusual in threatens impressive eco- least 80 per cent. Indonesia but there is more at stake this time. Tensions have increased throughout Indonesia after an eruption off into the busy city traffic. arrest come after a series of of ethnic and religious vio-ludonesia is on alert ahead subtle, though ineffective lence in the past six months. The riots are widely viewed as a symptom of increasing frustration with the government over widening income

> The riots have raised some uncomfortable questions about Mr Suharto's 30-yearold New Order regime,

which insists that instability

nomic growth. from voting in Indonesia, not have much choice on but a widespread boycott of polling day. Only two other the elections would create political parties are allowed problems for Mr Suharto's to participate: the Moslem-

Golkar wants a large turnalso maintain at least a and replaced by a govern-Past elections have reg-

Indonesians disenchanted It is not illegal to abstain with the Suharto regime will ruling Golkar party, which led United Development has won every election since party (PPP) and the Indone-

sian Democratic party (PDI). The PDI's popular exout at the elections; a hand- leader Megawati Sukarnopusome victory in May would tri has already been removed semblance of legitimacy. ment-backed candidate last year. Her engineered disistered voter turnouts of at missal provoked last sumworst in the capital in two decades. Since then, the government has pursued her in the courts to disqualify her from contesting a seat.

Meanwhile, the many different Moslem factions making up the PPP have robbed the party of credibility as an effective opposition.

The idea of a mass boycott of the elections is not surprisingly, gaining support. KIPP, an independent election watchdog committee, broke its traditional silence was set up in 1995 to monitor on political issues when it threatened.

elections. But Mr Goenawan told followers that not you Mobammed, the former editor of the banned weekly newspaper, Tempo, and bead of KIPP, says his objective now is "to protect people who don't want to vote". He predicts that vote abstention this May will be "bigger than it used to be".

Others have joined the chorus, including disaffected PDI supporters of Ms Megawati. Meantime, a pre-Easter apostolic letter from the Indonesian Bishops' Conference, read out in many Catholic churches last month,

cott have been heard within the political establishment. Last month, seven district branches of the opposition PPP said they would boycott the election unless cam-paigning rules were relaxed. The government has since agreed to loosen its grip over.

Similar threats of a boy-

the screening of campaign speeches and allow parties to nominate their own moderators in broadcast public debates. But there is little doubt the authorities will intervene whenever they feel



Water Industry Act 1991 Section 13 Notice of Proposal that Appointees submit their Regulatory Accounts and related information to the Director General

Water Services by 15 July each year rather than 30 September.

The appointed water companies (Appointees) are required by their licences to submit to the Director their audited Regulatory Accounts and related information as soon as reasonably practical after the end of the financial year (31 March), and no later than six months after this date i.e. by 30 September.

The proposed change and the reasons for it

It is proposed to bring forward the final date for submission of the Regulatory Accounts and related

The six month period currently allowed is too long. The companies already submit much of the information contained in the Regulatory Accounts to Ofwat in early July, as part of the July Return. This includes company outputs, financial analyses and investment information. The Director, therefore, considers it reasonable to expect the companies to finalise their accounts at the same time. In addition, most companies publish their annual accounts (required by company law) in early July and the Regulatory Accounts should be available to customers at the same time. The earlier date for submission should also eliminate any inconsistencies between July Return information and the audited Regulatory Accounts.

Any representations or objections about this proposal must be in writing and sent to the Director General of Water Services, Centre City Tower, 7 Hall Street, Birmingham, BS 4UA (Fax 0121 625 3609) so as to be received no later than 5pm on Tuesday 15 April 1997. Please quote reference LEG 31/1/6.



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Lee apologises to Malaysia

Mr Lee Kuan Yew, Singapore's senior minister, financial markets closed, servedly to Malaysia's government after a row which hit financial markets and return home.

Mr Lee's rare apology was recent Singapore court deposition which described the southern Malaysian state of Johor as "notorious for shootings, maggings and

car jackings". ably be enough to repair deteriorating bilateral relations and restore composure to Singapore's currency and stock markets.

"The senior minister had no intention to cause offence and apologises unreservedly for the offence he has caused to the government and sia's United Malays National people of Malaysia by his Organisation (Umno), the ing to the mistrust.

statement on Johor," a statement by Mr Lee's press secretary said.

yesterday apologised unre- and after a day of government-sanctioned demonstrations in Malaysia which bitterly denounced Mr Lee. The prompted a call for Malay benchmark Straits Times Lee rare climbdown sian workers in Singapore to Industrials Index closed. down 23.06 points, or 1.06 per cent, at 2,154.33. The Singapors dollar touched a 17-month low of \$\$1.4363 Placards read: "Kuan Yew": stupid" and "Mr Lee, you are for a statement he made in a pore dollar touched a 17early trade, but-settled to S\$1.4839 later.

Mr Lim Ah Lak, Malaysia's human resources minis- own counsel as he walked Commentators said the ter, urged Malaysian work-Singaporean senior minisers in Singapore to return said Mr Lee should make ter's climbdown would probhome in retallation because amends for his words in "Singapore does not seem to some way, and added that value our good relationship". Mr Lee's apology is likely to difficulties in take the sting out of the some time.

Malaysian minister's threat. The two c In spite of his apology, Mr Lee was the target of denun-

of the youth wing of Malay-



dominant party in the country's ruling coalition, demon-

senile". Dr Mahathir Mohamad, the prime minister, kept his among the protesters. He the episode had unmasked difficulties in existence for

The two countries have The two had a cool relationship such had a cool relationship such singapore was thrown out of singapore was turnion to 1965. ciation as over 100 members a two-year union in 1965. since intensified, contribut-

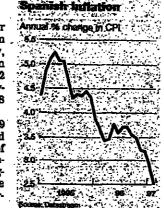
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The surprise fall, from 2.9 per cent in January, raised expectations the Bank of Spain would cut its benchmark interest rate at its regular securities repurchase auction today, from the current 6 per cent.

This would be the 10th successive reduction in official interest rates since December 1995

The centre-right government said the February price figures put Spain in line to



target for countries joining the euro on the planned launch date of January 1,

Contrary to forecasts, the

The blockage of many road supplies during a two-week truck drivers' campaign appeared to have had no impact on the price trend. Analysts had forecast a 0.1-0.2 per cent rise in the

2.7-2.8 per cent. Underlying inflation leaving aside volatile freshfood and energy prices - fell even more dramatically from a 12-month rate of 2.8 per cent in January to 23 per

The Banco Central Hispano banking group said this "practically guaranteed" Spain would achieve an average monthly inflation rate below 2.5 per cent for consumer prices index fell the year, which would bring

3.7 per cent.

entry conditions for the single currency: currency stability, long-term interest index and a 12-month rate of rates and inflation.

Its main challenge is meettarget of 3 per cent of gross domestic product, after a 4.4 per cent rate last year. Figures for the first two months showed the central

government deficit, measured according to the Eurovirtually unchanged from last year at Pta287bn (\$1.97bn).

The government is countfaifil the crucial inflation by 0.1 per cent from Janu- it within the expected target candidate countries' public during the year.

ary, mainly reflecting lower range for joining the euro. debt levels, after an increase This compares with an aver- last year to 69.3 per cent of age Spanish rate last year of Spanish gross domestic product from 65.8 per cent in Spain is now seen as quali- 1995, well above the 60 per fying on three of the five cent target ceiling. It expects a slight reduction in this

level by the end of the year.

The February price figures mean that, for the first time in recent memory, Spanish ing the public-sector deficit inflation now stands below the country's expected rate of economic growth for the year. The CEOE employers' federation said the figures should help to keep wage

demands down. However, the Bank of pean convergence criteria. Spain has warned that the recent strength of the US dollar, with its impact on imported energy prices, could limit the scope for furing on a lenient approach to ther reductions in inflation

DM8.91bn this year.

co-ordinate the sale of Rep-

financial houses account for 80 per cent of the domestic

The Bonn government will provide an extra DM1.65bn between next year and 2005, with DM900m of this support coming between 1998 and 2000. This will be on top of the DM55.3bn of federal sup-

Hans Berger, chairman of the German coal miners' union, leaves the Bonn Chancellery after talks with Chancellor Kohl which

ended in a compromise

avoiding mass lay-offs

Instead it has agreed to increase its support from DM860m this year to DM1bn a year between 1998 and 2000 and to DM1.15bn in each of the five years to 2005.

Ruhrkohle, Germany's main coal producer, will contribute a total of DM1bn spread over five years to 2005. This money will come

Spanish inflation drops sharply |German coal row spawns two winners

Peter Norman on a compromise over assistance

about support for Germany's state of Saarland. loss-making coal industry enabled both the Bonn government and IG Bergbau. the miners' trade union, to 2005. Bonn originally wanted claim they had secured their main objectives.

The government could say year. the planned reduction in last week's blueprint which sparked the demonstrations in Bonn of thousands of miners from the Ruhr and Saar coalfields. Total annual assistance for the industry will be cut to DM5.5bn (\$3.2bn) in 2005 from

IG Bergbau, however, won a pledge of no obligatory dismissals as the industry sheds about 46,000 of its 85,000 workforce by the middle of the next decade.

Under German labour law. obligatory dismissals hit younger workers especially hard, while giving greater protection to older employ-

In Germany's coalmines, where the average age of the workforce is about 32 and there is a high proportion of older foreign workers. mainly from Turkey, obligatory dismissals could have spawned social and racial tensions.

port proposed last week for the nine years from 1997 to

Yesterday's compromise behalf of the impoverished the Bonn and Düsseldorf

North Rhine-Westphalia The Bonn government has will provide a total of made the extra federal pay-DM9.61bn between 1997 and ments of DM300m a year between 1998 and 2000 conthe state government in Dustingent on a merger of Ruhrseldorf to provide DM1.5bn a

kohle with the smaller Saarbergwerke which mines coal in the Saar. This transaction will entail Ruhrkohle acquiring

Bonn's 74 per cent Saarbergwerke's DM580m capital. Bonn's payment of DM200m a year for the Saar

government depends on the Saar also transfering its 26 per cent stake in Saarbergwerke to Ruhrkohle. Mr Gunther Rexrodt, the

Bonn economics minister. vesterday made clear that the government would make funds available to retrain redundant miners and encourage new businesses in coal mining areas.

The compromise falls well short of meeting I G Bergbau's original goal of subsi-dies fixed indefinitely at DM6.5bn a year from 2005. The future of Germany's coal industry after that date will be discussed early in the next decade but looks bleak.

But the "socially acceptable" run down of the industry will still cost a huge DM69.16bn in support for sales and pit closures from now to the end of 2005.

Of this, DM68.16bn will come from the taxpayer through the federal and North Rhine-Westphalian

Transparency call on banks' holdings

By Tom Burns in Madrid

As Spain's privatisation programme gathers steam, Mr Juan Fernández-Armesto, the new national stock exchange regulator, is drawing up strict guidelines to ensure transparency over market listings controlled by the powerful domestic bank-

ing establishment. A circular issued to banks shortly by the Madrid-based stock exchange commission will insist that they set up "Chinese walls" in order to separate corporate finance and investment management

activities. This division is common elsewhere, but the lines are blurred in Spain where are led and underwritten by bank, as well as by Morgan financial institutions offer a range of banking services the main shareholders of the

over start

of Emu

surface

in Asia

Uncertainties surrounding

adoption of risk-averse

strategies, in this case possi-

bly a reduction of expo-

The Asian economies are

substantial holders of the

world's official foreign

Five out of the seven largest foreign reserves holders in the world are in Asia,

managing a total of about

Hong Kong alone has accumulated foreign

exchange reserves of more than US\$66bn, partly beld to support the Hong Kong dol-

lar in case of speculative

assault during the transi-

tion to Chinese sovereignty

The latest breakdown for

funds held in the territory's

exchange fund showed that

at the end of 1995 more than

80 per cent of its assets were

The only significant Euro-

pean currency in which

assets were denominated

was the D-Mark, which then

accounted for 4.5 per cent of

Mr Yam said uncertainty

over Emp and its implica-

tions for financial markets

might reflect lack of under-

standing by Asian authori-

But, he added, "it may

also be a reflection of lack

of clear explanation to the

Asian audience on the

important issues that you

face and how you propose to

While Mr Yam said that it

was not difficult to see the

long-term theoretical bene-

fits of a currency union in Europe, he stressed the need

to keep the Hong Kong and

Chinese currencies separate

after the transfer of sover-

eignty to Beijing. Mr Yam

resolve them"

held in US dollars.

By John Ridding

in Hong Kong

Frankfurt

sure." he said.

reserves."

US\$600bn.

and are also big industrial companies whose govern- tions control together some holder of Repsol and rival investors.

public sector.

In contrast to piecemeal offered to the markets. sales of state equity in order to lower budget deficits under the previous Socialist government, the Popular party cabinet advocates "people's capitalism"

A committee advising pri-

vatisation procedures has

recently begun to voice con-

This worry, shared by members of the stock market commission, surfaced with the privatisation of Telefónica, the telecoms

through a market listing.

The two domestic institu-

ment-held stock is being 10 per cent of Telefonica's bank Santander has a big stock and are represented on its board. Next month Repsol, the

oil, gas and chemicals conprivatised when the state

operator, last month when it offers its remaining 10 per Banks will be asked to separate their corporate finance and investment management activities

The sale was co-ordinated of Endesa, the dominant by Banco Bilbao Vizcaya, electrical utility, is due to be cern over potential lack of BBV, and La Caixa, the big transparency when disposals Barcelona-based savings

through reduction of the became the first big company to be fully privatised a disposal worth \$1.1bn. In October state ownership

> reduced from 66 per cent to below 50 per cent and the company will be fully privatised by the end of 1999. BBV is also a core share-

sol and Santander is hoping to gain the mandate for the disposal of Endesa. In addition to being direct industrial investors, the big

BBV and Santander will

stake in Endesa.

funds under management that are now being called upon to replace the state as equity holders. The banking groups are meanwhile at the centre of the domestic corporate finance business that

arranges listings as well as mergers and acquisitions and they are, through their broking units, the decisive 2005 and the DM1.6bn which from Ruhrkohle's non-coal players on the stock market. Bonn agreed to pay on profits and be guaranteed by governments.

suggesting more radical reforms might be introduced to shake up the economy.

monetary union could hurt . Ministers this week postinvestment in Europe by Asian financial authorities. poned plans to cut the basic Mr Joseph Yam, the head of -rate of tax paid by compathe Hong Kong Monetary nies from 39 per cent to 35 Authority, warned yesterper cent and raise value added tax on petrol, alcohol -"We are somewhat conand tobacco while the cabinet considered the extent of cerned about the uncertainthe economic slowdown and ties surrounding Emu and

their possible impact on the Figures showed industrial performance of financial markets in Europe," said Mr Yam, chief executive of Hong Kong's de facto central bank, at a conference in "Prudential considertions in the management of public funds require the

The gloomy economic backdrop loomed over a cabinet meeting on Wednesday at which the tax and price changes were due to be approved, but which turned into a discussion on the poor

At the meeting, ministers agreed only to raise energy prices and to begin deregu-Czech economy early this lating state-controlled rents. year has forced the govern- This will raise rents by ment to rethink its plans, 20-100 per cent depending on location.

The average cost of a three-room flat in Prague is expected to rise by Kc 800 (\$27) a month. The aim is to end all regulation of rent prices by the year 2000.

Further bad news is likely next week when the official growth rate of the economy in 1996 is published. This is likely to show that GDP growth fell to 4-4.5 per

cent, compared with fore-

casts a year ago that it would expand by up to 5.5 Mr Václav Klaus, the prime minister, this week blamed the central bank for the slowdown, saying restrictive monetary policie

inflation had hurt industry With the 1996 reporting season under way, many Czech companies are reporting earnings below forecasts sending share prices into a

introduced last year to fight

Czech cabinet seeks ways to boost economy

banking groups that are also Stanley of the US.

A sharp slowdown in the

the reasons for it.

output had fallen by 3.9 per cent in January while construction output fell by 18.6 per cent. But wages continued to soar, with the nominal industrial wage rising 14.4 per cent despite government efforts to rein in pay

state of the economy.

Italian accord on jobs programme

parties in Italy's centre-left government yesterday staged a show of unity over employment legalisation in an attempt to patch up growing policy dif-

At a meeting of party leaders agreement was reached on emergency measures to stimulate jobs, especially in the south where unemployment is over 20 per cent. The accord represented the first ria for membership of the step in the task of forcing Reconstructed Communism (RC) to respect the govern-

ment's programme. The RC votes are vital for the government majority in the chamber of deputies. But since last April's general focused solely on jobs - the elections this party, formed area where agreement was from the hardliners in the now defunct Communist party, has refused to endorse the programme of the centreleft Olive Tree alliance. said after the meeting. "The Under the astute leadership of Mr Fausto Bertinotti, RC

has held the government to ransom on a case by case basis. frustration within the govalso dismissed the idea of to derail key initiatives to a summit with unions and cut the budget deficit and employers.

over privatisation. Mr Massimo D'Alema, leader of the Party of the Democratic Left (PDS), the dominant partner in the government, has tried to per-

snade RC to endorse a legis lative pact. A formal commitment from RC in this respect has acquired heightened significance given plans to introduce a spring mini-budget and cut pensions and welfare benefits to ensure Italy meets the crite-European single currency.

Yesterday's meeting was

the first of its kind under the centre-left administration. The difficulty of bringing RC to heel was underlined by the way the encounter "The stalemate within the government majority has

something effective quickly. and now we can do this." The measures to help cut This has caused increasing Italy's 12.2 per cent unemployment rate were agreed ernment and has threatened in outline last September at

been broken," Mr Bertinotti

problem of employment is so

dramatic that we must do

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World tyre industry may face shake-out Virgin

Middle-ranking companies are squeezed between sector leaders and aggressive new entrants

fter five years of conworld's tyre industry is likely to face another round of restructuring over much smaller production the next decade, according to new research by the Economist Intelligence Unit.

Analysing the performance of the 12 largest tyre companies, accounting for more than 80 per cent of world sales, the EIU concludes that it is the companies ranking immediately below the "Big Three" -Bridgestone, Michelin and Goodyear - which face the the really large companies, fiercest competition.

They lack the economies of scale of the biggest companies and are most at risk from aggressive emerging country producers, the EIU says, although its analysis is unlikely to go uncontested by the industry itself.

Continental of Germany, Sumitomo of Japan and Pirelli of Italy - ranked fourth, fifth and sixth - are all substantial businesses and themselves account for nearly a fifth of the industry's \$70bn turnover.

However, they have many

say. Because each bas tyre sales of much less than half that of each of the "Big solidation, the Three", marketing and research and development costs have to be spread over

"They have a world pres-

ence but typically they are significant players in only two or three regions and they do not dominate or lead in any region. In this situation it is difficult to earn the profit margins enjoyed by the industry leaders. And these companies show signs of being squeezed between which enjoy economies of scale, and the smaller, more focused companies which are growing through concentration on niche products or

specific geographic areas." The point is made by reference to operating profit marthat those of the "Big Three" average 7.8 per cent last year, compared with 4.7 per cent for Continental, Sumitomo and Pirelli.

Nevertheless, it also shows that the three smaller companies have fared better than the top three in improving their margins over the past three years. The top advantages, the researchers three's 7.8 per cent is only

Forecast of world car tyre sales World's leading tyre

manufacturers 1995 Company Country Sales · Sm 13,000 12,278 USA : 10,105 Continental 4,938 4.137 Sumitomo 2.087 Yakohama 2.860 1.524 LISA 1.267 COODS Kumho S Kores 1,147 Source: Bu

marginally better than the 7.6 per cent achieved in 1994. whereas the three smaller companies have improved from just 3.7 per cent.

Pirelli, for one, says its improving margins show that its strategy of increasingly targeting high valueadded, niche performance tyre business - while retaining a stake in more mainstream business - is paying off. And new flexible manufacturing technology, allowing commercially viable production of tyres in batches of as low as 150-200 units, means that "Pirelli no longer feels particularly disadvantaged at the lack of scale

economies enjoyed by the

1996-2000 and 2005 Latin America

Big Three," according Mr lin. Continental is providing Michelin with budget tyres from its low-cost plants in Giuseppi Bencini, managing director of Pirelli Tyres. eastern Europe, while Conti-Mr Bencini points to the company's exclusive supply contract, for Jaguar Cars' to use the Michelin-owned new XK8 sports car, of a tyre Uniroval brand name for developed with Jaguar engi-Continental-produced preneers from scratch specifimium tyres throughout

Europe.

However, the EIU says the

big second-tier companies

also face a potential squeeze

aggressively expanding con-

cerns from the Asia-Pacific

region, notably Kumho and

Hankook of South Korea.

Kumho is already ranked

tenth in the world with sales

of \$1.1bn. Hankook is only

Like Germany's Continental, Mr Bencini maintains that collaboration between companies on specific projects is as likely a route to

cally for the XKB, as further

evidence of the strategy

viability as further big take-One example is provided by Continental itself, which

is collaborating with Miche-

ing they continue to survive they pose a real threat to the

medium-sized players, particularly Sumitomo and to the other Japanese tyre makers such as Toyo and Yoko-The industry and EIU research find common ground, however, in predict-

place but has boasted of its intention to rank fifth

The EIU warns that, just

like South Korea's car indus-

try, both are in danger of

expanding too fast for their

own resources. "But provid-

within a few years.

ing that some competitive pressures should be offset by steady growth in demand for tyres as vehicle use increases in the emerging

Total demand, covering both original and replacement tyres is projected to rise by about 19 per cent tween last year and 2005. However, only 8 per cent growth is forecast for the developed markets of Westfrom below, in the form of ern Europe and North America, compared with a rise of 36 per cent for developing world markets.

The World Tyre Industry: A New Perspective to 2005. The Economist Intelligence Unit, 15 Regent Street, London, marginally behind in 11th SW1Y 4LR. £595/\$945

switches

By Michael Skapinker, Aerospace Correspondent

Virgin Atlantic, the UK airline, yesterday said it was ending its partnership with Delta Air Lines of the US and concluding an alliance with Continental Airlines of the US instead. Virgin's announcement

leaves Delta without a UK partner, although it has European alliances with Swissair, Austrian Airlines and Sabena of Belgium. Aviation analysts have identified Delta as a possible partner for British Airways, should the UK carrier's planned alliance with American Airlines fail to win regulatory approval.

Virgin and Delta said they would end their two-year-old code-sharing agreement in August. Both sides said their parting was amicable. Under the agreement, the two sides sold seats on each other's transatlantic flights. The alliance gave Delta's passengers access to London's Heathrow airport, where the US carrier has no landing

Virgin said: "We don't think either side feels let down. We spoke to Delta a long time ago about this and said that this would be the route we would want to go down. This won't come as a surprise to them." Delta said: "This is a mutual decision. There are no hard feel-

Under Virgin's planned alliance with Continental. which requires the approval of both governments, the two carriers will exchange blocks of seat on their flights between New York and London. Continental will also go ahead.

sell blocks of seets on Vi gin's flights from London Boston, Washington, La Angeles, Miami, Orlando ar San Francisco.

Mr Gordon Bethane, Cotinental's chairman, sair "Although this arrangemential limits access to Heathrow, it nowhere near what we nee to counter the juggernal being proposed by Britts Airways and American A

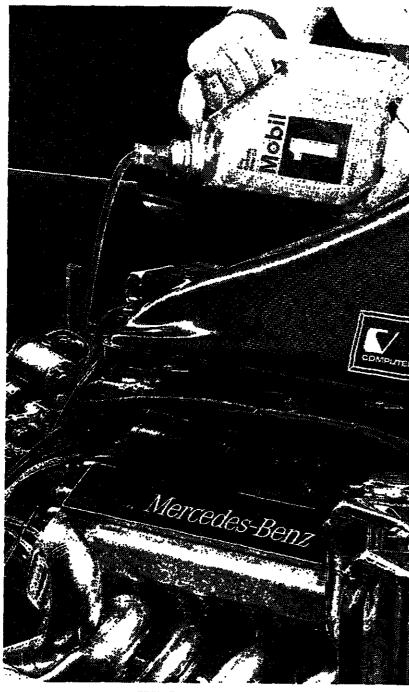
Industry observers believe that Virgin's decision of the close relationsh between Mr Richard Bra son, Virgin's chairman, ar Mr David Bonderman ti US investor who rescui Continental from ban

Texas Pacific Group, Bonderman's investmen vehicle, has taken stakes-Virgin's UK cinema and ra

While BA remains firm committed to concluding i alliance with American Aj lines, the planned deal h run into stiff opposition ha other US airlines and fro the European Commission BA and American are th two strongest transatlant operators at Heathrow as other airlines say their at ance would give them ; overwhelmingly domina position.

Delta, by contrast, h been unable to win the rigi to operate at Heathrow ar uses London's Gatwick a port instead. Indust observers believe Del would be keen on a tie-t with BA but accepts that the American is more likely

Mobil Won





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Performance

Power

Protection

Podium





WORLD TRADE NEWS DIGEST

Wal-Mart ends Cuba dilemma

brief nightmare for Wal-Mart, the hig Arkansas-ba discount retailer, has ended with a decision by its Canadian subsidiary to resume sales of cheap pyjamas made in Cuba. Wal-Mart Canada removed the long-sleeved men's pyjamas from its 136 stores last month amid concern that it might have contravened the long-standing US trade embargo against Havana.

However, the move triggered the first clash between a US company and a foreign government over enforcement. of US sanctions by third countries, as required by last year's Helms-Burton law. Canada retaliated against Helms-Burton in January with amendments to its Foreign Extraterritorial Measures Act (Fema), barring Canadian companies (including foreign subsidiaries) from complying with the US law. Canada's justice department was asked to investigate Wal-Mart's action as a possible breach of Fema.

The retailer said yesterday its about-turn followed "a comprehensive review with customers, legal advisers, and Canadian government officials and reflects our commitment to meet the expectations of the Canadian marketplace". It said the pyjamas, selling for C\$12.96 (US\$9.47) a pair, should be back on the shelves by the weekend. Wal-Mart now appears to be in compliance with both US and Canadian law.

Thais seal Burma gas deal

A consortium of international oil companies yesterday formalised an agreement to sell 200m cubic feet a day of natural gas from Burma's offshore Yetagun field to natural gas from Burma's offshore Yetagum field to Thailand beginning in late 1999. Texaco of the US, Premier Oil of the UK, Nippon Oil of Japan, PTT Exploration and Production of Thailand and Burma's Myanmar Oil and Gas Enterprise will sell the gas to the Petroleum Authority of Thailand over a 15-year period. There is an option to increase sales to 400m cubic feet per day over 25 years.

The gas will be transported in a pipeline that is expected to run along the same route through Burma as another pipeline which is currently under construction by a consortium led by Total of France and Unocal of the Ted Bardacke, Bangkok

Call for EU-Mercosur summit

i igg

President Jacques Chirac of France yesterday called for a heads of state summit next year between the European Union and Mercosur, the South American trade grouping. to boost the economic links between the two regional

Speaking on his first trip as president to Latin America. he also proposed a further summit between all European and Latin American heads of state the following year. The proposal is an attempt to steal the initiative from the US which is the biggest foreign investor in Brazil, and which is involved in negotiations to create a 34-country free trade area for the Americas (FTAA) by 2005. The members of Mercosur are Brazil, Argentina,

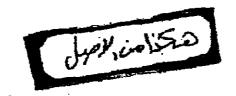
Paraguay and Uruguay. Chile and Bolivia are associate members. The negotiations to create the FTAA have been proceeding slowly, despite pressure from the US and Canada for a prompt cut in tariffs. Geoff Dyer, Sao Paulo

IT pact wins more adherents

Ms Charlene Barshefsky, the US trade representative. yesterday said countries accounting for 92 per cent of world trade covered by the proposed information Technology Agreement have now agreed to the deal, and

several other countries could join up as well. Under the ITA, duties will be eliminated on products such as computers and information technology products. semiconductors and telecommunications equipment. It is estimated to represent about \$500hn in trade.

The accord was amnounced at a meeting of the World Trade Organisation in Singapore. Launch of the pact is scheduled for March 26 and the EU has agreed to halve its tariffs on semiconductors, starting in July. The tariff will be phased out by 1999. Nancy Dunne, Washin



ai inside Current account shortfall in 1996 was largest for nine years

ling probUS deficit worsens as imports rise

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R Criticises 18

The US current account deficit, the broadest measure of the country's trade performance, last year rose to \$165,1hm, according to the US Commerce Department. it was the worst trade

showing since 1987 and the volumes than consumers second worst in US history. The deficit was driven, as usual, by the merchandise trade gap, which tumped to

imports increased even more - from \$749.4bn to \$799.3bn. Most analysts see no mmaround in the trade picture. By most measures, the US economy is still in a very

abroad are buying imported US goods. Services, the one consistent bright spot on the cur-

healthy state and Americans

are snapping up foreign

goods in much greater

investment income increased to \$8.4bn in 1996, up from \$8bn in 1995.

"The US has been able to import capital from abroad to invest in the US at higher levels, and that's good," said Mr Clyde Prestowitz of the Economic Strategy Institute. "But the debt is growing faster than the economy and that could mean trouble

There was some good news \$197.7bm from \$178.4bm. rent account, registered a in the report. Foreign assets increased from \$38bm to nications equipment was Exports of goods rose from \$73.5bm surplus, up from in the US increased \$525bm, \$38.5bm as travel, passenger \$3.6bm.

\$575.9bn to \$611.7bn, but \$68.4bn. The deficit on compared with an increase fares and other private ser of \$424.5bn in 1995. Net for- vices rose. The deficit on eign purchases of US Trea-sury and non-Treasury secu-\$2.4bn in the fourth quarter rities and foreign direct from \$4.1bn in the third. investment inflows were sharply higher. \$48.7bn to \$52.6bn.

The trade picture also improved in the fourth quarter. The goods deficit try Association said factory declined from \$51.9bn in the third quarter to \$45.3bn. The services surplus rose from \$17.6bn to \$19bn. Services payments

\$2.4bn in the fourth quarter Income receipts rose from in a separate report, the

Telecommunications Indus sales of telecommunications equipment reached \$63.7bn last year, a 16 per cent increase of 1995. The 1996 US trade surplus in telecommu-

end oil monopoly approved in Brazil

By Geoff Dyer in Sao Păulo

The lower house of the Brazilian Congress has approved a bill ending the 40 year-old state monopoly of the oil and gas industries, expected to lead to privatesector investment worth everal billion dollars.

The bill, approved by 307 votes to 107, will create an independent regulator for the industry, end fuel price subsidies after three years and allow Petrobrás, the state oil giant, to enter into joint ventures with foreign partners.

Government leaders delayed until next week votes on a number of controversial amendments, which must also be passed by the

Approval comes over 18 months after Congress passed a constitutional amendment to end the state's oil and gas monop-

Deputies have still to vote on an amendment allowing for privatisation of Petrobrás, supported by the Liberal Front Party, a central member of the government coalition, but opposed by many other members of the government. To secure approval for the constitutional amendment ending the state oil monopoly, President Fernando Henrique Cardoso promised in 1995 that Petrobrás would never be privatised.

A further amendment seeks to change a controversial clause in the bill which allows only licensed distributors to sell petrol derivatives for the first five years, which some believe will not result in sufficient competi-

Petrobrás, which will lose its monopoly for oil exploration in Brazil, plans to spend \$22bn over the next five years to double its production of 864,000 barrels a

AMERICAN NEWS DIGEST

Bahamas PM set for return

The Bahamas' success in expanding its offshore financial sector and its tourism is expected to bring victory for the ruling incumbent Free National Movement of Mr Hubert Ingraham, in today's general election.

The FNM is being challenged by the Progressive Liberal party of Sir Lynden Pindling, who was prime minister for 5 years until 1992. The polls have forecast that the FNM will receive 51 per cent of the vote, with 30 per cent going

to the PLP and the rest undecided. Mr Ingraham, a 49-year-old lawyer and once an MP in the PLP, has based his campaign on what he said was his administration's "repair" of the economy, "damaged" by a

LP administration too long in office. The economy of the archipelago of 260,000 people has been growing for four years, and grew 3 per cent last year, according to the Caribbean Development Bank. There have been heavy investments to expand hotel capacity to improve tourism, which accounts for 40 per

Air shooting 'premeditated'

The shooting down of two civilian aircraft in February last year was a "premeditated act" and a "violation of the right to life", according to the UN special investigator into human rights in Cuba.

In his report to the UN's Human Rights Commission currently meeting in Geneva, Mr Carl-Johan Groth, a Swedish diplomat, said yesterday the Cubon government had continued intense harassment of dissidents in 1996.

One positive development, however, was that the number of trials of dissidents and the length of sentences had been smaller than in previous years.

Colombia emergency rejected

Colombia's Constitutional Court has rejected the state of economic emergency which the government used in January to put through special decrees to raise \$800m in fiscal income. The court decided the budget deficit was chronic rather than extraordinary and the government should have used normal channels to tackle it.

Although this is more of a political than an economic blow, it revives uncertainties about the economy just as the outlook is improving. Emergency decrees affected by the decision include a tax on foreign borrowing, an increase in stamp duty and several administrative Sarita Kendall, Booote

Venezuela telecoms strike

Employees of the Venezuelan telecommunications company, CANTV, yesterday launched a nation-wide indefinite strike, following weeks of unsuccessful negotiations with the company over salary increases

CANTV said few employees participated in the work stoppage and 95 per cent were working. Neither the domestic nor the international telephone service was affected, it said.

Mr Alfredo Ramos, head of the Caracas CANTV union, said the national guard used tear gas to disperse protesting workers outside the CANTV headquarters and were "pressuring employees to resume their activities". The CANTV share price, down 15 per cent in two weeks in anticipation of labour protests and of a possible government refusal to increase telephone rates, recovered

more than 5 per cent yesterday. Raymond Colitt, Caracas

Power groups 'brutal future'

ny Christopher Parkes n Phoenix, Arizona

US power companies face falling profits and a "brually competitive" future as lieregulation of the electricity industry next year starts o sweep away regional and cal monopolies which now iominate the market.

"You must cut costs ruth-essly by 50 or 60 per cent," ur Jeffrey Skilling, presitent of Euron, told an indusry conference. "Depopuate" he urged. "Get rid of. people. They gum up the vorks."

THE MINIST WHICH A SHOW, was a series groups Enron, one of a new breed ositioning itself to take dvantage of the free maret, went through five years f "absolute chaos" followog the liberalisation of US as markets in the mid-980s, he admitted.

"Electricity will become ne of the most brutally ompetitive markets with all he unfavourable characterstics of commodity chemials, and none of the posi-

rganiser, warned utility think we are smarter than amings could tumble by up of 50 per cent during the lessons from outsiders," Mr ansition to a free market.

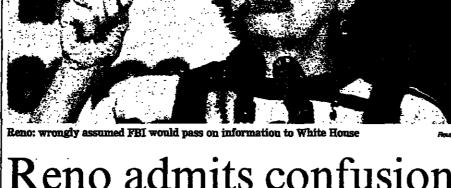
Presenting a computer model of the impact of change, based on experiences in the UK, Australia and Scandinavia, where

deregulation is most advanced, he said power companies could see 30 per cent of industrial, 20 per cent of commercial, and 10 per cent of residential customers switching to alternative suppliers. Net prices could fall by up to 10 per Reduced margins, the cost

of retaining existing, and acquiring new customers introducing new, products and services, and expenses associated with cutting operating costs could halve earnings per share, he said. His model, dubbed "Shocker", was based on an analysis of a composite

"company" comprising 23 existing US electricity

groups with 45m customers and \$90.5bn revenues, and current earnings per share of \$2.40. Utilities needed urgently to discover more about their customers, the better to ful-Mr Hawk McIntosh, an fil their needs and fight off recutive with Andersen competitors. "What is so bosulting, the conference scary is that we [in the US]



Reno admits confusion on China fund claims

By Leyla Boulton in Washington

Ms Janet Reno, the US attorney general, said yesterday that she had been told alleged Chinese efforts to influence last year's congresthe information on to the White House. The revelation threw fur-

only recently found out not being told. about the allegations as long ago as May about because National Security FBI, she said she had tried Council officials thought

ther doubt on the quality of review into the "misunder-

government bodies.

that FBI agents did not want sional elections, but had them to pass the information assumed the FBI would pass to the president or other the information on to the senior officials. Ms Reno said yesterday she had ordered an internal

and the White House President Bill Clinton said National Security Council earlier this week that he had that had led to the president

> Having been briefed by the and failed to reach Mr Anthony Lake, then White House National Security Adviser. She said she had told the FBI "to make sure that the briefing would take place - everybody would be briefed".

The venom of a snake helped us formulate a life-saving drug. Hoechst.

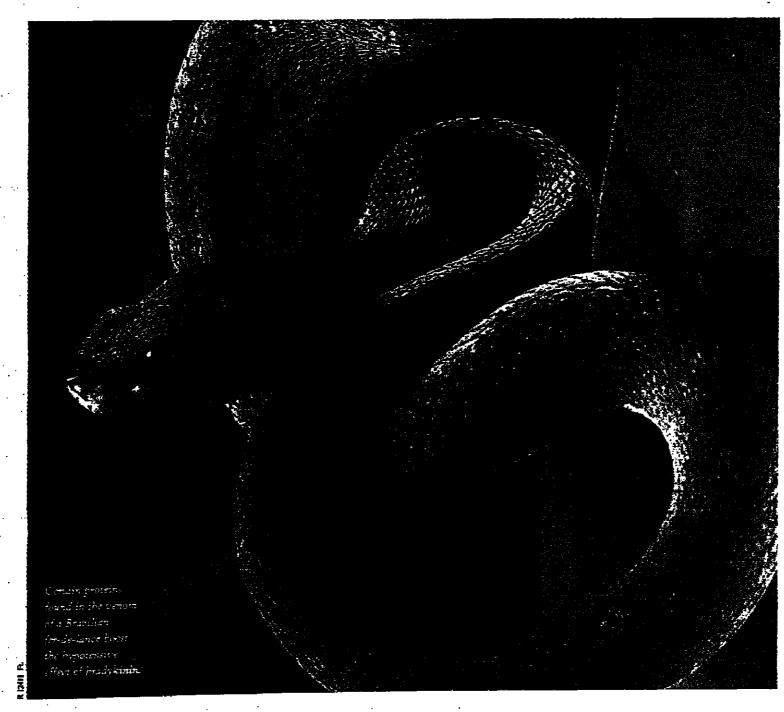
In a number of civilizations, takes have long been revered as symbol of healing.

It was 90 years ago that sciensts developed a better underanding of exactly how snake oisons act in the human body.

Protecting the beart and the cardiovascular system.

An example of research in this faractive substance used ediovascular disorders. nan body contains me hormones called ich reduce blood presopen the blood vessels. as been discovered that te blood-pressure-lowering and isodilating action of the kinins in be boosted by proteins and in the venom of a Brazilian

it viper. Scientists at Hoechst Marion oussel, the pharmaceutical diision of Hoechst, have used this iscovery to symbetically prouce these proteins and thus



echst is an international group of companies spearbeading innovation in bealth care, agriculture and chemicals. With a staff of 145,000 people worldwide, annual sales total DM 52 billion

develop a new life-saving drug. Research into cardiovascular disorders has always played an important role at Hoechst.

In 1904, Hoechst researchers were the first to synthesize the hormone adrenaline.

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Cardiovascular disease is still the No. 1 cause of death, which is why fighting this important problem is a matter so close to our hearts at Hoechst Marion Roussel.

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Hoechst 2

Russians are suspected in Heathrow theft

London and Moscow

UK and US investigators believe Russian organised crime groups may be behind the recent theft of \$2.5m in \$100 bills from Heathrow airport in London. The theft on February 25 has sparked a transatlantic investigation involving intelligence and security services. Authorities are investigating

whether the theft involved Heathrow employees connected with organised crime rings in Russia. The robbery highlights what has

become a lucrative business for a shipped to the former Soviet handful of US banks which ship Union. billions of dollars in cash abroad because it amounts to an interest-

taxpayers millions of dollars. high-denomination US bills was cludes in its latest report.

The Financial Action Task Force. each year. The Federal Reserve an international regulatory group Bank of New York says dollars are of which the US is a member, urges now a reserve currency in high- countries to "try to encourage the inflation environments such as replacement of cash transfers" in Russia where transactions made an effort to limit money launderfor roubles lose value too quickly. ing. "Large volumes of cash and It is happy to sell cash abroad other types of transfers continue to make their way from these counfree loan to the Treasury saving US tries (eastern Europe and the former Soviet Union) into the banks In 1994 and 1995, the New York and financial institutions of FATF Fed estimates at least \$40bn in member countries," the group con-

One western investigator said: commercial banks. It disappeared Russia fuels a huge black economy which involves everything from tax evasion to money laundering. The Heathrow robbery raises more could be the tip of an iceberg." Russia has yet to pass money

laundering regulations and its hundreds of private banks are frequent ers confidential dealings between targets for organised crime. The stolen money was being

transferred to Moscow from the London office of Republic Bank of New York, one of the largest US

been unable to accomplish a

feat routinely attained by

the Challenge Cup finalists:

filling Wembley Stadium, in

London. There are mixed

indications as to the finan-

cial health of the British

game. The Rugby League

decision to buy into London

Broncos and electronics tycoon Mr Paul Thompson's

purchase of Sheffield Eagles

launched on the Alternative

Investment Market - pres-

age a shift from the game's

traditional cottage-scale cap-

italism to something more

ambitious and sophisticated.

can look forward to about

11m each this year from the

second tranche of BSkyB

funding. Yet all-conquering

Wigan, and the First Divi-

sion duo of Keighley and

Hull Kingston Rovers, have

run into serious financial

trouble. Expansion plans

were hit when Super League

teams vetoed one club from

south Wales which would

have meant dividing the

The Super League clubs

which may soon be

hopes Mr Richard Branson's

The supply of physical dollars to from a cargo compound, to which only a limited number of staff have access at Heathrow, where it was awaiting transfer to a British Airways flight to Moscow. It was in questions than answers, but it one of four bags each containing \$2.5m in \$100 bills.

Republic Bank said: "We are not going to discuss this issue. It covclients." The money's destination remains unclear. Sources said a private Russian bank, Toko Bank. was the intended recipient, but the bank has depied this.

Pensions

watchdog

may have

Mr Joe Palmer, chairman of

the Personal Investment

Authority, will almost cer-

tainly be forced to quit his

post if the Labour party

wins the general election

The party is indicating that his position is no lon-ger sustainable amid indica-

tions that the authority has

failed to clear up more than

a handful of pensions mis-

In recent years, Labour

MPs have called for Mr

Palmer's resignation, argu-

ing that his role is incom-

natible with his previous

position as chief executive

of the insurance company

The company was among

those which had been responsible for pensions

mis-selling in the late 1980s

and early 1990s. Mr Palmer

has insisted that he had no

direct involvement in the

scandal, in which people were wrongly advised to

leave occupational schemes

MPs from all parties have

asked the PLA to explain

why fewer than 7,000 people

out of 478,000 cases have

LEGAL

NOTICES

In the High Court 1997 No 46 COS Ct 6

In the Matter of NOBEL RESOURCES PLC

and

In the Matther of

THE COMPANIES ACT 1963-1996

NOTICE IS HEREBY GIVEN that a Puntien presented to the High Court on the 4 March 1997 for an Order continuing the reduction of the capital of the Company by the cancellation of the caused Deferred shares (mambering 16.520,252) and by the cancellation of the remaining unbassed Deferred States (numbering 43.479.768) and by the corresponding reduction in the amount of IRLI-964.856 smooting to the debit of the Profit and Loss Account of the Company is described to be heard before the High Court on the 7 day of April 1997 at 11.10ben in the forences at the Four Courts, Iran Quey, Dublin 7, Dated 13 March 1997

Dated 13 March 1997

June 1, Jarch 1997

Regreck William Fry,

Solicines,

Fitzwiten House,

Wilton Place, Dublin 2

er of business; jugger Destroyag

Date of appointment of joint Adminis 6 March 1997

toffice holder nos 6877 and 53189 of

SHIELD MOTOR GROUP LIMITED

Name of appointer: Usayla Bank plc
MCCL RUDDOCK and YIVAN MURRAY BARRSTOW

itana libodes, 186 City Road, London EC1v 2nily

IN THE MATTER OF

MAYFLOWER GROUP PLC

erty Kish Resources PLC)

for a personal pension.

Legal and General.

to quit

By James Blitz and

expected in May.

selling cases.

UK NEWS DIGEST

Ruling on Irish prisoner's baby

Miss Roisin McAliskey will be allowed to keep her baby with her in a London prison when it is born, the Prison Service announced yesterday. Germany has applied for her extradition from the UK in connection with a mortar bomb attack by the Irish Republican Army on a British Army base in Germany last summer.

Miss McAliskey, aged 25, is seven months pregnant. She is the daughter of the civil rights activist and former nationalist Northern Ireland MP Bernadette McAliskey, She has become the focus of a campaign for her freedom by activists who claim she should be allowed bail because of her condition.

Her lawyers are due to make a fresh bail application on her behalf at the High Court in London today.

■ WORKING TIME DIRECTIVE

EU rules 'will have little impact'

The Chemical Industries Association, which was among the strongest opponents of the European Union's working time directive, said yesterday that the regulations would have little impact on most companies.

The association said the directive, which covers working hours and holiday entitlements, was open to "many opportunities for flexible interpretation". It said that "full advantage" ought be taken of this as it was incorporated into British law. The association, which represents chemi cal companies in the UK, said that the "vast majority" of its member companies will "be able to meet the requirements of the directive within their existing contractual working time arrangements (perhaps with slight modifi-Robert Taylor, Landon

BOOK PUBLISHING

Price-fixing pact is outlawed

The Net Book Agreement, which until recently enabled publishers to fix minimum prices, was finally declared illegal yesterday. The Restrictive Practices Court ruled that the NBA's prevention of discounting was against the public interest and that its abolition would not lead to the

book-reading public suffering.

The ruling marks the end for the NBA, which collapsed in practice in September 1995 when the Publishers' Association decided it could no longer be enforced. Several publishers and the W.H. Smith retail chain had withdrawn support for the NBA and were swiftly followed by others afraid of losing market share. The court case was brought by Mr John Bridgeman, director general of the Office of Fair Trading, to ensure that the agreement could John Mason, London not be resurrected.

BRITISH AIRWAYS

Boost for London's second airport

By next month British Airways will be flying to more des tinations from London Gatwick than from the much larger Heathrow airport, which is heavily congested, Mr Robert Avling, chief executive of the airline, said yesterday. BA will today announce the creation of 700 jobs at Gatwick. The airline will move its Latin American services to Gatwick from Heathrow on Monday. It has already moved its east African and central African Michael Skapinker, London

Rugby League tests international field

The influence of Murdoch TV can be detected in the clubs' new attitude

ear Two of Rugby League's Super League era opens tonight at Odsal Stadium. Bradford, in northern England, where Bradford Bulls play Warrington Wolves. The locations are familiar though the new names are more glamorous than the city and town after which the teams are called. In another enhancement of

the game's image, the Friday night kick-off reflects the demands of television and the game's £87m (\$138m). five-year contract with British Sky Broadcasting, the satellite broadcaster controlled by Mr Rupert Mur-

This is also the second year of the shift from a winter to a summer season by the professional game, traditionally based in the north of the country. The other version of the game, Rugby Union, is played all over the UK, largely in an amateur setting.

The Rugby League fixture such as St Helens, Wigan, Leeds and Castleford. But this year's novelties go well beyond the introduction last season's of Paris Saint-Germain and the elevation in 1995 - on grounds of commerce rather than merit - of London Broncos.

On consecutive weekends, starting on June 7, Bradford, Warrington and St Helens

Categories of product are;

☐ Synthetic Rubber (SBR)

O Petroleum Asphalts

companies of the Socialist Republic of Viet Nam.

☐ Papers and Paperboards for packaging

Media, Duplex Board, Coated Paper,

Procurement Office for Non-Project Grant Aid,

Grant Aid Management Dept.,
JAPAN INTERNATIONAL COOPERATION SYSTEM

5th floor, Shinjuku Sanshin Bldg., 4-9, Yoyogi 2-chome, Shibuya-ku, Tokyo 151, JAPAN Yel: 81-3-5352-5981-5988 Fax: 81-3-5352-5994

(Kraft Liner Board, Corrugating

Woodfree Paper, Bristol Board)



Salford celebrate winning a divisional trophy last season and a place in the Super League

Wartiors, Penrith Panthers and Cronulla Sharks of the Australian Super League. The English clubs will visit Australia in July for the return fixtures.

These matches, which list includes familiar rivals form part of a new World Club Championship incorporating all 12 Super League clubs and their 10 Australian counterparts, reflect the most important action of the close season - the courtroom battle over the future of the game in Australia.

The entire Super League enterprise, designed to take the game to a new public, is underpinned by the idea of

GENERAL PROCUREMENT NOTICE PROCUREMENT OF PRODUCTS AND SERVICES

UNDER JAPANESE GRANT AID FOR ECONOMIC STRUCTURAL ADJUSTMENT OF

THE SOCIALIST REPUBLIC OF VIET NAM

The Government of the Socialist Republic of Viet Nam has received a Grant Aid of 3 billion Yen from

the Government of Japan to purchase products and services necessary for public bodies and private sector

Cotton

All countries are eligible as supply source countries except the Socialist Republic of Viet Nam. Firms or

companies who are interested in supplying product(s) as mentioned above should submit to JAPAN

Name and address of applying firms or companies, name(s) of person(s) in charge, telephone and

The above information is acceptable BY FACSIMILE ONLY. By return, JICS would send a FORM OF

APPLICATION by facsimile, which is to be filled and sent back with required documents attached (e.g.

annual report) by registered air mail and/or international courier service etc. Those firms or companies who have submitted FORM OF APPLICATION shall be registered for pre-qualification (P/Q) as

mentioned in Appendix of FORM OF APPLICATION. P/Q for each procurement will be envisaged one

after 3 weeks from this publication as soon as necessary preparation is arranged. Criteria of P/Q shall be

finalized by respective procurements, depending on procurement conditions such as its nature, scale, delivery period, etc. It should be noted, however, that JICS is not committed to contact ALL firms or

by one in accordance with the contents of submitted FORM OF APPLICATION. P/Q will com

Plastic Materials and Artificial Resins (EVA, PVC Resin, PP, HDPE, LDPE, LLDPE)

☐ Chemical Materials (Caustic soda, Soda ash light, Soda ash dense, DOP)

INTERNATIONAL COOPERATION SYSTEM (JICS) the following information:

companies expressing their interest after submitting FORM OF APPLICATION.

Invitations to tenders to qualified firms or companies will be issued in due time.

D Fertilizer (Urea)

will entertain Auckland internationalising a sometimes parochial club scene and introducing regular British league's ambitions competition against the Australians - games to be funded and televised by Mr aries, putting its finances on Murdoch's News Corpora-

> atches against Australian clubs were made possible by the News Corporationfunded Australian Super League winning a legal battle for the right to operate alongside the existing Australian Rugby League, the country's traditional govern-

ing body. Although its monopoly has

O Non-Ferrous Metals

Tires for light trucks,

trucks & buses

(Aluminium ingots)

ucing dominant Test teams.

The World Club Championship is vital to the British game's chances of following suit. The hope is that British fans, attracted by the novelty, will flock to the matches and that their teams will match the Australian giants.

issues is induced by the reflection that even the great Australian Test teams have

now been broken, the ARL had already achieved the extending the game's social and geographical bounda business footing and prod-

BSkyB money by 13 rather than 12. No points for far-sightedness there. But there has been some long-term thinking at Bradford. As well as building an excellent team, the BSkyB money has also Mild caution about these been spent on imaginative

Huw Richards | received compensation.

BUSINESSES FOR SALE

BY ORDER OF THE JOINT ADMINISTRATIVE RECEIVERS D.J. POWER FCA & D. SWADEN FCA

LEONARD CURTIS

IN THE MATTER OF **DEXLEC LIMITED**

Offers are invited for the sale of the business and assets of the above Electrical Engineers & Contractors based in Liverpool/North West

 Quality Assurance BS 5750/ISO 9001 Established customer base with ongoing contracts Annual turnover approx £2 million • Loyal and experienced work force

Enquiries should be addressed to Nicky Johnson Leonard Curtis & Partners, Chartered Accountants Peter House, Oxford Street, Manchester M1 5AB Tel: 0161 236 1955 Fax: 0161 228 1929

PUBLIC NOTICES

NOTICE PUBLISHED BY THE SECRETARY OF STATE FOR TRADE AND INDUSTRY UNDER SUBSECTIONS 8(5) AND 10(6) OF THE TELECOMMUNICATIONS ACT 1984

The Secretary of State hereby gives notice as follows.

1. He proposes to grant licences under the Telecommunications Act 1984 ("the Act") to Worldexchange Communications Limited, Cherry Communications Inc and First Telecom pic ("the Licensees") to run international telecommunications systems in the United Kingdom. The licences will be for a period of six months, thereafter being subject to revocation on one month's notice.

The principal effect of each licence will be to enable each Licensee to install and run telecommunication systems in the United Kingdom which may be connected to relecommunications systems outside the United Kingdom and to provide a wide range of international services but not any domestic services (i.e. services involving the conveyance of messages which originate and are subsequently to terminate in the United Kingdom) or mobile radio services. Each Licence authorises the connection to a wide range of other systems, including demestic systems and earth orbiting apparatus.

Each Licence will be subject to conditions such that section 8 of the Act will apply to it, thereby making each of the systems run under each licence eligible for designation as a public telecommunication system under section 9 of the Act. It is the intention of the Secretary of State to designate each of the Licensees' systems as a public numnication system. The Secretary of State proposes to grant each licence in response to

an application from each licensee for such a licence because he considers that it will help to satisfy demands in the United Kingdom for the provision of services of the type authorised, will promote the interests of consumers in respect of the quality and variety of such services, and will insintain and promote effective competition between those engaged in the provision of telecommunication

Representations or objections may be made in respect of each of the proposed licences. They should be made in writing by 14th April 1997 and addressed to the undersigned at the Department of Trade and Industry, Communications and Information Industries Directorate, 2.57 Grey, 151 Buckingham Palace Road, London SW1W 9SS. Copies of the proposed licence can be obtained free of charge by writing to the Department (fax: 0171 215 1721) or by calling 0171 215 1756.

Alan D Proud Department of Trade and Industry

INVITATION FOR BIDS (IFB)

CONTRACTS & TENDERS

Date of Issuance of Invitation: 14.3.1997 Loan No: 3597 IFB No: 2762/VB/96

1. The Government of the Republic of Hungary has received a loan from the World Bank in various currencies towards the cost of Health Services and Management Project and it is intended that a part of the proceeds of this loan will be applied to eligible payments under the contract for Procurement of 4 (four) pcs odem mammoeranhic system.

2. The NOVO-TRADING Commercial Ltd. acting on behalf of the Ministry of Welfare now invites sealed bids from eligible Bidders for the supply of modern mammographic systems and perform

3. Interested aligible Bidders may obtain further information from and inspect the Bidding Documents at the office of:

NOVO-TRADING Commercial Ltd. H-1158 Budapest, Késmárk u. 100-102 Phone: (36-1)-410-4193 Fax: (36-1)-410-4190/410-4192

A complete set of Bidding Documents may be purchased by an interested eligible Bidder on the submission of a written application to the above and upon payment of a non-refundable fee of USD 120,-. (one hundred and twenty USD only) Bidders resident in Hungary may purchase the above documents upon payment of HUF 17.000,- + VAT. (seventeen-thousand HUF + VAT).

 All bids must be accompanied by a security of USD 40,000,- and must be delivered to the above office on or before 10 Hours am on the 15th May 1997.

Bids will be opened in the presence of Bidders' repres who choose to attend at 11 Hours am on the 15th May 1997 at the Conference Room of **NOVO-TRADING** Commercial Ltd.

Késmárk 11. 100-102

INVITATION TO BID

Scaled hids are invited from sainable amplians by YCDD (General Directorate of Turkish Stam Railways) for the equipment specified below for the consider screenings at Haydaspasa, Izmir and Mersin. The project is to be partially flumoed.

Detailed information and the bidding documents can be obtained on application personally from "TCDD Private Commission of Ports, Supply Department CarrANKARA, Telefast; 90312-312-32-15. Telega 44309 IRs or from the "Central Cashier's Office of "TCDD General Directorate CarrANKARA," starting from 20 March 1977 against payment of 500,-USS, or its equivalent to Tarkish Line.

1 piece of Cartry crame and 26 pieces of rubber tyred yard gazary crases out of social 9 incars of equipment which are indicated below shall be supplied as 100% credit; the other 7 items of equipment shall be supplied by the credit of European Investment Bank.

The bids will be evaluated in conformity with the bidding documents and conditions, and the selection criteria will be accussing to the price submitted (50% weighting) and also the technical aspects to be detailed in the tender.

A bid of 3% of the offer shall be subsulted with the bids together with the receipt for the purchase of the specification and tender documents. Offers for the supply of the following equipment shall be handed in to the Private Commission of Ports at Supply Department, TCDD GarjankaRA until reference of the Private of the Private

Continue u

Continuesion of Ports at following dates and hours: en 9 June 1997 at 14,00 hours on 10 June 1997 at 14,00 hours on 13 May 1997 at 9,30 hours on 9 May 1997 at 9,30 hours on 12 May st 0,30 hours on 13 May 1997 at 14,00 hours on 13 May 1997 at 9,30 hours on 15 May 1997 at 9,30 hours 1 Gentry Crase 26 Rubber tyred yard Gentry Crases 86 Trailers 32 FLTs, Diesel Small Mast 32FLTs, Biccaric Small Mast 24 Spreaders for Gentry Crises and Tree 37 FLTs for Empty Containers

Sexled bids shall be opened in the presence of the biddest on the dates and hours TCDD reserves the right as to whether to award any contract

The Financial Times plans to publish a Survey on

Brighton & Hove

on Thursday, March 27

This survey on Brighton & Hove is timed to coincide with the merger of the two boroughs and will examine the new authorities plans for industrial regeneration and job creation. It will illustrate what this historic area has to offer for potential investors.

For further information, please contact:

Derek van Tienen Tel: +44 1223 833 300 Fax: +44 1223 833 332

or your usual Financial Times representative

FT Surveys

14 March 1997

AND THE INSOLVENCY ACT AND BULES 1984

In accordance with rule 4,182A of the Insolvency Rules 1986 I. David Lowe, Liquidator of Mayflower Group Pic (the Company) give notice that I intend to pay a first and fatal distribution to the credents of the company or the rate of 100 pencer in the E width A months of the last date for receiving.

f which a months of the sast case for proving.

Any party claiming to be a creditor of the company mean contact the with full details of their claim to writing at Century House, 11 St Featr's Square, Manchester M2 3DN before the last dare for proving which is 3 April 1971.

Failure to comply will result fu your being encluded from the distribution.

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Chara Canally

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NEWS: INTERNATIONAL

Fears on nuclear bomb materials Setback for Uganda

By Bernard Grey,

More than 2,000 fonnes of weapons-grade plutonium and uranium are now in military stockpiles around the world, often with inadequate national controls and very little international oversight. according to the authors of a book published yesterday. Most of this weaponsgrade material is surplus to

military requirements and largely useless for other applications. However, new reprocessing plants in France and the UK are dramatically increasing the supply of plutonium which could be used for nuclear The authors, all senior

nuclear scientists, say that the musicar materials stockpiles in Russia are of particular concern because weapone material accountancy is in a very poor state. As only a few kilogrammes of plutonium are needed to make a respon, the authors identify the threat of theft of nuclear Excess weapon-grade plutonium and uranium in1995 Total 1,911 tonne Total 1,514 tormes

rorist groups as the main risk of nuclear proliferation. States wishing to acquire uclear weapons have found it relatively easy to obtain the knowledge needed, say the authors, but have been hampered by a lack of useable manium or pluto-

Iraq had well understood the technical challenges of developing nuclear weapons, but was thwarted by a lack of sufficient plutonium or

was attempting to divert could leak there from Rus-civil enriched uranium to its sia. The fate of plutonium crash homb programme from North Korea's longwhen its sites were running nuclear programme destroyed by allied air is also unknown, even to attacks in the Gulf war.

The risk that other countries or terrorist groups authors. could succeed where Iraq failed is the authors' primary concern. They highlight the efforts being made by Iran to

material is at the heart of Mr David Albright, one of the authors yesterday. "Yet acquire information on it is not on the agenda of nuclear weapons and the either President Clinton or risk that nuclear materials President Yeltsin and it is

western intelligence agen-

cies, according to the

"The control of this fissile

The authors urge action on four fronts simultanecusly to limit the spread of nuclear material, Action to unblock negotiations on a treaty to ban further production of uranium or plutonium is needed, with a parailel negotiation to introduce safeguards for stocks already in the inventories of nuclear weapons states.

A new treaty should be negotiated to control 'excess" stocks of weapons materials, which are not needed for bombs, and which are held in frequently insecure storage.

the blending of highly enriched uranium with natural uranium so that it can be burned in civilian reactors and would be of no further military use.

Enriched Uranium 1996: World Inventories, Capabili ties and Policies. Albright

not due to be discussed at their Helsinki summit next debt relief hopes

By Michael Holman, Africa Editor

Uganda's hopes for early debt relief were struck a interim funding might be blow yesterday when it was made available. confirmed that the country would not benefit from the Uganda government took the new World Bank-International Monetary Fund initiative for at least a year.

The boards of the Bank and the Fund agreed this week that Uganda would be the first beneficiary of the plan, designed to ease the debt burden of the world's

poorest countries. But World Bank officials made clear at a briefing for journalists that the plan would not be put into effect before April next year at the earliest, and possibly not until November

The US and Japan were emong the board members resisting calls for earlier mplementation, despite the government's offer to open the books to creditors and donors and allow monitoring of the budget process and

Yesterday an adviser to the government said that the

Uganda's plans to extend pri- estimated loss from the mary education this year, delay was between \$35m and although World Bank offi- \$40m cials said yesterday that

The government had pledged that this money would be spent on expanding Earlier this week, the free primary school places, at a total cost of \$67m in the

unusual step of making pub- first year. lic what it called its More th More than 4.5m children "increasing frustration" over had registered for primary delays in implementing the school places this year in a plan to provide debt relief system that can currently for highly indebted poor cater for 2.5m. Unless new sources of assistance are "Under the initiative, such made available, more than relief is supposed to be given 1m children will not get after a six-year record of places, according to aid adjustment has been estab- workers.

lished." Mr J.S. Mayanja-Oxfam, the British aid Nkangi wrote in a letter to agency which has been lobbying for debt relief, yester-"At the time of the IMF! day condemned the delay: "It reflects a lack of resolve World Bank annual meetings last October, there was and political will on the part a widespread view that as of the creditor community to Uganda already had an eight resolve the debt crisis of the year record, debt relief poorest countries," a spokesshould be given as early as man said.

"It carries an enormous cost which can be measured both in financial terms and in lost opportunities for primary education and basic

Local election test for Nigerian regime

Nigerians go to the polls tomorrow in the first test of the military government's declared intention to return the country to civilian rule by October next year.

The local multiparty elections take place against a background of renewed focus on the administration's human rights record, following the charging with treason this week of 15 opposition activists, including Mr Wole Soyinka, the Nobel

None of the five political parties registered by the authorities has commented on the issue. Indeed, matters of policy or party rivalry

from a campaign dominated by internal squabbles over who should hold which party office and whether or not the government should fund overseas trips for their

leaders. "These parties," said Mr Bola Ige of the radical opposition National Democratic Coalition (Nadeco), "are no more than the five fingers of the same hand."

General Sani Abacha, who seized power after the military annulled the last effort at elections nearly four this reflects a genuine years ago, has promised Nigerians a new era of truly representative democracy, free from the corruption and influence-peddling which has plagued civilian politics since independence in 1960.

by familiar controversy. Durprocess, there were several reports of irregularities, violence, intimidation and

The National Electoral Commission yesterday scaled back its initial estimate of more than 60m regis tered voters to about 55m. still substantially higher than the 38m eligible to take 1993. The commission insists enthusiasm for the transi-

fraud.

tion programme. Diplomats and opposition groups, however, fear that politicians have acquired so many voters' cards that the foundations for an open con-

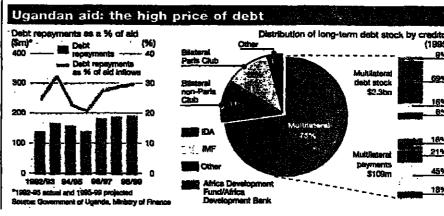
the polls have been marred mined. A 38-member ers have specifically linked ing last month's registration in Nigeria to monitor the

A delegation from the Organisation of African Unity's human rights commission has also spent the past week meeting government officials and others.

The authorities say their saying that criticism from the west has been politically motivated. Opposition lead- case."

observer team from the US is this week's treason charges against Nadeco officials to the current session of the United Nations Human Rights Commission in Geneva.

"Most of these people had been held for weeks without charge under special decrees," said Mr Abraham commitment to a political Adesanya, the Nadeco vicetransition reflects their chairman. "Now they are respect for human rights, charged and facing a judicial process. But we know there is no substance to this



the Financial Times.

possible, with the options of

spring or summer 1997

explicitly discussed," the

minister continued.

Diamonds are a rebel's best friend

A battle to gain control over Zaire's riches is imminent as the liberation movement seeks a ready source of cash to pay its fighters

ing campaign.

diamonds and

dollars makes

residents

nervous

communities.

governor of neighbouring

Shaba, a stannch ally of

President Mobutu Sese Seko.

expelled hundreds of thou-

these are tense times.

He is gradually emptying the safe at his diamond counter on the Avenue Inga. He no longer stockpiles stones, sending them instead immediately to Kinshasa. Soon he plans to air-freight his four-wheel-drive vehicle to the capital. If things get too hot, he will board a flight himself.

Like all the owners of the 60-odd dismond counters, the garishly-painted walls of which beckon diggers off the rutted streets, he expects to be raided by soldiers at any moment. "In 1991 and 1993 we were spered the looting that hit other 2-1 This time I think we won't

be so lucky," he predicts. This central Zairean city is bracing for the arrival of the Alliance of Democratic Forces, whose swift advance across the east of the coun try has left a bewildered international community contemplating the fragmentation of one of Africa's larg-

A fortnight ago, the rebels captured Kindu 400km to the cast. Although the roads from the town are in an appalling state, they are imiliarly to trouble a group adept at penetrating east

Drawing the rebeis like a believe the incentives cannot magnet are the brown. green, yellow and - on a good day - white crystals found in the gravel banks of the Kanshi River.

Essily mined and essily sold, diamonds are the perfect resource for a movement that must pay the new fighters it is recruiting if it is to remain a cut above Zaire's inept central government. The rebels must come here, because this is where Zaire's riches are," predicts a local

Ironically, it is not the rebels theintelves - regarded as liberators by many of Mbuji-Mayi's 1.3m inhabitants who are feared. From what we hear, all the trouble comes from retreating Zairean soldiers, not the rebails. The moment of transition is the most dangerous," says

Soldiers have already surfaced in east Kasai, steeling Cars and beating up diamond

ese diamond buyer in ture far outside Mbuji-Mayi he is unwelcome, the presithe Mbuji-Mayi, Zaire, for fear of being caught in a
dent has not visited for shoot-out between the Kindu nearly 10 years. forces and reinforcements 1993 was also the year the from the capital. Kinshasa,

two Kasai provinces rejected anticipating the imminent the new zaire note issued by capture of the key town of Kinshasa, on the grounds Kisangani, wants to turn the central bank's failure to Mbuji-Mayi into the new send down enough of the headquarters for its collapsnew issue would bankrupt deposit holders. Four years Residents are none too after the "ancien zaire" was demonetised, Kasaians still pleased at the new arrivals. The juxtaposition of large use the old, increasingly numbers of armed men, diafilthy notes.

monds and dollars makes Even Miba - once one of the pillars of Zaire's declin-Everyone is now trying to ing economy - is starting to buy loyalty. The state diamond company, Société Minstreak. The chief administra ière de Bakgwwanga (Miba), tor's statement this week has doubled the wages of the that he would work under 200-800 soldiers guarding Mr Laurent Kabila, the rebel the "Polygon" – its 50 squ km site on the edge of town – and diamond buyers are leader, if Mbuji-Mayi were occupied, was a slap in the

face for Kinshasa. supplying local troops with food. But most businessmen An act of self-preservation for a man who recognises the inevitable, it also reflected years of irritation Juxtaposition of at a crippling tax burden that has prevented Miba large numbers from turning a profit for a of armed men,

Employees complain at the way the central government has squeezed Miba for funds while neglecting the town, forcing the company to assume responsibility for electricity and water supplies, hospitals, housing and

For years, the general

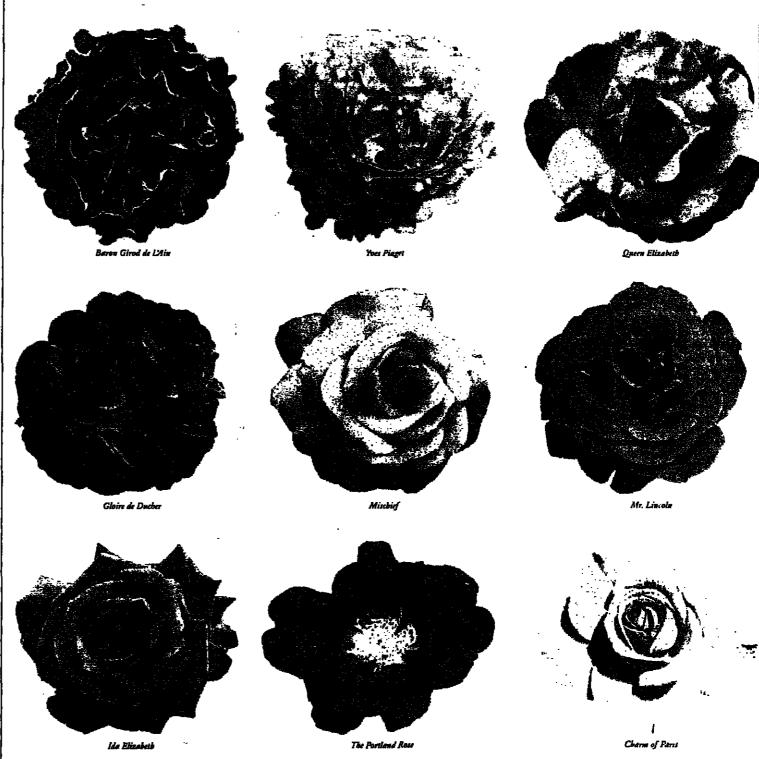
prevent a free-for-all when understanding in Zaire has retreating troops start sackbeen that the two Kasais ing the town. would be allowed to retain "Everyone just wishes we their semi-autonomous state, could be left alone," says a as long as it stopped short of digger. "This place has the outright autonomy always been about making money, not politics, and demanded by copper-rich Shaba, in exchange for keepthat's what we want to keep ing Mr Mobutu supplied

with diamonds. The desire to be left to its As the rebels encroach, own devices is not new. the question is how long a Founded by Kasaians fleeing local population with a proviolence in Shaba in the found feeling of separate-1960s, Mbuji-Mayi is dominess, a knack for making nated by the Luba, an ecomoney, and a deep distaste nomically successful tribe for central authority will traditionally regarded with

welcome their new masters. suspicion by other Zairean "People want to be liber ated from Mobutu and they The veteran opposition will welcome anyone who leader, Mr Etienne Tshisedoes that," says Mr Gaston kedi, comes from near here. Muyombo, a local priest. Both Kasai provinces paid a high price for his political ambitions in 1993 when the

"But it may well be that they will then want to be liberated from the libera-

Michela Wrong



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ing of your investment aims. So while a "Gloire de Ducher" or an "Ida Elizabeth" elicit an amateur's admiration from us, we can cast an expert eye on a blue chip and subject it to a thorny process of analysis before including it in your portfolio. With UBS,

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Purchase by US company's offshoot completes privatisation of national network's freight businesses

Wisconsin Central wins rail route to France

By Charles Batchelor, Transport Correspondent

Railway, an offshoot of Wisconsin Central Transportation, was confirmed vesterday as the purchaser of Railfreight Distribution (RID), the long-distance Channel tunnel freight service between England and France. The deal completes and the deal gives it a virtual

with BR to take over a business through the tunnel and employing English Welsh & Scottish 1,200 people. Most of the trains carry containers but there is also a growing business of moving cars and car components and conventional wagon freight.

EWS was listed as preferred bidder for RfD just before Christmas, the privatisation of British Rail's monopoly of BR's freight businesses. It previously acquired the EWS has exchanged contracts bulk freight activities and BR's tunnel for use of "slots" in the

mail-by-rail distribution business running 150 trains a week for the Royal Mail division of the Post Office,

Prospects for expanding Channel tunnel operations are good, but RfD made a loss of 258m (\$82,22m) on turnover of 270m in 1995-96. BR wrote off 2300m of RfD investments in locomotives, wag-ons and freight terminals last year and made a 2200m provision

operates the tunnel.

freight activities including its single wagon load and part-train Enterprise service. New services linking with ports on the south man of the group. and east coasts have recently been added.

The Rail Freight Group, repreto cover 10 years' worth of mini-mum usage payments to Euro-on the Franch and British governments, Eurotunnel and EWS to added. Charges should be levied ing company.

tunnel is the company which nel to encourage new business. At tional wagon - rather than by present rates, through train ser-EWS has begun expanding UK vices are uncompetitive with those offered by Eurotunnel's freight shuttle services and the ferries, said Lord Berkeley, chair-

> The £200m provision to meet minimum usage charges represented a "gift" which should be passed on to freight customers in the form of lower charges, he

Channel tunnel timetable. Euro- cut freight rates through the tun- by unit - container or convenweight and charges for shorter journeys should be lowered. • English Welsh & Scottish Railway was yesterday fined 26,000 Employment Editor (\$9,540) plus 2518 costs after an

accident at its Tyne Yard depot in north-east England in which an The case was the first Health

employee lost three fingers. and Safety Executive prosecution against a privatised train operat-

recred Dismissal test case moves to EU court

By Robert Taylor,

legality of the two-year qualifying period for UK employees who seek compensation for unfair dismissal was referred by the House of Lords to the European Court of Justice yester-day.

"We are disappointed for the thousands of work-ers with similar unfair dismissel claims," said Mr John Monks, the Trades Union Congress general sec-retary. The case involves Ms

parliamentary order extend-ing the qualifying period to the company on similar

is in itself unfair," said Mr Monks. "Employment should not depend on length of service. Women in particniar have been disadvantaged by the qualifying period with many, through no fault of their own, never being in one job long enough to acquire the

plaint was of indirect discrimination: that in 1991, Ms Seymour-Smith was made, the proportion of

higher than that of men. The Court of Appeal held the qualifying period discriminatory and said its ruling applied directly to all workers affected between 1985 and 1991. In 1985 the UK government extended the qualifying period of. employment required to

\$3bn submarine order won by **GEC** shipyard

By Bernard Gray, Defence Correspo

The UK Ministry of Defence is to order three Trafalgar class nuclear submarines worth £2bn (\$3.2bn) from GEC-Marconi, the defence arm of the General Electric Company. The submarines will be built at VSEL in north-west England, which is owned by GEC, and will establish VSEL as Britain's principal warship yard.

Final contractual details were being hammered out last night between GEC and the ministry. However, these are regarded as technicalities by both sides, and the deal has been approved by a cabinet committee. Once these details have been resolved, the announcement

will be made immediately, possibly as early as today. The order is the second in week for VSEL, which won a £200m UK defence ministry contract for two oil tankers for the Royal Navy. With other work, employment at the yard will remain at cur-

rent levels for several years. Overall, the Trafalgar programme will secure 7,000 obs at companies such as Rolls-Royce at Derby, BAe-Sema and Thomson-Marconi Sonar. The ministry also has But this will not come into

effect until well after the year 2000 because the initial three Trafalgars are being built one at a time. An announcement that the work will go to Barrow, in

Cumbria, will be a relief to both VSEL's 4,500-strong workforce and to GEC, which acquired the yard in 1995 for £835m in a bitterlyfought takeover battle with British Aerospace - pre-cisely to win the Trafalgar

At that time, GEC was in the unusual position of competing against VSEL for the work at the ministry's request, and GEC's original plan called for the submarines to be built on Tyneside. In December 1995, the ministry selected the GEC-Typeside team to build the submarines, cutting out GEC-VSEL team even though GEC had just paid a substantial sum to acquire

the Barrow yard. GEC has had to negotiate with the ministry to steer the work back to the Barrow yard since then - against the opposition of some in the Royal Navy and the ministry's procurement arm, which disliked VSEL for the profits it had made on the

Nicole Seymour-Smith.
The TUC would like the

two years to be revoked. It could be 1999 before the European Court makes its judgment.
"The two year qualifying period for unfair dismissal

The Seymour-Smith case was originated by Camden Law Centre in London. Hupdreds of similar claims have been submitted. The comwhen the original claim by women affected by the qualifying period was 7 per cent

locat

ciaim unfair dismissal compensation from one to two

'No cowboy atmosphere here' says bank

NatWest executive discusses background to options debacle

The damage to the wrong. "We have discovered ment banking arm of places, but has not been dis-National Westminster Bank, closed. We have been caused by its long failure to extremely open about it," recognise serious mis-pricing in its options book, is considraised questions about its strategy and its quality of

The fact that Mr Martin Owen has sacrificed £200,000 of his annual bonus for 1996 indicates how heavily the blow has fallen. Mr Owen has been chief executive of NatWest Markets since it was formed from NatWest's former merchant bank. County NatWest, and its corporate banking division four years ago.

NatWest has won at least greater clarity and ruthlessness after the discovery than other banks caught by such incidents. It has demonstrated the risks that accompany large rewards paid to managers and traders when their apparent profits turn out to be phantom.

more open in announcing derivatives arm. just how badly it went

standing of NatWest the sort of problem that may Markets, the invest- have occurred in many other says Mr Derek Wanless, Nat-West's chief executive.

For all this, NatWest does of what has occurred. "This is a rocket which has damaged us, and we are fighting the fire, but it holed us above the water line and not below," says Mr Owen. That damage goes far beyond the £77m loss that it must take.

Potentially, the most worrying aspect of the affair is how long Mr Kyriacos Papouis, its former interest rate options trader, is alleged to have concealed losses. NatWest says the some praise by acting with mis-pricing started in late 1994, meaning Mr Papouis managed to mislead managers for about two years.

This period started just before the collapse of Barings in February 1995, which led NatWest and other banks to review risk controls. The review failed to pick up any It also claims to have been problems in the interest rate

A second cause for con-

Papouis did not conceal any trades from his managers, While he may have shifted positions among trading books, all of his swaps and options trades were not only open for inspection, but were in practice checked by risk

None of this reflects well suspended managers, although NatWest says suspension does not imply guilt. "We have to have total confidence in all of our senior executives, because we given them major discretionary powers to commit capital, so this puts them in neutral for now," says Mr Owen.

There is a sense of bereavement in that area, because people feel that an individual who hid losses let the

whole family down."

The four managers suspended by NatWest Markets in the wake of the discovery of hidden losses represent twin faces of the build-up of NatWest's investment banking operation in the past four years. Two of them, Mr Phil Wise, 48-year-old former head of debt capital markets (left), and Mr Ian Gaskell, the 34-year-old head of swaps and options trading in

Europe (centre), have spent their whole careers there after joining as graduate trainees.

The other two, Mr Jean François Nguyen, the 37-year-old managing director of global

derivatives (right), and Mr Christophe Lanson, the 30-year-old global head of interest rate risk management, both joined in September 1992. Mr Nguyen and Mr Lanson, who are both French, were working together at the specialist derivatives company Credit Suisse Financial Products. They joined NatWest to help build up its interest rate derivatives operations

venturing into an exotic area

requires the capability for

such routine things as sell-

Also, he insists the failure

was not due to NatWest hav-

ing allowed the creation of a

star culture: "There is no

cowboy atmosphere here.

ing fixed rate mortgages.

He rejects the idea that the foregoing \$200,000 of what losses stem from NatWest would have been a 2500,000 bonus for 1996 is meant to set the tone of its response. of banking, pointing out that "I made my own gesture to interest rate swaps are a standard part of any bank treasury operation. NatWest say that I accept responsibility for everything that happens here," he says.

However, it may not be enough to reassure shareholders. Since NatWest insists that the computer models it uses to price options and swaps are not at fault, the problem seems to have lain in other managers' willingness to accept that Mr Papouis had fed the correct

John Gapper | an option to order a further two Trafalgar vessels from

THE PROPERTY MARKET

The strong Irish economy is boosting demand for commercial and residential developments in Dublin, says Andrew Taylor

uyers camped out for several days last month, queueing in driving wind and rain, to buy 90 homes at Knocklyon, six miles south-west of Dublin.

A marquee was erected to provide food, television and video entertainment for the buyers as they waited to purchase properties that had not even been built.

A shortage of residential property propelled house prices 18 per cent higher in the Irish capital last year -nine times the country's annual inflation rate. According to the Irish

Times newspaper, buyers bought homes worth 1£10m (\$15.5m) from just three developments on a single weekend in February. Demand for commercial

property has also risen sharply on the back of a strong economy, which has provided investment oppor-tunities for individuals. property companies and institutions. More than half of new commercial property investment in Ireland last year was made by individuals, according to estate

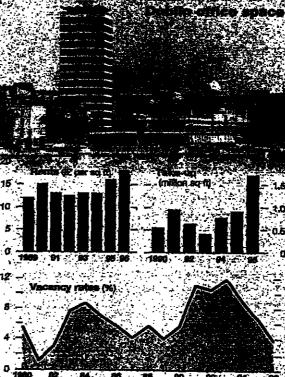
agents Lisney.
The Irish economy is one of the strongest in Europe. Gross domestic product is expected to rise by between 5 and 6 per cent this year, while annual inflation is forecast to remain as low as 2 per cent - an attractive mix for companies wishing to establish a business in the

country.
Other factors that have encouraged inward investment are low interest rates currently about 7 per cent for five-year money; availability of grants and tax concessions; and low employment costs.

Five of the world's 10 largest independent software companies have substantial operations in Ireland: Microsoft, the world's largest software company, which has its European operations headquarters in Dublin, IBM. Corei, Novell and Oracle. The country produces 40 per cent of all personal computer software and 60 per ireland, grant-aided com-cent of all business software puter services, repair or resold in Europe according to IDA, the Irish industrial development agency

Poreign financial services

Race for space



taking more space in the capital's resurgent property International Financial Services Centre in the city's former docks have risen to I£27.50 a sq ft before fitting out. Occupiers in the centre include Sumitomo. Deutsche Morgan Grenfell, Barings, Citibank, Arthur Andersen and ABN Amro.

An added attraction of the centre is a 10 per cent corpountil 2005, for financial services companies.

The concessionary tax rate is also available to companies outside the centre if they are involved in the manufacture of goods in puter services, repair or remanufacturing of computer equipment, or ship and air-

has been the inflow of European Union structural funds, which have been used to improve the country's infrastructure. Construction output last year grew by 11 per

cent and is expected to rise

by a further 5-10 per cent

however, is due to be stemmed by 2000. Nevertheomy will be strong enough ration tax rate, due to run to cope with this loss of

> property shows no sign of abeting. Top office rents outcial Services Centre climbed last year to between 1916 and I£18 a so ft and seem likely to break the I£20 barrier this year, according to agents Sherry FitzGerald.

Investment yields have shrunk to 6 per cent as office companies also have been country's economic growth vacancy rates have fallen

strip the supply of new prop

Last year about 1.7m sq ft of offices were taken up, leaving just over 500,000 sq ft available for occupation in December, says Sherry Fitz-Gerald, which expects take-up this year to exceed

1m sq ft again. It estimated that foreign companies were responsible for about 57 per cent of office take-up in Dublin last year, but said there was also rising domestic demand.

ew developments thin on the ground outside Services Centre. Only two large speculative schemes are under way in the city centre: the 100,000 sq ft Ballsbridge Centre and a similar-sized development at Charlemont Exchange, Tenants have almost certainly already been earmarked for

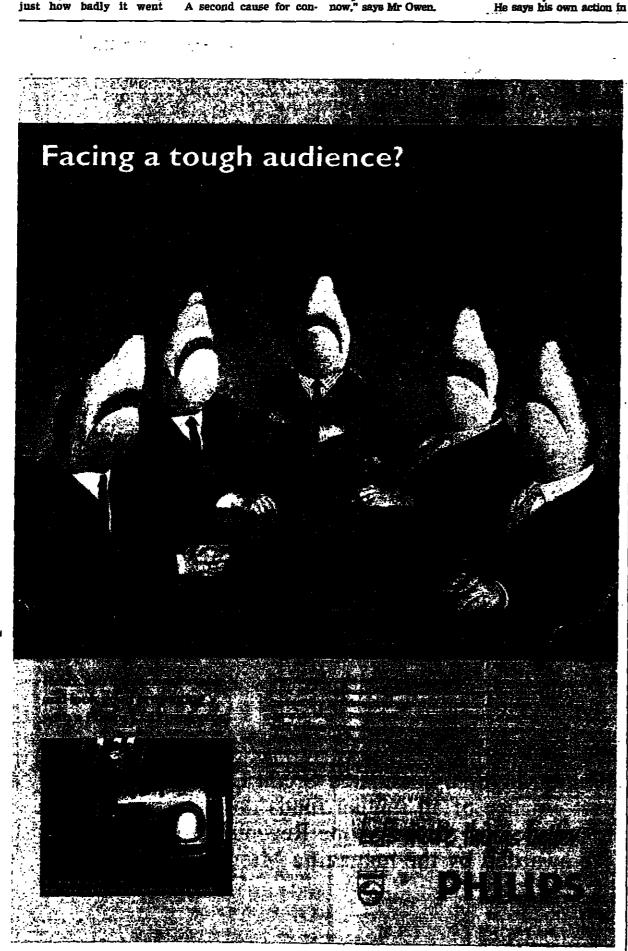
these projects.

Retail and industrial property markets are just as Property Databank. These show total returns from com mercial property in Ireland were 18.9 per cent last year, with office property generating returns of 19.3 per cent retail 18.2 per cent and

industrial 20.6 per cent. The strength of the Irish market was emphasised in Property, the Dublin-based investment and development company, which increased its net asset value per share by more than 41 per cent to

The company, which recently completed the I£81m Blanchardstown retail centre, achieved a 19 per cent total return on its Irish portfolio after sales and acquisitions, compared with 12.5 per cent in the UK.

One cloud on the horizon might be a troubled run-up to European economic and monetary union. Although on present forecasts Ireland is set to meet the Maastricht treety criteria, Irish interest rates could be nushed higher if continental rates are forced to rise as other econo-



We will continue until there is no space left. La Tribune-Micropal nominated Crédit Lyonnais winner of the "Victoires des SICAV 96" prize for the best five-year performance of all mutual funds domiciled in France

and other countries. This is in addition to the Golden Trophy awarded by the magazine Revenu Français in 1996 for best global performance, and the "Corbeille d'Or" prize awarded by the magazine Mieux Vivre in 1995.

FINANCIAL TIMES FRIDAY MARCH 14 1997

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Directed vision

The parent company must add value or have its function re-examined, says the head of advertising group WPP

The

Management

Interview

still over 230p by close of play next Monday, he collects a batch of shares, worth something over £3m. Life has not always been

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Service .

that easy for Sorrell. In the late 1980s WPP made itself the world's biggest advertising group through a series of hugely ambitious acquisitions. In 1990 it nearly went bust. As Sorrell now makes clear, this series of events has deeply affected the company's development in mangement terms.

WPP's most recent annual report begins with a discus-

sion of how the parent company can justify its existence. Does it cover its overhead? Does it make life easier for the operating companies?

Does it add value? seems rather late in the day to be asking the question. Given recent emphasis on corporate focus and shareholder value, most compa-

years ago. Granted, he says. There are two reasons why WPP is still grappling with these issues: the old-fashioned nature of the advertising industry, and the history of the company itself.

nies of WPP's size and

sophistication would have

arrived at an answer several

"We had five years of fast acquisition, then in 1990 we ran into a brick wall," he says. "We sorted that out financially by 1992, and since the value added year by

In the advertising induscosts between 1 per cent and

Touch wood, things are 1.5 per cent of revenues. "In looking good for Martin Sor- our case, that's £16m to £17m rell. If WPP's share price is a year. We need to define clearly where we as a centre add value to our clients or to the people in the company. If after four or five years we can't do that, we'll break the company up."

Beyond the parent's traditional role as an investment holding company, Sorrell has identified five areas in which he aims to add value: human resources, property, Drocurement information technology and what he calls practice development. The first four have been tackled one by one, a year at a time, since 1992.

cally, Sorrell says, this distinguishes WPP sharply from the Martin Sorrell approach of its two main by Tony Jackson competitors, the US agency

groups Interpublic and Omnicom. "Inter-As I remark to Sorrell, it public is very much a holding company - a bank - and Omnicom a little less so. Time will tell whether we're wrong."

he argues, is highly conservative in terms of its structure and organisation. "We do things in much the same way as we did 50, 60 or even 70 years ago. The answers may not be wrong, but we haven't experimented to seewhether they are or not." His next goal for added

value - practice development - involves getting the various parts of WPP to work together. The group comprises 40 companies one another." worldwide, from the big then we've been working on advertising agencies J Walter Thompson and Ogilvy & Mather to market research and public relations. The try, Sorrell calculates, the aim is to achieve what Sorparent company typically rell calls economies of co-ordination.

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Han Lee de Boer

Again, it seems a little late geographically based. If you to have hit on this. But look at McKinsey, Goldman WPP, he points out, was built through acquisitions, two thirds of them hostile.

Co-ordination, he says, comes in a number of areas. Take new geographical mar-kets. "We have 450 people in China, in 11 offices. We find it very difficult to make money there, so any economies of co-ordination we can Strategi- get are useful."

Or take privatisation. "That touches every country we work in. It also touches all our operations: advertising, research, corporate identity, design and PR."

Finally, take internal communication. "Every single one of our clients is going through major strategic and structural change. Explaining that to their people is very difficult. We have an internal alliance to develop communications - to explain change. It's a problem for us The advertising industry, as well. We have 22,000 people in 250 different physical locations. How do you get 22,000 people to face in the same direction at the same time?"

> The biggest change in his industry in the past two or three years, he says, is the globalisation of market research. "All our clients want common methodologies to evaluate changes in the

So does WPP shift its own businessman." people around to reflect this global trend? "Not enough. We're still too vertically organised, both by geography and function. We should be more horizontal. And our incentive structures are still

Sachs or Arthur Andersen, they're very good at encouraging a worldwide team approach. We're still too

country based." The mention of those three companies - two management consultancies and an investment bank - is not accidental. They represent for Sorrell an ideal of global professionalism which he seeks to emulate.

His own incentives are wholly global in character. His share compensation package caused a row two years ago, since some UK institutions initially saw it as excessive.

"My share programme involved me investing £2m of my own money in the company," he says. "This is not an options programme heads I win, tails you lose. It's me being entrepreneurial, and risking my own money." This is a touch disingenuous. Although he bought shares as part of the deal, the £3m worth due next week are free.

The topic is one of the few on which Sorrell betrays irritation. Another is the accusation that, as a former finance director of Saatchi & Saatchi, he is at heart a bean counter. "The cross I have to bear is that I have a busimarket place. They want a ness school degree, so I must common language to talk to be a finance man. I would like to think of myself as a

Nor is he happy about the suggestion that WPP's far-flung empire makes it a conglomerate. "I get very touchy about that," he says. "It's a focused advertising and marketing company."

John Kay

Lemon economics

Advertising tells you that the advertiser is committed to the product

When I learnt economics I essentially irrational who are desperate for noted that the only informawas taught to take a dim view of advertising. In Economics I. I had

apples and you had pears. You wanted some apples and I wanted some pears, and that provided scope for beneficial exchange. A competitive market enabled us to trade apples for pears. So where did advertising

come into this? It didn't, satisfy my unnecessary Shouting "eat apples" or 'eat pears" created no more apples and pears, and indeed you had to feed apples and pears to the advertising agencies who did the shouting.

And proclaiming "eat Bloggs's apples" or "eat Smith's pears" would, if successful, simply create market power and destroy the efficiency of the competitive

It seemed to appeal to irrational and less than admirable instincts

Advertising was divided into the informative apples are round and red and the persuasive - eat more apples. The informative might be tolerated in modest quantity. The persuasive served no beneficial economic purpose.

was a work by Lord Kaldor, economic guru of the last Labour government but the overall car population. one. Kaldor regarded advertaxed - like smoking, drinking, gambling, and employ-

industry did not help itself much by the way it described itself: "Be handsome in Levis, seductive with Chanel, pull more birds in a Peugeot."

THE SECRETARY OF STATE FOR DEFENCE

admirable ones. The indus- on the market. try employed economists of doubtful virtue to argue will increase. The new price on advertising. that advertising beloed secure scale economies and promoted economic growth. of the cars. In the end, there you that the advertiser is But if I did not know I needed an underarm deodorant, how am I better off when you both create and

demand? What you learn in an economics course today would be very different. A new subject has been created called the economics of information.

A seminal article by George Akerlof* described the market for lemons. Akerlof did not simply extend the apples and pears model to cover citrus fruit. Akerlof's lemon was a car made on a Friday afternoon in which nothing ever quite worked properly. (This was before the days when cars

just as good on Friday as on any other day of the week.) You as a seller knew whether your car was a lemon. The prospective purchaser did not. Akeriof's achievement was to show that the economist's assumptions about market efficiency ceased to be valid in the face of differences in

trated the problem well. Suppose 10 per cent of all The standard text on the cars were lemons. You economics of advertising might expect the price of a second hand car to reflect that frequency of lemons in

information. Lemons illus-

But if it did, then selling tising as a sinful activity at that price would be which should be heavily attractive to the owners of lemons and unattractive to that "Coke is it". Tobacco the owners of normal cars. advertising shows that you ment in service industries. So there would be a dispro- can advertise extensively -And the advertising portionate number of lemons in the used car showrooms.

Realising this, buyers would reduce the price they were willing to pay. But the result is that only those for? It seemed to appeal to with really dreadful cars, or

instincts and less than money, will put their cars

The proportion of lemons will not be low enough to reflect the abysmal quality may be very little trade at very low prices. This market simply does not work.

lof's analysis was that it much. met a test failed by too many economic models consistency with common sense. After all, everyone knows that buying a used car is a depressing experi-

With the economics of information came a different view of the economic role of advertising. Modern economies include many activities, such as selling cars, where product quality and product attributes are complex and sellers know far more about what they sell than buyers do about were made in Japan and what they buy.

Advertising is about managing that gap in information. And when you look more closely at advertising from that perspective, you see that the distinction between information and persuasion does not really stand up.

Much advertising indeed all of the most conspicuous and costly advertising - is neither informative or persuasive. If you look at early 20th

century advertisements, you see that they were full of positive statements about products they promoted. Coke was refreshing, healthful, the preferred drink of ladies. Today, all we learn is and presumably successfully - when not allowed to make any claims for the product at all, other than

that it is bad for you. So what was such advertising It was Nelson** who

tion such advertising con veyed was that the advertiser spent a lot of money

But, he argued, this is useful information. It tells committed to the product and the market. If he were not, it would be absurd One of the merits of Aker- for him to spend so

> And if he is committed to the product and the market, it also makes sense for him to devote resources to ensuring the quality of his

> product. So consumers are right to believe that branded prod ucts are of good quality, not because the manufacturer claims they are - mostly they do not- but because there is little point in brand-

The most conspicuous and costly is neither informative nor persuasive

ing products that are not And many of the products which are most heavily advertised are those for which Akerlof's information asymmetry is a problem financial services, lavatory cleaners.

But not used cars. In that market people do not buy often enough for commitment to the market to be proved worthwhile. The market for lemons is

*The Market for Lemons. Quarterly Journal of Economics. 1970. **Advertisina as Information. Journal of Political

Economy, 1974.

John Kay is a director of London Economics and director of the School of Management Studies at Oxford University. This col-

umn appears fortniohtlu.

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PUBLIC NOTICES

NOTICE PUBLISHED BY THE SECRETARY OF STATE UNDER SUBSECTIONS 8(5) AND 10(6) OF THE TELECOMMUNICATIONS ACT 1984

The Secretary of State hereby gives notice as follows.

1. He proposes to grant a licence under the Teleco He proposes to grant a licence under the Telecommunications Ac 1984 ("the Act") to ACC Long Distance UK Limited and one to Advanced Radio Telecom Limited ("the Licensees") to run umication systems throughout the United Kingdom, Both licences will be for a period of 25 years subject to earlier revocatio

2. The principal effect of these licences will be to enable the Licensee each to install and run telecommunication systems throughout the United Kingdom. Each Licensee will be able to provide a wide range of services but excluding mobile radio services and certain ernational services. Both Licences authorise connection to a wide range of other systems, including earth orbiting apparatus, allowing the provision of some types of international sateflite service. On securing a share of 25% or more of the market in respect of particular services in an area specified by the Director General of Telecommunications, each Licensee may be obliged to make available those telecommunications services to all who reasonably request them within that area.

Both licences will be subject to conditions such that section 8 of the Act will apply, thereby making each of the systems run under each licence eligible for designation as a public telecommunication system under section 9 of the Act. It is the intention of the Secretary of State to designate each of the Licensees' systems as a public inication system.

The Secretary of State proposes to grant these licences in response to applications from the Licensees for such licences because he considers that it will help to satisfy demands in the United Kingdom for the provision of services of the type authorised, will promote the interests of consumers in respect of the quality and variety of such services, and will maintain and promote effective competition between those engaged in the provision of telecommunication

He proposes to apply the telecommunications code ("the Code") to each Licensee subject to certain exceptions and conditions throughout the United Kingdom. The effect of the exceptions and conditions to the application of the Code is that the Licensees will

each bave duties: (a) to comply with various safety and environmental conditions, in particular (with certain exceptions) to install lines underground or only on such above-ground apparatus as is already installed for any

(b) to comply with conditions designed to ensure efficiency and economy on the part of the Licenses, in connection with the execution of works on land concerning the installation, mainterepair or alteration of their apparatus;

(c) to consult certain public bodies before exercising particular powers under the Code, including the local planning and highway authorities and English Nature, Scottish Natural Heritage, the Countryside Council for Wales, the National Trust and the National Trust for Scotland, as well as relevant electricity suppliers; (d) to keep and make available records of the location of underground apparatus and copies of the exceptions and condit

in their respective licences to their powers under the Code; and (e) to ensure that sufficient funds are available to meet certain liabilities arising from the execution of street works. 6. The reason why the Scoretary of State proposes to apply the Code to

the Licensees is that the Licensees will each need the statutory powers in the Code to install and maintain the telecommunication. systems which are to be installed and run under the proposed The reasons why it is proposed that the Code as applied should have

effect subject to the exceptions and conditions referred to above are that they are considered requisite or expedient for the purpose of securing that the physical environment is protected, that there is no greater damage to land than necessary, that the systems are installed as safely and economically as possible, and that the Licensees can meet (and relevant persons can enforce) liabilities arising from the execution of works.

Representations or objections may be made in respect of the proposed licences, the application of the Code to the Licensees and the proposed exceptions and conditions referred to above. They should be made in writing by 14 April 1997 and addressed to the undersigned at the Department of Trade and Industry. Communications and Information Industries Directorate, 2.67 Grey, 151 Buckingham Palace Road, London SW1W 9SS. Copies of the proposed licences can freely be obtained by writing to the Department or by calling 0171-215 1756.

Alan D Proud Department of Trade and Industry

14 March 1997



Philip Stephens

Seeds of mistrust

A creature of wartime shortages, Britain's agriculture ministry has lost the confidence of consumers in an era of abundance

Sometimes there is nothing else to be done. Britain's ministry of agriculture, fisheries and food should be razed to the ground. The rubble, sealed in lead-lined vessels, should be buried in the deepest trench below the North Sea. Its senior quality was what counted. officials should be conscripted to countryside chain-gangs, tasked with repairing the ravages of industrial farming. Then we can begin a serious discussion about food safety.

Douglas Hogg and his comedy of ministers at MAFF are a distraction. Of course, it may be that history records their complacent incompetence as the final indignity of John Major's administration. Mad cow disease, we know, was the catalyst for the disintegration of Mr Major's European policy. And this week's furore over filthy have filled many times with abattoirs does nothing to dispel the image of a government forever tossed in the thrall of events. Incompetence and cover-ups are lethal bedfellows.

The collapse of public confidence in food safety. however, has deeper roots than the bombastic bungling of Mr Hogg. It lies in the producer culture of MAFF, in Whitehall's everpresent obsession with ecrecy and, above all, in a failure to understand how the world has changed since Britain ploughed its fields for victory. The weekly Hogg-roast in the House of Commons is great fun. It is not the answer.

Think about it. During the last few decades, there has been a revolution in the way Britain feeds itself. Scarcity has been replaced by abundance and, crucially, consumers have been robbed of the information required to make considered, rational choices.

MAFF is a creature of wartime food shortages, living still in the era of rationbooks. It had a simple task, laid down in the 1947 Agrifarmers. Consumers too ner shops. Quantity not

This obsession with food security was no passing, post-war fad. It lasted into the 1980s. Painful for her to recall now, it was central to Margaret Thatcher's impassioned support for membership of the European Community during the 1970s. Thus she spoke in the Commons on April 8 1975; "It is vital that we secure access to continuous and good sources of food supply. The great benefit [of the EC] is access and greater stability

of supplies.

of Europe (and Britain) rotting, surplus produce. But in MAFF, the shadow of the ration-card has never lifted. Producers come before consumers, market confidence before food safety. Sure. salmonella, listeria. BSE and E-coli are taken seriously enough but only because they might damage market confidence. Public anxiety is the real

Since then, the cold stores

This culture infects the very fabric of MAFF as surely as the E-coli and The distance

industrial farming puts between seller and buyer has deprived consumers of the knowledge that is necessary to

calculate risk

slaughterhouses. The same would benefit, but only in instinct leads a Tory govthe sense that higher pro- enument to defer to farmers duction would fill the in much the same way as shelves of the nation's cor- socialist administrations

used to cosset steelworkers. We would have laughed with incredulity if any other private sector industry had received a state handout of £3hn to save itself from the equences of its moneypinching mistakes. That precisely is what has hapned over BSE.

MAFF cannot see the irony. Secrecy in the interests of the producers is a reflex. Thus this week, it responded to to the leak of damning evidence about conditions in the nation's abattoirs with the ludicrous suggestion that it would compile a league-table of hygiene standards in such institutions. The results, you guessed it, would be made available only within the industry.

We could go on forever in this vein. But it is worth addressing for a moment the counter-case. This holds that those of us who fuss about regulation of the food industry are creatures of the nanny state. Let the market settle it, the other side says, let the fresh drive out the rancid, the pastenrised the diseased.

For children of the Thatcherite 1980s, it is a beguiling argument. It is also one which displays a surprising lack of understanding of the market mechanism Efficient markets depend on the free availability of information, shared between producers and consumers. Choice cannot be exercised from a state of ignorance. Yet that is the position of consumers when it comes to buying of public hysteria. That, I food.

It was not always thus. Before the advent of factory farming and supermarkets, the food chain was relatively short. Meat bought in the local shop came, more

culture Act: to feed the other nasty organisms often than not, from the nation. Its allies were the spread from unhygienic local farmer. Vegetables were free of the nacious pes ticides which have since multiplied farmers' yields. Genetic manipulation was science fiction.

> The distance which indus trial farming puts between seller and buver and the cosy collusion between MAFF and the producers have deprived consumers of the knowledge necessary to calculate risk. Nothing in life is risk-free. But we require information to be able to assess the level of hazard. Without it, it is small wonder that more than three-quarters of the population no longer trusts the government to tell the

So what is to be done? On the decontaminated site of MAFF the next government should build an independent food standards agency. Tony Blair has already said he would. Save for his misplaced loyalty to his minis ters, I suspect Mr Major could be persuaded in time

truth about food safety.

to do the same. This agency, free of any interference by ministers. would have a simple mandate. Its role would be to disseminate the information on all aspects of food safety now hoarded between pro ducers, industry inspectors, MAFF and the department of health. Everything

should be published. It should also offer public guidance on changes to regulations and enforcement. Ministers could reject its advice. But when they put commercial interests before public health, they would be obliged to say so.

Only then could consumers make considered choices. Doubtless there would still be periodic bouts am afraid, is a price to be paid for democracy. But over time transparency would breed trust. And, you never know, one day we might even forget MAFF ever existed.

·LETTERS TO THE EDITOR

Number One Southwark Bridge, London SEI 9HL We are keen to encourage letters from readers around the world. Letters may be faced to 144 171-873 SSS (pleins see face to fine), e.mail: letters.editor@facom Published letters are also available on the FF web site. http://www.Ff.com
Translation may be available for letters written in the main international languages.

Labour plans imply increase in spending over government targets

From Mr William Waldegrave MP.

Sir, Your editorial ("Black holes in budgets", March 10) contained a number of asser tions that are not sustained

by the facts. Private Finance Initiative in the National Health Service. You assert: "Labour is probably more committed to getting round public finance constraints in this way." This is contrary to the fact that Mr Chris Smith. Labour's health sookesman, has opposed private ownership and private operation of NHS hospitals. Both of these things are necessary if the spending is not to be counted as public spending. Local authority capital

receipts. You assert: "Councils would not necessarily use all £2.5bn of their new found freedom." You give no reason for this, but in any case the sums involved would inevitably be very

 School repairs. You assert Labour's plans "would count as public spending only if Labour would bring grant-maintained schools back into the public sector" This is simply incorrect. The extra £320m a year would be spending on existing local education authority schools.

From Mr Robert Morgan.

Sir, The Luxembourg rul-

Directive case is a landmark

judgment ("Contracting rule

March 12), however it is not

one which is likely to affect

outsourcing relationships for

the large-scale and formal

IT/IS and business process

So long as the client of

such services transfers tan-

assets and the majority of

the workforce within the

gible and/or intangible

services.

ing in the Acquired Rights

reversed by EU court."

Labour has incorrectly assumed this money would count as private spending if it is borrowed from the banks. If Labour did abolish grant-maintained schools. this would mean an additional increase in public spending which we have not taken account of.

• Student loans. You assert our figure of £960m "probably exaggerates Labour's ambitions and underestimates the scope for treating this as private sector finance". Once again, you provide no evidence. The 2950m is based solely on an extension of loans to cover the parental contribution and to cover part-time stu-

dents in higher education. This is a pledge that Mr Tony Blair repeated as recently as last December. His speech also made clear the loans would be recovered using National Insurance Contributions. The Office of National Statistics says that if student loan repayments were to be collected through NICs, they would classify any such loans as public

expenditure. Labour's employment schemes. You claim Mr Gordon Brown's proposals are too vague to assess their likely outcome. This is incor-

European Court of Justice ruling is unlikely

function, then the transac-

ers which take transfer of

transfer and then perform a

labour-only service, could

staff without an asset

find themselves with

potentially significant

redundancy costs should

they lose the contract subs

The whole Transfer of

Employment) regulations

question, however, is far

Undertakings (Protection of

tion falls under the scope of

Only those service provid-

to affect large outsourcing relationships

the directive.

quently.

rect. Labour's proposals for youth employment schemes and a 275 rebate for the long-term unemployed would clearly cost £500m. and £280m respectively. Mr Brown has also pledged to abolish the 16-hour rule for young people, which would

be extremely costly. You are right to say that "Labour's plans do imply an increase in public spending over the government's targets", but your assertion that "this will mainly be financed by the windfall tax" is not possible to justify. Finally, our spending

plans involve increases in the control total over the next three years of just a little less than the increase over the past four. These are certainly achievable by a Conservative government. Tight control over public spending has enabled us to make significant reductions in borrowing. Public debt in Britain is already lower than most other European countries. A Conservative government would continue to ensure strong public finances.

William Waldegrave, chief secretary to the Treasury, House of Comn London SWIA OAA, UK

from dead - with at least a

is likely to evolve for some

time to come. This ruling.

however, should not affect

decision-making on profes-

sional outsourced deals, par-

ticularly where professional

advice is sought and

executive chairman

Morgan Chambers,

London El 6AN, UK

8-10 Brushfield Street.

Robert Morgan,

Nactilus House

obtained

dozen cases planned, the law

Argument is against pay subsidies

From Ms Holly Sutherland Sir, The point of my research has been missed in your report ("Opposition warned on wage plan", March 13).

This was to illuminate the way in which subsidising low pay with means-teste benefits creates a "poverty trap" in which nearly all of any increase in earnings is taken away in higher tax and in reduced benefit entitlements. Thus the beneficia ries of a minimum wage who also receive in work benefits would see little short-term improvement in their living standards.

This is not an argument against the minimum wage. it is an argument against reliance on means-tested wage subsidies as a way of preventing poverty while

working. Indeed, if the coverage of these benefits is to be extended, as is being considered by the present govern- = ment it is vital that a minimum wage is in place. Otherwise we will see low incomes maintained, but with the part financed by employers falling and the part financed by "the taxpayer" rising. As low wages fall further and the social security bill rises, there is a distinct danger that the labour market will become

permanently polarised. The problem of in-work poverty cannot be solved by a minimum wage alone. However, my research shows that a minimum wage can make a crucial contribution to a long-term strategy which reduces the need for wage supplements and the costly traps that they create.

Holly Satherland. University of Cambridge Department of Applied Economics. Austin Robinson Building. Sidewick Avenue Cambridge CB3 9DE, UK

Pfizer forum

Property Law

A Brazilian attorney and expert in international patents examines the early success of Brazil's watershed intellectual property law. By choosing to attract international investment through comprehangive and clear natent laws for idea and innovations. Brazil hopes to boost its growing economy, while providing a model for other countries in the region.

On May 14, 1996, Brazil's President, Fernando Henrique Cardoso signed a landmark bill into law, and boldly declared: "this law is putting an end to the colonialist mentality". The President's statement

was no political hyperbole. The law he signed that day created the most far-reaching and forward-looking intellectual property protection of any nation in South America, This legislation decisively commits Brazil to a future of international trade. enhanced investments, and the highest level of scientific and Intellectual property rights and the

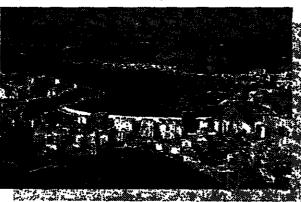
respect of international patents are not without controversy. Around the globe, the violation of intellectual property by businesses that "pirate" or copy products and ideas, and market them without permission, poses a grave threat to global trade and international good will. Without a government's willingness to protect the ideas and innovations of others, the trust and confidence that underlie all international co-operation erodes.

That is why Brazil was a signatory to the agreement on Trade Related Aspects of intellectual Property Rights, which was part of the World Trade Organisation Agreement. Our challenge then became how to craft a law that strongly recognised the importance of patents, trademarks, trade secrets and unfair competition, and still promoted the best context for foreign and national investments in Brazil. After long and often vigorous national

debate, our legislature decided that it was best to avoid half-measures. We wanted to show the world that Brazil could set a standard for protecting innovation. Our intellectual property law exceeds the requirements of the TRIPs agreement, and puts them into effect ahead of the agreed

Among its provisions, the new bill provides patent protection for pharmaceutical products for 20 years, and assures "pipeline protection" for those medical products still being tested, but not yet on the market. Similar patent protections were granted for food and chemical products.

Brazil's interest in passing such a mprehensive law arose from our own familiarity with the dynamics of the naceutical industry, where research,



development, and patent protection are the keys to innovation. Brazil is the largest market for pharmaceuticals in South America and, as a result, we have long been aware that creating new pharmaceutical products is risky, costly, and time consuming. By some estimates, it can take over \$500 million to develop a new medicine, and as long as 15 years to complete the research, development, and approval process.

Brazil wanted to promote that type of long-term investment in our economy. We also wanted to encourage the best Brazilian researchers and scientists to develop Brazil's natural resources, such as the rain forest, and to discover new products and medications. Yet legislators quickly realised that without patent protection, the prospects of investments in original research in our country would be limited.

On these points, many of the critics of natent protection have been short-sighted. Countries that fall to protect intellectual property may give a temporary lift to a domestic industry. But over time, countries that defend international patents earn the trust and respect of other nations around the world. In order to encourage foreign companies to invest in Brazil's strengthening economy, and to contribute to the development of its natural resources and its high level of human capital, Brazil decided that it would need to give these

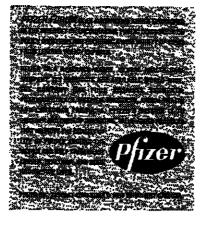
companies assurances that their invest ments would be protected.

In the months since President Cardoso signed the intellectual property bill, our strategy has been vindicated. Several multinational pharmaceutical companies have announced that they plan to resume or expand manufacturing in Brazil, creating investments of over \$700 million.

The immediate beneficiaries of these investments will be the Brazilian people themselves. Through strengthening its intellectual property protection, Brazil can expect more investments in its research centres, universities, and manufacturing plants, while at the same time stimulating the work of homegrown entrepreneurs and innovators. By fostering a positive climate for pharmaceutical research. Brazil will be well positioned to become an international leader in improving the quality of health care. Above all, the creation of a strong

intellectual property law has beloed align Brazil with the most important and positive forces in the world economy: open markets, vigorous international trade, global communication, clear regulations, the rule of law, and healthy democratic institutions. We believe these are the forces that will help shape the coming century, and Brazil's bright future as well.

José Roberto Gestaño la a Brazilian attorner at Leu expert in intellectual property (IP), who exemed a Ph.D. from Strasbourg University (France). He is Professor of IP in the Catholic University of Sec Paolo, a member of the Board of Directors of the Brazillan Association of IP, and a former President of the Bratilian Patent and Trademark Office.



Europa • Franco Modigliani and Mario Baldassarri

Brazil's Landmark Intellectual A euro minus the D-Mark

The EU should go ahead with the single currency even if Germany is



unwilling to join that Germany risks failing the exam for admission to economic and monetary union (Emu) has shaken

Europe. For us, however, it has not been a surprise. On the contrary, it has confirmed our long-held suspicion that the Bundesbank. which does not wish to see the D-Mark replaced by the euro, would probably end up winning its battle against Chancellor Helmut Kohl to

keep Germany out of Emu. The motive for this battle is obvious. In the current European Monetary System (EMS) of fixed exchange rates and complete capital mobility, all countries must follow the same monetary policy. Since the 1980s, this policy has been dictated unilaterally by the Bundesbank functioning, in effect, as the central bank of the EMS.

Unfortunately, the monetary policy adopted by the Bundesbank has been excessively restrictive - even for Germany. This is the primary cause of the unemployment that is shaking Europe and Germany. In short, the Bundesbank has been able to follow whatever course it wanted, without concern for

the effect on other countries. With Emu, the situation would be very different. Monetary policy would be conducted by a European central bank in which Germany would have an important – but not an absolute – voice. It is not surprising that the Bundesbank is battl-

ing to retain its hegemony. The Bundesbank's position, however, is in conflict with that of Chancellor Helmut Kohl who realises the Maastricht treaty offers the chance to go down in history as the man who made European Union possible.

We have for some time believed the Bundesbank would win the battle, and that Germany would find some "technical excuse" not to enter the single currency In conflict: Helmut Kohl might lose to the Bundesbank

at the last minute. It might article in the Financial trade unions and employers say that the German deficit is 3.1 per cent of gross the Massachusetts Institute domestic product instead of of Technology - Paul Samthe required 3.0 per cent. uelson, Robert Solow, Stan-Alternatively, it might claim ley Fischer, Paul Krugman, the high level of unemploy-ment is unexpectedly swell-Blanchard and Franco Modi-The news ing the budget deficit, even though the Bundesbank this piece).

could quickly reduce the jobless total in Germany - and in other European countries - by adopting a less restricity, the current high memployment rate strengthens the Bundesbank's hand. But if the strategy of the Bundesbank is to put Emu

off indefinitely to maintain its hegemony, the rest of Europe does not need to submit to this blackmail. Instead, it should stick with the original schedule, beginning the final phase of monetary union according to the Maastricht timetable. This would preferably take place with Germany - perhaps with an elastic interpretation of the Maastricht conditions. But if Germany initially opted out, Europe should go ahead anyway.

Europe, drawing on con-ventional wisdom, might regard this proposal as whimsical, or even in bad taste. It would be wrong. From an economic point of view, the proposition is perfectly feasible.

This was the conclusion

Times by economists from gliani (one of the authors of

The seven economists started with the assumption that the monetary policy of the Bundesbank was choktive monetary policy. In real- ing the other member countries and that Germany was seeking a revaluation of the D-Mark to hold down inflation. They suggested France should take the initiative by promoting a fixed exchange rate with other European countries, leaving the

D-Mark to fluctuate freely. The proposal was realistic given the size of this European bloc, which has a GDP almost three times as large as Germany's and nearly 90 per cent the size of the US.

The group should have immediately begun a coordinated economic policy of lower interest rates, perhaps under the aegis of the European central bank. Such a strategy, which would have led to a devaluation of their currencies against the D-Mark, would have been more in keeping with their depressed economies and high rates of unemployment.

To be successful, there would need to have been an reached in August 1993 in an explicit accord between

mented in Italy in 1992 and 1998 - to prevent the devaluation translating into an inflationary spiral. But nothing was done in 1993 because France consid-

ered a devaluation of the franc to be a dishonour. inconsistent with la grandeur de la France. It has paid dearly for that decision. Unemployment, already at 10 per cent in 1992, has risen to nearly 13 per cent. All the considerations in

favour of this "Junior Masstricht" remain valid today. What is more, Germany might now be tempted to lower its interest rates in line with the junior bloc. If it did not, the consequent revaluation of the D-Mark would damage Germany by reducing net exports, seemingly the only positive element of a rather dim eco- . . .

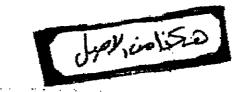
nomic picture. Thus, at last it would be Europe with its central bank guiding Germany along the right path, instead of Germany forcing Europe along the wrong one. In all probability, Germany would eventually ask for readmission to the bloc. This could be granted immediately, but with a higher exchange rate parity for the D-Mark. Thus Europe would achieve a true Maastricht with a strong Germany, but one without

"absolute power". This may all be a beautiful "Midwinter Night's Dream" destined not to come to fruition because of political considerations and lack of imagination. After years of dramatic sacrifices in the name of the franc fort policy. it would be hard for France to accept separation from and devaluation relative to the D-Mark, Neither may the . . . UK be prepared to give up its isolationism.

That would be a shame. In our opinion, the mere fact of threatening to launch a Junior Maastricht could prompt Germany to rediscover its wisdom and its will to enter Emu from the start without damaging either itself or the rest of Europe.

Franco Modigliani is institute professor emeritus at MIT: Mario Baldassarri is professor of economics at the University of Rome La

1 1 1 Car



Fascinated by a style guru

Andrew Clark reviews new productions of 'Pelléas et Mélisande' and 'Owen Wingrave' in Paris

o one in Paris can be sure they understand Bob Wilson, but they sure are fascinated by him. The cult American director first made a splash in the world's fashion capital in the early 1990s, thanks to the patronage of work is tested against Wilson's ters generated as much sexual lon shaped the performance with with matchless authority. Felic-unprepared for the feeling of let-

Instead of dismissing Wilson as phoney, Parisian impresarios keep coming back for more. This season alone, his credits have included a Stravinsky/Bartók interpretation through the filter double-bill at the Châtelet, a fashion parade at Galeries Lafayette and Time Rocker by Darrel pinckney and Lou Reed at the Théâtre de l'Odéon. Now, at the Palais Garnier, comes a pillar of the French operatic repertoire, Debussy's Pelléas et Mélisande.

Wilson suits Paris, because his work is a triumph of style over and green. But illumination of content. All his shows look the same: the same vocabulary of hieratic gestures, the same artful lighting, the same pseudo-oriental atmosphere, the same mixture of naiveté and sophistication. As each production unfolds, it is hard to discern any sense of ent with a new or different set of ideas. Instead, each

crowds is his perfectionism, his iconoclastic sense of spectacle, his very refusal to interpret. The audience is left to divine its own

of Wilson's slow-moving stage

ritual

The best part of Pelleas - as in most Wilson shows - was the lighting. The stage was a moving and a waste of one of the most picture of gently spotlit faces and shadowy silhouettes, picked out against a background of geometric shapes in luminous blue the drama? Forget it. None of the characters so much as touched. Such physical isolation could have been an apt metaphor for the emotional frigidity of the house of Allemonde, had not Wilson's choreography been so robotic. Stranded on either side of the stage during the castle window scene, the two title charac-

own aesthetic, with greater or frisson as a pair of statues. sureness of touch – particularly ity Palmer, now a regular at the lesser results. What draws the Phrases laden with expression in the later interludes and the Opera, brought unexpected luspassed for nothing.

By contradicting poetic images like Mélisande's hair, and by sion. superimposing visual symbols of his own, Wilson made nonsense of the doubles entendres on which Maeterlinck's text depends for its allusive power. The result was shallow and monotonous, suggestive scores ever composed.

That is no reflection on the excellent playing of the Opéra orchestra or the conducting of James Conlon. Even in a less than disciplined performance (which was far from the case here), it is instructive to hear French musicians in Debussy, partly for the way they "speak" his language, but also because of the uniquely delicate timbre of their woodwinds, which play such an important role in this work's atmospheric palette. Con-

scene between Yniold and Golaud, which bristled with ten-

onfined by Wilson to emotional straitiacklittle opportunity to develop beyond archetypes. Kitted out in a featureless cream ball-gown, Susanne Mentzer's Mélisande looked as if she had drifted in from an haute-couture ballet class, and her tremolo was often more an irritant than a sign of fragility. Russell Braun, in stiff summer suit, was the wimpish Pelléas, while José van Dam the only native French speaker ng the principals - turned Golaud into a ogre with a devas tating tongue. Van Dam's voice may be greving around the

tre to Geneviève, while Victor von Halem's Arkel was an inscrutable giant.

The production moves to Salzburg this summer with a different cast, conductor and orchesets, the cast had tra, though it is a mystery why anyone should want to stage such an intimate opera amid the vast expanse of the Grosses Festspielhaus. Pelléas works best in intimate surroundings - much like Owen Wingrave, which has had to wait until this season for its French premiere. A touring production by the Atelier du Rhin visited the Opéra-Comique last week, and sold out for four

My only previous experience of Britten's television opera was in Lucerne 10 years ago, in a production so convincing that comparisons with The Turn of the edges, but he still sings the part Screw seemed logical. So I was

down which Pierre Barrat's have Sir Philip cradling Owen's French-language staging gave me. All those warnings by Britten experts about the work's cinematic dramaturgy and haranguing pacifist tone came home to roost: Owen Wingrave was reduced to the level of one-di-

mensional melodrama. This was a pity, as care had been taken to respect the original setting, and Denis Fru- for Christian Treguier's dignified chaud's decor - a succession of shadowy walls - conjured the eerie recesses of Paramore by the simplest means. A gauze depicting a body-strewn battleground loomed in the Hyde Park scene. while the Coyles' military establishment was characterised by a red ensign.

So what went wrong? Although Britten liked his operas to be performed in the vernacular, this French translation smudged Myfanwy Piper's libretto. Barrat did little to vary its repertory.

the pace, and his characterise tion of the principals was slack: would Kate really sidle up to Sir Philip, pillar of the Wingrave establishment, and put her hand on his shoulder? Worst of all, the scene leading to the discovery of Owen's body was clumsily handled, and it made nonsense to corpse and singing the Narrator's postlude.

Jacques-François Loiseleur des Longchamps made a suitably fresh-faced Owen, without quite convincing me of his strength of character: the great Peace aria was not the watershed it should have been. Caroline Fèvre made an unexpectedly glamorous wife Coyle, and it would be hard to imagine a sexier, more manipulative Kate than Patricia Fernandez. The others lacked depth and refinement, and there was some slapdash orchestral playing under Scott Sandmeier. Nevertheless, any encounter with Britten's spine-tingling instrumental imagination is instructive, and I look forward to steeping myself in it further this summer, when Glyndebourne takes the 1995 Touring Opera production into

fter a sojourn at the Cockpit Theatre in north London; the Soho Theatre Company has now embarked on a new life in a new and more appropriately located residence. In the heart of Soho 21 Dean St offers a promisingly intimate little theatre admirably suited to the new writing in which the company specialises.

STC inaugurates the space with an interesting choice of play. Waking by Lin Coghlan seems daring in the current wave of in-your-face, brutal drama, not because it belongs to that style but because it so unfashionably doesn't. This is a slow, gentle play that steers through the choppy waters of father-son relationships.

The play's audacity lies in its unreconstructed realism: there is a slow death on stage, for instance, that feels as if it takes as long as the real thing.. In Abigail Morris's sympathetic production this scene has a peaceful quality and overall the gentle rhythm of the play is beguiling. But there are many passages where it is really too slow for the own prood.

The play is set on the west coast of Ireland - a place where, if the plays of Martin McDonagh are to be believed, average family com-munications take their cue from cold war politics. So it comes as no surprise when Sean, a sixtysometh-ing stonemason, greets his son Michael newly arrived from England with the terse observation "yourse here then." Michael, invalided "the of the Navy, has returned home to Ireland after has egidently left him - not sur- adds to the convivial atmosphere

We soon deduce that there is a lifetime of resentment between at one another. Grandson Brian all his father's mistakes.



Theatre in London

Family tensions simmer along

prising once we see his behaviour by scowling and retreating into his alongside father-son tensions, she - but the has bought with him a personal stereo. It is only with the monocaltabic 13-year-old son. kind ex-nun who lives next door, that things begin to look up. Under Michael and Sean. The two circle her influence, Brian thaws out just around each other in the hot little enough to reveal to Michael that yard, chipping away aggressively he is in grave danger of repeating end by Nicola Redmond, who gives on one note - festering with bitter-

also explores the old Irish problem play will take is soon all too obvi-

Greene imparts a granite surliness to Sean, but also lets you see how of emigration. But unfortunately he has trapped himself into such she says nothing very revealing stubborn intransigence, and Lee about these issues and the road the Turnbull is pleasing as the young Brian, Steve Nicolson however ous The evening is carried in the plays Michael almost consistently a wonderfully warm and strong ness and rage. Since the character

Coghlan raises juicy scenes: performance as Sarah. James is written that way, he has little choice, and this is typical of the sion rang out brazenly problems of a play that is strong on style, but in the end takes you

Sarah Hemming

21 Dean Street, London W1 until

March 29 (0171 287 5060).

eviewing *Viper's Option* at the Traverse last summer, I remarked that the play seemed a little inchoate. After receiving minor surgery, and they have found an assured, magnificent Road Movie.

The company - writer Godfrey Hamilton and performer Mark Pinnated over the years between solo and-stray, Curtis, a frazzled, recovworks for Pinkosh and two-han- ering alcoholic wannabe screenders. Road Movie falls into the forcategory, Viper's Optum into the latter, and in Kathryn Howden kosh's skills in multiple characteri-

Passionate about humanity sation and his ability to bring alive theless, the play includes what I

away from the meltdown atmo- vibrant foil for Pinkosh. As Cricket sphere of Edinburgh, it emerges as - a young woman who cares so a more powerful and coherent much that she keeps losing jobs for piece, now being performed by advising customers to go elsewhere Starving Artists in rep with the – Howden blithely sparkles her way past any audience doubts about her character's actions or motivations, until complications kosh - have more or less alter- set in with her latest adopted waif-

> writer. Where Road Movie exhibits Pin-

Hamilton's most sensuous, sensitive writing, Viper's Opium is a monkey puzzle of themes, metaphors, fragmentary remarks and conversations often incomplete or evasive. Under Lorenzo Mele's direction. Pinkosh stammers, hesitates and dodges his way through the tangle with both naturalness and complete comprehensibility.

Curtis and Cricket are one of those foredoomed couples, who could have been perfect together if they did not both like men. (Never-

believe is Starving Artists' first ever hetero sex scene, as the pair melt gorgeously into one another to the strains of Patti Smith's song "Dancing Barefoot".)

As their respective demons gain the upper hand, however, and Curtis's unshaped need to rebuild himself clashes with Cricket's co-dependency their parting becomes painfully incluctable. These are people who, for whatever reason, do not fit into the mainstream, and fall prey to subconscious impulses

which prevent them from fitting even with each other. Hamilton's rewritten script weaves a sad lucidity through the relationship's direct and oblique phases, its perfections and insurmountable obsta-

The gay theatre of Starving Artists carries no "Queer" agenda, nor does it claim any privileged status for emotions or situations on the grounds of sexuality alone. Its passionate humanity speaks to all

Ian Shuttleworth

In rep at the Drill Hall, London WC1, until March (0171-637-8270)

Concerts/David Murray

Sounds new and contemporary

music last week was not confined to Radio 3's "Sounding the Century" series, in which Friday's instalment consisted of Stravinsky's Oedipus Rex and Perséphone at the Royal Festival Hall. The Nash Ensemble gave the second of two contemporarynusic concerts in the Purcell Room, including a pair of premieres; and in Manchester's Bridgewater Hall Charles Rosen, Elgar Howarth and the Halle Orchestra tackled Elliott Carter's 1965 piano concerto, ity. one of that venerable composer's knottiest large-scale

It was my first experience of the new Bridgewater Hall, but I formed no opinion the Halle's music this time was for a "normal" orchestra. Tippett's The Rose Lake uses the orchestra in distinctive fragments, backed by a tures for brass and percus-

enough, with much panache. Though Rosen was eloquent in the soloist's Beethovenish moments and brilliantly fluid in the figuration, the concertante group surrounding him sounded faint and distant, and in ff the main band never quite achieved the overwhelming, suffocating effect the composer wanted. There was nonetheless a strong sense of musical purpose.

Down south again, Symphony made Perséphone not only properly vernal, but unusually dramatic and pointed. The curse of this delicate, haunting, very "classical" score is blandness; Davis evaded that with remarkable success. The American tenor Donald Kaasch was perfectly stylish in line and in diction.

boasted far better French

wentieth-century than one normally hears from a London chorus, to the immense benefit of the music: light, clear, sprightly. In the heroine's spoken role, Irène Jacob's native French left Gide's flowery text quite flat: she is apparently too modern an actress to know how to deliver that kind of rhetoric. Oedipus Rex went very well; we needed a stronger Messenger for the grand, fatal report, and in the unforgettable choruses that frame the action a degree less of urgency, two degrees more of monumental grav-

🕇 he Nash programme consisted largely of their own commissions. brand-new and two older about the acoustics: none of ones, and all written for either the trio patented by Debussy for his evergreen Sonata - flute, viola and harp - or a larger ensemble built round that core. The battery of rototoms. It first priority for any such sounded lovely and uncom- piece is not to sound like plicated in this performance. Debussy's. Sally Beamish's Howarth's own arrange- shapely new "lament", arth filled that requirement with nice imagination. The most obvious features of Nicholas Two in the Campagna, on a Browning love-poem, are too old-fashioned ever to suggest Debussy. It was good to hear Simon

Holt's 1986 Canciones after Lorca again, still crisply individual and tangy. (The redoubtable Fiona Kimm did all the singing here, having learned the music at very short notice when Jean Rigby fell ill: one could not Andrew Davis and the BBC have guessed.) Young Julian Anderson's latest short piece Poetry Nearing Silence, a "divertimento after Tom Phillips", was engagingly odd, skidding between lively hommages to one idiom after another, and incurring compacted fractures along the way. One of these days Anderson will hazard a longer piece, and we may dis-The women's chorus cover what he is really on

INTERNATIONAL

AMSTERDAM

CONCERT Concertgebouw Tel: 31-20-6718345 Radio Fitharmonisch Orkest: with conductor Alexander Lazarev and soprano Elena Brilova Perform works by Dvorák and Glière; Mar 16

■ BARCELONA EXHIBITION

Fundació Joan Miró Tel: 34-3-3291908 Flying Over Water. The Icarus Adventure: An Exhibition by Peter Greenaway: British film director Peter Greenzway approaches the universal theme of the human desire to fly with a large installation occupying the foundation's entire exhibition space; to May 25

■ BERLIN

CONCERT Philharmonie Berlin - Grosser Saal & Kammermusiksaal Tel:

49-30-2614383 Berliner Symphoniker: with conductor Eduardo Marturet perform works by Schubert. Brahms and Dvorák; Mar 16

EXHIBITION Berlinische Galerie Landesmuseum für Moderne Kunst, Photographie und ektur Tel: 49-30-254860 ■ Edward Kienholz: A Retrospective: exhibition tracing the works of Edward and Nancy

Reddin Kjenholz over the past 40 years. The couple's work embraced aspects of Pop Art and Surrealism, influences apparent in their installation work shown here; to Mar 31

CANBERRA

EXHIBITION National Gallery of Australia Tel: 61-6-240-6411 The Europeans: Emigré Artists

in Australia 1930-1960: display of more than 200 works, covering a wide range of media by artists who emigrated to Australia over 30 years, from the 1930s to the 1960s. Paintings, drawings, photographs and prints, sculpture, ceramics, fashion, jewellery, furniture and architectural drawings are all featured, representing a number of European art movements, including Russian Constructivism, Bauhaus, Wiener Werkstatt and de Stijl; from Mar 15 to Jun 9

■ COLOGNE CONCERT

Kölner Philhermonie Tel:

49-221-2040820 Libussa von Jena and Axel Bauni: the soprano and pianist

perform works by Schubert, Mar EXHIBITION

Schnütgen Museum Tek 49-211-2212310 Beuys und das Mittelalter: exhibition examining the influence of the Middle Ages in the work of artist Joseph Beuys. Common characteristics with work from the period include usage of colour as

■ LONDON

symbolism; to Apr 27

CONCERT Barbican Hall Tel: 44-171-6384141

 London Symphony Orchestra: with conductor Zubin Mehta and sitar players Ravi Shankar and Anoushka Shankar perform works by Sohal, R. Shankar and Mahler; Mar 17 Royal Festival Hall Tel:

44-171-9604242 BBC National Orchestra of Wales: with conductor Mark Włagiesworth, planist Joanna MacGregor and mezzo-soprano Sarah Walker perform works by Stravinsky; Mar 16
St. Matthew Passion: by Bach (In English). Conducted by Sir David Willcocks, performed by the

Bach Choir and the English Chamber Orchestra. Soloists include soprano Rita Cullis, bass Stephen Roberts and organist Jane Watts; Mar 16 Wigmore Hall Tel: 44-171-9352141 Andrew Wilde: the planist

performs works by Schubert and Beethoven; Mar 16

EXHIBITION National Gallery Tel: 44-171-7472885 Young Gainsborough: based

around the National Gallery's collection of Gainsborough's early work, this exhibition traces his development as a portraitist and painter of landscapes in his native Suffolk. Among the pictures shown are several of the artist's family, including one from the Louvre, as well as other loans from British collections; to Mar 31

JAZZ & BLUES Ronnie Scott's Tel: 44-171-4390747 Sarah Jane Momis:

performance by the British jazz singer, from Mar 17 to Mar 22 MUSICAL Olivier Theatre Tel:

44-171-9282252 Guys and Dolls: by Runyon with music by Loesser. Directed by Richard Eyre and starring Rae Baker, Christopher Beck and Connor Byrne; from Mar 17 to Mar 22

■ LOS ANGELES EXHIBITION

MOCA at California Plaza Tel: 1-213-626-6222 Uncommon Sensa: the presentation of a programme of newly commissioned individual projects, collaborative works and performances by artists chosen for their longstanding commitment to socially relevant artmaking

practices; from Mar 16 to Jul 6

■ MAASTRICHT

ART & ANTIQUE FAIR

MECC Tel: 31-43-3838383 The European Fine Art Fair: this year this international art and antique fair celebrates its 10th anniversary. The fair offerings range from old masters (including works by Breughel, Van Goyen, Steen, and others), 20th century art, drawings and prints to textile, illustrated manuscripts, books, antiques, classical antiquities and Egyptian works of art; to Mar 16

■ NEW YORK CONCERT

Avery Fisher Hall Tel: 1-212-875-5030 Artur Papazian: the pianist performs works by Mozart. Chopin and Debussy; Mar 17

JAZZ & BLUES

Blue Note Tel: 1-212-475-8592 B.M.i. NY Jazz Orchestra: showcase evening for new jazz composers. Soloists include saxophonist Joe Lovano; Mar 17

Metropolitan Opera House Tel: 1-212-362-6000 Eugen Onegin: by Tchaikovsky. Conducted by Antonio Pappano, performed by the Metropolitan Opera. Soloists Include Galina Gorchakova and

Francisco Araiza; Mar 17

PARIS CONCERT

OPERA

Cité de la Musique Tel: 33-1 44 84 45 00

Orchestre Révolutionnaire et Romantique: with conductor John Eliot Gardiner and pianist Robert Levin perform works by Schumann; Mar 16

■ THESSALONIKI EXHIBITION Thessaloniki Cultural Capital '97 Tel: 30-31-867860-6

Designing the Environment:

exhibition jointly organised by the Goethe Institut and the Organisation for the Cultural Capital of Europe - Thessaloniki '97 to promote Expo 2000 to be held in Hanover. The display features 30 technologically innovative and environmentally friendly products. The exhibition takes place at the Helexpo (Pavillion 1); from Mar 17 to May 17

■ VIENNA

OPERA Wiener Staatsoper Tel: 43-1-514442960 Die Walküre: by Wagner. Conducted by Runnicles and performed by the Wiener Staatsoper. Soloists include U. Gustafsson, Eaglen and Priew; Mar 16

Listing selected and edited by ArtBase The International Arts Database, Amsterdam, The Netherlands.

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10.00 European Money Wheel

18.00 Financial Times Business Toniaht

Albania urges Nato to help end anarchy

By Guy Dinmore in Tirana, Robert Graham in Rome and Kevin Done in London

Albania appealed yesterday for military intervention by the European members of Nato in a desperate attempt to halt the country's headlong slide into

But following an emergency meeting of Nato ambassadors in Brussels a Nato official said there was very little enthusiasm for any military intervention", except in the unlikely event of a political settlement. Albania plunged further into violent disorder yesterday as gangs and townspeople across

the country looted weapons from army barracks. The army and police disappeared from the capital Tirana, surrendering the streets to mob rule. Gunfire resounded throughout the city as night fell. People ransacked flour mills and factories, hurrying home with looted weapons.

By James Kynge in Kuala Lumpur and Alan Cane

Nippon Telegraph

telecoms company, and British

Telecommunications, the UK's

dominant telecommunications

operator, are bidding jointly

The first collaboration in an

overseas bid by BT and NTT

links. "This illustrates the

telecoms analyst with Salomon

BT has failed to persuade

national telecoms licence.

in London

ernments moved urgently to "confused and rapidly changevacuate their nationals from

Tirana airport was closed with gunmen roaming the area, and embassies were forced to send convoys of Durres, where foreign nationals fleeing the disorder were evacuated to Italy by Italian

The US State Department said it had started to evacuate non-essential government staff and US citizens by helicopter. US warships were stationed in the Adriatic to help.

EU foreign ministers are to meet this weekend in the Dutch town of Apeldoom for informal talks which will include Albania.

Mr Hans van Mierlo, Dutch foreign minister and president of the European Union's Council of Ministers, said last night the EU was considering the Albanian request.

But the initial response was Dealers dodge bullets, Page 2 residents stocked up on food. cautious. The British Foreign

to compete in international networks. Bidding consortia

markets, says it is seeking must be owned at least 51 per

Applications have to be sub-rates and partly because of a

Telecoms.

NTT and BT in joint bid

strategic overseas partners

rather than joining an interna-

BT said yesterday the Singa-

BT and NTT have formed a

consortium with two state-

Power, the country's principal

gas and electricity utility, and

Singapore Technologies Tele-

The consortium is the first

will be awarded before April 1,

line business monopoly.

pore bid was unrelated to any

for Singapore telecoms

tional grouping.

for Singapore's second owned companies, Singapore

has inspired speculation that media, its largest local tele-

ever-closer relationship to announce its intention to

between BT and NTT," said Mr take up one of "up to two"

Andrew Harrington, senior licences Singapore has pledged

Brothers in London. "It will 2000, when Singapore Telecom-

make it very difficult for munications, the incumbent

another global alliance to operator, is to lose its fixed-

NTT to become the Asian part- mitted by May 31. The success-

ner in Concert, its interna- ful bidders should be

tional alliance with MCI of the announced by mid-1998, giving

US. NTT, to be freed next year them 18 months to build their

they are exploring stronger coms operator.

The EU and other western gov- Office said the situation was ing" and there were "no plans for Nato countries to become involved in a major military operation to restore order in Albania".

The Albanian government vehicles to the Adriatic port of said all political forces in the country had agreed that outside military assistance was needed "to restore constituional order and to preserve the country's integrity' Earlier the President, Mr

Sali Berlsha, swore in a government of "national reconciliation" led by the opposition Bashkim Fino.

Mr Berisha has so far rejected demands for his resignation by rebel leaders who in southern Albania. Mr Fino said: "We're on the

brink of civil war here... Europe does not need to have all this going on."

cent by Singapore companies.

Another consortium was

likely to announce its inten-

tion to bid, analysts said. The

Singaporean partners will be

Singapore Press Holdings,

which has diverse publishing

interests, and Keppel Telecom-

munications and Transporta-

tion, a government-linked com-

pany that is part of the large

It is not clear which foreign

companies will take part. The

leading contenders are Cable

and Wireless, the UK com-

pany, and its subsidiary, Hong

Although Singapore has a

population of only 3m, it has

been a lucrative market for

telecommunications partly

because of high penetration

preconderance of corporate cli-

ents. The island is also the

financial centre for Soone

Kong Telecommunications.

Keppel Group.

Japanese highest

By William Dawkins in Tokyo

Japan's economy grew by 3.9 basis in the last three months of 1996, bringing growth for Sconomic Planning Agency

Last year's growth rate was the highest of any developed economy and Japan's best since 1991, said the agency, though it confirmed that the pace of expansion would slow this year.

Performance in the final quarter was at the top end of expectations, and was portrayed by government officials as a sign that the recovery is strong enough not to need any relaxation in Japan's tight fiscal policy.

Mr Shimpei Nukaya, KPA deputy director-general, said growth in gross domestic the more modest government target of 2.5 per cent for the fiscal year ending this month. He then expected it to slow down, as a result of the drag on private spending to be created by a rise in sales tax next mouth, before picking up again in the second half of the

Last year's fourth-quarter growth was largely driven by private spending – which accounted for 60 per cent of GDP - as consumers rushed to buy houses and cars before the impending sales tax rise next month. Private consumption grew by 2 per cent in the final quarter, slightly faster than the 1.8 per cent of the

Another factor in the brisk nerformance was a sharp rise in overseas sales, proof that

Exports rose by 5.4 per cent year-on-year in the final quarter, easily outstripping 4.7 per

However, economists warned that exports could prove volatile in the future. Mr Brian Pearce, chief economist at SBC Warburg Securities in Tokyo, said a continued rise in foreign sales might

namin 9 namin 14 fadir 19

economic growth at since 1991

per cent on an annualised the full year to a robust 3.6 per cent, the government's announced vesterday.

The full-year growth rate was distorted by artificially strong data in the first quarter. Since then the Japanese authorities have introduced more accurate seasonal adjust-

previous three months.

However, there were signs of sustainable growth in other components of GDP. Corporate investment, for example, rose by 6.4 per cent, continuing a strong trend which started in early 1995.

the yen has declined to a level at which Japanese manufacturing is internationally com-

cent import growth.

THE LEX COLUMN

NatWest's lost bearings

NatWest Markets' derivatives losses pales into insignificance beside the failure of control at the investment bank. It seems that the mispricing of option contracts behind the débacle started in 1994 and went undiscovered for over two years. This was despite the fact that the Barings' collapse during that period sent all of London's banks scurrying to re-examine risk controls.

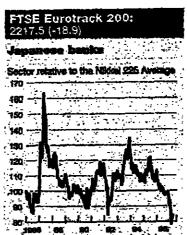
Moreover, unlike Mr Nick Leeson at Barings, Mr Kyriacos Papouis the former NatWest trader alleged to be at fault - did not conceal his dealings from his superiors. Instead, he appears to have per-suaded them that his assumptions, on subjects like option volatility, were correct even though they were increasingly out of line with the market. The third worrying aspect is that interest rate and currency options, while technically complicated, are not rocket science but standard banking products. Nat-West has been using them for a decade to bedge fixed rate mort-gages. All this reflects badly on the bank's managers and risk management systems

To NatWest's credit, it has been open about the problem and acted decisively. By suspending employees and cancelling bonus payments it is sending a long-overdue signal of the risks that come with wellpaid City jobs. That may do something to limit the damage to its reputation. The biggest worry of all, perhaps, is that it is just as easy to imagine this happening at any of the bank's rivals.

Stet/Tim

Many people have gone grey waiting for the privatisation of Stet, the Italian telecoms conglomerate. And, unless the hardline Communist party can be shifted, their hair will turn white. Before Stet can be privatised, legislation setting up a regulatory authority must be passed - and that requires a deal

with the Communists. But Italy's Prodi government should not be downcast. Why not use any further delay to privatise Stet in parts? Telecom Italia Mobile (Tim), the cellular operator controlled by Stet, could be demerged. The state would have no problem selling its shares in Tim, as a regulatory authority is only needed to privatise Italy's fixed-line telecoms network. The rest of Stet could be



Moreover, such a split could enhance the value of the state's stake in Stet, which has traditionally traded on a big discount to the sum of its parts. Much of that discount vanished when the government decided last November to merge Stet with Telecom Italia, its fixed-line subsidiary, and spin-off its yellow pages arm. Since then, the value of the state's shares have risen L7,000bn (\$4bn). But a discount of over 10 per cent remains. If that could be eliminated - something a Tim spin-off would go a long way to achieve - the government's stake would be worth a further L3,000bn more. Even for a country, that is a significant sum. Given

Japanese banks

grasp the opportunity.

Japan's "big bang" deregulation proposals have raised hopes that the country's ailing financial sector will reinvent itself. One might bave thought merging weaker banks with stronger ones, cutting costs and adding new lines of business, would produce a top tier of profitable, internationally competitive Japanese houses.

Italy's heavy debt burden, it should

Unfortunately, even massive consolidation will not lead to satisfactory returns. Imagine that all Japan's banks, stockbrokers and general insurers merged and cut operating costs to zero. The combined entity's return on equity would still be below 20 per cent, according to Goldman Sachs. This extraordinary statistic is based on one simple fact: Japan's banks care larger US banks is about 42 per cent, while that of British ones is a per cent. No amount of Japanese cost cutting will bridge those gaps There are two ways out of this trap. The first is to increase rave nues. But quite apart from the costs of entering new businesses, it would take a 64 per cent increase in per cent return on equity. This is unthinkable. The real solution is to shrink balance sheets radically, for instance by securitisation. But managements have little incentive to reduce the size of their business to improve profits, particularly when most shareholders are also customers who benefit from the banks' low-priced services:

Se Oil

Reckitt & Colman

Reckitt & Colman has wiped away its dusty old image over the past two years, to reveal an attract tive takeover target. Three-quarters of the group's products, such as Haze air fresheners, are the number one or two brand in their market. A quarter of sales and profits cor from rapidly growing markets i Asia, Africa and Latin-America And operating margins have risen above 16 per cent, while residual cash flow - after tax, interest, divi dends and capital spending - was almost £80m last year.

Such a combination is sure arouse the interest of the working big consumer goods companies such as Procter & Gamble or Uni lever. The latter should receive around £5bn from the sale of its speciality chemicals arm and its joint chairman, Mr Niall FitzGerakt is keen to expand in areas he know well, like household goods, and the emerging markets.

Nor is Reckitt's particularly expensive. Despite a sharp rise in its shares in the past month, at 787 the group is trading on less than It times prospective earnings, com pared to 18 times for Unilever, BS rivals, including P&G, Colgate Palmolive and Clorox trade at ratings of between 22 and 26 times. Valuing Reckitt on the same multiples of sales and earnings that it paid for America's L&F in 1994, produces a share price of around £10, capitalis ing the UK group at just over £4bn. A bidder like Unilever, who could reap significant cost savings, might be prepared to pay even more.

Israeli schoolgirls murdered

Continued from Page 1

attract NTT.

me, at my children, at the people of Jordan and the Jor-

danian army". Mr Netanyahu, under pressure from nationalist and but told Israel no decisions right-wing members of his would be made. Israel has Likud coalition to press ahead insisted the meeting contrawith the Har Homa development, said Jordan should punish those responsible for the "murder of innocent girls". He

discuss the killings and plans by Mr Arafat to convene a meeting of countries involved in the Middle East negotia-

tions at Gaza tomorrow. The US said it would attend But diplomats said the US

venes the Oslo peace accords.

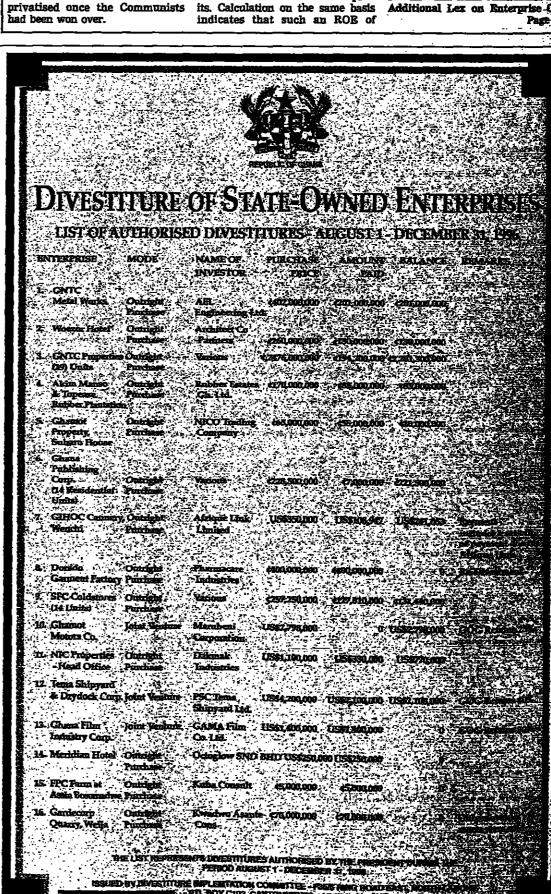
Bonn coal deal

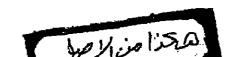
Continued from Page 1

payments to the industry to DM58.55bn. North Rhine Westphalia, which includes the Ruhr coalfield, will provide support totalling DM9.61bn over the next nine years. Ruhrkohle, the main mining company, will also contribute DM1bn from noncoal activities after 2000. The

> aun 26 sun 23 cloudy 15 drzzi 10

was expected to try to rescue government and opposition bring another period of yen the peace process by attempt-SPD also agreed to talk about strength, in which case export summoned his inner cabinet to ing to break the deadlock. the future of nuclear power. FT WEATHER GUIDE Europe today High pressure will continue to promote fine, mild conditions with ample sunshine on the iberian peninsula, the Cote d'Azur, most of Italy, Greece and much of Turkey. Several disturbances will travel north of this high across the UK and into central Europe. Western and northern parts of the **(5)** UK will be cloudy with rain. The southern UK will be dry with surmy spells. There will be cloud and drizzle in the Benefux, Germany, Poland, the northern Alps, northern France and southern Sweden. The north-western Balkans will be cloudy but dry. Five-day forecast Disturbances will travel eastwards across the UK and north-western Europe towards Russia, resulting in unsettled conditions. High pressure will continue in southern Europe, producing a lot of sun. The UK will stay unsettled, especially in the north. The southern UK will be mild. TODAY'S TEMPERATURES cloudy 11 cloudy 12 cloudy 12 rain 11 sun 20 fakr 19 sun 34 drzzi 12 fair 28 cloudy 12 sun 18 snow 2 drzzi 12 Caraças Cardifi Caseablanca Chicago Cologne Oskar Dalles Delhi Dubai Dubai Dubai sun 37 fair -2 shower 32 sun 18 sun 20 Faro Frankfurt Gensya Gensya Gensyaw Hershurg Hershurg Honolubu Istaribul Jelgarta Jensey Karechi Kuwalt L. Anostes Reykjevik Rio Horne S. Fraco Secul Singepore Stockholm Streebour Yangfer Tel Aviv Tokyo Toronto Vancouve Verlice Viarma Warsaw Weshingtor Winfipeg rain 12 cloudy 15 cloudy 12 rain 10 fair 2 fair 25 fair 26 sun 11 shower 31 cloudy 31 fair 18 sun 18 shower 31 cloudy 31 fair 18 sun 28 sair 11 cloudy 31 fair 25 tair 25 sun 19 tair 16 cloudy 13 fair 32 fair 24 shower 28 sun 17 cloudy 4 cloudy 4 cloudy 14 sun 17 altower 28 fair 17 shower 17 cloudy 6 cloudy 14 Mejorce Metaloge Menchest Menloum Medoo Ci Miam Montreal Moscow Munich Nairobi sun 20 cioudy 19 shower 3 drzzi 14 shower 25 sun 20 rein 17 feir 16 sieat 3 rain 11 sun 16





Lufthansa

More and more experienced travellers

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FINANCIAL TIMES

Number One Southwark Bridge, London SEI 9HL Tel: +44 171-873 3000 Telex: 922186 Fax: +44 171-407 5700 Friday March 14 1997

Europe's black hole

with a test case so perfect that it would be surprising if it has not already been used as a war-game scenario. The only missing element was supplied yesterday when President Sali Berisha and all Albania's political parties requested military assistance from the Western European Union. Military involvement in

another Balkan country is about the last thing any west-ern government wants. True, the current Nato-led operation in Bosnia (S-For, formerly Ifor) is claimed as a success. But it was deployed only after three and half years of war had produced a clear military situation. each part of the country being controlled by a more or less disciplined army with an identifishle chain of command. Even so, S-For's commanders know they have done no more than stabilise this situation, and that fighting could resume as soon as the Nato presence is removed Such positions are potoriously much easier to get into than to get out of.

The prospect of involvement in Albania seems all the more intimidating because there is now apparently no one at all in control. That means no interioculturs valables for an intervention force to parley with and no demarcation lines for it to police. Moreover, the deployment in Bosnia has left European governments with very little spare capacity for this kind of military operation.

Yet Europe can hardly ignore the appeal from Albania's political leaders. A policy of benign

Albania presents Europe's post- lord emerges on top of the heap, cold war security arrangements is not a cost-free option because such chaos could not be contained within Albania's borders, It would inevitably affect the ethnic Albanian majority in Kosovo and the minority in Macedonia, as well as the ethnic Greek minority in Albania itself; and thus very likely ignite the southern Balkan conflict which was often touted (rather less plausibly) as a possible knock-on effect of the war in Bosnia. Even without that, both Italy and Greece may face a mass influx of refugees, of which both have already had a traumatic foretaste.

Those two countries at least will therefore be anxious to give Albania's political leaders whatever help they can in restoring order. It was probably on Italian advice that the Albanians addressed themselves to the WEU, the body which defines itself as both "European pillar" of Nato and the "defence dimension" of the EU. Albania could, at least in theory, he an appropriate testing-ground for a Nato "combined joint taskforce" under WEU leadership, since the US is unlikely to commit its own troops but would support the objective, and therefore be happy to see Nato equipment and logistical assets deployed.

A heavily armed police operation could perhaps overawe the rioters sufficiently to induce a period of calm, during which at least some of the looted weapons would be recovered, the Albanian army reformed and retrained, and genuinely free elections organised. It would involve great risks but - as so often in the Balkans - there are neglect, leaving the country to no risk-free options in sight.

Bank check

Mr Martin Owen, chief with a high street bank executive of the National Westminster Bank, did not exactly tion of a derivatives loss, might suggest a shift in City attitudes.

The dangers of a guif

The dangers of a gulf between personal rewards and corporate risk were shown all too spectacularly during the collapse of Barings in the winter of 1994-95. Then senior executives were expecting bonuses totalling filliam, some of them for failing to supervise Mr. Nick Leeson. the mane trader who reported spectacular profits on operations which none of them fully understood.

Such rewards are no incentive to prudence; instead, they might well lead executives to be too sanguine about risks from which they stand to gain. No doubt some lessons were learned from Barlogs. But the loss suffered by NatWest raises the disturbing question as to whether enough has been done. This loss was much smaller than that at Barings and resulted from trading which was legal and open. But it did involve large potential risks, much more complex than those

As they moved into global financial markets during the fall on his sword yesterday. But 1980s, such institutions hired his decision to forgo 40 per cent executives on big salaries to of his 1500,000 bonus, in expia- manage the new risks, Five tion of a derivatives trading such supervisors have now been nded at NatWest and total of £8m of expected bonuses has been withheld, including Mr Owen's. In making such public examples NatWest has resisted the temptation, which is still too strong in the City, to hush up embarrassing failures, espe cially those which, as in this case, pose no serious corporate threat. As the Bank of England has warned, if the dangers of personal failure are seen to be slight, a culture of excessive risk-taking may result.

> Large banks can no longer avoid being involved in the arcane world of financial derivatives trading if they want to remain internationally competitive. So computer systems of increasing sophistication have been employed to manage the risks which this involves. If one lesson is to be drawn from Nat-West's embarrassment, it is that computers cannot substitute for the vigilance of good people And if the best are shown a path to great financial heights they need also to be made

Blooming bio

ence is being turned more effectively into medical and agricultural practice through

But there are risks. The prospect of quick money may tempt toe many admitists away from basic research, the seed corn for home applications. And making too much science private prop-city may dany other researchers he tools they need to make further advances.

Biotechnology in the industiel use of biological molecules. in organisms ranging from becteris through sheep to people. It has become a label for start-up impenies seeking to commerciillse advances in understanding how living things work.

A survey by Arthur Andersen this week showed that the numer of UK blotsch companies pecialising in drug discovery inchied over two years to 68 in 1998. Add businesses using bioech in agriculture, medical diagnosis and their suppliers, and there are 221 companies

The Sector in the UK is still small compared with the US. where more than 100,000 are oyed in 1,300 companies. But the UK has more blotech

The maid growth in the UK's of Europe put together.

biolecomology sector is gratify—

Britain's advantages include a

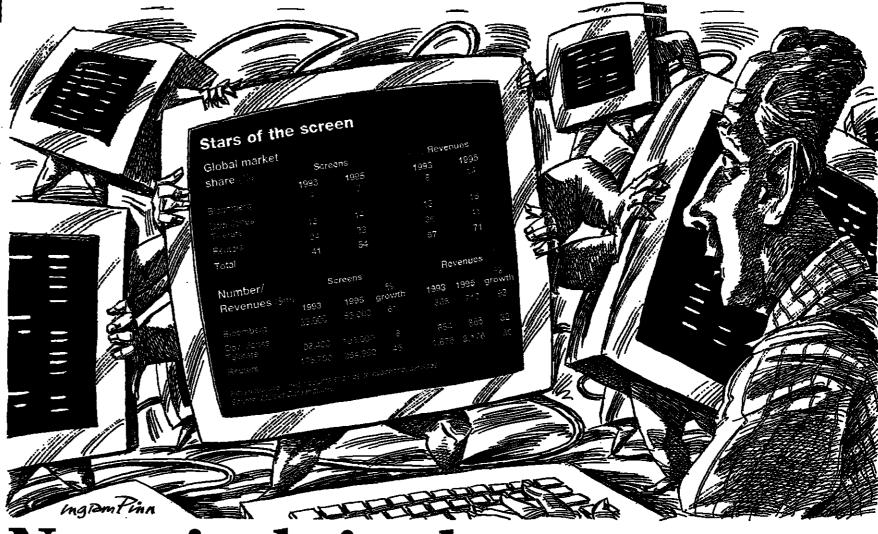
strong pharmaceuticals industry, sophisticated investors and equity markets sympathetic to the need of venture capitalists

to take profits at some stage. But there are important differences between the UK and the US. Public funding for science in the UK cannot compare with the power of the US National Institutes of Health and the great American hospital/university complexes. Nor are most UK universities as well equipped to transfer technology into the private sector as their

market-savvy US counterparts. That risks leaving too much power in the hands of private interests seeking to generate a quick commercial return. Science and raw capitalism can be uncomfortable bedfellows. Companies rarely hesitate to buy patents, people or technologies that might challenge their markets - even if this damages the

long-term health of research. A biotechnology sector can remain healthy only if there is a flow of original ideas from basic science. Some of those ideas must come from institutions backed by public funds, which regard replenishing scientific expertise as being at least as important as generating a com-

COMMENT & ANALYSIS



New rivals in the screen wars

The established providers of financial data face fresh challenges with the spread of Internet technologies, says Nicholas Denton

world's leading financial information vendor. recently bid for a contract to provide market data to Lehman Brothers, the US investment bank, it found itself facing unfamiliar competition.

In addition to a bid from Dow Jones Telerate, a longstanding rival of Reuters, there was a pitch from NYQuotes, a little known company which started up less than a year ago and has only 11 staff. The NYQuotes proposal, which significantly undercut those of Reuters and Telerate. offered, among other services. live foreign exchange rates for as little as \$35 a month per user. Companies such as NYQuotes

can offer such low prices because, instead of delivering financial information via dedicated cabling and terminals, they use the Internet, the public network to which the stail of most are now connected.

But the spread of Internet technologies may be as much an opportunity as a threat for the established data providers, such as Reuters, Telerate (which is changing its name to Dow Jones Markets) and Bloomberg, the three leading companies.

"The public Internet has tremendously reduced the cost of entry (for potential rivals)," savs Mr Dennis Waters, chairman of Waters Information Services, a publishing company which follows financial technology. On the other hand, the Internet should eventually expand the market for established vendors, he says, by lowering the cost of getting information to customers.

Changes in the market data business are already being driven by a shift from proprietary systems - terminals which deliver information from a single vendor - to "open systems" bringing most open system of all links an ordinary personal computer to an Internet-style network.

This is a world away from the first on-line data service of 1964 when Reuters news agency began publishing UK share prices on a single-purpose electronic display called Stockmaster. Since then, such dedicated terminals have proliferated, leaving the desk of a typical trader groaning under the weight of up to a dozen screens. Valuable space is taken up on the trading floor and so much heat is generated that many companies have installed extra powerful air conditioning. "It is getting physically impossible to look at that number of screens," says Mr Richard Sharland, a vice-president at Salomon Brothers respon-

sible for dealing technology. Reuters began to clear up the clutter in 1988 when it introduced a network allowing other vendors play their data on its termi international investment banks nals. These "open systems" are becoming the norm although some vendors, notably Bloomberg, have until recently resisted the trend. When ABN Amro, the largest Dutch bank, moved its New York trading floor recently, it cast out its stand-alone terminals in favour of data feeds into a standard "digital platform".

> Further simplification is under way as the Internet communication language, developed for the public web, is becoming standard on private networks. Users will soon be able to access in-house information through the company's own intranet, instantaneous prices from the high-performance networks of providers such as Reuters, as well as material on the public Internet - all using a standard personal computer.

Under this new model, information vendors will supply raw data to "servers" at investment banks. These powerful computers will assemble the information, feed-

hen Reuters, the data from several providers. The ing in data available through the quate for most purposes. But vices such as Knight Ridder public Internet, before relaying it to personal computers.

'We're fighting for space in the server," says Mr Joseph Kasputys, chairman of Primark, a rival to the three large vendors and owner of several services including Datastream. "The real battle the data that goes into that central computer. This battle should help lower

prices. A cost-conscious trader with an Internet connection could now get stock prices from Standard & Poor's via Quote.com, US government bond prices through Moneyline, financial information in Polish from Internet Securities, or free foreign exchange rates for the Irish punt directly from Ulster Bank, a subsidiary of National Westminster.

he public Internet, which is less reliable than private netable for traders requiring instantaneous prices. But the new entrants are making an impact at the margin, by helping drive down the prices of secondtier services. Mr Kasputys says investment banks now routinely haggle over prices with data vendors, by threatening to switch to cheaper providers.

To fight back, companies such as Reuters are trying to distinguish themselves from the lowcost providers in three main ways. First, the established vendors say they ensure the consistency of numbers by "cleaning" them for discrepancies and anomalies. "Water is free but clean water costs," says Mr Patrick McVeigh, a Reuters executive. The question is whether you

want to drink out of the bucket." For straightforward and easily available data, such as live share prices, low-cost vendors are already providing a service ade-

more complicated data requires time-consuming sifting: Primark has 160 staff in Ireland and India who do nothing but restate company reports according to international accounting standards.

Second, although real-time data is increasingly available, vendors is for who gets to provide most of are seeking to emphasise their own unique content. Bloomberg is growing faster than its main competitors partly because its historical database includes 2m fixed-income securities, more than double its nearest competitor. These help fund managers

a security over time.

Third, large vendors - even if their data is becoming more ily aggregate the information ment programme to boost flagthey provide. Bond and foreign exchange markets may be displayed side by side, for example, trading floor, Reuters is seeking allowing cross calculations. "You will still find people today taking works, is not yet suit- data off Telerate and typing it down service over a customer's into Bloomberg," says Mr Jonathan Robson, senior vice-president for strategic development at Telerate. "If you can find a fully integrated solution, neatly packaged, you remove the need to mix and match at the desktop."

judge the relative performance of

But Telerate is not alone in offering that service. At least five vendors are now seeking to provide data covering all the main markets and regions, with both live and historical numbers. Traditionally, Reuters has been strong in real-time foreign exchange and equity prices, Bloomberg in bond markets and historical data, and Telerate in US government bonds. Now each is trying to plug its weaknesses. Two more would-be universal

information providers are emerging. Welsh Carson Anderson & Stowe, a New York investment firm, is building a full-service vendor around Bridge Information Systems by acquiring ser-

Financial. In the past six months, Primark has acquired three niche owner of the Datastream share information service.

The increasing homogeneity of vendors' products and the rise of new rivals is reducing the ability of providers to extract additional revenues from the trading floor of investment banks, their core market. Recent announcements from

the two largest vendors appear to confirm this. At Reuters, fourthquarter revenues from the supply of financial information fell 2 per cent, with growth coming from net, an electronic broker. Dow widely available - can more eas- Jones announced a \$650m investging sales of its Telerate services.

With revenues pared on the to expand its market with the launch of a half-price, pared intranet for fund managers, corporate financiers and other nontrading staff. It also supplies data to about 30 web sites. Other businesses are opening

up to electronic intermediation as the number of personal computers with Internet connections increases. Reuters has developed an electronic system to track invoices for advertising sales. and Telerate posts US wholesale electricity prices on the Internet. Although providers are having

to adapt, the overall outlook is bright as cheaper communications allow vendors to target a new type of customer. Revenues from the provision of market data should grow from \$6.5bn in 1996 to \$8.5bp in 2000 according to Telerate. Mr Michael Bloomberg, founder of the company that bears his name, is looking forward to the challenge. "It's kind of hard not to have a smile on your face," he says.

Bain weaves a new role

Whatever lies behind his departure from UK textiles specialist Coats Viyella, chief executive Neville Bain is leaving the job he recently compared to "climbing a mountain during an avalanche". By stepping down now the 56-year-old New Zealander also gets the chance to practise what he preaches in

print. in last year's worthy management tome Winnin Ways Through Corporate Covernmee, Bam called for the creation of a new class of professional non-executive directors; these would be big-hitting managers with enough clout to stand up to the rest of the board.

So was the amiable, outgoing Bain thinking of himself when he described this new cadre of non-execs as "highly experienced professional people, with specialist qualifications and a variety of rich experiences. On paper he certainly seems to fit the bill; after business school and accountancy exams in the southern hemisphere, Bain spent most of his career with Cadbury Schweppes in New Zealand and South Airica, rising to become group finance director before oining Coats seven years ago. Bain also believes that the

new breed should be able to take on at least five non-executive directorships - or three and one chairmanship - provided they elsewhere. Aside from Coats, Bain has non-exec positions at sipermarkets group Safeway and Gartmore Scotland Investment Trust, Headhunters should take note.

So precious

■ Don't dash to County Donegal on the west coast of Ireland just yet; but Cambridge Mineral Resources, a gemstone exploration company listed in London, just might be on to something big.

All right, so mining companies are always promising to make investors as rich as Croesus. But Cambridge's managing director David Brambill is at least doing everything he can to dampen down excitement over news that "Gold Hound" - the company's hi-tech panning system - has formd small blue sapphires and evidence of diamonds within its Irish licence area.

Brambill is anxious not to make any premature claims for his company's prospects and says it is playing a patient, long-term game. Even so, it didn't expect such encouraging signs so quickly. It is less than a year since Cambridge obtained the first licence granted in

Ireland to prospect for gemstones - "no-one had previously asked", says Bramhill

but we've found encouraging signs at our first attempt." he adds. Samples are now being analysed and, depending on the outcome, Cambridge - with a modest £3m market capitalisation - could call in someone else's big drills next year. "People thought we were completely crazy. Now they think we're only 90 per cent crazy," chuckles Brambill.

"We could have panned for years and discovered nothing

King Kohl

■ Outraged at government plans to cut subsidies to their industry, Germany's demonstrating miners have indulged in a curious bit of historical digging. Among the chants heard on the streets of Bonn this week were "Wir sind das Volk" (We are the people) and "Wir bleiben hier!" (We're

staying put). To anyone with more than a passing memory of recent German history, the words are eerily familiar; both slogans were used by East Germany's civil rights protestors who took to the streets in 1989. They, of course, went on to topple communism and earn a place in the history books. The miners,

better deal on subsidies from Chancellor Helmut Kohl, may be tempted to try the magic words

having extracted yesterday a

On the run

 Jogging sounds like an admirable way to mark International Women's Day. Not. however, if you are an employee of Pouchen Co, a Taiwanese shoe company operating in Vietnam. Twelve female Vietnamese workers were admitted to hospital last week after being forced to jog 4km around the factory floor, the Tuoi Tre · (Youth) newspaper reported vesterday.

A 30-year-old Taiwanese manageress apparently ordered the run as a form of group punishment because four workers forgot their regulation work shoes. Local officials have seized the manager's passport to stop her doing a runner.

In addition

■ What price paper qualifications? NatWest, which after a bit of pencil sucking now reckons it got its options sums wrong to the tune of £90m, is the only UK clearing bank Observer can think of which hoasts a chief executive with a first-class degree in mathematics.

Financial Times

50 years ago Nationalisation In France

Paris, 13th March. Statements made by the Ministers of Finance and Industrial Production before the Finance Committee of the Chamber revealed some of the highly disappointing results of the nationalisation measures of the last 15 months. Thus, the National Electricity and Gas Board, which has been operating since last May estimates a deficit of Frs 18 milliards for 1947, although rates have been considerably increased, and although in the nast three months the Board has asked for medium-term advances of Frs 12 milliards from the Treasury. The former owners generally operated at a profit.

Cars At Geneva The International Motor Show opened at Geneva yesterday when 23 British motor-car manufacturers exhibited their moducis. There are also 18 American, 14 French, four Italian and two Czech exhibitors. The "popular" cars Austin, Morris, Ford and Standard - are on view, as are the luxury models like Rolls-Royce, Bentley, Alvis, Armstrong-Siddeley etc. Other exhibitors include Vauxhall, Jaguar and Rover.

for Burger King

Grand Metropolitan, the food and drinks group, yesterday

underlined its determination to see out the burger battle

with McDonald's by appointing new executives at Burger

King, the US-based burger chain. Mr Dennis Malamatina:

41, moves from the IDV drinks business to take over as

BK's chief executive and Mr Paul Clayton, 38. will run

Analysts said the high-profile appointments and the

split roles marked a "sea change" for Grand Metropolitar

following speculation a year ago that the group would se

the business. "Burger King has reached a critical stage is

its development," one analyst said. "Grand Metropolitan

either had to sell out or expand. They've clearly gone for

executives arrive as BK is waging an all-out fight to challenge McDonald's leadership of the US burger marke

Big Mac from \$1.90 to 55 cents, a move widely seen by

analysts as evidence that BK is making inroads into

McDonald's market share. Almost all of Burger King's profits come from the US where it generates 80 per cent

its sales. The outlets outside the US only break even.

Grand Metropolitan also said that Mr Peter Cawdron.

group strategy development director, would resign from

McDonalds recently launched a plan to cut the price o

British-based Grand Metropolitan owns several

international food and drinks brands, including Haagen-Dazs, Smirnoff, Malibu and Burger King. The ne

AMERICAS NEWS DIGEST

BK's North American operations.

German acquisition for Magna

By Bernard Simon in Toronto

Magna International, the Torontobased auto parts maker, is expanding in Europe with an agreement to buy a 75 per cent stake in Georg Naher, a loss-making German supplier of interior panels, carpeting and sound insulation.

The purchase price is about C\$40m (US\$30.8m). Georg Naher has annual sales of about C\$185m from four plants in Belgium, Germany and

Magna also disclosed plans to move into Latin America. Mr Don Walker, chief executive, said an investment was likely within the

A spate of earlier acquisitions helped lift Magna's net earnings to 2-2.25 percentage points. C\$336m, or C\$4.34 a share, in the six months to January 31, from C\$139.5m, or C\$2.13, a year earlier.

The latest figure includes a C\$138.7m gain on the sale of stakes in two German companies. First-half sales climbed 39 per cent

to C\$3.63bn. The quarterly dividend has been

However, gross margins, as a percentage of production sales, narrowed to 19.6 per cent from 20.3 per

company has also investigated opening UK-based Caradon Rollinx and next year, by Mercedes and Switzer ings in Argentina.

Marley Automotive Components, land's SMH. had an adverse impact of between

> Magna said its policy of buying "under-valued", often troubled, businesses tended to dent margins in the early stages of an acquisition. "Margins in these operations have significant opportunity for improvement." the company said.

European sales are expected to reach C\$1.3bn-C\$1.4bn in the current raised from 27 cents to 30 cents a financial year, or close to 20 per cent of the total.

Magna's main customers in Europe are Mercedes-Benz, BMW, pany says are on the drawing board. Volkswagen and Rover. It is supplynext year, with metal components in Brazil the most favoured area. The North America and Europe, includ-seat "Smart" car, due to be launched

Mr Graham Orr, executive vice-president, said: "We want to replicate in Europe the core businesses that we have in North

Magna also announced that it had bought out minority shareholders in Atoma International, which supplies interior components in North

Some analysts have raised concerns about Magna's ability to absorb the spate of recent acquisitions, as well as others that the com-Magna shares gained 15 cents to C\$71.35 in early Toronto trading

Report finds rise New leadership in use of Internet

By Louise Kehot in San Francisco

Nearly a quarter of the population of North America over the age of 16 some 50.6m people accessed the Internet at least once during the month of December, according to a new study.

The latest figures, from a survey conducted by Neilsen Media Research for CommerceNet, a group promoting electronic commerce, are more than double those reported by the first such study, conducted 18 months ago, which found that fewer than 10 per cent of adults and teenagers were using the Internet.

The new study found that 35 per cent of Internet users surfed the World Wide Web. The rest were sending and receiving electronic mail or visiting online services such as America Online.

The demographics of Internet users have also changed, the study found. Although well-to-do males are still in the majority, the number of women using the Internet increased from 34 per cent 18 months ago to 42 per cent of the total. Also, the number of Internet users with annual income over \$80,000 dropped from 25 per cent to 18 per cent.

Males are more likely to search for product information online, while females are more likely to make purchases. The most popular purchases made via the Internet were of computers

and software.

CommerceNet noted a 'startling increase" in Web users shopping on the Internet. The study found that 39 per cent of Web users had searched for product information online before making a purchase. However, only 15 per cent had actually purchased a product or service online. This disperity "demonstrates a lack of trust in the security of electronic payments", the researchers said.

CommerceNet was nonetheless encouraged. "The combination of increased general usage and growth of paints an extremely promising future for electronic commerce," said Ms Stacey Bressler, vice-president of marketing for Commerce-

the company on July 31. Mr Cawdron, a former banker SG Warburg, joined Grand Metropolitan in 1983. He will he replaced by Mr James Grover, 38, who will report directly to Mr John McGrath, group chief executive.

> Gerber drops advertising claims Gerber has promised to halt "deceptive" claims that fou

> out of five pediatricians recommend its baby food, the government announced on Wednesday. The Federal Tra Commission said that Gerber Products Co relied on a survey of 562 doctors that found only 67 - barely more than one in 10 - recommended Gerber baby food. "Advertising that relies upon deceptive doctor

recommendations for baby foods is especially troubling as much as accurate expert advice is critical to reaching these important decisions about child care," Ms Jodie Bernstein, director of the FTC Bureau of Consumer Protection, said in a statement.

Ms Bernstein said the advertising campaign, which re on television, radio and in print, "skewed the results of the study by weeding out doctors" who did not give the desired answers. The study found that of the 562 doctor surveyed, 408 recommended baby food at least once a week, 76 recommended a specific brand of baby food an 67 recommend Gerber brand.

Gerber advertised that four out of five doctors who recommended baby food recommend Gerber but in fact only 16 per cent – or 67 out of 408 – recommended Gert the FTC said. Beyond that, the FTC said the advertisements "made a broader implied claim that fou out of five pediatricians recommend Gerber".

Gerber, a division of Swiss pharmaceuticals and chemicals company Novartis, acknowledged problems with its advertisement. "We acknowledge the advertisement perhaps inaccurately confused the mess of the survey," said Mr Van Hindes, director of corpora

Flows into US funds slow

US mutual funds investing in equities and bonds attracted net new cash (new sales minus redemptions) \$21.5bn last month, according to estimates published yesterday by the Washington-based investment Compa nstitute. These figures are a sharp fall from the \$32.5b recorded in January, a month when sales are usually h for tax reasons. However, they show that the industry continuing to attract funds at a rate roughly in line wi last year's record pace. They also suggest that predicti on Wall Street that sales would slow as small investor. became nervous about the current high valuations in Wall Street had not been realised.

Equity funds took in a net \$19.5bn during the month down from \$29.1bn in January and \$22.38bn in Februar 1996. Bond funds continued their recent relative recove following several months of net outflows last year, tak in an estimated \$2bn. John Authers, New ?

Time Warner sticks with NYS

Following the announcement on October 11 1996 concerning the acquisition by Time Warner of Turner Broadcasting System Inc. Time Warner has decided no proceed with the listing of its common stock on the London Stock Exchange. Time Warner's common stock continues to trade on the New York Stock Exchange.

Comments and press releases about international companies coverage can be sent by e-mail to international.companies@ft.com



US light vehicle market





ed Camry (left) is leading the Japanese charge against US home produced models such as Ford's Taurus (right)

Japanese cars make new inroads in

he Japanese are back. In car showrooms across the nation, the American public has rediscovered its appetite for Toyotas, Hondas and Nissans. And while it may be too early to call an end to the sustained recovery of the US motor industry, it seems clear that Detroit faces a more challenging period than it has for several years. There have been two indi-

cations in recent days of the shift in market power.

First came sales figures for February, which underlined the renewed popularity of Japanese marques in the US. Between them, the three biggest Japanese makers have sold 437.116 vehicles so far this year - a fifth more than the same period in 1996.

That translates into a powerful 3 percentage point increase in their share of light vehicles in the US, to 19 per cent. (Each point of to about 150,000 vehicles in a

As a whole, Japanese makbounce in their US standing since the early-1990s, and now account for nearly a

the news that Chrysler, the smallest of the Big Three US manufacturers, was planning to offer bigger rebates to lift its passenger car sales.

In the fast-growing market at the end of the 1980s. for light trucks - sport utilities, pick-up trucks and minivans - the US makers have a strong lead. But their grip on the sluggish passenger car market has weakened in the face of a new onslaught from the Japa-

the reason for this unhappy turn of events: the 18-month slide of the yen against the dollar. Other forces have also been at work, however, and point to a broader shift between US and Japanese manufacturers.

Certainly, the dollar's bounce has had a marked short-term impact. Car exports from Japan jumped

that it was 20 years ago, ing." when the assault on the US

The second sign came with the yen since then encourthe first two months of this aged a shift of Japanese production overseas. Only a fifth of Japanese vehicles sold in the US last year were imported, against 60 per cent

However, vehicles assembled in the US's so-called "transplant" factories still carry a nigh proportion of foreign content - 50 per cent or more for most Japanese makers, according to the American Automobile Manufacturers Association. Also, Detroit has no doubt about profits earned on US sales are worth more to a foreign company at a time when the dollar is strong.

The yen is only part of the story. More important, say many US motor industry in the competitive balance analysts, have been new models of some of the Japanese cars that have proved most popular with American The Japanese makers have

"revitalised their car line". market share is equivalent in January, with exports to said Mr George Magliano, a it felt added unnecessarily to the US rising 75 per cent car industry analyst at Wefa cost. But the impact of currency products when compared against the dollar ended 18 the US car companies that ers have seen the first moves is more complicated with the old Japanese styl-

Leading this charge is

year. Besides a restyling that has proved popular with carbuyers, the Camry demonstrates two other characteristics of the new Japanese succes

One is that the Japanese have learnt to use attractively priced leases as a way to sell more vehicles. This is a field pioneered by American rivals such as Ford: now, with the aid of a falling yen, Toyota has been able to pitch the monthly payments on short-term leases for its car below those on the rival Ford Taurus.

he Camry embodies another virtue of Japanese car-making: the relentless pursuit of lower cost. While Ford was busy revamping the Taurus by adding more attractive features - something that lifted its price - Toyota was bent on taking out features which

now, after the yen's fall, it tive landscape has shifted.

though. For one thing, American vehicle sales have been strong this year as the US economy continues its steady advance, and that benefits all manufacturers. "As long as the demand's

diate disaster for Detroit,

there, and consumers are buying, it's not the worst of all worlds," said Mr David Garrity, an analyst at Smith Barney. The US manufacturers should make more money this year than last, he adds.

Also, exports from Japan are expected to slow from January's heady pace, in part because of the fire which slowed Toyota's production early in the year. In addition, General Motors' cautious relaunch of a range of its big-selling cars, begun late last year, is expected to lead to a steady rebound in its own market share after a recent dio.

This suggests that the Japanese invasion of the 1990s not hold the terror for months ago, it was vital for the invasion of the 1970s did. Toyota to stay in contention: But, for Detroit, the competi-

was conducted through Toyota's new Camry, sales of has left the Camry a strong Richard Waters Net. quarter of vehicle sales. imports. The steady rise in which were up 70 per cent in competitor. PC groups to launch rival to Network Computer

Leading personal computer manufacturers including Compaq Computer, Dell Computer and Hewlett-Packard will introduce a new class of "Network PCs" in coming weeks, according to Intel, the leading supplier of microprocessor chips to the PC industry. Intel and Microsoft, its

partner in developing speci-

fications for so-called executive of Oracle, the lead- powerful network server to produce NCs by establish- soft appear to have gained "NetPCs", have begun to ing database software com- computers to store data and ing a standard specification the upper hand in persuadpromote the products, which pany. are designed for use on corporate networks. More than different approaches to low-

Microsoft said. The NetPC is the PC industry-leaders' answer to the challenge posed by the "Network Computer" (NC) initiative led by Mr Larry Ellison, chairman and chief

100 PC companies have com-

NetPCs and NCs represent ering the total cost of ownermitted themselves to sup-porting NetPCs. Intel and linked to a corporate network. While the NetPC is a stripped-down PC with fewer options and peripherals than a standard PC. the NC is a bare-bones multimedia network terminal.

NCs will rely on more

NCs are expected to be based on Intel microprocessor chips, they will not run the Microsoft Windows operat-

widely used on PCs. Mr Ellison's efforts to promote the NC are seen as an attempt to undermine Microsoft's dominance in the software market. Oracle has encouraged manufacturers

ing system and applications

computers to store data and ing a standard specification the upper hand in persuadprograms. Although many for the machines and licen ing leading computer compasing technology and soft- nies to produce NetPCs.

> However, the launch of NC products has been delayed by several months, and the advantage. first NCs conforming to Oracle's specifications are now box" design, meaning they expected to be introduced in cannot be upgraded or Anril. NCs are expected to changed, reducing the comsell for \$500-\$1,000. While NCs have a price

Many buyers may also see the ability of NetPCs to run standard PC software as an

NetPCs will have a "sealed plexity and costs of managing networks with hundreds advantage, Intel and Micro- or even thousands of PCs.

PAN-HOLDING

Société Anonyme - Luxembourg 7 Place du Théâtre, Boite Postale 408, L-2014 Lux Téléphone: (352) 46 24 01/46 24 02 Téléfax: (352) 46 25 27

FISCAL YEAR 1996

held on April 29, 1997:

Pacific Basin

(excluding Japan)

At its Meeting of March 4, 1997, the Board of Directors finalised the accounts for the financial year 1996.

The accounts show a net profit of US \$ 16,773,416.

The total net asset value as of December 31, 1996 amounted to US \$ 314,605,069, equivalent to:

- US \$ 399.98 for each of the 567,140 Dividend Shares outstanding and US \$ 406.07 for each of the 216,121 Capital Shares outstanding.

Compared to the December 31, 1995 net asset value per share of US \$ 364.78, the return for the year represents:

for the Dividend Share 9.65% or 11.24% if one takes into account the US \$ 5.80 dividend paid on June 3, 1996; for the Capital Share 11.32%.

The Board of Directors decided to propose to the Annual General Meeting to be

the payment to each Dividend Share, outstanding as at the close of business of stock exchanges on May 30, 1997, of a dividend of US \$ 6.10 (slx dollars ten cents) for the year 1996, to be compared with the dividend of US \$ 5.80 paid in 1996 for the year 1995;

Gold Bullion, Gold Mines

2.00%

the attribution of the amount corresponding to the dividend to the Capital

The dividend of US \$ 6.10 per Dividend Share is free of withholding tax in Luxembourg and would be payable as of June 2, 1997.

On March 12, 1997, the geographical breakdown of assets was as follows: 7.50% Japan 11.00% North America 22,00% Europe 48,50%

YPF in gas pipeline negotiations

By Andrea Campbell in Buenos Aires

Petroleum producer YPF, Argentina's largest company, is negotiating with Chilean energy company Endesa and CMS Energy of the US to become a third partner in a \$400m gas pipeline project linking northern Argenting and Chile.

According to Jose Yuraszeck, Endesa president, YPF is on the brink of taking a 20 per cent share in the Atacama gas pipeline, currently owned equally by Endesa and CMS Energy.

cautious, saying negotlations are still "very green". After two months of talks, the terms of the deal are still not "compatible with the company's strategy regarding its northern gas

However, YPF is more

YPF president. YPF operates a network in north-west Argentina that supplies gas to private clients and distribution companies.

deposits," said Nells Leon,

If a deal is reached, YPF would provide gas for the 925km pipeline to be operated by CMS Energy. To complement the pipeline, Endesa will build two 600MW electricity plants, at an additional cost of

Bank of America agrees alliance

By Tracy Corrigan in New York

Bank of America and DE Shaw have announced a strategic relationship that will give the third-largest US bank access to the derivatives expertise of the private Wall Street concern.

As a result of the agreement, first reported in Monday's Financial Times. Bank of America's corporate clients will be offered an expanded range of coultyrelated products, including ance. convertible bonds, equity warrants, options and cus- taken an equity stake in the tomised derivative instru- company.

ments. "Going forward, this new nicely to grow our equity-re- broaden its product line, and the traditional roles of com- spate of recent bid rumours, mercial and investment as the consolidation of the verge," said Mr David Coulter, chief executive officer of Bank of America.

writing rules which had versity in New York. barred commercial banks from securities underwrit- cial strength and global relaing. But its rivals, Chase and Citibank, are farther ahead in the battle to win capital markets business from the investment banks.

"It's a piece of the pie," said Ms Cris Larson, the senior vice-president of Bank of America responsible for managing the relationship. "We have been looking for a creative way to get into the equity-linked business."

Bank of America officials declined to comment on the precise structure of the deal, but said that as part of the agreement the bank is providing DE Shaw with some debt financing and will share earnines from the alli-

Bank of America has not

The bank has said in the past it would consider buyrelationship positions us ing other companies to lated product offerings, as has been the subject of a banks continue to con- US financial services industry gathers pace.

DE Shaw is a private investment banking group Bank of America entered founded in 1988 by Mr David the bond underwriting bust. Shaw, a former faculty memness three years ago, follow- ber of the computer science ing a relaxation of under- department at Columbia Uni-

"Bank of America's finantionships should provide significant new market opportunities for a number of our current businesses, said Mr Shaw.

NOTICE

The United Mexican States **Value Recovery Rights, Series A** NOTICE IS HEREBY GIVEN pursuant to the Fis Agency Agreement dated as of March 28, 1990 (the "Agr ment") under which the above Rights were issued that Fiscal Agent has received a Calculation Report for the P.

ment Date occurring on March 31, 1997 from the Internatio Monetary Fund, as Calculation Agent for the Rights under Agreement, setting forth the following amounts: Current Oil Price Current Oll Revenues Excess Base Revenues Excess Price Revenues

March 14, 1997

USS USS 2.513.274.65 US\$ US\$ 67.270.53 Based upon the Calculation Report the Fiscal Agent calculated for said Payment Date the following amounts

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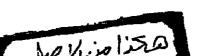
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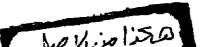
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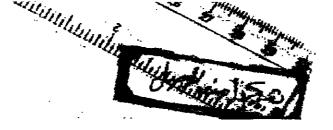
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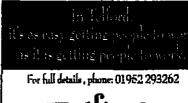




FINANCIAL TIMES

COMPANIES & MARKETS

Friday March 14 1997



Telford.

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Enterprise Oil profits up 40%

Enterprise Oil became the FTSE 100's best performer as it announced a 40 per cent increase in net profits and damped speculation that it was planning an imminent takeover. The group ruled out bids for British Borneo and Monument but indicated it would pounce if it found a suitable target. Page 23

Magna buys 75% stake in Georg Naher Magna International, the Toronto-based car parts maker, has agreed to buy a 75 per cent stake in Georg Naher, a lossmaking German smplier of carpeting and insulation. Page 18

Kradiothank insists on independence Krediethank, Belgium's second biggest, quashed rumours that it was considering a merger with French bank Crédit Commercial de France. insisting it would remain independent. Page 20

AGF looks for non-life partner AGF, the French insurer which was privatised last year, is considering an acquisition or partnership in non-life personal insurance. Page 20

Sports company sues former employees ISL, the Lucerne-based sports marketing company that won the SFr2.8bn (\$1.9bn) rights con-tract for the 2002 and 2006 World Cups in partnership with German media group Kirch, is taking legal action in the Swiss courts against three of its former executives. Page 21

Sharp improvement at Coles Myer Coles Myer, Australia's biggest retailer. announced a sharp improvement in first-half earnings, with operating profits from its retail operations rising 20.9 per cent to A\$397.2m (US\$315.7m). Page 22

Japanese watchdog probes Dalwa Daiwa Securities, one of Japan's Big Four brokerages, confirmed it was being inspected by the Securities and Exchange Surveillance Commission, Japan's securities watchdog. Page 22

Pasminco preparing for rights issue Pasminco, the Australian group that is the world's biggest zinc producer, is so sure the long delayed Century project in Queensland will go shead soon that it is preparing a rights issue.

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New inti bond issues

Recent Issues, UK

Short-term int raise

32 US Interest rates Chief price changes yesterday

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Crédit Lyonnais plans stake sale

By Andrew Jack in Paris and

©THE FINANCIAL TIMES LIMITED 1997

Troubled bank seeks bidders for Irish leasing business

Crédit Lyonnais, the troubled based leasing business.

The move is one of the most important sell-offs triggered by Commission in 1995.

Investment Bank were appointed joint advisers for what will be the largest ever acquisition in the Irish market, bigger than the I£286m of Irish Distillers by Pernod Ricard in 1988.

The expansion led to huge

ing a full bid, which at yesterday's Dublin close of I£2.85 would value it at 1£605m (\$940m). Crédit Lyonnais acquired an initial 30 per cent stake in the business in 1990 as part of its rapid expansion plans under Mr Jean-Yves Haberer, the former chairman.

However, under the terms of a restructuring plan negoti-ated with the French government, it agreed to sell more than one-third of its non-do-

than the group had expected,

and makes Ciba Specialty

Chemicals one of Switzerland's

top 10 companies. Mr Meyer

estimated that about 50 per

cent of the group's sharehold-

ers were Swiss; 20 per cent

were from the UK: and

between 10 per cent and 15 per

Mr John Owen of UBS, one

of Ciba's advisers, said that,

contrary to some spin-offs, the

deal had created real value for

Novartis shareholders, who

received one share in Ciba Spe-

cialty Chemicals for every

Novartis share. After deduct-

ing a SFr10 per share nominal

payment, Novartis sharehold-

ers now own a share worth

Mr Owen estimated that

after adjusting for a slight fall

in the Novartis share price

since its shares went ex-divi-

dend on February 26, the net

effect of the transaction had

been to create SFr6bn of extra

value for Novartis shareholders. He said that rights to

Following yesterday's stock

market debut, the shares of

Ciba Specialty Chemicals are

trading at about 16 times pro-

spective 1998 earnings, which

is a premium to most of the

competition. The group, with annual sales of SFr6.7bn,

cent from the US.

SFT106.5.

price was struck at a premium 25.6m of the company's 72.1m

The group's market value of employs over 20,000 staff and

SFr8.4bn, based on yesterday's has manufacturing sites in 29

rights issue floor price set last terday's stock market debut.

non-strategic operations by the end of 1998.

1995 of CLBN, its Dutch banking subsidiary, to Générale de Banque for FFr4hn (\$697m). It comes as the French government faces domestic and European criticism over a second rescue plan for Crédit

The government is in talks with European Union officials in Brussels and is seeking approval for further state aid

While the government has per share of 17.4p and a proplayed down the total value of the rescue, Mr Patrick Devedjian, the head of the National Assembly finance commission, estimated on Wednesday that the cost to the taxpayer for

mately reach FFr130bn. Woodchester yesterday reported pre-tax profits up 22 per cent to 1£41.3m, compared with I£36.4m in 1995. With the company reporting a strong start to 1997, brokers adjusted forecasts to about 1950.5m, That would put the company on prospective 1997 earnings

Crédit Lyonnais could ulti-

spective price earnings ratio of

UK bank Abbey National and GE Capital, General Electric of the US's leasing arm. emerged as possible bidders for Woodchester

Crédit Lyonnais acquired its stake in Woodchester as part of the restructuring of British & Commonwealth, the financial services company put into administration in 1990. The French bank originally took over part of the B&C stake, building up through a series of placings to control 54 per cent.

D-Mark bonds

rate raised

on Russian

By Edward Luce in London

The Russian government bowed to market scepticism yesterday by agreeing to pay a higher-than-expected interes rate premium to buyers of its debut D-Mark bond issue.

The seven-year eurobond which was only the second international bond to be issued by Russia since the Bolshevik revolution in 1917, was priced more generously than the mar kets had anticipated.

At an annual coupon of 9 per cent – considerably above the 8.75 per cent which had been rumoured in the markets – the bond was priced to yield 200 basis points (a basis point is a hundredth of a percentage point) more than an equivalent seven-year issue by the Venezuelan government last month. This mirrors the deterioration in bond market sentiment over the past two weeks.

"We needed to hit the psychological number of 9 per cent to attract investors," said an official from Credit Suisse First Boston, which managed yesterday's deal with Deutsche Morgan Grenfell. "We decided it would be better to offer a more generous spread [risk premium] after talking extensively with investors."

The offering, which became the largest emerging market bond issued in D-Marks, was priced 3.7 percentage points higher than equivalent German government bonds. But in contrast to Russia's debut US\$1bn eurobond last vear. syndicate officials were unable to sell the entire offering on the day of the launch.

Market traders said that worry over the possibility of a rise in US interest rates at the next meeting of the Federal Reserve on March 25 had damped investor demand. J.P. Morgan's emerging market bond index, which measures the average spread of emerging market debt on the second-390 basis points to 450 basis points in the last two weeks.

"Considering how unlucky the timing was for Russia, the issue actually went quite well," one syndicate manager in London said yesterday. Russia plans to issue another US\$2bn in eurobonds this year.

Capital markets, Page 24

John Murray Brown in Dublin

French state-owned bank, yesterday put up for sale its stake in Woodchester, the Dublin-

a rescue plan for the bank approved by the European Goldman Sachs and Chase

Woodchester, which pro-

By William Hall in Zurich

Shareholders of Novartis, the

recently formed Swiss pharma-

ceutical giant, have gained

about SFr6bn (\$4bn) from the

spin-off of the group's Ciba Specialty Chemicals operation,

which began trading on the

Swiss stock market yesterday.

Chemicals, which had been

priced at SFr110 in a global

offering associated with the

spin-off, started trading at

SFr113 yesterday and closed

5.9 per cent higher at SFr116.5

The rise in the group's share

price on a day that the Swiss

Market Index dropped 66.3

points, or 1.42 per cent, was

regarded by Ciba's advisers as

confirmation of the success of

one of the world's biggest and

most complex corporate spin-

The SFr330m global offering,

which underpinned the

spin-off, was more than 10

times subscribed and the issue

72 per cent above a SFr64

Mr Rolf Meyer, the compa-

ny's chairman, said that the

success of the global offer had

"clearly indicated strong inter-

national interest" in the

world's biggest specialty chem-

closing share price, was higher countries.

in heavy volume.

month.

icals company.

The shares of Ciba Specialty

Ciba Specialty

Chemicals shares

increase by 5.9%

The transaction is the sec-

vides motor and office equip-ment leasing services, is invitond largest after the sale in

for the bank which could Novartis investors gain \$4bn as spin-off company makes successful Swiss debut



Rolf Meyer: he said the success of the global offer had 'clearly indicated strong international

Matsushita picks London as European headquarters

By Michiyo Nakamoto in Tokyo and Stefan Wagstyl

Matsushita, the Japanese consumer electronics group, is due next month to establish a regional headquarters in London to integrate its 16 European sales and financial operations before European monetary union.

Matsushita, known for its National, Panasonic, Quasar and Technics brands, said the new holding company would help the group's regional operations to respond quickly to the rapid changes expected in Europe in the near future. Europe accounts for 10 per

tainty over the UK's participa-tion in Emu was a factor in the decision. In January, Mr Hiroshi Okuda, president of Toyota Motor, said the group would not expand its investments in the UK if the country stayed out of Emu. Toyota already has its European regional headquarters in Brussels.

Matsushita's new company, with 100 employees and capitalised at £153m, is due to begin operating on April 1. It will be responsible for promoting a pan-European strategy for sales, distribution, services. marketing and financing matters. It will not supervise the group's manufacturing in Europe. 1.

Large Japanese companies It did not say whether uncer- have chosen various centres in methods.

Europe for regional headquar ters, with no apparent consideration of local political issues. The largest concentration may be in Düsseldorf where Nippon Steel, Kawasaki Heavy Industries. Hitachi and Sharpe have offices. Nissan Motor and Canon are based in Amsterdam, Sony in Cologne, Pioneer in Brussels and Toshiba, NEC

and Oki Electric in the UK. Matsushita believes it can raise efficiency and reduce costs in Europe by regional handling of issues such as prospective changes to consolidated taxation across national borders, improved flow of goods across borders arising from greater market integration and better fund-raising

Transamerica to reorganise

OUL

ers", he said.

Profits of Transamerica's

\$92.5m in 1985. Last year saw

special loss provisions of \$72m.

By John Authers in New York

Transamerica, the San Francisco-based financial services company, is to sell its consumer finance operations in a move which will radically restructure the group.

The company said the sale. covering a total loan portfolio of about \$3.6bn, a network of 420 branch offices spread across 44 states and other new, centralised real estateassets of about \$100m, was secured lending business." The boost shareholder value. Most would be "very attractive to a of the proceeds will be used to buy back shares. Separately, Transamerica

\$550m of loans, including sharply last year with operat- company's shares gained \$8% about \$300m remaining from \$1.1bn of assets which were egregated last year.

Mr Frank Herringer, chief executive, said: "We have had

a strategy in place since the provisions had been made the third quarter of 1996 to convert portfolio of loans on offer was clean and should be attractive consumer lending to potential buvers. operations from a branch-Goldman Sachs, the investbased system to a more centralised business model."

ment bank, has been retained He said the company would to find a buyer. Transamerica carry out the strategy "by sellhopes to complete the transacing substantially all of the tion by the end of June. Apart existing business and redeployfrom share buy-backs, the proing our capital while moving ceeds of the sale will also be ahead with a plan to build a used to pay down debt and to fund the new business. The company's other core busimotivated by an attempt to consumer finance operation nesses of life insurance and commercial lending, including wide universe of potential buyleasing, will remain unaffected.

The move was well received will also sell or liquidate consumer lending business fell on the stock market, where the ing income of \$26.9m, against to \$91% in early trading. Ratings agencies were less impressed, with Moody's placup from \$12m in 1995. The ing Transamerica on review company said that after these for a possible downgrade.



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By Neil Buckley in Brussels

Kredietbank. Belgium's or alliance opportunities. second biggest, yesterday was to remain independent.

net profits, after minority and a foreign bank. interests, from BFr11.55bn to BFr13.11bn (\$374m) - at the bank might deepen its relatop end of expectations.

Mr Marcel Cockaerts, pres- it already holds a small ident, said Kredietbank's stake, was fuelled by publi-

Europe is falling behind

tion technology, Mr Gerhard

Schulmever, the chief execu-

Grove, Intel chief executive,

at the Davos World Eco-

nomic Summit earlier this

over yesterday, said the rela-

tively slow adoption of IT

senior European IT execu-tive to acknowledge a widen-He als

warned yesterday.

stand-alone strategy had not changed, although the bank would examine any merger

The idea of a "Grande quashed rumours that it was Banque Belge" capable of considering a merger with competing in a single-Crédit Commercial de currency Europe has France, saying its strategy recently been rekindled, with rumours of a merger The bank also announced between two large Belgian a 13.5 per cent increase in banks or between a Belgian

> Speculation that Krediettionship with CCF, in which

Siemens Nixdorf warns

He highlighted figures

forecast that the IT market

pared with growth rates of

He also said that in

ably less than in the US and

Japan. In Germany, he said,

IT spending per worker is

on IT for each employee. "If

we keep going this way we

ular, "We may never catch willing to take quick deci-

making.

Europe behind in IT

North America and Asia in from International Data Cor-

its application of informa-tion technology, Mr Gerhard research organisation, which

tive of Siemens Nixdorf in Europe would grow only

Informationssysteme, 7.5 per cent this year com-

Mr Schulmeyer is the most 13 per cent in North America

ing technology gap first Europe as a whole IT spend-highlighted by Mr Andy ing per worker was consider-

rear. half the ratio in the US, Mr Schulmeyer, speaking where IDC figures show

Asia-Pacific region in partic- technology and are more cent.

at the CeBit IT fair in Han- about \$2,000 a year is spent

compared the merits of a fell from 61 per cent to 57.5 Banque, Belgium's biggest, international standards and BBL, the number three, and is projected to fall again with one between Krediet- this year. bank and CCF.

Mr Cockaerts added that Kredietbank had nothing to fear from remaining independent in the face of a possible merger of its competitors. There were advantages, be said, in being "quick and

lining its business processes

sions. In contrast, European executives hide behind slow

and bureaucratic decision

The outspoken SNI chief

executive also warned that

labour laws in Germany and

elsewhere in Europe slowed

investment processes.
In spite of this and other

factors such as the strong

dollar, Mr Schulmeyer said

Siemens Nixdorf was con-

tinuing to make progress,

"in a market in which most

of the other leading vendors

Since the start of SNI's fis-

cal year in October, the

worth DM6bn (\$3.53bn), a 13

stagnated or declined".

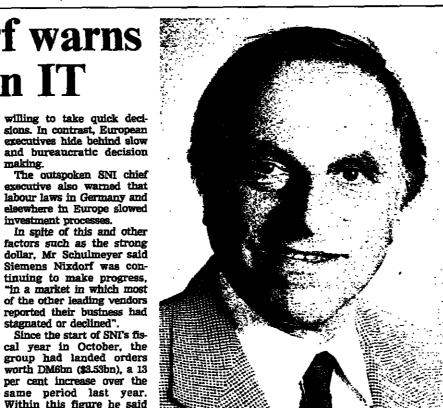
Kredietbank was also reducing its reliance on its domestic retail network by expanding specialist activities, such as trade and project finance, as well as its international business.

Gross income increased 20 per cent from BFr65.3bn to The bank was stream- BFr78.4bn, with interest income up almost 12 per BFr235, is to be paid.

cation of a note by James to push costs down even fur- cent. Other income, include Capel, the stockbroker. This ther. The cost/income ratio ing profits and commission on foreign exchange and merger between Générale de per cent in 1996 - low by securities, rose almost 44 per

Operating costs increased 13 per cent to BFr45.0bn. Provisions and write-downs climbed 34 per cent to Bf715.54bn, including BFribn to cover the costs of transition to a single Euronean currency and adjusting computer programs to cope with the year 2000.

An interim dividend of BFr265 a share, up from



Gerhard Schulmeyer: Europe 'may never catch up' in IT

per cent increase over the same period last year. systems in Europe was, "a can bury ourselves," he said. serious issue for Siemens Mr Schulmeyer blamed Nixdorf and a serious issue business managers for the Within this figure he said for Europe". He warned that failure to invest sufficiently German orders grew 11 per if IT spending continued to in IT. In the US, he said, cent to DM3.5bn, while interlag behind the US and the managers grow up using national orders grew 15 per

Portugal Telecom seeks global partner

By Peter Wise in Lisbon

Portugal Telecom is to decide by April 15 on an international partnership that will involve selling a holding of up to 5 per cent of the group to a global telecommunications alliance. The company said it would sell a "symbolic" holding to Global One, Concert or Unisource.

"All are willing to acquire a small of 26 per cent of the total capital will tional telecommunications traffic as alliance as something more than a to 25 per cent. mere distribution agreement," the company said.

may be acquired by reserving a alisation of Portugal's telecommunitranche of a third global offering of cations market in 2000.

will make it more market-orientated The stake in Portugal Telecom in preparation for the complete liber-

the group, which is expected in September, the company said. The sale it maintain its volume of internation on the choice. It wants an alliance that will help Brothers are advising Portugal Tele-

stake in our group to cement the reduce state ownership of the group liberalisation increases competition. The company also seeks an alli-The group wants a partner that ance that will complement and add value to its investments in Brazil,

Africa and Asia. Deutsche Morgan Grenfell, N. M. Rothschild and Salomon **AGF** looks for non-life partner

By Andrew Jack

AGF, the French insurer which was privatised last year, is considering an acquisition or partnership in non-life personal insurance.

In an interview, Mr Antoine Jeancourt-Galignani, chairman, said such a move could come in response to the tougher competition in this sector as a result of the recent merger between rival French insurers Axa and

He hinted that AGF might be interested in the rival Athéna group and the troubled state-owned GAN insurance group, but stressed that "it is not GAN, Athena or death". Other options, including the development of new distribution channels, were possible.

He said AGF's sale this month of its controlling stake in SAFR, the French reinsurer - largely because it had decided to withdraw from reinsurance – had provided his group with "liquidity" which could be used for an acquisition.

His comments came as AGF reported net profits up 42 per cent to PFrl.5bn (\$261m) in 1996, and a dividend of FFr5 a share.

The insurer's return on equity of 6.8 per cent still leaves considerable room for improvement to meet its objective of a 10 per cent return by 1999.

However, Mr Jeancourt-Galignani said the ratio was aiready close to that level before accounting for a series of exceptional charges

There has been speculation recently that AGF is a target for takeover, which has pushed up the insurer's share price. But Mr Jeancourt-Galignani said there would be no "economic logic" to an acquisition at the current share price, and warned that an acquirer would face the prospect a hostile bid resisted by AGF's

EUROPEAN NEWS DIGEST

Outside chance of Fokker relaunch

Benelux business groups seeking to relaunch Fokker, the bankrupt aircraft maker, yesterday reached outline agreement with its receivers and the Dutch government allowing them to enter talks on a consortium bid with Khazanah Nasional, Malaysia's state investment vehicle. Khazanah has said it would be willing to become the largest single partner in such a deal.

Mr Hans Wijers, economy minister, told parliament the memorandum of understanding envisaged the state participating through a substantial amount in the risk bearing capital of the undertaking". He warned that a estart a year after Fokker's collapse "seems to be near the boundaries of what in practice is still possible".

Short Brothers of Northern Ireland, which produced the wings for Fokker's range of regional jets, is willing to sell its mothballed production line to the consortium, which includes a company controlled by Mr André Deleye, a Belgian who also heads Begemann, a Dutch industrial investment group. The other participant is Stork, the industrial group which last summer paid F1 302.5m for Fokker's profitable parts and maintenance operations. Under the plan, the new Fokker Aircraft company would buy back Fokker Services, which accounted for about 40 per cent of Fokker Aviation's estimated Fi 600m annual revenues.

Gordon Cromb American Gordon Cromb, Amsterdam

Union Minière returns to black

Union Minière, the Belgian non-ferrous metals group, yesterday reported its first net annual profit since 1990. Profits for 1996 were BFr391m (\$11.14m), compared with a loss of BFr954m the previous year. However, current profits declined from BFr1.81bn to BFr1.60bn as the rise of the US dollar and improved commercial terms were offset by a decrease in metals prices and poorer performances from the group's diamond subsidiaries. Extraordinary costs fell from BFr2.20bn to BFr924m, as the company moved into a new three-year restructuring plan, including cutting the 1,800 workforce by 375. Neil Buckley, Brussels

Royale Belge in Axa talks

Royale Belge, Belgium's second-largest insurance group. refused to speculate yesterday on whether it would merge with Axa Belgium, the sixth-largest, but said it hoped to clarify its future before the annual shareholders' meeting in May. Royale Belge has long been the Benelux arm of France's UAP, which jointly controls it with Groupe Bruxelles Lambert, the Belgian holding company.

But the merger last year of UAP with Axa has provoked intense interest in the possibility of a merger of UAP and Axa's interests in Belgium. Mr Jean-Pierre Gérard, Royale Belge managing director, yesterday echoed the comments of Axa Belgium chief Mr Patrick de Courcel last week, saying a working party was examining the possible synergies between the two groups.

Royale Belge yesterday reported 1996 net profits up from BFr6.2hn to BFr11.3hn (\$321m), including a BFr4.2hn exceptional gain from the sale of its stake in Tractebel to Société Générale de Belgique. Neil Buckley and agencies

Foreign activities lift Linde

Linde, the German industrial group, said net profits rose 10.4 per cent to DM396m (\$238m) - or DM44.10 a share last year, on a 6.2 per cent rise in turnover to DM8.8bn. The better-than-forecast earnings growth was attributable Sarah Althaus, Frankfurt to foreign activities.



SALE OF STRATEGIC RESERVES OF CRUDE OIL AND PETROLEUM PRODUCTS, BUILT UP UNDER LAW No. 22 FEBRUARY 10, 1981 OF THE REPUBLIC OF ITALY

Enis.p.A.

- in execution of the provision of article 2, paragraph 112 of Law no. 662 of December 23. 1996. with which it is charged with the task of providing the sale of the strategic reserves of crude oil and petroleum products, built up under Law no. 22 of February 10, 1981 of the Republic of Italy, and existing on the date of coming into force of the above-mentioned Law 662/96;

considering that, pursuant to article 1 of the decree of the Italian Ministry of Industry of April 4, 1985, the strategic reserves of crude oil and petroleum products have been transferred to Sogesco S.p.A. and that, pursuant to article 3 of the same decree, the same Sogesco S.p.A. has, in its own name and on behalf and in the interest of the State, taken over the management of the strategic reserves, taking its place in all credit and debit relations;

considering the decree of the Italian Ministry of Industry of March 7, 1997, with which ENI S.p.A. has been authorized to charge Sogesco S.p.A. with the task of selling the strategic reserves of crude oil and petroleum products and of making all the operations related to the sale;

ANNOUNCES

THE SALE, BY ITS CONTROLLED SOGESCO S.p.A., OF THE FOLLOWING SEPARATE LOTS OF SAID PRODUCTS, AS DESCRIBED BELOW, TO BE OBTAINED ACCORDING TO THE INDICATIONS GIVEN FURTHER ON

AND THEREFORE REQUESTS THE PRESENTATION OF PROPOSALS TO ACQUIRE

lot no.	Product	Delivery	Quantity	Prop	erty title
JOL HO.	Froduct	base	(Kt)	date	mode
1	automotive gasoil	Volpiano	5	april 28 '97	stock transfer
2	heating gasoil	Volpiano	2	april 28 '97	stock transfer
3	gasoline 0,15 Pb	Volpiano	3	april 28 '97	stock transfer
4	automotive gasoil	Volpiano	5	may 13 '97	stock transfer
5	heating gasoil	Volpiano	2	may 13 '97	stock transfer
6	gasoline 0,15 Pb	Volpiano	_ 3	may 13 '97	stock transfer
7	automotive gasoil	Volpiano	_ 5	may 27 '97	stock transfer
8	heating gasoil	Volpiano	_ 2	may 27 '97	stock transfer
9	gasoline 0,15 Pb	Volpiano	3	may 27 '97	stock transfer
10	automotive gasoil	Volpiano	5	june 10 '97	stock transfer
11	heating gasoil	Volpiano	_2	june 10 '97	stock transfer
12	gasoline 0,15 Pb	Volpiano	3	june 10 '97	stock transfer
13	automotive gasoil	Volpiano	5	june 24 '97	stock transfer
14	heating gasoil	Volpiano	5 2	june 24 '97	stock transfer
15	gasoline 0,15 Pb	Volpiano	3	june 24 '97	stock transfer
16	automotive gasoil	Volpiano	5	july 8 '97	stock transfer
17	gasoline 0,15 Pb	Ravenna	3	april 28 '97	stock transfer
18	gasoline 0,15 Pb	Ravenna	3	may 13 '97	stock transfer
19	gasoline 0,15 Pb	Ravenna	3	may 27 '97	stock transfer
20	gasoline 0,15 Pb	Ravenna	3	june 10 '97	stock transfer
21	gasoline 0,15 Pb	Ravenna	3	june 24 '97	stock transfer
22	gasoline 0,15 Pb	Gaeta	ca 17	may 6-10 '97	FOB
23	gasoline 0,15 Pb	Gaeta	ca 17	may 12-16 '97	FOB
24	gasoline 0,15 Pb	Gaeta	ca 17	may 19-23 '97	FOB
25	gasoline 0,15 Pb	Gaeta	ca 17	may 26-30 '97	FOB
26	gasoil 0,05% S	Gaeta	ca 25	june 2-6 '97	FOB
27	Saudi crude	Priolo	ca 100	may 6-8 '97	FOB
28	Saudi crude	Milazzo	ca 105	may 21-23 '97 -	FOB

Terms and conditions of the proposals to acquire

The proposals to acquire must correspond to the terms and characteristics indicated below:

 Each interested party who will apply by March 20, 1997, by fax to the address indicated below, will be sent a prepared text - with a notary's confirmation that such text conforms with the official text on file at the same notary's office - for presenting the proposal to acquire. Applications shall be sent to:

> SOGESCO S.p.A. c/o ENI S.p.A. P.ie Enrico Mattei 1 - 00144 ROME, ITALY fax +39-6-5982-2559 tel +39-6-5982,2481

- Each request for the prepared text must indicate for which lot or lots the applicant intends to present a proposal to acquire;
- Each irrevocable and guaranteed proposal to acquire shall be presented by filling in the afore-mentioned prepared text;
- Each proposal shall refer to only one of the lots described above; each interested party may send propo-
- Each proposal shall be covered by a guarantee deposit as a guarantee of its irrevocability; the envelope containing the proposal shall also contain a copy of the document certifying the payment made. Alternatively, the guarantee deposit may be replaced by an unconditional and first demand guarantee issued in favor of Sogesco S.p.A. by a major banking company operating in Italy, to be included in the envelope containing the proposal;
- Each proposal shall be contained in a sealed envelope, bearing the following wording on the outside: "VENDITA DI SCORTE PETROLIFERE EX LEGE 662/96" (SALE OF OIL RESERVES AS PER LAW
- The proposals to acquire must be delivered to the following address by and no later than 12 noon on

Studio Notarile Castellini Via Tomacelli, 132 - 00186 ROME, ITALY Attn. Notaio Paolo Castellini

Proposals which do not conform to the above-indicated elements and terms, or which are presented for prices lower than the base prices of the lots to which they refer, resulting from the application of the formulas contained in the afore-mentioned texts on file or which are presented on the basis of texts different from the ones sent to the applicants, shall not be accepted.

Sale procedure

After receipt of the proposals, the sale shall proceed as indicated below.

By April 21, 1997 Sogesco S.p.A., before Notary Public, will open the envelopes received and will announce, for each lot, the acceptance of the proposal to acquire indicating the highest price to the party which presented it. These communications shall be made via telex, with subsequent confirmation by registered letter with advice of receipt. The contract of sale shall be considered concluded with the receipt, by the proposing party, of the telex from Sogesco.

If the highest proposals received for any lot are of equal prices, the winning proposal shall be chosen in a drawing which will take place before a notary public.

The purchaser shall present to Sogesco the guarantees indicated in the prepared text of the proposal.

Failing presentation to Sogesco of the above-said guarantees by the specified deadline, the contract shall be considered automatically cancelled and Sogesco shall be entitled to keep as a penalty the deposit received, or to avail itself of the unconditional bank guarantee.

The deposits and bank guarantees regarding the rejected proposals shall be returned to the respective bidders after conclusion of the contracts of sale for the various lots and after receipt of the related guarantees for payment of the price.

Whilst every reasonable effort has been made to ensure that this announcement accurately reflects the Italian text of the announcement appearing in "il Sole 24 Ore" and other Italian newspapers on March 14, 1997, in the event of any discrepancy the Italian text shall prevail.

This announcement is subject to Italian law.

In the event of disputes the competent court is exclusively the Court of Rome.

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A STRATEGIC BUSINESS COMBINATION

> Marsh & MCLENNAN **COMPANIES**

JOHNSON

To Our Clients, Shareholders, Markets and Friends:

We are pleased to announce that Marsh & McLennan Companies, Inc. and Johnson & Higgins have agreed to join forces in a strategic business combination forming a company that will be preeminent in three businesses: risk and insurance services, consulting and investment management.

Marsh & McLennan and Johnson & Higgins have been among the world's leading insurance broking firms since the 19th century. Both of our companies are exceptionally well positioned globally, and we both are highly regarded for our excellent client service. Our operations complement each other in different areas of specialization and global presence. By combining, we will offer our clients enhanced depth and reach, our employees more opportunities for advancement, and our shareholders continued profitability and growth.

We are optimistic and enthusiastic about the future of the insurance broking business and our role in that business. Changes in the rapidly growing and increasingly competitive global marketplace have created new challenges and opportunities, requiring service firms with great reach, innovation, quality of service and financial strength. This strategic business combination responds to those requirements, combining two firms with compatible cultures, up-to-date technology, dedication to quality, global operations and talented professionals.

Excellent client service has always been the hallmark for both Marsh & McLennan and Johnson & Higgins. Our combination should position us to respond more effectively to the increasing and more complex risks and problems our clients encounter and to compete successfully with all the potential competitors in our market.

Looking to the future, our shareholders, clients and employees can anticipate Marsh & McLennan Companies' continued strategic growth and development as a worldwide professional services firm responding to the changing needs of our clients and of a competitive marketplace.

Sincerely,

agcsmik

A.J.C. Smith Chairman and Chief Executive Officer Marsh & McLennan Companies

David A. Olsen Chairman and Chief Executive Officer Johnson & Higgins

VSNL finally ready to tap market

Roadshows for the Indian telecommunications group's long-delayed GDR issue are under way

long-awaited Global Depositary Receipt offering by Videsh Sanchar Nigam (VSNL), India's sole provider of international telecommunications, have finally been launched, ending one of the longestcapital market.

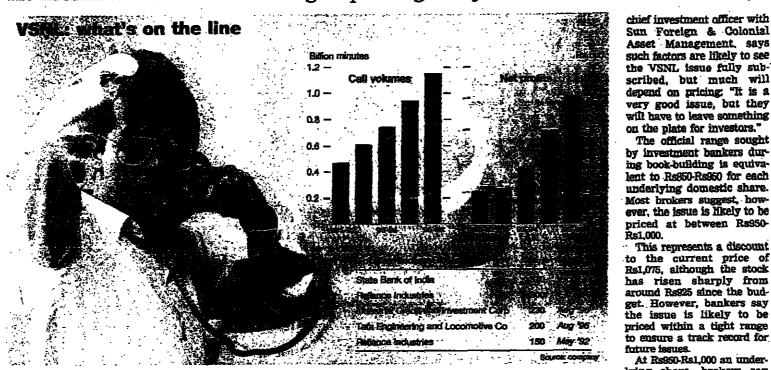
For nearly three years. VSNL has sought to tap the international market with the country's largest GDR offering. The postponements and delays to the issue however, have been such that one broker suggested the state-controlled VSNL should be renamed "Very Sorry No Listing".

Finally, however, the issue has hit the market with 37.8m GDRs - representing 18.9m underlying domestic shares - offered to international investors, to raise about \$500m to \$540m.

The amount is modest compared with other impending issues from telecoms companies in the next Telecom (\$10bn), Telstra of Australia (\$6bn), Singapore Telecom (\$3bn) and Tele Danmark (\$2bn).

For India, though, the issue is one of the most sigtors were allowed to purchase Indian equities in the early 1990s, and not just because it far surpasses the country's previous largest GDR offering last October, in which State Bank of India

The government has set a target of raising Rs48bn



India's fiscal deficit from 5 fund managers were "under per cept to 4.5 per cent. allocations to the Indian market because they were waiting to assess the budget. pick up the pace of partialprivatisation issues. The

With the turnround in VSNL offering is expected to be the only such issue this market sentiment since the year, which means the government will fall far short of the country's most promiraising its target of Rs50bn nent equities indicator, has through partial privatisarisen 8 per cent – fund managers are under pressure to The VSNL issue will be increase their exposure to the first test of the interna-Indian equities, and the VSNL issue offers a tional appetite for Indian

blue-chip vehicle to do this. Mr Manish Singhai, analyst with Caspian, the stock broker, says VSNL offers one Brokers say demand for of the "strongest investment (\$1.34bn) from such issues in the issue has been strong stories" in India. He points the year to March 1998, as during the road shows, and out that it is one of the last part of its plans to reduce that many international international long-distance

Pacific region, with an exclusive licence until 2004.

Indian government earlier this year, its margins are largely protected for the next five years, in spite of expected reductions in international call tariffs, which will affect other carriers. Mr

s such, an expected 20-25 per cent growth in call volumes over the next few years should be reflected in earnings growth for VSNL. This growth in call volumes is expected to follow the continued development of Indian telecoms.

Following a revenue-shar- 62.27 in the US, 16.56 in Maling deal struck with the aysia, 5.93 in Thailand, 3.35 in China, and L64 in Pakistan. The Department of Telecommunications forecasts a

near-doubling of telephone

lines over the next five

years, from about 12m to

Call volumes are expected to be boosted by the reduction of international tariffs. and by increasing reliability in the Indian network, where only 34 per cent of incoming calls are connected. The growth of private operators providing domestic services

should also swell volumes.

ASIA-PACIFIC NEWS DIGEST

DDI revises forecasts upwards

DDI. Japan's second largest long-distance telecommunications carrier, has revised upwards its recurring profit forecasts as a result of a cut in charges for access to NTT's local line network. The company is now projecting parent recurring profits of Y67.5bn (\$550m) for the year to March 31, compared with a previous estimate of Y60hn. Profit after tax is expected to reach Y36.5hn, up from Y34hn. It will pay an annual dividend of Y1,790, raised from Y1,380 in the previous year.

The improvement in the company's profitability derives from the reduction of about 12 per cent in the access charges levied by NTT, which controls 99 per cent of the domestic market. However, DDI said revenue had dropped because of lower call charges, and sales would now be Y548bn rather than Y555bn as forecast. DDI reported a pre-tax profit of Y57.7bn in the year to March 1996 on

At group level, which incorporates DDI's nine Personal Handy Phone subsidiaries, and its regional cellular phone companies, the benefits of cuts in access charges was even more marked. The company revised upwards its group recurring profit sevenfold to Y22bn from Y3bn and cut its projected net loss from Y35bn to Y26bn.

Mr Tod Wood, analyst at ING Barings, said the new forecast was a little bit better than expected. He said revenues had been increasing for the PHS and cellular phone subsidiaries, but so had the costs incurred in generating them, mainly as a result of commissions paid

Telstra lead managers chosen

Australia's federal government announced yesterday it was appointing a mixture of Australian, European and US investment banking groups to manage the proposed flotation of a third of Telstra, the country's biggest telecommunications group. The global co-ordinators will be CS First Boston, with responsibility for the Americas; ABN-Amro Rothschild of the Netherlands, which will handle Europe; and J.B. Were, the Australian stockbroking firm. They will be supported by four joint lead managers: Deutsche Morgan Grenfell (Europe), Goldman Sachs/Macquarie Bank (Americas), Ord Minnett (Australia) and Japan's Daiwa (rest of the world).

The Telstra sale will be the largest privatisation yet in Australia: 29 firms submitted proposals for the lead roles The sale is expected to raise at least A\$8bn (US\$6.4bn) for the government, the sole owner. Yesterday, Mr John Fahey, finance minister, said: "Through the assistance of these people, I want to get Telstra ready for the market

WMC to sell Kupe stake

WMC, the Australian resources group, has agreed to sell its 40 per cent stake in the Kupe energy joint venture, off New Zealand's North Island, to Auckland-based Fletcher Challenge Energy, for A\$34m (US\$27m). The deal is the final element to WMC's plan to sell most of its oil and gos assets. It has already agreed to sell its US interests for US\$270.5m, and its Australian assets for at least A\$183m.

Mt Leyshon Gold shares leap

Shares in Mt Leyshon Gold Mines, in which Normandy has a 75.6 per cent stake, jumped 23 cents to A\$2.35 yesterday, after St Barbara Mines, another goldminer, bid for all the shares on Wednesday. St Barbara has said the deal would create a "significant" gold company, with annual gold production of around 350,000 ounces, and that preliminary discussions have indicated that Mt Leyshon would be "receptive" to an offer.

Manila utility rises 15%

Manila Electric Company (Meralco), the Philippines' largest distribution utility, lifted net profits 15 per cent to 5.06hn pesos (\$192m) in 1996 on improved sales coming from the country's solid economic growth. After a favourable year with no large typhoons, the company benefited from higher residential demand and lifted total sales 12.2 per cent to 17.8bn kWh. Meralco B shares, which foreigners are allowed to trade, closed down 1 peso to 196 pesos yesterday.

Capital expenditure rose 26.7 per cent as the group

You has well my

Tropic to the party

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installed sub-transmission lines and power sub-stations to reduce waste. The re-engineering helped inefficiencies fall from 13 per cent of total supply to 12.1 per cent. Operating revenues jumped 21.6 per cent to 57bn pesos. Earnings per share improved 20 per cent from 7.71 pesos to 9.24 pesos. Justin Marazzi, Manila

Pioneer Electronic warns

Pioneer Electronic, a specialist manufacturer of audio-visual products, will cut its annual dividend to half the level it paid out last year on the expectation that it will make a loss this year for the second year. It said it would pay an annual dividend of Y5 a share. It forecasts a net loss for the parent company of Y11.6bn and a pre-tax loss of Y6.6bn for the year to March.

Pioneer expected sales of laser disc players to fail as customers switch to digital video discs, which are capable of storing more video on a smaller disc than LDs. Sales of commercial karaoke machines were hurt by the spread of on-line systems in the Japanese market. The company has launched a DVD player in Japan which can also play laser discs, and is aiming to return to the black next year.

Village Roadshow buy-out plan

Village Roadshow, the Australian cinema and own. The bid is A\$2.85 a share and will cost Village eastern seaboard and also has a station in Perth. It launched a pay-TV music channel last year. Village will

Comments and press releases about international

Coles Myer climbs 40.7% at six months

paper since Mr P. Chidam-

baram, the Indian finance

get at the end of last month.

minister, unveiled his bud-

tions in 1996-97.

By Nikki Tait in Sydney

Coles Myer, Australia's biggest retailer, yesterday looking for "similar percent- investors, and the of several announced a sharp improvement in first-half earnings, with operating profits from its retail operations alone increasing 20.9 per cent to liquor stores were expected prompted changes in the A\$397.2m (US\$315.7m).

group rose 40.7 per cent to were Kmart, the loss-making shares – which have climbed A\$273.6m in the six months World 4 Kids chain, and Fos- strongly recently – added a to end-January, boosted by a seys. A\$44.6m gain on propertyrelated disposals. A year ago, there was a A\$8.5m

Mr Dennis Eck, the group's new chief executive, said a better performance by the group's Kmart general merchandise chain had been "particularly encouraging". while increased earnings

the road is a long one". He said the group was

market conditions". The to show "steady and sus- group's board. After-tax profits for the tained improvement", as

> However, Mr Eck warned: "Unless there is a recovery in the apparel market, we are cautious about Katies,

Target." The result is the biggest many years. From 1989 to 12.8 per cent, to A\$167.1m. 1995, profits and earnings

Notice to the Warrantholders of

PARAMOUNT BED CO., LTD.

(the "Company")

Bearer warrants to subscribe for

shares of common stock of the Company

(the "Shares")

U.S.\$100,000,000 23/4 per cent. Bonds due 1999

"Adjustment of Subscription Price"

Notice is hereby given that the Company has resolved at the meeting of the Board

of Directors held on 24th February, 1997 to split the Shares (the "Stock Split") owned by the shareholders appearing on the register of shareholders of the Company as at 15 hours on 31st March, 1997 (Japan time) at the rate of one point one (1.1) Shares to one (1) Share held by them; provided, however, that the fractions of a full Share

occurring upon such Stock Split shall be sold as a whole and the proceeds of the sale shall be distributed to the shareholders entitled thereto in proportion to their tractional interests, and as a result of such Stock Split the subscription price for the

Subscription price before adjustment: Yen 7.175.50 per Share Subscription price after adjustment: Yen 6.523.20 per Share
 Effective date of the adjustment: 1st April, 1997 (Japan time)

captioned warrants shall be adjusted as follows:

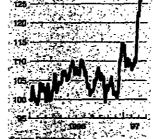
steps towards recovery - but were down 14.8 per cent, at

age growth in second-half senior executives left the profits after tax, subject to group during this period. Concern over corporate govgroup's supermarkets and ernance standards also But yesterday Coles'

strongly recently - added a A\$12.5m. further two cents to A\$5.93. The latest results were

scored on sales of A\$9.95bn, up by 5.4 per cent on the first half of 1996. The food and liquor division, which has shown the most consistent growth in recent years, improvement by Coles for lifted operating profits by

On the general merchanper share made little head- dise side, profits were 83.1 way. In 1995-96 net profits per cent higher at A\$47.6m, slumped from A\$423.4m to with Kmart posting a 31.8 chain represented "the first A\$280.4m, while retail profits per cent improvement and



World 4 Kids' losses shrink-

In the clothes division, 11.4 per cent at A\$99.4m, with Target reporting a 15.1 per cent improvement. Fosseys remained in the red. while Myer Grace Bros made A\$83.1m, against A\$65.1m. Profits from property were

A\$415.8m, against A\$850.9m.

SESC probe into Daiwa

By Jonathan Annells

Daiwa Securities, one of Japan's Big Four brokerages, being inspected by the Secu-rities and Exchange Surveillance Commission, Japan's dog, but said the checks were "routine".

Daiwa's shares plunged 7 per cent, or Y66, to Y880 at operating profits were up one stage amid concern over the cause of the inspection and unfounded speculation that the company was to The shares closed down Y46 company.

The SESC does not com-

Sokaiya demand pay-offs for not disrupting shareholder meetings. The securities watchdog is

Sun Foreign & Colonial

Asset Management, says

such factors are likely to see

the VSNL issue fully sub-

scribed, but much will

depend on pricing: "It is a very good issue, but they

on the plate for investors."

The official range sought

ing book-building is equiva-

lent to Rs850-Rs950 for each

underlying domestic share.

Most brokers suggest, how-ever, the issue is likely to be

This represents a discount

has risen sharply from

around Rs925 since the bud-

get. However, bankers say

the issue is likely to be

At Rs950-Rs1,000 an under-

lying share, brokers say VSNL would be rated on a

price-earnings multiple below Asian telecom peers.

They add that most other

GDRs from "quality" Indian

companies are trading at

large premiums to their

underlying domestic price,

ranging up to 50 per cent, because of settlement risk.

The issue, which will

reduce the government's

stake in VSNL from 82 per

cent to about 65 per cent, is

expected to be priced on

March 24. The following day,

the small legion of bankers

who have worked on the

issue for the last three years

are likely to breathe a sigh

Tony Tassell

future issues.

close to completing its investigation of Nomura, which began last September. Mr Hiroshi Mitsuzuka, the

securities industry watch- finance minister, warned that his ministry would impose harsh penalties on Japan's largest broker if the commission found it had been aware of the two executives' deals but had chosen

Such a conclusion would give a press conference be likely to result in crimirelated to the investigation. nal charges against the

down from A\$41.2m to Last week, Nomura ment on individual cases, A\$30m, leaving total profits before interest and tax at said that two managing carried out both regular and directors had made "appar- random checks to monitor The dividend is held at 12 | ently irregular" payments to the market for unfair praca property company with tises.

Shareholdings reshaped

By James Harding

Electron, the first company to list on Shanghai's foreign investor stock market, yesterday announced a reorganisation of its shareholders in an attempt to breathe life into the ailing company. The company said all the

Video and Audio Electric.

The transfer is intended to revive Shanghai Vacuum - a investors in Shanghai, who television display-tube man- argue that a high-profile ufacturer whose interim profits last year slumped by 95 per cent to Yn3.71m (\$447,000) - by tying it to performance. Shanghai Video, a leading buyer of TV display tubes.

holder reorganisation sent ernment's unofficial policy of saving companies from bankruptcy by forcing profitable companies to take on responsibility for potential One Shanghai analyst said.

hai Video will now source The announcement has disappointed some foreign bankruptcy would stiffen the resolve of Chinese manage-"China would never let its

The three beneficiaries are some of Shanghai's flagship companies, but no details or

at Shanghai Vacuum panies in producing televi- ated," one western analyst sions as well as their display said yesterday. tubes," according to Shang-Shanghai Vacuum and hai Securities News. The reorganisation is in line with the municipal gov-

hai Vacuum, because Shang-

their TV tubes from them."

ment to improve earnings

company's state-owned shares – 45 per cent of Shanghai Vacuum's outstanding shares - had been transferred from Shanghai Electric Meters to Shanghai

first B-share listing go to the "The transfer of Shanghai wall, but it should. It would Vacuum's shares to the send a strong message to group will promote the Chinese managers that bad prices were given for the co-operation of the two com- companies will not be toler- stock reallocation.

Rumours of the share-

Shanghai Vacuum shares scaring to the 10 per cent trading limit on Wednesday, as local buyers speculated that the restructuring would reinvigorate the floundering business. Shares were suspended yesterday after the company statement. the reorganisation was "a life-saving tie-up for Shang-

Shanghai authorities also announced a related reallocation of shares, which will inject Shanghai Video stock into Shanghai Automobile Industrial Corporation, Shanghai Broadcasting, Film and Television Development Corporation and Shanghai Industrial, a subsidiary of the city government listed in Hong Kong. Shanghai Electric Meters holding of Shanghai Video was diluted.

entertaiment group, yesterday announced it was making four share placements to raise A\$119m (US\$94.6m) and that intended to bid for the 47.2 per cent of Austereo, the listed Australian radio operator, that it does not already around A\$200m. Austereo owns radio stations across the raise the funds by making an underwritten issue of 13m shares at A\$4.55 each to institutional investors, which will bring in A\$59m. The remaining 13.2m shares will be placed with its existing big shareholders – MAI Danmark APS, Capital Group and Village Roadshow Corp - at the same price. The underwritten issue is subject to Village's securing at least 90 per cent of Austereo. Nikki Tau

companies coverage can be sent by e-mail to international.companies@ft.com

RMS1 Residential Mortgage Securities 1 plc Mortgage Backed Floating Rate Notes due 2034

March 14, 1997

is hereby given that for the Interest Period 11th March, 1997 to 10th June, 1997, the interest rate will he 6.40 per cent. for the Class A Notes, 6.65 per cent. for the Class M Notes and 9.25 per cent for the Class B Notes. The interest payable 10th June, 1997 will be £150.26, £165.79 and £230.62 respectively

NOTICE TO BOLDERS OF Corporate Express, Inc. 4 1/2% Convertible Notes Due July 1, 2000

Board of Directors of Corporate Express, Inc. (the "Company") declared a 50% share dividend on the Company's Common Stock, par value \$.0002 per share, to shareholders of record on January 24, 1997. The distribution date for the 50% share dividend was January 31, 1997. As a result of the 50% share dividend, the Conversion Price (as defined in the Indenture, dated as of June 24, 1996, between the Company and Bankers Trust Company, as trustee (the "Trustee"), as amended by the First Supplemental Indenture, dated as of October 15, 1996, between the Company and the Trustee) has been reduced

from \$50.00 to \$33.33.

A Prime Site for your On January 21, 1997, the Commercial

PARAMOUNT BED CO., LTD.

145, Higashisuna 2-chome, Koto-ku, Tokyo Japan by: The Full Bank and Trust Company as Disbursement Agent

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Hongkong Electric flat at HK\$4.15bn

By Louise Lucas In Hong Kong

Hongkong Electric, the monopoly electricity supplier in Hong Kong island, for last year, in line with as a whole, the company day underlined its position expectations.

development in which the company's property associate was involved.

ond half, encouraging the share ownership restructurrecored a new maximum-The 0.77 per cent decline demand record of 2,118MW, and accurate forecaster of reflected a reduction in while unit sales increased earnings from property 5.9 per cent on the previous development following the year.

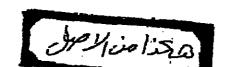
with China Light and Power as a "responsible investor"

Following a recent dispute migration of factories across conduct their business in a the border into China, now disciplined and responsible - which supplies electricity has excess capacity of 50 per manner. Any deviation from to the Kowloon peninsula cent, and had suggested sell- this behaviour will be detri-Warm weather in the sec-and New Territories - and a ing the surplus to Hongkong and half, encouraging the share ownership restructur-Electric - a proposal ruled yesterday reported flat prof- use of air conditioners, stim- ing at both companies, out by the Hong Kong gov-its of HK\$4.15bn (US\$536m) ulated demand. For the year Hongkong Electric yester- ernment earlier this week. erument earlier this week.

Hongkong Electric noted: "Hong Kong's environment, which allows responsible CLP, whose own forecasts tively, must be preserved. per cent higher than the pre-were shattered by the Business operators should vious year.

mental to our society." Earnings per share at

Hongkong Electric dipped from HK\$2.07 in 1995 to HK\$2.06. A final dividend of .. 77.5 cents is being recommended, giving a total paycompanies to operate effectout for 1996 of HK\$1.23, 10.8



Addition of the second

STEAM NEWS TOPS

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BURNING TO

COMPANIES AND FINANCE: EUROPE

expansion

ments worth Pta99_1bn

from Guatemala to Panama.

national grids in the area

Interamerican Development

Bank and will be completed

The Spanish group last

year bought controlling

stakes in Edenor, the main

electricity distributor in

greater Buenos Aires, and

also in a Peruvian company

that is expanding a gas-fired

generator near Lima. How-

ever, it temporarily aban-

doned a \$1bn bid for control

of Endesa (Chile), the country's main electricity sup-

The aggressive diversifica-

tion and foreign growth

strategy follows the intro-

duction of a new electricity

protocol in Spain at the end

of last year that sets new

tariff guidelines and ushers

in the deregulation of the

domestic power sector. End-

esa spent \$1.5bn to acquire

majority control of regional

power groups Sevillana and

accede soon to pressure from

the European Commission to

liberalise fixed-wire tele-

phony by 2000 or 2001. The

exact timing of OTE's issue

will depend on the date set

Two Greek investment

Finance, which advised the

government on a partial flo-

of Greece is to be global

co-ordinator for the offering,

and an international invest-

named joint co-ordinator by

To avoid overwhelming

the small Athens market.

more than half the offering

is to be sold to institutional

investors abroad, mainly in

OTE has estimated pre-tax

profits for 1996 at Dr240bn.

the end of March.

up 17.8 per cent.

for the France Telecom flota-

Fecsa before the protocol.

OTE float aims

to raise Dr300bn

tion.

ondary share offering, to be already been unofficially

followed immediately by a reappointed. National Bank

ment has agreed that OTE ment bank is likely to be

the US.

by 2000.

By Tom Burns in Madrid

Endesa, Spain's dominant power group - which is to undergo further privatisation later this year - will invest Pta400bn (\$2.77bn) and diversification investover the next five years to diversify its business and build up its international division.

The main thrust is likely to be at home, where the group has entered the water management sector and taken equity stakes in second operators in the telecommunications industry. International expansion will be focused on Latin

America, where Endesa has already invested strongly in the power business.

The new details show Endesa is stepping up a strategy it launched two years ago to prepare for slowing growth in the domestic power sector, where it accounts for 47.3 per cent of electricity

The decision to step up the strategy is aimed at creating investor interest in the group, which is 66 per cent state owned, before further privatisation.

The group reported record net profits last year of Pta165hn - up 10 per cent up on the 1995 figure – generating group cash flow of Pta440.4bn, up 44 per cent.

The government plans to sell a stake of between 15 per cent and 25 per cent in Endesa in a global offering pro-

By Kerin Hope in Athens

Greece is looking to raise

about Dr300bn (\$1.12bn) by

floating a second tranche of

OTE, the state-controlled

oly, on the Athens stock

exchange at the end of May.

said yesterday that "about 12

per cent of the company"

Details have still to be

worked out, but the govern-

would receive about 60 per

remainder would be used to

OTE said a rights issue

was needed to fund an accel-

erated investment pro-

gramme to complete digital-

isation of Greece's fixed-wire

network by 2001. The gov-

ernment is expected to

write down public debt.

cent of the proceeds. The

rights issue.

The economy ministry

telecommunications monop-

contracts By Jimmy Burns visionally scheduled for October. It wants to privat-

ise the group fully by 1999. The utility said it had already accumulated foreign investments worth Pta88.3bn employees.

Endesa's immediate investment project is the ISL, the Lucerne-based construction of a 1,500km power line stretching through Central America The electricity link between has a \$300m budget, which will be part-funded by the from ISL last year.

Lawyers acting for ISL claim that the three - Mr Tom Hipkins, Mr Dominik Schmid, and Mr John Kristick - breached "noncompete" clauses in their contracts by quitting and helping set up a new sports narketing company.

The new company, Prisma Sports and Media, has its headquarters in Zug. Switzerland, and offices in London. Its senior management includes two other former ISL senior executives. Mr Peter Sprogis and Mr Stephen Dixon, who have not been named in the legal

Mr Sprogis, joint manag ing director of Prisma, last December indicated his determination to play an aggressive role in the increasingly competitive sports business

Prisma said last night it would contest the action. "We believe that the case against three individuals who work for our company is without foundation," Mr Hipkins, Prisma managing

According to sports indus-

ISL's action comes as Fifa. the governing body for world football, is preparing banks. ETEVA and Alpha to invite fresh bids for the marketing rights for the 2002 and 2006 World Cups.

> discussions with Fifa in that future contracts would

"The field is completely

football

The marketing of World Cup football is set to become embroiled in a legal battle involving one of the leading sports marketing companies and three of its former

marketing company which won the SFr2.8bn (\$365m) TV rights contract for the 2002 and 2006 World Cups in partnership with Kirch, the German media group, is taking action in the Swiss courts against three former executives, who resigned

director, said.

try officials, ISL will have to prove that the three former employees breached professional secrecy. The defendants are likely to argue that the action amounts to a restraint of trade.

ISL has a 12-year m ing contract with Fifa, which expires after next year's World Cup in France. Fifa has yet to agree a mar keting structure for the 2002 and 2006 World Cups, but is expected to invite bids at the end of May.

Although ISL has been in recent weeks, Fifa indicated be the subject of intense competition in coming

open," it said last night.

Endesa plans | Legal row looms over | Veba attacks Bonn over telecoms | World Cup | World Cup | Mr Ulrich Hartmann, the fact that it is still?

chairman of Veba, the powerful German industrial group, yesterday launched a fierce attack on the federal government in Bonn for failing to decide vital details of the liberalisation of the country's public telephone market due next January.

He described as "unacceptable" the fact that there was still no sign of decisions on the management, organisation and staffing of the proposed new regulatory authority. Without action to ensure the sector was properly policed, the new competitors lining up against Deutsche Telekom -Europe's largest telecommunications group - would have to revise plans. Jobs

pipeline "would be severely endangered", he said. Mr Hartmann was speaking as o.tel.o - the telecommunications joint venture hetween Veba and RWE. another German industrial group - announced plans to invest DM7bn (\$4.1bn) in coming years to build a rival

already created and in the

The new venture is aiming for revenues of DM7bn-

telecoms business.



Ulrich Hartmann: public anger over failures to decide on vital aspects of liberalisation

DM9bn by 2005 - excluding even is expected by 2002. its stake in E-Plus, the German mobile telephone sys-

However, Mr Hartmann expressed fears that negotia- kom is still fully capitalising tem - and to create 10,000 tions with Deutsche Tele- on its monopolistic posi-

necting" telephone networks would fail. "Deutsche Telejobs, including E-Plus. Break kom over fees for "intercontion... The state of negotia-

tions shows that Deutsche Telekom's mentality continues to be characterised by the fact that it is still 75 per cent government-owned."

Mr Hartmann's unusually public warning at the Cebit telecoms and computer (air in Hanover followed a threat by Mannesmann, another German industrial group looking to build its telecoms activities, to take the interconnection issue to Brussels if necessary. Yesterday, Mr Hans-Peter Kohlhammer, deputy chairman of Thyssen Telecom - part of the Thyssen industrial conglomerate - said dashed hopes about prospects for liberalisation had caused it to rethink its telecoms strategy.

Deutsche Telekom says it is working hard to agree interconnection arrangements. However, its competitors cannot expect deals which, in effect, subsidise their activities.

• The federal ministry of post and telecommunications in Bonn last night signalled the new head of the regulatory authority -tipped to be Mr Arne Bornsen, an opposition Social Democratic party MP would be decided this

1996 Rm

354,2 2812,3 2176,1

1 191,3 9 459,3 8 121,4 333,5 2 647,6 2 269,7

1879.0 14 919.2 12 567.2

1347,3 10 697,5 7 293,4

3 226.3 25 616.7 19 860.6

3 551,1 28 195,5 21 777,1

510,8 4 055,4 3 877,6 5 814,7 46 168,9 41 565,9

5 376,0 42 685,7 38 161,9 438,7 3 483,2 3 404,0

9 876,6 78 419,8 67 220,6

9 400.9 74 643.5 63 540.5

1 587,2 12 602,4 13 026,7 134,3 1 066,3 1 039,8 2 908,0 23 089,3 15 579,0

4 609,9||36 602,9||33 572,9

23,9 189,3 159,3 574,8 4 564,2 4 002,2 389,2 3 090,3 2 144,9

10 388,8 \$2 487,3 69 846,9

9 876,6 78 419,8 67 220,6

512,2 4 067,5 2 626,3

161.5 1 282,6

3 324,8 2 578,8 1 916,5

1996 UK£m•

Note

1995 Rm

LIBERTY LIFE ASSOCIATION OF AFRICA LIMITED (Registration number 57/02788/06) (Incorporated in the Republic of South Africa)

Share capital and share premium

Interests of minority shareholders

Total shareholders' capital and

reserves employed Bonds convertible into Group

investment revaluation and

Interests of shareholders

Retained surplus

of Liberty Life

in subsidiaries

equity capital

Life funds

utility stocks

Cash resources

Current liabilities

Other current assets

Properties

Total capital resources

Other long-term liabilities

- Actuarial liabilities under

Government, municipal and

Shares, mutual fund units

Debentures, mortgages and loans

and interests in associated companies

Deposits and money market securities

unmatured policies Contingency and other reserves

	RESULTS FOR THE YEAR ENDED CEMBER 1996
nmarised Group income statement	B. Summarised Group balance sheet

Note	1996 UK£m*	1996 Rm	1995 Rm	Cha
Income				
Net premium income and				
annuity considerations	975,6	7 746,4	6 492.7	
Net income from investments Investment surphises for the	566,3	4 496,7	3 322,7	
year attributable to life funds	119,7	950,4	4 094,3	

A. Summarised Group income statement

1 661,6 13 193,5 13 909,7 Outgo Claims and policyholders benefits paid 691,0 5 486,8 4 375,5 83,4 662,9 601,7 65,9 523,2 453,9 Transfers to life funds to provide for policyholders'

594,0 4716,1 6883,8 benefits 1 467,8 11 654,7 12 705,6 Net taxed operating surplus attributable to shareholders 1 193,8 1 538,8 1 204,1 +27,8 of Liberty Life Number of ordinary shares

in issue (000's) 250 111 250 111 244 018 Number of ordinary shares on which net taxed operation surplus per share is based (000's) 247 392 247 392 241 605 Net taxed operating surplus

per ordinary share 78,3 622,0 498,4 +24,8 Dividends per ordinary share, cash equivale 140,0 180,0 - Interim (paid 9 October 1996) 17,6 22,7 116.0 140,0 - Final (payable 4 April 1997) +28,6 Total dividende 40,3 320,0 256,0 +25,0 *Converted at the rate of exchange at 31 December 1996: UK£1 = R7,94

C Statement of total consolidated cumlus

	1996	1996 Rm	1995 Rat
	UK£m*		
Net taxed operating surplus for			-
the year per income statement	193,8	1 538,8	1 204,1
Surpluses on shareholders'			٠.
investments reflected in			
Tuvestment revaluation and			
other reserves"	122,7	974,3	2 372,7

D. Total shareholders' capital and reserves employed at 31 December 1996

*Converted at the rate of exchange at 31 December 1996: UKE1= R7,94

1995 1996 UK£m* Rm Interests of shareholders of Liberty Life at 1 January 1 582,8 12 567,2 7 908,3 Total consolidated surplu attributable to shareholders for the year 316,5 2 513,1 3 576,8 Dividends for the year (cash equivalent) Release of prior years' surplus (100,4) (797,3) (622,6) from life find re change in actuarial valuation basis Subscription for shares in respect of conversion of conversible bonds capitalisation share awards and staff 80,1 636,2 455,3 Interests of shareholders of 1 879,0 14 919,2 12 567,2 Liberty Life at 31 December sts of minority shareholders 1 347,3 10 697,5 7 293,4 Total shareholders' capital and reserves employed at 31 December 3 226,3 25 616,7 19 860,6 Converted at the rate of exchang

E. Notes

Net taxed operating surplus attributable to shareholders of Liberty Life and net taxed operating surplus per ordinary share are based on the underlying net taxed surplus which includes equity accounted earnings of associated companies attributable to

In view of the nature of Liberty Life's operations and in accordance with the stated accounting policies, capital items attributable to shareholders are taken directly to twestment Record new business of South African insurance operations

Total new business written by The Liberty Life
Group during the year ended 31 December 1996
amounted to a result R4/22 billion, representing
an 19% increase over the R4/00 billion recorded for

New annualised recurring premium income written for 1996 was a record R1,09 billion compared to 1995's performance of R1,05 billion Single premiums totalled R3,63 billion (1985: R2,98 billion) encluding automatic lower from inception on wealth creator policies.

Bonds convertible into Group equity capital Convertible bonds comprise the funds raised in 1994 and 1996 pursuant to the capital raising transactions undertaken by Libite international BV, a wholly-owned subsidiary of Liberty Life. Liberty International Holdings PLC and Capital Shopping Centres FLC. During the year ended 31 December 1996, convertible bands issued by Liblife International totalling \$28.7 million were converted into 1 243 644 ordinary shares in Liberty Life at a total issue price of R105,4 million. In addition, convertible bonds issued by Liberty International Holdings totalling. £15.4 million were redeemed and cancelled during the year.

The believe of the convertible properties of the property of the prope

The balance of the convertible bonds unless repurchased and cancelled are expected ultimately to be converted into ordinary shares of Liberty Life, Liberty International Holdings and Capital Shopping Centres respectively, thereby increasing the total shareholders' capital and reserves of the Liberty Life Croup which include minority shareholders' interests relating to the Liberty International Group. Group Chairman's Statement

Further details of the activities of the Liberty Life Group are contained in The Liberty Life Group Chairman's statement for 1996 which is being issued simultaneously with this

Capitalisation share award and right of election to receive a final cash dividend of 180 cents per stanc As previously amounced in February 1997, the directors have awarded capitalisation shares to ordinary shareholders of Liberty Life who were registered in the books of the company at the close of business on Friday, 28 February 1997. Shareholders are entitled, and will be given the opportunity, to decline the award of cipitalisation shares in respect of all or say part of their shareholding and instead may elect to receive a final cash dividend in respect of the year ended 31 December 1996 of 180 cents per ordinary share. The number of capitalisation shares to which shareholders are entitled will be determined by the ratio that 180 cents multiplied by 1,06 bears to the closing price of the company's ordinary shares on the Johannesburg Stock Earthrage at the close of business on Wednesday, 26 March 1997 averaged with the closing prices on the four business days prior to that date ("the averaged closing price"). Accordingly, shareholders who are in receipt of capitalisation shares will, based on the averaged closing price, enjoy an advantage of approximately 6% over the cash dividend.

Documentation dealing with the capitalisation share award and a final cash dividend election was posted to shareholders on Thumday, 6 March 1997. In order to be valid, completed election forms will need to be received by the escular notine will need to be received by me company's transfer secretaries, by no later than Thursday, 27 March 1997. Should such election not be received or timeously received, Liberty Life will automatically issue capitalisation shares to all relevant chareholders.

On behalf of the board

February 1997 US\$135,000,000 RENEL R.A. aian Electricity Authority Floating Rate Notes due 2002 Lead Manager Merrill Lynch International Senior Co-Lead Managers Commercial Bank of Korea, Ltd. Bank of America NT & SA Hanil Bank Dresdner Kleinwort Benson WestMerchant Co-Lead Managers Central Banking Corporation Gyongnam Merchant Banking Corporation Kyongnam Bank Kangwon Bank Co-Managers Milford Holding Co. Ltd. Bodao Commercial Bank Pusan Bank

New international bond issues

Euro-ecu offering from French bank

INTERNATIONAL BONDS By Conner Middelmann.

Edward Luce and Samer iskandar

a euro-ecu transaction domiin trading otherwise overshadowed by Russia's debut D-Mark issue.

France's Compagnie Bancaire launched a euro-ecu transaction - bonds denominated in euros but which will be serviced in ecus until European Monetary Union is

The ecu sector recently

suffered from jitters over the

likely timing of Emu and the related sell-off in the higheryielding European markets. This weakness also hit euroecu deals which performed However, an official at Paribas Capital Markets.

which led the Compagnie aid finance. Bancaire deal, said there had been a recent revival in sovereign debt issue man- Deutsche Morgan Grenfell,

investor demand for ecu and aged by the country's recenteuro-ecu bonds at the ly-created debt management cheaper levels, leading to a office - FFr3bn of 10-year partial recovery.

offering was priced at a Lehman Brothers, contained Emerging market issues and spread of 20 basis points a redenomination clause into over the comparable OAT the single European curnated the market yesterday and widened to 23 points on rency. Unlike most such the bid.

> returned to the market after of European economic and a 15-year absence with a monetary union, rather than \$50m offering of three-year floating-rate notes via Citibank and ING Barings. The purpose of the issue

was primarily to set a benchmark for other Sri Lankan horrowers as the country gears up for heavier borrowing in the commercial markets. To date, Sri Lanka has relied on official loans for much of its \$10.1bn external debt, but plans more commercial borrowing as higher ineligible for concessionary

bonds. The issue, jointly led The E200m seven-year by BNP, CDC Marchés and

issues, the redenomination Meanwhile. Sri Lanka is automatic after the advent through an option exercisable by the borrower. The choice of the currency

and the redenomination clause are "a statement by the debt management office of Portugal's commitment to Emu," CDC Marchés said. The pricing, with a yield of 17 basis points over the French yield curve, was in line with existing Portu-

The World Bank followed living standards render it the IFC's Philippine debut europeso issue on Monday with a 3hn europeso offering Portugal launched its first yesterday. Lead-managed by

guese bonds in francs.

PMT, 1997-1, Class A(a1)‡ PMT, 1997-2, Class A(a4)‡ Ongko Inti Finance(i) Sri Lanka(b)‡ (2) (25) 99.4842 100.00 Mar 2002 Mar 2004 Mar 2004 Apr 2000 CSFB CSFB Benk of Boston Ctibenk/NG Berings 100 50 (b1) E D-MARKS Russian Federation Dreadner Finance(c) 100 # FRENCH FRANCS BNP/CDC/Lehmen 5.625 98.892R Republic of Partugel ■ PESETAS Deutsche Morgan Grenfell EBRO(d) E BUROS Compagnie Bancaire(a) M AUSTRALIAN DOLLARS is a second of the second MEW ZEALAND DOLLARS Toronto Dominion Bank 100,775 Apr 1969 E SOUTH AFRICAN RAND World Benieff) World Bank(a) 2870 3.805R Apr 2022 2870 7.40 Apr 2017 JP Morgan Securities III PIRLIPPINE PESOS 10.25 101.414 Apr 2002 1.525 World Bank Final terms, non-catable unless stated. Yield spread (over relevant government bond Roging-rate note. #Semi-ennual coupon. R: Fload re-offer price; tess shown at re-o Average bie; 4,99 yrs. Legal maturity: May 06, a2) Priced later: 1-mth Libor +8-8bp +27-28bp, a4) Av liter 6,99 yrs. Legal maturity: May 06, a3) Priced later: 1-mth Libor 1-mth Libor +30bp area, b) Puttable on 5/4/89 at par. b1) 3-mth Libor +150bp. c) Re-1-mth Libor +30bp area, b) Puttable on 5/4/89 at par. b1) 3-mth Libor +150bp. c) Re-

the issue was targeted more in secondary trading. Syndi- opening up the R2bu issue at the euromarket than the cate officials said the bond launched earlier this week IFC issue, which had been rose to par and a quarter for the World Bank with mostly sold to Asian inves-

cent, 180 basis points under remainder split between equivalent five-year Philip- Asia and Europe. pine government peso bonds.

during the afternoon. About 15 per cent was distributed With a coupon of 10.25 per to US investors with the coupon bond, which was

the bonds quickly tightened vogue for eurorand debt by land and Italy.

another R2bn yesterday. Officials said that the zerosold at the re-offer price of 3.803, was popular with J.P. Morgan continued the retail investors in SwitzerCAPITAL MARKETS NEWS DIGEST

Loan for AMD to fund chip plant

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Dresdner Bank has arranged a DML 65hn (\$969m) loan to help finance a new semi-conductor plant to be built in the east German city of Dresden by Advanced Micro Devices of the US. The DM3bn plant, including a research centre, is due to start production in 1999 and employ 1,430 people. Mr Bernd Fahrholz, head of the bank's global finance division, said the loan would run until 2006, the relative

shortness of the maturity reflecting the short product-cycle time in the computer chip industry. However, when the chips made by AMD in Dresden were overtaken by a new generation, the plant would still carry on producing its existing products.

The loan will be spread across a syndicate of 17 banks. This comprises Dresdner and 14 other German banks, as vell as ABN Amro Bank of the Netherlands, Creditanstalt-Bankverein of Austria and Sumitomo Bank of Japan. German government and regional financial support for the project will total some DM800m, including interest rate subsidies and guarantees. AMD itself will

invest around DM550m. Mr Fabrholz said the loan consisted of a basic DM1.5bn, with a reserve line of 10 per cent to cover further costs. Terms were not disclosed but are likely to be much more favourable than the 200 basis points over London inter-bank offered rate (Libor) which Gazprom, the Russian gas producer, is paying on a \$2.5bn project finance loan also arranged recently by Dresdner.

Moody's downgrades Turkey

Andrew Fisher, Frankfurt

UK Indices

Moody's Investors Service, the US credit rating agency. yesterday downgraded to B1 the rating of Turkey's foreign currency-denominated sovereign debt. This new rating will act as a ceiling for all debt issued by borrowers domiciled in the country.

Moody's said its action was prompted by Turkey's weak fiscal position, as well as concerns that political uncertainties might make it more difficult to carry out essential reforms.

Although Moody's noted that privatisation revenues were likely to increase, it described official projections of \$10bn as "unrealistic". It also recognised the many strengths of the economy, but pointed out that the macroeconomic context remained highly unstable. "Under current policies, inflation is unlikely to decline from last year's 81 per cent," Moody's said.

Standard & Poor's, the other large US rating agency, rates Turkey's long-term foreign-currency debt B, one notch lower than Moody's. S&P said its rating outlook on the country was "stable"

While Turkey's external debt burden is not excessive compared with other countries with similar ratings, Moody's nonetheless pointed out that the government "is entering a period of unusually high debt service obligations, with principal repayments rising to more than \$9hn this year and in 1998".

7.46 7.51

7.57

8,38

--- Inflation 10% ----Mar 13 Mar 12 Yr. ago

2.56 2.52 1.82 3.35 3.31 3,60

Treasury weakness spills into Europe

GOVERNMENT BONDS

By Richard Waters in New York and Samer Iskandar in London

Weakness in the US Treasury market following the release of stronger than

spilled into Europe. Most European bonds closed lower, led by falling increased by 0.8 per cent, German bunds, except Ital- compared with expectations ian BTPs and Spanish bonos, of around 0.6 per cent. Also, which were supported by an January's increase was improving political climate and favourable inflation data respectively.

trading as concern grew that the Federal Reserve may mount its threatened preemptive strike on inflation

The latest bout of nerves was prompted by US retail sales figures that showed a expected economic data jump in consumer spending

so far this year. Retail sales in February revised upwards to 1.5 per cent, from an original 0.6 per

making committee would act to raise interest rates when it meets on March 25, Wall Street economists said.

Mr Alan Greenspan, chairman of the Federal Reserve. raised the prospect two weeks ago of a pre-emptive rate rise to head off inflationary pressures.

By midday the yield on the benchmark 30-year Treasury had risen close to its highest point of the year, reversing the bond market rally of early February. The 30-year bond fell 豊 to 96点, its yield rising to 6.933 per cent.

Among other maturities, other markets on signs that 6.165 per cent, and five-year 6.503 per cent. In London, the June future

on German bunds settled near the day's lows at 101.42, listed June BTP future down 0.36. Traders said the fall was mainly due to weakness in the US market. Wednesday's weakening late markets.

futures trader. "It looks like European bonds will continue to follow the US for a

in the afternoon," said one

while." Italian BTPs outperformed

in New York in morning risk that the Fed's policy- two-year Treasury notes political opposition, mainly slipped % to 997, to yield from the reformed communists, to the government's bonds fell 4 to 98% to yield mini-budget plans was waning.

After following bunds lower to 125.20, the Londonrecovered to close at 125.97, up 0.19. The rise accompanied a recovery by the lira "It was a continuation of on the foreign exchange

> Spanish bonos also rose. In Barcelona the March bono future ended the day 0.21 higher at 112.60, on rising hopes of a rate cut by the

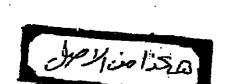
growth of consumer prices slowed to 2.5 per cent last month, from 2.9 per cent in January.

This is the signal we had been waiting for," said one economist. "There is no reason for the central bank to refrain from easing [monetary policy] now." UK gilts ended a quiet ses-

sion slightly lower, in line with Treasuries and bunds. The June long gilt future lost & at 111%, while in the cash market the 10-year yield spread of gilts over bunds was unchanged at 178

WORLD BOND PRICES **BENCHMARK GOVERNMENT BONDS** ■ BUND FUTURES OPTIONS (LIFFE) DM250,000 points of 100% FTSE Actuaries Govt. Securities Day's Week Month change Yield ago ago — Low coupon yield — • Mediam coupon yield - • High coupon yield - Mar 13 Mar 12 Yr. ago Mar 13 Mar 12 Yr. ago Mar 13 Mar 12 Yr. ago Price Indices UK Gilts Thu Days reco Price Coupon Date Price change Yield ago ago ago 6.750 11/06 82.6543 -0.060 7.84 7.79 7.28 5.825 01/07 98.7300 -0.120 5.96 5.94 5.74 6.250 03/07 103.1700 -0.370 5.82 5.73 5.89 7.000 12/06 103.4000 -0.550 6.32 6.44 6.47 6.500 10/01 103.7216 -0.130 4.90 4.48 4.50 6.500 10/06 107.1500 -0.320 5.33 6.33 6.45 6.000 01/07 102.1500 -0.270 5.71 5.67 5.71 6.000 08/06 108.9700 -0.470 6.88 6.90 6.82 6.90 6.82 6.90 6.90 09/01 121.9174 40.264 1.25 1.32 1.36 3.000 09/01 105.7144 40.264 1.25 1.32 1.36 3.000 09/01 105.7144 40.264 1.25 1.32 1.36 5.750 01/07 10/08/00 -0.280 5.48 5.43 5.53 ytd 1.28 0.99 0.74 0.86 1.07 1.32 -0.12 -0.31 -0.38 -0.23 -0.26 2.34 2.88 4.53 4.09 2.59 5 yrs 1.93 15 yrs 2.31 20 yrs 1.00 irred.† 2.30 Up to 5 years (19) 0.82 0.37 2 5-15 years (21) 3 Over 15 years (4 irredeemables (5 7,47 7,54 7,60 151.35 172.37 151.81 8.29 8.37 7.51 173.03 200.65 145.86 M NOTIONAL ITALIAN GOVT, BOND (BTP) FUTURES (LIFTE) Life 200m 100ths of 100% Mar 13 Mar 12 Yr. ago Up to 5 yrs Over 5 yrs 2.16 1.81 Open Sett price Change Low Est. vol Open int. 125.30 125.97 +0.19 126.30 125.20 83534 105588 -0.280 -0.090 +0.684 -0.150 -3/32 -8/32 -11/32 -18/32 -30/32 -0.370 Portugal Spain Sweden UK Gitts Mar 13 Mar 12 Mar 11 Mar 10 Mar 7 Yr ago High Low Mar 12 Mar 11 Mar 10 Govt. Secs. (UK) 95.20 95.50 95.77 95.90 95.70 92.42 96.74 91.59 Gilt Edged berg Fload Interest 119.35 119.43 119.72 119.59 119.45 110.68 120.18 110.74 5-day average 0 FTSE International Ltd 1897. All signs reserved. * for 1995/97. Government Socurities high since complication: 13.07.82 (2019):94. [by 5.08 5.00/10/73. Beels 100: Government Socurities high since complication: 13.07.82 and Fload 1995/97. 3.05 III NOTIONAL SPANISH BOND FUTURES (MEFF) Open Sett price Change High 112.05 112.60 +0.21 112.76 111.95 112.45 +0.16 112.60 Low Est vol. Open int. 111.99 115,769 39,363 111.85 20,705 42,978 Mer Jun UK FT/ISMA INTERNATIONAL BOND SERVICE | Little on the last of plant and plant of profit of the last of t Treasury Bills and Bond Yields Listed are the latest international bonds for which there is an adequate secondary market. Latest prices at 7:19 pm on March 13 Open Sett price Change High Low Est, vol Open int. 111-28 111-21 111-12 111-01 PUTS Jun Sep 1-38 2-09 1-08 1-45 0-48 1-22 0-25 1-02 1-58 M ECU BOND FUTURES (MATTF) ECU100,000 Low Est, vol. Open int. High 96.50 94.94 -0.28 -0.30 -0.30 130.60 129.30 127.90 Open Selt price Change 96.50 96.44 -0.28 94.94 94.86 -0.28 Low Est. vol. Open int. E LONG TERM FRENCH BOND OPTIONS (MATIF) · CALLS -■ US TREASURY BOND FUTURES (CST) \$100,000 32nds of 100% High Low Est vol. Open int. M NOTIONAL GERMAN BUND FUTURES (LIFFE)* DM250,000 100ths of 100% Low Est vol Open int. 205547 239457 0 708 UK GILTS PRICES ## - Note | Note Trees Style 2017## 7.50 7.52 1054 Trees Style 2017## 7.50 7.50 7.52 1045 Trees Style 2017## 7.51 7.52 1045 Trees Style 2017## 7.51 7.52 1054 Trees Style 2017## 7.51 7.52 1054

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By Jenny Luesby and

Richard Wolffe

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utility rises 15%

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Lex, Page 16

COMPANIES AND FINANCE: UK

Enterprise Oil rises 40%

By Jane Martinson

Enterprise Oil became the FTSE 100's best performer time, we have a strong balvesterday as it announced a ance sheet and therefore if an per cent increase in net the right opportunity arises profits and damped specula- at the right price we will tion that it was planning an move quickly." imminent takeover.

Mr Pierre Jungels, chief executive, said that prices the company to contemplate a takeover "There is nothing on the horizon at the right price," he said.

But he indicated that the company would still pounce if it found a suitable target. We have an internal growth

RESULTS

Cape ____

Carlmorth _

Gibbs & Bandy

whert Howarth

Backitt & Coleman

Investment Trusts

else," he said. "At the same

He ruled out bids for the two companies most mentioned as possible bid targets were currently too high for - British-Borneo and Monnment. He called the latter "the most ridiculous story of

> Net profits rose from £101.6m to £142.5m (\$226.6m). The shares closed up 18%p at

a lifetime".

Yr to Dec 31 236.2 B mins to Dec 31 2.42111 Yr to Dec 31 44.2

Yr to Dec 31 242.5 Yr to Dec 31 227

Yr to Dec 31 227 Yr to Dec 31 2,455

Yr to Dec 31 754.9 Yr to Dec 31 67.2 Yr to Dec 31 38.3

Yr to Dec 31 343.9 Yr to Dec 31 1,013 Yr to Dec 31 7,08

Yr to Dec 31 98.7

Yr to Dec 31 3,066 Yr to Dec 31 21.4 Yr to Dec 29 537.7

Yr to Dec 31 306.2 Yr to Dec 31 5.12

Yr to Dec 31 50.6 Yr to Dec 31 456.4

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_ Yr to Dec 31 478.7

____ 53 wks to Jan 4 2,322 ____ 6 miles to Dec 31 27.9

yr to Dec 31 Yr to Dec 31 533.9 Yr to Dec 28 113

(192.1) (0.46**m** (48.1) (243.7) (191.9)

(761.1) (761.1) (70.5) (33.7) (342.9) (762.9) (6.15)

(27.4) (488.6) (116.6)

(89.3

(4.63) (46.6) (414.3)

r to Jan 31 ★ 850 (777) 10.3 (10.3) ... Yr to Jan 31 189.47 (171.47) 0.138 (0.115)

(13.6) 7.03L (500.9) 101.6♥ (285.5) 33.4 (4.63) 1.33

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(201.2) (1.85) (21.21) (1.09) (1.87) (271.3) (4.051) (206.7 ¥) (29.8) (1.14 ¥) (11.9 ¥) (8.55)

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5.5† 14.4† 2.76† 18.92†

145.55 7.821± 19.8 72.8 11.56 11 21.1 13.3 57.7 3.16 38.6 32.1

32<u>.23</u> 0.59

Earnings shown basic. Dividends shown net. Figures in brackets are for corresponding period. After exceptional charge. This exceptional cradit. Ill Net rental income to increased capital. Aincludes Foreign income Dividend element. In Net written premiums, #Adjusted for reduced nominal value.

Quality exceptional cradit.

0.869 13.21.4 33.9 94.44 41.8 10.1 3.044 32 355.4

1,21 10.7 2,94♥ 2,21 1,937♥

8.91**4** 8.28 3.63

any pressure to do anything Enterprise had enjoyed last year when it was the FTSE 100's best performer.

Enterprise also increased production forecasts to 320,000 barrels of oil a day by 1999. The company believe that discoveries in the UK, Norway, Italy and the Gulf of Mexico will boost reserves in coming years.

The company is to spend £500m this year on exploration, appraisal and development, significantly more than last year.

Total turnover rose 38 per cent to £1.01bn (£763m) last Analysts said that the fig- year, helped by higher oil

(13.7) (18.7) (11.54) (15.7) (15.8) (15.5) (15.5) (15.8) (15.8) (16.3) (16.3) (16.4) (15.8

(16.2) (16.8) (4L) (76.8) (4.2) (33.3)

(32.3) (0.49)

which does not put us under ures confirmed the re-rating prices and increased production. At £13.17 per barrel on average, prices were 23 per cent higher than in 1995. Total production rose 8 per cent to an average of 242,932 barrels of oil a day.

Operating profits rose 54 per cent to £365m.lm, as costs per barrel produced fell from £2.35 to £2.28.

Net debt of £228m gave gearing of 28 per cent, a level set to rise slightly this year because of increased development costs.

A final dividend of 10.5p makes a total of 17p, up 6 per cent, and payable from earnings of 26p (18.3p).

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20 4.4 7.8 8 1.5 20.15 5.49 22 9.8

\$ 692 F 2 484 2

chief departs Mr Neville Bain yesterday announced he was to ouit as chief executive of Coats Viyella, Europe's largest clothing and textiles com-His unexpected resignation came as the group unveiled results at the bottom end of recently downgraded expectations. On continuing businesses, sales rose by 5 per cent to £2.46bn

Coats Viyella

porate governance and gen eral management issues. He has been chief executive at Coats Viyella for seven years. At 56, he now aims to

have delivered disappointments in recent years, as raw material prices have scared and consumer demand has been weak.

However, Mr Bain has outperformed his rivals. He has also been outspoken about his growing interest in cor-

(\$3.91bm) last year, but operating profits fell by 7 per

Mr Bain yesterday said his

resignation had nothing to

do with last year's poor

results. He will be replaced

by Mr Michael Ost, chief

executive of McKechnie, the

plastics and metal compo-

All the large public compa-

nies in textiles and clothing

cent to £174.3m.

nents group.

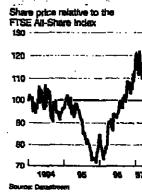
Michael Ost: incoming

take up a series of non-exec utive posts and expand his work in business education. Mr Bain will leave Coats in May and receive 12 months pay under his con-

The challenge for Mr Ost will be to expand sales and profit margins after the

LEX COMMENT Enterprise

1996 was the year Enterprise Oil decisively clawed Enterprise Oil back its reputation with investors, and the figures were no disappointment. Even if 40 per cent earnings growth may not have been stunning, the market was rightly more interested in impressive cost statistics and a healthy jump in future production. Meanwhile, cold water was usefully poured on week-end talk of a £1bn acquisition spree. True, Enterprise has cash coming out of its ears: net debt was



last year cut by a quarter. But not only is this embarrassment of surplus riches unlikely to continue, the sector's frothy rating makes expanding by acquisition a tricky policy. Maybe Mr Pierre Jungels, chief executive, could still do both sides a favour by plucking some undervalued gem from BG, whose unloved upstream business he ran until last September. Of course, it is precisely the general regard for Mr Juogels that presents an awkward dilemma for investors.

However well the company is run, can a £1bn premium to analysts' net asset value estimates really be justified? Well, perhaps. Not only do NAV figures not capture everything oil companies have found, they also allow nothing for future returns from exploration. By one reckoning, even cautious assumptions about future returns suggest an annual £90m exploration spend would justify Enterprise's current valuation gap. Consider that the company expects to spend more like £160m a year, and the share price looks well-founded.

Auctions improve picture at Christies

By Antony Thorncroft

Christies International, the fine art auctioneer, saw pretax profits jump 57 per cent last year to £33.9m (\$53.9m) sales of just 9 per cent, to £1.02bn

The higher profits owed company's biggest market,

much to the growing return of collector confidence in almost all sectors of the art

market, and in most regions. Sales in Asia-Pacific, in September 1995, which regarded as the area with the greatest potential, rose 31 per cent to £63m. In contrast, turnover in the US, the

was only 4 per cent higher. Profits were also boosted by the success of a new commission system, introduced offers sellers a fixed-price structure. Previously some clients could command substantial reductions in their fees which, in a competitive

market could reduce profits. Mr Christopher Davidge group chief executive, now spends as much time in New York as in London, He said vesterday that the company was planning to review its US operations since the

L&F buy helps Reckitt to £371m

By Rose Tiernan

Benefits from its \$1.5bn purchase of US disinfectant and food maker L&F two and a half years ago underpinned an 8.9 per cent rise in underlying profits at Reckitt & Colman, the household products group.

Reckitt achieved operating profits from continuing businesses of £371m (£341m)aided by an 19 per cent pick-up in North America, to £121m. But a fall in exceptional profits on businesses sold, from £1,33m to £18.3m, cut group pre-tax profits in the year to January 4 by 20 per cent to

In spite of persistent bid speculation by competitors such as Unilever or Procter & Gamble, shares in the company, eased 2p to 787p. Mr Vernon Sankey, chief executive, lamented the higher rating accorded US tivals such as Procter & Gamble. But he warned that profits at Reckitt could be hit by sterling's strength.

Some analysts were disappointed at the growth in turnover of under 2 per cent, to 22.29bp. The company said like-for-like growth was 5.4 per cent, but some brokers suggested this was still "mexciting". Since the acquisition of

Lar in October 1994, Reckitt has merged operations with its own North American business. and shed 1,400 staff - equivalent to L&F's entire pay-

Lysol, the best-known dis-infectant in the US, is being developed as a brand-name while the mayonnaise, mus-tard and ketchup businesses, regarded by Reckitt as non-core, are being

Overall, North America accounts for 34 per cent of sales, in Europe, sales were static at £763m. But operating profits climbed £14.6m to 2125m with a strong UK

Profits in Australasia fell by 220m to 226.1m because of increased pension pay-ments and the development of a centre to research pest control products.

Latin American sales grew 7 per cent, producing operat-ing profits of £52.7m, up 28 per cent. Sales growth in Asia was 11 per cent but operating profits, at £15.2m, are growing from a smaller

Operating profits from Africa and the Middle East, by comparison, were £31m, a margin of 22 per cent on fales of £141m

NEWS DIGEST

LTP pay-out to **BP** directors

British Petroleum has increased the total remuneration paid to its board directors from £4.51m to £18.1m (\$20.8m) following the first share awards under the oil company's ong-term performance (LTP) plans.

Of the group's senior managers, Mr John Browne, chief executive, enjoyed the largest increase after seeing his total pay and remuneration package jump from £635,000 to £2.47m last year. His basic salary of £425,000 was enhanced not only by £327,000 in bonuses and other benefits, but also by shares worth £1.72m awarded under

Details of the BP scheme - measured by the group's shareholder returns against seven rival oil companies are contained in the group's annual report and accounts, published today. It is the first time BP executives participating in the scheme have received shares under the plan, first unveiled in 1991 and covering the company's performance up to 1995. Over that period, the company was heavily restructured and enjoyed steady growth in underlying operating profits.

BP said yesterday the awards became payable because the company had "clearly outperformed the other major oil companies . . . achieving growth in total shareholder return of 63 per cent above the growth in the UK market".

Officials further justified the scheme by saying BP had recorded the highest return on capital in the oil industry last year - 17 per cent - while its underlying income of \$4.1bn put it third in the world behind Shell and Exxon. They emphasised that directors awarded shares under the first LTP could not cash them in until 2001.

Shares awarded under BP's subsequent LTP scheme, however, could in theory be exercised before the end of the decade. Shares from the 1994 three-year plan, for example, may be exercised in 1999.

<u>.</u> إ

ScotAm sets up bids tribunal An independent tribunal chaired by a Queen's Counsel

has been set up to resolve any disputes in the £2bn

(\$3.18bn) bidding battle for Scottish Amicable, the mutual life insurer announced yesterday. It made the unusual move as the three bidders -Prudential, Abbey National and Australian Mutual Provident - confirmed yesterday they would be

submitting "final binding" offers by today's 6pm deadline. But they would not be publicizing details, despite the opportunity to do so. The tribunal will be chaired by Sir Patrick Neill, QC. Its other members are Mr William Staple, a director of NM

Rothshild, and Mr Roger Corley, a former chief executive of Clerical Medical. It will provide a forum for a disgruntled underbidder to

appeal. "We don't expect there to be a dispute, but we want to have a procedure in place for bidders to express dissatisfaction were they to feel hard done by," said an adviser to Scottish Amicable. Scottish Amicable expects to recommend a preferred

bidder this month. Christopher Brown-Humes

Rough ride for Salveson board

The board of Christian Salvesen, the logistics and equipment hire company, suffered a bruising yesterday when opponents of its plan to pay a special dividend as a prelude to splitting it in two won more than 30 per cent of the votes in a ballot.

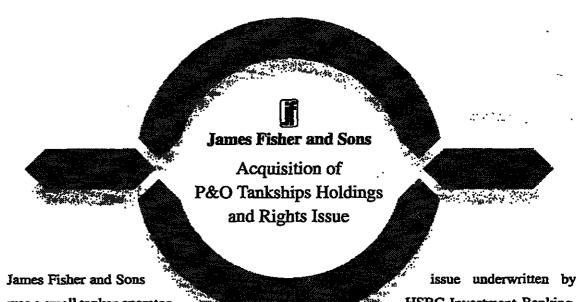
It had to endure nearly two hours of criticism before the proposals, which also involve consolidating Salvesen's share capital, were defeated on a show of hands. But Sir Alick Rankin, chairman, had received proxies for 55 per cent of the share capital, and the board eventually won 69.8 per cent of the votes cast.

Earlier Salvesen said it was in discussion with potential purchasers of its American refrigerated warehousing business, CS Inc. Analysts believe it is worth \$50m-\$60m.

N Brown shares suspended

Shares in N Brown Group, which plans to buy the Freemans home shopping group from Sears, were suspended at 877%p yesterday after slipping in anticipation of a rights issue to fund the deal. It is likely to be funded through a 50:50 mix of debt and equity.

A reverse takeover, complex funding, four Chinese ship newbuilds, a tender auction and completion in time for the New Year.



was a small tanker operator until the arrival of a new Executive Chairman, and HSBC Investment Banking. Combining his vision with our advisory skills, knowledge of the shipping

industry and ability to raise the whole of the required funding, the company now has the largest domestic petroleum tanker fleet of its size in the EC. It also has a broader business base and a wider share ownership. The concept was a reverse takeover of the larger P&O Tankships fuel carriers, with a rights

HSBC Investment Banking. Debt and newbuild guarantee

facilities for four tankers under construction in China was to be provided by sister company Midland Bank plc. In order to complete on time, the transaction had to be finalised over Christmas, in time for the New Year. If that wasn't enough, the company went to competitive auction. Another example of specialist skills and HSBC Group strengths providing successful solutions to complex transactions.

HSBC Investment Banking

Vintners Place, 68 Upper Thames Street, Loadon EC4V 3BJ Telephone: +44 (0)171-336 9000 Facsimile: +44 (0)171-336 9500 Issued by HSBC Investment Bank pic, regulated by SFA.

Zinc group set for rights issue

Mining Correspondent

Mr David Stewart, chief executive of Pasminco, the Australian group that is the world's biggest zinc producer, is so sure that the long-delayed Century project in Queensland will go ahead soon that he is preparing for a rights issue to pay for the

Century - so named because it is the biggest zinc discovery in 100 years - has become mired in controversy tion it will produce 425,000 tonnes of zinc a year - 8 per cent of world supply - and 40,000 tonnes of lead. It will

Analysts suggest that Pas-Dugald River projects.

once native title arguments are settled and valid leases are issued for the two pro-jects and a pipeline to the at Budel, in the Netherlands jects and a pipeline to the

MARKETS REPORT

By Kenneth Gooding

Metal prices, except for zinc,

could be expected to remain

fairly flat for the rest of this

year, Mr Karel Vinck, chief

executive of Union Minière.

the Belgian metals group,

said yesterday. Copper and

Mr Vinck expected zinc to

average \$1,200 a tonne this

year. In late trading yester-

day, it jumped to a fresh 41/2-

year peak of \$1,286 a tonne.

buying by investment funds

caused the rise. Buying in

the physical market early in

Traders said a late burst of

cobalt might even fall.

Queensland ends freeze on land lease applications

Queensland's state government exist on land where a pastoral lease tions are thought to have been held up yesterday began to lift its freeze on had been granted. This was an area as a result. new pastoral and mining lease applica- left unclear by Australia's landmark tions, writes Nikki Tait.

dependent on commodities, comprising

The freeze was imposed in early Jan-

Native Title Act, which was passed in Some industry leaders had blamed 1998 and for the first time set up a ing" association.

grounds that issuing new licences or move would almost certainly bring making changes to existing leaseholdings without the consent of indigenous

However, the move was also seen as a means of putting pressure on the

federal government to resolve the pastoral lease issue. The state government itself has pressed for new legislation which would effectively override the High Court and extinguish native title The freeze was justified on the on pastoral leases. However, such a fresh legal challenges, and Mr John Howard, prime minister, has indicated

> In addition, Dugald River production slightly after Century, between 2005 and

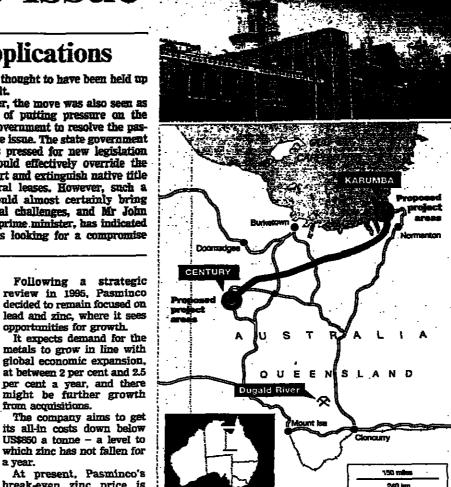
This would enable it to fill the gap left when global economic expansion,
Pasminco's Broken Hill mine at between 2 per cent and 2.5 is exhausted in about 2010. Mr Stewart he believes arbitration over land rights could last until the end of

this year. It would then take two vears to build the Century mine, but it would still be possible to start supplying

Following a strategic review in 1995, Pasminco decided to remain focused on lead and zinc, where it sees opportunities for growth. It expects demand for the metals to grow in line with

per cent a year, and there might be further growth from acquisitions. The company aims to get its all-in costs down below US\$850 a tonne - a level to which zinc has not fallen for

At present, Pasminco's break-even zinc price is



Nymex in link to cut costs

By Laurie Morse

The International Petroleom Exchange and the New York... Mercantile Exchange have agreed to co-operate in two areas that could significantly reduce costs for their mutual customers.

The exchanges believe the joint initiatives will boost arbitrare trading between their rival Breut and West Texas Intermediate crude oil

They said that within 60 days they hoped to have an outline of plans to allow traders in New York and London to offset margin costs when trading in both

A cross-margining agreement, according to Mr Patrick Thompson, the president of Nymex, would cut the amount of capital required to maintain a Brent/WTI spread position by 75 per cent.

Mr Lynton Jones, the IPE's chief executive, said the exchange was surveying customers to determine the demand for co-operation. We expect a very positive

response," he said. The exchanges are also studying sharing a common system for after-hours electronic trading. Their goal is to put both oil contracts on hours their trading floors

are closed. "We want to do every thing possible to expand the number of people who have access to our markets," Mr Jones said.

Nymex currently operates its own after-hours system, Access, while the IPE offers an electronic system called ETS.

Nymex's system will be restructured by mid-1998, and could be designed to be compatible with the IPE system, exchange officials said.

120

make native title claims for land with which they had a "close and continu-Queensland's economy is heavily

the freeze for causing serious "grid-system by which Aborigines could lock" to the state's land management.

both large rural industries, such as beef and sugar, and a big mining sec-

about Aboriginal land rights. uary, after the High Court's unex-communities could incur compensation that he is looking for a compromise When it comes into opera-pected ruling that native title could claims. Around 1,400 lease applica-solution.

but Mr Stewart suggested out of space to store jarosite, ate the supply contract. this by using contractors.

A February deadline for agreement with Aboriginal minco will raise between groups has passed and talks A\$500m-A\$600m (US\$416.6m-about compensation will go \$500m) to finance Century to arbitration. Mr Stewart and the neighbouring suggested the arbitrators were unlikely to recommend Pasminco has agreed to as much as the A\$60m compay A\$345m to RTZ-CRA the pensation package previ-Anglo-Australian group, ously offered to native groups by RTZ-CRA.

Half of Century's output is which is one of the world's RTZ-CRA estimates that most efficient but is threat-Century will cost A\$1.134bn, ened because it is running

that Pasminco could reduce a residue from the smelting The Dutch authorities

would prefer Budel to close. with the loss of more than 500 jobs, rather than have it generating jarosite forever. Century will produce a "clean" concentrate, an

intermediate product, that will enable Budel - which accounts for about 5 per cent of western zinc output - to continue. Mr Stewart said that the

acquisition of Century would provide Budel with a guaranteed 20 years of raw material without the need to renegoti-

concentrate (an intermediate

material), limiting China's the port had so far been suf-

Metal prices 'to remain flat' attracted the attention of the reduce the availability of levels. BHP, which operates

the mine, said stocks at

ficient to meet delivery

Palladium prices in London fell by \$3.75 a troy ounce to \$152.25 following a report that Russia, the biggest producer, might restart deliveries to Japan, the biggest user, at the end of March or the begining of April.

The restart was waiting The copper market was for paperwork to be signed Chernomyrdin, Mr Alexanexecutive of the state pre-

MBR sees improving demand for aluminium

By Kenneth Gooding

The coming bull market for aluminium will not get fully under way until at least the middle of next year, according to the Metal Bulletin earch consultancy.

and allow prices to consolidate at present levels, tracking higher, albeit slowly, over the next two years," says analyst Mr Raju Daswani, in MBR's latest indus-

1403 7,425 30,650 1430 2,438 19,713 1452 274 11,545 1479 478 7,642 1500 65 17,658 11,366 65,167

MBR forecasts that prices will average \$1,640 and \$1,870 a tonne in 1997 and 1998, respectively. It suggests investment funds will be attracted back to the aluminlum market, "looking for substantial gains in the second leg of the bull market" confident that improving and this might send prices to demand will boost sentiment a peak of more than \$2,300 a tonne in 1999.

> Demand for aluminium in the western world is likely to grow by 4.6 per cent this year after remaining stagnant in 1996, the review

tonnes of smelting capacity remains idle and expansions in Australia, Bahrain, Dubai, Iceland, India and New Zealand will have an impact this year and next. Russia will remain a big exporter. All this will ensure balanced supply and demand this year and for most of 1998. Aluminium supplies are forecast to tighten only late next year and in 1999.

However, about 875,000

Aluminium Industry Review, from MBR, 16 Lower Marsh, London SE1 TRJ, UK.

JOTTER PAD

COMMODITIES PRICES BASE METALS LONDON METAL EXCHANGE ALUMINIUM, 99.7 PURITY (\$ per tonne)

271,804 97,029 M ALUMINIUM ALLOY (\$ per tonne) Close Previous High/low AM Official 1549-50 1545-60 1550/1540 6,344 737 Total daily turnover ■ LEAD (\$ per tonne) 692-4 687-9 Clase Previous High/low 700 694.5-5.5 692-3 Open int. Total daliv tumover 8.480 MICKEL (\$ per tonne) 7970-80 7945-55 7955/7950 8080-85 8060-80 Previous High/low

8056-58 8056-60 Open Int. Total daily furnover TIN (5 per torme) 6050-80 8050-60 B035-45 Open int. Total daily lumove 22NC, special high grade (\$ per tonne) Class Previous **■ COPPER, grade A (S per tonne)** Close Previous High/low AM Official 2400.5-02.5 2346-47

E LINE AM Official E/S rate: 1.6016 LME Closing £/\$ rate: 1.5973 HIGH GRADE COPPER (COME) 112.35 +0.15 113.90 111.90 718 8,666 111.05 +0.40 111.70 110.20 162 3,736 109.35 +0.50 110.40 108.20 8,015 24,237

PRECIOUS METALS E LONDON BUILLION MARKET (Prices supplied by N M Rothschild) 351.80-352.10

220.70 513.26 353.30-353.80 Day's Low 351.05-351.35 Previous close 352.70-353.20 Loco Ldin Mean Gold Lending Rates (Vs USS) ...4.25 6 months

523.00 529.40 535.85 6 months 345.50 549.25 Gold Coins

Traders said lead was hav-

ing difficulty moving up to potential to toll-smelt and \$700 a tonne again. The metermetric export refined metal to the al's price has been as low as \$634 recently, having fallen from \$861 in May last year. In a special report, Mr William Adams, analyst at Rud-Noranda natural resources group, suggests lead's fall for a re-challenge of \$750 has been overdone. Prices -\$800 later in 1997." have been depressed by fund selling, slow demand from general destocking, he says.

Precious Metals continued

354.1 +1.3 - - 29.421 - 354.5 +1.3 355.3 352.2 29.421 65.175 357.0 +1.4 358.0 354.7 4.279 29.628 359.5 +1.5 369.4 358.5 299 10.534 361.9 +1.5 362.4 362.4 75 5.909

PLATINUM NYMEX (50 Troy oz.; \$/troy oz.)

PALLADIUM NYMEX (100 Troy cz.; \$/troy cz.) 154.00 +1.45 153.00 153.00 74 98 156.00 +1.60 157.00 152.75 1,231 10,458

SILVER COMEX (5,000 Troy cz.; Cents/troy cz.)

+8.8 538.5 528.5 383 12,764 +8.4 542.5 537.0 45 3,367 +8.3 552.0 543.0 270 5,158

20.80 +0.22 20.95 20.85 13,440 51,436 20.80 +0.19 20.80 20.81 5,940 25,458 20.85 +0.09 20,75 20.49 3,787 16,922

HEATING OIL WINEX (42,000 US galls; clus galls)

54.70 +0.62 55.00 54.08 17,205 31,841 55.05 +0.54 55.25 54.35 9,888 21,792 55.25 +0.49 55.30 54.55 2,981 13,626

55.85 +0.44 55.75 55.15 1,647 12,848 56.40 +0.59 58.40 56.10 1,051 7,745 67.00 +0.48 57.00 56.75 328 5,139

189.25 +1.75 170.25 168.00 5.396 29.70a

1.950 -0.005 2.024 1.930 16,456 29,446 2.025 -0.003 2.000 2.010 6,969 27,269 2.045 - 2.090 2.030 2,443 12,413 2.050 -0.002 2.085 2.045 1,301 11,250

64.70 +0.07 65.25 64.30 13,187 29,993 64.65 +0.20 65.00 64.20 7,919 26,624 64.10 +0.30 64.25 63.80 2,188 15,936 63.10 +0.30 64.25 62.70 1,788 7,239 61.90 +0.25 61.90 61.70 701 4,489 60.35 +0.43 60.40 60.35 211 2,440 28,636 80,682

171.75 +1.76 172.25 171.00 173.00 +1.75 173.50 173.00

175.50 +1.25 176.00 176.00

2,050 -0,007 2,090 2,045 2,050 -0,012 2,080 2,050

34,524 124,139

1,486 6,403 871 10,490

20,842 61,837

+1.5 365.0 363.2 127 21 304

E GOLD COMEX (100 Troy oz.; \$/troy oz.)

West. There is also potential for re-stocking by industry and this should result in a supply deficit this year. Wolff expects lead prices olf Wolff, part of Canada's to "return to \$730 in the medium term and we look

unperturbed by news that by prime minister Viktor battery manufacturers and a Ok Tedi in Papua New Guinea, one of the world's der Kulichkov, deputy chief Meanwhile, lead stocks are biggest producers of the below critical levels and still metal, had not been able to cious metals agency, falling. Production stoppages ship down the Fly River for Almazjuvelirexport, told a week because of low water the day by the Chinese had at a number of mines will

M WHEAT LIFFE (2 per tonne)

98.80 - 98.80 98.35 101.00 -0.25 101.10 100.75 93.00 - 93.00 93.00 95.00 +0.15 94.75 94.75

374.00 -2.00 376.00 389.00 82 256 378.00 -1.00 380.00 372.00 10,382 27,319 378.00 -0.75 372.00 383.50 20,707 41,368 370.00 -0.75 372.00 385.50 1,195 4,295 379.00 -1.00 379.90 372.00 807 4,647 379.00 - 379.00 375.00 8 78 33,771 78,148

300.75 +3.00 301.50 295.25 6,749 14,066 288.25 +3.75 298.00 292.00 58,861 164,843 288.00 +4.50 296.75 291.50 21,097 108,978 287.00 +6.75 298.50 292.00 1,852 15,984 287.00 +6.25 288.00 278.00 12,305 72,314

291.50 +6.90 291.75 285.50 416 6.623 101,443 388,281

90.00 +0.50 90.00 90.00

SOYABEANS C87 (5,000bu unio; cents/60b bushe)

SOYABEAN OIL CET (60,000(bs: cents/b)

E SOYABEAN MEAL CET (100 tone; \$/ton)

821.00 -1.50 828.00 812.00 2.532 3.207 828.50 - 834.00 818.00 63.503 85,525 830.75 -0.75 837.00 819.00 25.806 58,508

822.00 -1.50 827.50 813.00 2,707 8,077

24.95 -0.02 25.27 24.80 4,713 4,183

25.56 -0.10 25.07 25.56 25.18 17.60 55.410 25.56 -0.10 25.07 25.53 5.518 29.627 25.50 -0.05 5.45 25.15 25.55 14.50 5.45 25.55 14.50 5.45 25.55 14.50 5.45 25.55 14.50 5.45 25.55 14.50 5.45 25.4

266.4 -1.1 268.5 263.5 4.293 4.296 - 267.2 282.5 16,179 48,436 263.0 -0.6 264.7 260.8 7,440 28,847 263.0 -0.6 264.7 260.8 7,440 28,847 263.8 -0.5 267.5 264.5 2,295 8,061 243.7 +0.2 245.0 242.0 1,122 5,143 244.8 -0.7 228.5 224.5 390 4,180 33,167 108,380

+0.3 52.0 51.0 +0.2 57.8 57.5

showed fittle change. With Australia the chief source of internation trade, what mattered to buyers was the growing strength in the Australian dollar against the US

Importing it for proviously.

Market indicator, the main Australian guide, was just 4 Australian cents up on the week at 626 cents a log. The average price forecast by Wool International for the 1996-97 season is atili expected to be around 600 Australian cents if current levels are maintained, which seems Bedy.

New Zealand remained relatively weak, was cent of the offering withdrawn

1598 1565 1330

763 292

GRAINS AND OIL SEEDS

III COCOA LIFFE (E/tonn

+49 -+40 1477 +35 1491 +34 1508 +34 1530 +36 1560

1712 -43 1722 1700 98 2,024 1694 -41 1702 1672 2,629 25,908 1684 -48 1692 1665 1,550 10,697 1675 -47 1683 1655 866 5,163 1650 -47 1855 1635 185 2,465 1630 -48 - 606

202.00 -13.65 213.00 202.00 149 860

18225 - 13.55 194.60 187.00 7.518 22,141 186.70 - 14.50 178.75 185.00 1,778 7,959 155.50 - 12.40 185.50 161.90 741 4,758 141.00 - 11.85 151.50 148.68 45 3,290 131.25 - 13.75 144.00 139.25 150 708

-0.2 305.5 363.5 1,259 14,333 -0.2 304.1 302.5 192 4,501 -0.3 300.6 299.2 78 3,099 -0.7 300.5 299.2 71 911 -0.4 302.5 301.5 106 536 +0.8 - - 158

■ SUGAR "11" CSCE (112,000lbs; cents/lbs)

10.76 -0.01 10.81 10.8612.410 69.792 18.52 -0.03 10.57 10.47 2.435 34,744 10.45 -0.05 10.53 10.43 1,848 25,209

10.49 -0.01 10.55 10.47 1,037 12.222 10.50 -0.01 10.55 10.50 346 2,157 10.50 -0.01 10.53 10.53 411 1,251

75.60 -0.55 75.99 75.1511,477 36.610 76.75 -0.38 77.00 76.40 3,310 16,080 77.12 -0.33 77.25 76.90 57 1,373

77.34 -0.16 77.90 77.10 1.977 20.997 78.15 -0.15 78.10 77.90 223 1.584 78.55 -0.17 78.40 78.30 2 486

85.90 +1.40 87.20 84.50 762 5,088 87.90 +1.35 88.90 86.60 137 3,635 88.90 +1.15 91.00 90.00 85 1,087 91.15 +0.90 91.75 90.00 51 671 82.65 +0.40 92.50 92.00 31 291

■ ORANGE JUICE NYCE (15,000lbs; cents/lbs)

VOLUME DATA

INDICES

E Reuters (Base: 18/9/51 = 100)

CRB Futures (Base: 1967 = 100)

Mar 12 Mar 11 month age 245.18 247.14 IE GSCI Spot (Base: 1970 = 100)

COFFEE (ICO) (US cents/pound)

MEAT AND LIVESTOCK III LIVE CATTLE CME (40,000lbs; cents/lbs

88.325 -0.500 68.775 68.25014,292 38,616 64.625 -0.350 64.825 64.325 4,764 25,008 63.225 -0.350 63.550 63.025 2,087 20,415 66.800 -0.100 66.950 66.675 1,052 14,581

74,500 +0,875 74,500 72,800 253 75,125 +0,700 75,400 73,800 2,304 74,950 +0,450 75,200 73,900 312 72,200 +0.125 72,900 71,800 70.150 -0.400 72.200 70.090

Strike price \$ torms - Calls - - Puts -

E ALUMINIUM E COCOA LIFFE

\$195-199 Jet ivel M NATURAL GAS (Pence/therm)

Gold (per troy oz) \$\frac{1}{2}\$
Silver (per troy oz) \$\frac{1}{2}\$
Platinum (per troy oz)
Palladium (per troy oz) \$352.55 527.00c \$152,00 118.0c Lead (US prod.) 45.00c 14,47r 280.50 Tin (Kuala Lumpur) Tin (New York)

VOLUME DATA
Open Interest and Volume data shown for contracts traded on COMEX, NYMEX, CST, NYCE, CME, CSCE and IPE Crude Of are one day in arrang, Volume & Open Interest Rubber (Apr)♥ Rubber (May)♥ Rubber (KL RSS Not) Coconut Oil (Philis) Mar 13 Mar 12 month ago year ago 2001.9 2018.5 1971.4 2134.3 Palm Of (Mal Copra (Phili)§

-0.15 -5

88.425 44.350 88.850 87.00 3,757 76.775 4-0.475 76.850 76.900 2,874 75.475 40.500 75.550 74.800 631 72.050 40.175 72.300 71.700 337 69.200 42.250 88.200 65.800 56 ■ PORK BELLIES CME (40,000ths; cents/ths)

LONDON TRADED OPTIONS

LONDON SPOT MARKETS

9,70-9 90

9.900 +0.50 -3.0

Cattle (live weight) Sheep (live weight) Pigs (live weight)† 150.75p 85.13p Lon. day sugar (raw) Lon. day sugar (wta) Barley (Eng. feed) Matze (US No3 Yellow) Wheat (US Dark North)

-6.0 -10.0

"Facts are "filtered" through our hearts." KYOCERA, world leader in high-to Fex 00 49 - 21 31 - 12 93 40

CROSSWORD

No.9,324 Set by DOGBERRY

1 Return of aristocrat with great ape (6)
4 US city's protected by alias About to search after neat

Lost, say? (5,5) 12 Bird left boat (4) System for transportation 15 Her exercises: rising, tear of lame troopers (5) 14 Hostility to medic with dec-

king in state (5.3) with garden tool (7)
18 Characteristic of peacocks 21 Split some garlic (5) and Hons (5) 20 Dracula loses his temper with a foxy lady (4)

21 Light support for poorly balanced artist (10) 23 Turned cheek to cat in the 24 Quiet turn of phrase, maybe (7) 25 City's right to lose head about the east (6) 26 Header unlikely to stick (6)

I Fiend starts to get hang of underworld life (5)

8 Unaware of Patent 51 being 5 Promiscuous, serving the

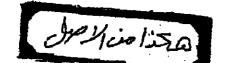
6 Lay out cure-alls, abort of one line (7) Impressive black naval officer without energy (9) Missing line from Paradise 10 Snugly idle women in 13 Sea fish put in spread (9)

convenience of the Home

round and tear off a strip oration and lots of clothes 17 Compiler's sign of life pro-(8) vides stimulus (7)
16 Model lines etc. replacing 19 Scottish story of Russian with garden tool (7)

22 Currency fluctuation in Peru and Spain (5) Solution 9,323





51-53

MALTINE.

Bar e Jan Witness Tides MANY ERM AND Company of the company

body's downgrades [8 A MANAGEMENT William and an area. BONTAN SON Missie .

Twite ...

MARKETS REPORT By Simon Kuper lows late yesterday as strong order. US retail sales data for January and February raised Reserve rate increase this Growing numbers of econ-

Market committee meeting, which starts on March 25. economist at Citibank in London said: "The US econsolid business expansion to product figures. ombright boom.

Book published yesterday suggested that price and wage pressures in the economy remained modest. The dollar's rise wa capped by the fall in US

POUND SPOT FORWARD AGAINST

1.6857 +0.0066 849 - 885 2.1769 +0.0032 758 - 780 12.7704 +0.0957 584 - 824 1.5973 +0.0043 968 - 978

57.2473 +0.1599 894 - 051 · 57.5760 57.1894 55.3812 +0.0181 747 - 876 5.3912 5.3723 188.149 +0.799 007 - 290 197.290 195.070 1 3.9550 +0.0126 529 - 570 3.9760 3.9513 2.2847 +0.0278 831 - 862 2.3025 2.2758 42.0449 +0.01131 958 - 940 42.0940 41.9858 5.9906 +0.0163 885 - 927 6.0222 5.9845 5.9906 +0.0163 885 - 927 2.3018 2.2894 7.0289 +0.0062 243 - 335 7.0626 7.0163 40.023 +5.37 960 - 986 140.07 1399.60 49.9757 47.1824 280 - 194 44.2013 43.9280

sales figures.

Europe Austria Belgium

Deraner Fedenci

Medco (New Pi USA Pacific/Middle E Apstralia

Australia Hong Kong India — · Israel Japan · Malaysia New Zeelar OHE-rolpas

South Korea

Adem & Company

Bank of Oypnus Bank of Ireland

Bank of India Bank of Scotland

Bre Bk of Med East

Charles NA 5.00

The Co-operative Banks.00

Affect trish Bank (GB) 6.00

Baron Billion Vizceya 6.00

8.00

6.00

6.00 6.00

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6.00

6.DO

Duncen Lawrie Exeter Bank Limited

Financial & Gen Bank 7.00 eRobert Reming & Co8.00

@Guirmess Matron 6.00 Habib Bank AG Zurich 8.00

OHambres Bank 6.00 Hertseble & Gars trer Bk.6.00

6-Hi Samuel 8.0
C. Horre & Co 6.00
Hongkong & Shanghai 6.00
Invested Bank (LiK) Lid6.00
Julian Hodge Bank 5.00
Euspeld Jaseph & Sons 6.00
Licyde Samk 6.00
Midland Bank 6.00

7.00

Singer & Friedlander 6.00 Smith & Wilman Secs 6.00

Unity Trust Bank Pic 6.00 Western Trust 6.00

94,89 94,71 94,52

_ _ _0.01

0,25 0.07 0.01

PUTS Jun

May 0.24 0.05 0.01

Jun 0.08

But the gains were mod- gained little impetus from est, as the market remained remarks by Mr Eddie prospects of a Federal without clear direction. The omists now expect a rate rise strategists said traders are rise. By the US afternoon the

In late US trading the dol-lar had firmed to DM1.704

against the D-Mark and

dollar's advance of the last Bank of England, who late few months has all but stal- on Wednesday repeated earled in recent days. Currency lier Bank calls for a rate to follow the Federal Open still uncertain whether the pound had risen to DM2.722 recent stronger economic against the D-Mark, 1.2 pfendata from Japan and Ger- nigs above Wednesday's Mr Michael Burke, senior many herald a fall in the US London close, and to \$1.598 currency. Yesterday the yen against the dollar. failed to benefit from omy has moved from what slightly better than expected trading, recovered in the can be characterised as a Japanese gross domestic London afternoon after the

The dollar's gains buoyed However, the Fed's Beige sterling, which recovered allies over employment some of the ground it had issues. The lira firmed to

wage pressures in the econ-	E Pou	ed in New Y	ork
omy remained modest. The dollar's rise was capped by the fall in US stocks and bonds on the calle fluxes.	Mar 13	1.5975	Prev. close
	2 epol	1.5968	1.5985
	1 min	1.5968	1.5977
	3 min	1.5960	1.5960
	1 yr	1.5882	1.5900

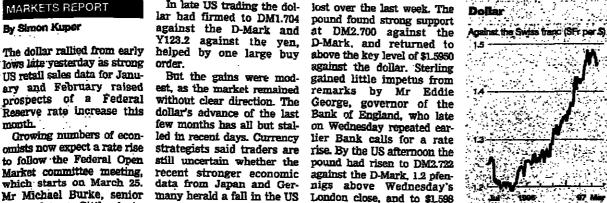
1.3985 +0.0036 986 - 004 1.4020 1.3820 1.3973 1.9 1.3926 2.0 1.3675

1.5964 0.7

1.6055 1.5953

12.8112 12.7273

1.6973 2.1879



Dollar gains as traders eye rate rise

The lira, weak in early Italian government struck a deal with its Communist ___ L995.2 against the D-Mark. The Bank of Italy had been seen intervening in the market after the currency had fallen below L997. Mr Burke said the bank had "done a

2171 3.2 2.1603 - 3.1 2.1157 2.8

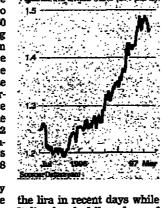
3.9513 2.2758 2.2876 -1.5 2.2927 -1.4 2.3129 -1.2

8.8753 2.6305

-1.2 2715.88 -0.4 2.7 54.3408 -0.1 3.1 2.9576 3.2 2.7 10.8215 2.7 -0.5 - -

1.9 11.9982 2.1 4.5 2.2203 4.8

0.5 1.0167



a delay to European monethat pressure on the lira would return. The French franc rose to FFr3.871 against the D-Mark,

very good job" at steadying the dollar, bucking the trend

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Europe
Austria
Beiglum
Denmerk
Finland
Finnce
Germany
Greece
treland
teland
tute
Luxembourg
Notherlands
Nonway
Portugal
Spain
Sweden
Swetzerland
UK

106.5 105.3 66.4 102.6 76.0 103.6 103.2 102.3 94.7 77.8

97,0

86.0

CURRENCIES AND MONEY

the lira in recent days while Italian bonds fell on fears of tary union. But he forecast partly because of the expec whether Germany will meet

its peak for most of 1996. ■ The Swiss franc gained against both the D-Mark and

11,9731 35,0910 6,4912 5,0737

-0.0008 708 - 755 -0.009 660 - 160 -0.0026 902 - 922 -0.0105 702 - 772

5.0737 -0.0105 702 - 772 5.7335 -0.0076 325 - 345 1.7012 -0.0002 09 - 015 267.390 +0.44 250 - 530 1.5592 +0.0041 585 - 586 1693.25 -328 260 - 390 35.0910 -0.009 660 - 160 1.9139 -0.0012 196 - 141 6.8385 +0.0333 355 - 375 170.905 +0.255 830 - 990 144.365 +0.06 340 - 390 7.5709 -0.0107 676 - 741 1.4594 -0.0086 590 - 598 1.9673 +0.0043 968 978 1.4144 +0.0001 410 - 417

1.1414 +0.0001 410 - 417 0.72833 - -

- 998 - 998

of the Swiss National Bank, rallied from SFr0.862 to were "not an obstacle to SFr1.460 against the dollar. Swiss economic recovery", to see the franc fall.

was also profiting from the May and June are over. recent sell-off of peripheral yielders. Now that they were selling the bonds, partly on

		4		-		
Mar 13		٤			s	
Czech Ry	46.4557	-	48.5407	29.0930		29.128
Hangary						
200				2000.00		
Kumak				0.3034		
Poland				3.0810		
Response	8108.TŞ	-	9117.05	5704.00	-	5706.0
UAE	5.8619	•	5.8687	3.8710	•	3.6730

11.9755 11.8980 11.9584 35.1160 34.8700 35.031 6.4827 6.4508 6.4823 5.0775 5.0479 5.7228 5.7332 5.7031 5.7228 267.800 265.680 268.945 1.5683 1.5568 1.5567 1.695 27.4805 69.945

1.5568 1.5567 1.5567 34.8700 35.031 1.9026 1.9170 177.035 143.410 144.456 7.5245 7.5245 7.5256 1.5956 1.5956 1.1410 1.1425

1.5683 1695.20

35.1160 1.9141 6.8525 170.990

144.390 7.8757 1.4598 1.5058 1,1470

of most of the last year. Mr ted rise in US rates, the Georg Rich, chief economist Swiss franc was climbing. It buoyed the currency when SFr0.858 against the D-Mark, he said its present levels and from SFr1.466 to

For several months previ- ESBC Warburg is telling ously the central bank had clients that the chance of signalled that it was content Emu taking place on schedule has fallen from 80 per Foreign exchange strate- cent to 60 per cent, at least gists said the Swiss franc until the critical months of

That is when the revised European and emerging German economic growth market bonds. Many inves- and tax forecasts for 1997 tors had sold Swiss francs to appear, says Mr Stephen fund purchases of these high Yorke, the bank's director of political research in London. The forecast figures will give fears of a delay to Emu and the best indication yet as to some of the key fiscal crite-_ ria for Emu. If the figures are weak, says the bank, there would be public debate within the Bundestag and Germany requires a minibudget or whether Emu should be delayed.

2.0 11.7181 2.1 34.3635 1.7 8.3822 2.2 4.9697 2.2 5.5935 2.3 1.6578 6-6.2 282.54 0.3 1.5585 -1.9 1710.9 2.1 34.3635 2.5 1.8686 0.5 6.8015

3.7531 1,4063 4,831

1.5 11.8131
2.1 34.9035
1.6 5.4839
2.1 5.0461
2.2 5.7018
2.3 1.6915
0.3 1.5582
-2.1 1701.1
2.1 34.9035
2.4 1.9021
0.7 6.8271
-0.9 171.185
-0.8 144.575
0.4 7.6582
3.9 1.4452
0.7 1.5946
-1.2 1.1451

1.36 2.5 1.3548 2.4 8.113 -17.7 8,3795 -19.2

Rate of Interest 12 September 1997 per

USD 3.220.00 USD 3,245.56

USD 3,271.11

Barcinys Bank PLC. Hong Kong As Fiscal Agent and Agent Bank

6.30%

6.35%

HABITS.

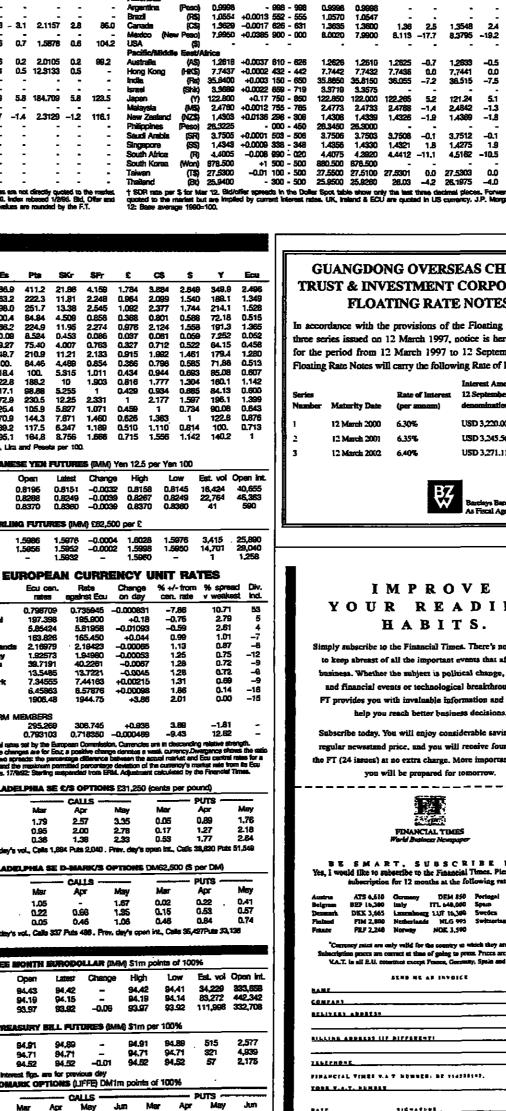
FINANCIAL TIMES

letura lo: Substriplion Deparlment, Francessi Times (Europe) GmbR, Nibelangesplatz 3, 60312 Frankfurt am Maia, Germany Tulephone: •40 ng 15 ol 50. Fax: •40 ng 304 44 85.

WORLD	NTER	ST	RATE	S		· · · .						
MONEY R	ATES											
March 13	Over night	One month	Three mths	Sitx maths	One year	Lomb. inter.	Cass. rade	Repo rate				
Belgium	3];	34	32	3!5	312	6.00	2.50					
Prence	34	36	3,	374	32	3.10	2.50	4.75 3.00				
Germany Ireland	3 <u>8</u> 52	3 <u>2</u> 514	31. 54	3 <u>8</u> 50	33. 50	4.50	2.50	8.25				
italy	71a	7	7%	78	7!i	8.25	6.75					
Netherlands	31	31-	3.	31.	33		3 00					
Switzerland	1%	114	12	16	15	-	1.00	_				
US	52	5.	51	52	52	-	5.00					
Japan	ñ	- 22	2	į			0 SC					
E \$ LIBOR FT	.nobno.											
Interbenk Flding	; -	54	54	5⊈	8.	-	-	-				
US Dollar CDs	-	5.18	5.25	5.35	5.61	-	-	-				
ECU Linked Da	-	44	45	44	4 <u>1</u>	-	-	-				
SDR Unked Da	· ·	33	3%	34	32		-	-				
S LIBOR Interbank fising rates are offered rates for \$10m quoted to the market by four reference banks at 11am each working day. The banks are: Bankers Truzt, Bark of Tokys Missabish, Barclays and National Westmanter. Mid cates are shown for the domestic Money Rates, USS CDs, ECU & SOR Linked Deposits (Oct. EURO CURRENCY INTEREST RATES												
FURO CU	RRENC	*Y IN	ITERI	ST I	24TF4	2						
						_		One				
EURO CU Mar 13	RRENC Short term	Y IN 7 da notk	lys (EST I One ionth	RATES Three months	Si mon		One				
Mar 13 Belgian Franc Danish Krone	Short term 3 ³ 4 - 3 3 ³ 6 - 3 ³ 1	7 da notio	195 (100 m 31 ₂ 35 ₂ 31 ₂ 31 ₃	One ionth - 3 ¹ 2 - 3 ¹ 2	Three months 35g - 31g 35g - 31g	35 ₂ -	3 ¹ 2 3 ⁵ 3	year 3½ - 3½ 3½ - 3½				
Mer 13 Belgian Franc Danish Krone German Mark	Short term 3½ - 3 3½ - 3½ 3½ - 3	7 da noti 3,2 - 312 - 31 ₈ -	195 (28 m 31 ₂ 35 ₁ 31 ₂ 35 ₁ 3 31 ₁	One ionth - 3 ¹ 2 - 3 ¹ 2	Three months 3 ⁵ 8 - 3 ¹ 2 3 ⁵ 9 - 3 ¹ 2 3 ¹ 1 - 3 ¹ 2	35 ₂ - 313 - 313 -	the 3 ¹ 2 3 ² 3 3 ₁ 6	year 3½ - 3½ 3½ - 3¼ 3¼ - 3¼				
Mar 13 Belgian Franc Danish Krone	Short term 3 ² 4 - 3 3 ¹ 5 - 3 ¹ 1 3 ¹ 5 - 3 3 ¹ 5 - 3 ¹ 5 3 ¹ 6 - 3 ¹ 5	7 da noti 3,2 - 313 - 324 - 324 -	0/5 (ce m 31 ₂ 35 ₁ 31 ₂ 35 ₁ 3 31 ₁ 3 32 3,1 3,1	One conth - 3 ¹ 2 - 3 ¹ 2 - 3 ¹ 4 - 3 ¹ 4 - 3 ¹ 4	Three months 3 ⁵ g - 3 ¹ g 3 ⁵ g - 3 ¹ g 3 ¹ g - 3 ¹ g	35 - 311 - 311 - 311 - 311 -	312 35 34 34 34	year 35g - 31g 31g - 31g 31g - 31g 31g - 31g 31g - 31g				
Meer 13 Belgian Franc Danish Krone Garman Mark Dutch Guilder French Franc Portuguese Esc.	Short term 3½ - 3 3½ - 3 3½ - 3 3½ - 3 3½ - 3 6½ - 6½	7 da noti 3.2 • 313 • 3.5 • 3.5 •	95 (ce m 3½ 3½ 3½ 3½ 3½ 3 3½ 3½ 3½ 6½ 6½	One sonth - 3 ¹ 2 - 3 ¹ 2 - 3 ¹ 4 - 3 ¹ 3 - 6 ¹ 4	Three months 3 ⁴ 8 - 3 ¹ 2 3 ⁵ 8 - 3 ¹ 2 3 ¹ 1 - 3 ¹ 2 3 ¹ 1 - 3 ¹ 2 3 ¹ 2 - 3 ¹ 3 3 ¹ 3 - 3 ¹ 4 6 ¹ 2 - 6 ¹ 3	35 - 311 - 3	31 ₂ 35 ₃ 31 ₄	year 35 ₂ - 31 ₂ 312 - 314 314 - 314 314 - 314 314 - 314 6 - 512				
Meer 13 Belgian Franc Danish Knone German Mark Dusch Guilder French Franc Portuguese Esc. Spanish Peseta	Short term 3½ - 3 3½ - 3½ 3½ - 3 3½ - 3 6½ - 6½ 5¼ - 5½	7 da noti 312 - 313 - 313 - 514 - 513 -	95 (ce m 31 ₂ 35 ₁ 32 ₂ 35 ₁ 3 331 3 33 5 53 5 53 5 51	One conth - 3 ¹ 2 - 3 ¹ 2 - 3 ¹ 4 - 3 ¹ 3 - 6 ¹ 4 - 5 ¹ 15	Three months 3 ⁵ 8 - 3 ¹ 2 3 ⁵ 8 - 3 ¹ 2 3 ¹ 1 - 3 ¹ 2 3 ¹ 1 - 3 ¹ 3 3 ¹ 2 - 3 ¹ 3 3 ¹ 3 - 3 ¹ 4 5 ¹ 4 - 5 ¹ 4	Si mon 313 - 311 - 311 - 311 - 51 - 51 - 51	31 ₂ 31 ₃ 31 ₄ 31 ₄ 31 ₄ 511	year 35g - 31g 312 - 31d 314 - 314 314 - 314 315 - 314 6 - 512 511 - 55				
Meer 13 Belgian Franc Danish Knone German Mark Dusch Guilder French Franc Portuguese Esc. Spanish Pesata Sherling	Short term 34 - 3 35 - 34 35 - 34 35 - 36 35 - 36 55 - 56 56 - 56 56 - 56	7 da noti 3.2 - 3.2 - 3.3 - 6.4 - 553 - 6 - 5	95 m 31 ₂ 35 ₁ 32 ₂ 35 ₁ 3 33 ₂ 3 33 ₂ 33 ₂ 33 ₃ 53 ₃ 53 ₃ 513 513 513 513	One conth - 31 ₂ - 31 ₄ - 31 ₄ - 31 ₄ - 51 ₅ 1 ₂ - 6	Three months 3 ⁵ 8 - 3 ¹ 2 3 ⁵ 9 - 3 ¹ 2 3 ¹ 1 - 3 ¹ 2 3 ¹ 1 - 3 ¹ 2 3 ¹ 3 - 3 ¹ 4 5 ¹ 4 - 5 ¹ 4 6 ¹ 5 - 6 ¹ 5 6 ¹ 5 - 6 ¹ 5	Si mon 35: 311 - 35: 35: 6∆ - 61:	312 353 314 314 314 514 515 612	year 3½ - 3½ 312 - 314 314 - 314 314 - 314 6 - 511 511 - 5½ 62 - 64				
Mear 13 Belgian Franc Danish Krone Garman Mark Dusch Guilder French Franc Portuguese Esc. Spanish Peseta Sherling Swies Franc	Short term 3 ² 4 - 3 3 ² 5 - 3 ² 1 3 ² 5 - 3 ² 5 3 ² 5 - 3 ² 5 6 ² 6 - 6 ² 7 6 ² 7 6 ² 8 - 5 ² 7 6 ² 8 - 5 ² 7 2 ² 8 - 1 ² 8	7 da noti 312 - 313 - 314 - 315 - 614 - 515 - 111 -	95 (15 (15 (15 (15 (15 (15 (15 (15 (15 (1	One 1 - 31 ₂ 1 - 31 ₂ 2 - 31 ₄ 3 - 31 ₄ 3 - 61 ₄ 4 - 515 1 - 6 1 - 17 ₈	Three months 35g - 31g 35g - 31g 35g - 31g 31g - 31g 31g - 31g 51g - 51g 65g - 65g 65g - 61g 15g - 11g 15g - 11g	Si mon 352 - 313 - 313 - 314 - 315 - 615 - 615 - 152 -	312 35 314 314 314 511 511 612 111	year 3½ - 3½ 3½ - 3¼ 3¼ - 3¼ 3¼ - 3¼ 6 - 5¼ 6 - 5¼ 6½ - 6¼ 1⅓ - 1½				
Meer 13 Belgian Franc Danish Knone German Mark Dusch Guilder French Franc Portuguese Esc. Spanish Pesata Sherling	Short term 34 - 3 35 - 31 31 - 3 35 - 31 35 - 31 35 - 35 35 - 35 35 - 51 21 - 51 21 - 55 51 - 57 51 - 57	7 da noth 32 - 312 - 313 - 513 - 513 - 513 - 513 - 513 -	95 m 31 ₂ 35 ₁ 35 ₂ 35 ₂ 35 ₂ 35 ₃ 35 ₄ 35 ₄ 55 ₅	One sonth - 312 - 312 - 314 - 514 - 515 - 178 - 178 - 514 - 514 - 514 - 514	Three months 35g - 31g 35g - 31g 31g - 31g 31g - 31g 31g - 31g 31g - 31g 51g - 61g 51g - 61g 51g - 61g 51g - 51g	352 - 311 -	312 313 314 314 514 614 314 514 514	year 352 - 312 312 - 314 314 - 314 314 - 314 314 - 314 6 - 511 511 - 552 6 - 614 113 - 114 6 - 573				
Meer 13 Belgien Franc Denich Krone German Merk Dusch Guilder French Franc Portuguese Esc. Spanish Pesata Sterling Swies Franc Canadian Dollar Usalian Lira	Short term 34 - 3 35 - 34 34 - 3 35 - 34 35 - 36 35 - 36 54 - 56 25 - 56 25 - 56 25 - 56 735 - 66	7 day note 312 - 313 - 314 - 515 - 515 - 515 - 515 - 515 - 515 - 515 - 515 - 515 - 712 - 7	95 m 312 352 351 2 352 351 2 352 351 3 353 655 655 512 653 655 512 653 655 513 655 657 7 7 7 7 7 7 7 7 7 7 7 7 7 7 7 7 7 7 7	One sonth - 312 - 312 - 314 - 514 - 515 - 178 - 514 - 514 - 738 - 738	Three months 35g - 31g - 51g - 61g -	352 - 311 -	312 313 314 314 511 512 513 513 514 513 72	year 352 - 312 312 - 314 314 - 314 314 - 314 314 - 314 6 - 511 511 - 551 6 - 512 51 - 512 51 - 512 51 - 512 51 - 512 51 - 513 51 - 512 51 - 513 51 - 513				
Meer 13 Belgian Franc Denish Knone German Merk Dusch Guilder French Franc Portuguese Esc. Spanish Pesata Sterling Swiss Franc Cenedian Doller US Doller fusiling Lira Japanese Yen	Short term 34 - 3 35 - 311 312 - 31 313 - 31 314 - 3 315 - 31 315 - 31 315 - 31 315 - 27 315 - 27 315 - 27 315 - 27	7 da noti 3,2 · · · 3,2 · · · 3,2 · · · 5,3 · · · · · · 5,3 · · · · · · · · · · · · · · · · · · ·	95 m 312 35; 312 35; 312 35; 313 35; 314 35; 315 51; 317 11; 214 31; 517 11; 5	One conth - 312 - 312 - 314 - 314 - 515 - 6 - 178 - 718 - 718	Three months 35a -	35g - 31g -	312 313 314 314 511 511 511 511 711	year 3½ - 3½ 3½ - 3½ 3¼ - 3½ 3¼ - 3½ 6 - 5½ 6½ - 6½ 6½ - 6½ 6 - 5% 133 - 1½ 6 - 5% 143 - 6½				
Mer 13 Belgian Franc Content Krone Gorman Mark Dusch Guilder French Franc Portuguese Esc. Spanish Pesata Shering Swiss Franc Canadian Doller US Doller talian Lira Japanese Yan Asian SSng	Short term 34 - 3 34 - 3 34 - 3 34 - 3 34 - 3 34 - 3 34 - 3 34 - 3 34 - 5 34 - 5 34 - 5 34 - 5 34 - 5 34 - 5 34 - 5 34 - 5 34 - 5 34 - 5 34 - 5 34 - 5 34 - 5 34 - 2 34 -	7 da noti 3,2 · · · 3,2 · · · 3,2 · · · 5,5 · · · · 5,5 · · · · · · 5,5 · · · ·	95 m 312 35; 35; 35; 32; 35; 35; 35; 35; 35; 35; 35; 35; 35; 35	One conth - 31 ₂ - 31 ₂ - 31 ₄ - 31 ₄ - 31 ₄ - 513 ₄	Three months 35g - 31g - 35g - 31g - 34g - 31g - 34g - 34g - 34g - 34g - 54g -	35g - 35g - 31g - 35g -	312 312 313 314 314 513 613 114 114 114 114 114 114 114 114 114 1	year 352 - 312 312 - 314 314 - 314 314 - 314 314 - 314 6 - 511 511 - 551 6 - 512 51 - 512 51 - 512 51 - 512 51 - 512 51 - 513 51 - 512 51 - 513 51 - 513				
Mear 13 Belgian Franc Denish Knone German Mark Dutch Guilder French Franc Portuguese Esc. Spanish Pesata Sterling Swiss Franc Canadian Dollar US Dollar Talian Lira Japanese Yan	Short tarm 34 - 3 34 - 34 34 - 3 34 - 3 34 - 3 34 - 3 34 - 3 34 - 3 34 - 5 34	7 da notice 3 de 1 d	95 m 31- 35- 31- 32- 31- 32- 31- 31- 31- 31- 31- 31- 31- 31- 31- 31	One conth - 312 - 312 - 312 - 314 - 514 - 515 - 514 - 718 - 215 - 718 -	Three months 35s - 31s - 35s - 51s -	Si mon 352 - 313 - 314 - 315 -	312 313 314 314 512 613 314 513 513 513 513 513 513 513 513 513 513	year 35-312-313 313-313 313-313 313-313 313-313 513-513 513-513 513-513 513-513 513-513 513-513 513-513 513-513 513-513 513-513 513-513 513-513 513-513 513-513 513-513 513-513 513-513 513-513 513-513				
Mer 13 Belgian Franc Denich Krone German Merk Dusch Guilder French Franc Portuguese Esc. Spanish Pesata Sherling Swies Franc Cenedian Doller US Doller halien Lira Japanese Yen Asian Seng Short term reses a	Short term 34 - 3 34 - 34 34 - 3 34	7 da notice 3 de 1 d	93 m 31- 35- 31- 32- 31- 32- 32- 32- 32- 32- 32- 32- 32- 32- 32	One conth - 312 - 312 - 312 - 314 - 514 - 515 - 514 - 718 - 215 - 718 -	Three months 35s - 31s - 35s - 51s -	352 - 311 - 312 -	312 353 314 314 511 511 512 513 513 513 513 513 513 513 513 513 513	year 3½ - 3½ - 3½ 3½ - 3½ 3¼ - 3½ 3¼ - 3½ 3¼ - 3½ 65 - 5½ 65 - 5½ 65 - 5½ 65 - 5½ 5¼ - 3½ 5¼ - 3½ 5¼ - 3½ 5¾ - 3½ 5¾ - 3½ 5¾ - 3½				
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Mear 13 Belgian Franc Denich Krone German Merk Dusch Guilder French Franc Portuguese Esc. Spanish Pesata Sterling Swiss Franc Careclian Dollar US Dollar Raisen Sing Short term estes a E THURKER MO Op Mar 96. Jun 96. Sep 96.	Short term 34 - 3 34 - 34 34 - 3 34 - 34 34 - 3 34 - 34 34 - 3 34 - 34 34 - 3 34 - 3 34 - 3 34 - 3 34 - 3 34 - 3 34 - 3 34 - 3 34 - 3 34 - 3 34 - 2 34 - 3 34 - 2 34 - 3 34 - 2 34 - 3 34 - 2 34 - 3 34 - 2 34 - 3 34 - 2 34 - 3 34 - 2 34 - 3	7 da noti: 314 - 315 - 316 - 3	93 (100 mm) 12 (10	One sonth - 312 - 312 - 312 - 314 - 314 - 514 - 514 - 718 -	Three months 35g - 31g -	Si mon 352 - 313 - 314 - 315 -	312 313 314 314 314 514 514 60 114 314 72 13 13 14 15 16 16 16 17 18 18 18 18 18 18 18 18 18 18 18 18 18	year 35g - 31g 31g 31g - 31g 31g 31g - 31g 31g 31g - 31g				
Meer 13 Belgien Franc Denish Krone German Merk Dusch Guilder French Franc Portuguese Esc. Spenish Pesata Sterling Swies Franc Caraclan Dollar US Dollar Hallen Lira Japanese Yan Asian Sisng Short term rates a III THURKER	Short term 34 - 3 34 - 3 34 - 3 34 - 3 34 - 3 34 - 3 34 - 3 34 - 3 34 - 3 34 - 3 34 - 3 34 - 3 34 - 3 34 - 3 34 - 3 34 - 2 34 - 5 34 - 5 34 - 5 34 - 2 34 - 1 34 - 2 34 - 2 34 - 1 34 - 2 34 - 2 34 - 1 34 - 2 34 - 2 34 - 2 34 - 3 34 - 2 34 - 3 34 - 2 34 - 3 34 - 2 34 - 3 34 -	7 da noti: 3,2 - 3,3 - 3,5 - 6 - 5,5 - 6 - 5,1 - 7,2 - 3,1 - 2,5 - 6 - 5,1 - 7,2 - 1,1 - 5,1 - 7,2 - 1,1 - 1,2 - 1	93 (100 m) 312 35, 332 332 333 333 333 333 333 333 333 33	One conth - 312 - 312 - 312 - 314 - 314 - 514 - 514 - 118 - 514 - 718 -	Three months 35g - 31g - 32g	Si mon 352 - 312 - 313 - 314 - 315 -	312 3233 314 323 324 324 513 513 513 513 513 513 513 513 513 513	year 35g - 31g 31g - 31g				
Meer 13 Belgian Franc Danish Krone Garman Mark Duach Guilder French Franc Portuguese Esc. Spanish Peseta Sterling Swites Franc Careclian Dollar US Dollar Railan Lira Japanese Yen Asian Sang Short term rates a E THEREER MO	Short term 3½ - 3 3½ - 3½ 3½ - 3½ 3½ - 3½ 5½ - 3½ 5½ - 5½ 5½ 5½ - 5½ 5½ 5½ - 5½ 5½ 5½ - 5½ 5½ 5½ - 5½ 5½ 5½ - 5½ 5½ 5½ - 5½ 5½ 5½ 5½ - 5½ 5½ 5½ 5½ 5½ - 5½ 5½ 5½ 5½ 5½ 5½ 5½ 5½ 5½ 5½ 5½ 5½ 5½ 5	7 da noti 314 - 315 - 314 - 314 - 515 - 51	93 (100 m) 312 35, 332 332 333 333 333 333 333 333 333 33	One sonth - 312 - 312 - 312 - 314 - 314 - 514 - 514 - 718 -	Three months 35g - 31g -	Si mon 35s - 313 - 313 - 315 -	312 3233 314 323 324 324 513 513 513 513 513 513 513 513 513 513	year 35g - 31g 31g - 31g				

				, ,		N. OTIEFEG FO	···
	Open	Sett price	Change	High	Low	Esz. vol	Open int
Mar	96.62	96.63	-	96.64		6.073	41.510
Jun	96.52	96.54	-0.01	96.55	96.51	20,851	63,672
Sep	96.43	96 45	-	96.45	96.41	13,884	43,650
N THREE	HONTH	EUROMA	RK PUT	URLES (LI	FFE)" DM1	m points of	100%
	Open	Satt phos	_		Low	Est. vol	Open in
Mar	96.73	PG.74	+0.01	96 74	96 73	8762	162213
Jun	96.72	96.73	-	96.74	98.71	28202	198821
Sep	96.61	96.62	-	96.63	96.60	24087	176296
Dec In Austral	96.44	96,45 Uromar ic	- - 10 Herma	96.46	26.42 26.42	32496	187915 Se
OKE I			_				
	Open	Sett price	_	High	Low		Open sn
Mar	96.71	96.71	+0.01	96 72	96.71	277	18816
Apr May	-	96.76 96.78	+0.01	-	-	0	4367
Jun	•	96.78		-	•	Ö	3997 510
	-	EUROLIR	- A 2277111	BER UTE	EN 1 1000	_	
		Sett price			Low	Est. vol	
	Open	•	-	_			Open in
Mar Jun	92.56	92.63	+0.02	92.67	92.58	11310	55443
Jun Seo	92.90 93.12	93.01 93.23	+0.06	93.04 93.25	92.89 93.10	28265 15098	110281 49758
Dec Dec	93.12	93.32	+0.09	93.25	93.16	6249	34020
		JRO SWISS					
- 1700							
	Open	Sett price	_	High	Low	Est. vol	Open in
Mar Jun	98.06 98.11	98.11 98.16	+0.04 +0.05	98.11 98.17	98.06 98.11	5238 11987	27689 40515
Jun Sep	98.06	98.13	+0.05	98.16	98.06	6420	20499
Dec	96.00	BB.04	+0.07	96.05	97.98	2072	13888
		EUROYE		-			
	Open	Sett price		High	Low		Open in
Mar	Open	99.44	- Cimerido	111501	-	0	n/a
Jun .		99.42	+0.01			ă	n/a
Seo	99.32	99.33	+0.02	89.32	99.32	500	n/a
		ECU FUT					
	Open	Sett price	Chance	High	Low	Est. vol	Open in
Mar	95.72	95.75	+0.02	95.76	95.72	1900	8333
Jun Jun	95.72	95.74	+0.01	95.75	95.70	2187	7802
Sep	95.70	95.71	+0.01	95,71	95.66	456	4918
Dec	95.63	95.65	-	95.65	95.62	419	4545
		ded on APT	- I - 660				
	AKA OP1	10113 (LIFF	'	m points	Ot 100%		
Strike		CYT				- PUTS	
Price	Ma	y Ju	n :	Sep	Mar	Jun	Sep
9250	0.14			1.90	0.01	0.08	0.17
9275	0.0	1 0.4	2 0).71	0.13	0.16	0.23
9300	O	0.2 58 Puts 1640	-).55	0.37	0.26	0.32

CROSS RATES AND DERIVATIVES **EXCHANGE CROSS RATES** BFr DKr FFr DM NKr 1.784 0.964 1.092 3.884 2.849 349.9 2.099 1.540 189.1 2.377 1.744 214.1 18.50 16.34 4.847 8,831 10 2.620 2.967 (FH) 61.20 (DM) 20.63 (E) 20.73 (FI) 18.33 (NK) 51.28 (Es) 20.54 (Pa) 24.32 (SK) 45.76 (SFI) 26.05 (C) 56.05 (C) 56.05 72.18 191.3 7.252 64.15 179.4 71.88 3.817 10.12 0.384 3.392 9.488 3.800 4.499 8.485 4.449 10.37 4.763 6.493 8,935 0,339 2,996 8,379 3,356 3,973 7,476 3,929 9,158 4,207 5,735 2.651 0.100 0.889 2.486 0.996 1.179 2.216 1.166 2.717 1.248 1.701 1.386 1.942 Canada US E D-MARK FUTURES (MM) DM 125,000 per DM Latest Change High Low Latest Change High 0.5980 -0.0029 0.5904 0.5912 -0.0030 0.5936 0.5955 -0.0024 0.5968 Low Est. vol Open Int. 0.5880 0.5912 0.5955 -0.0004 -0.0002 -1.6028 1.5998 1.5980 -0.0030 -0.0031 +0.0001 0.6856 0.6917 0.7015 9,088 30,924 73 21,639 35,189 1,955 EMS EUROPEAN CURRENCY UNIT RATES UK INTEREST RATES LONDON MONEY RATES 0.735845 185,900 5.81958 165,450 2.19423 1.94980 40,2261 13,7221 7,44163 6,57876 10.71 2.79 2.61 1.01 0.87 0.75 0.72 0.72 0.59 0.14 0.00 -0.000831 53 5 4 -7 -8 -12 -9 -16 -15 197,398 5,85424 163,626 2,16979 1,92573 39,7191 13,5485 7,34555 6,45863 1906,48 +0.18 -0.01093 +0.044 -0.00065 -0.00053 -0.0067 -0.0045 +0.00215 +0.00098 Lip to 1 1-3 month month 3-6 months MEMBERS 2¹2 5l₂ 5 Cars of Tex dep. LTULUANUI 2º2 5·2 5·5 4·4. Cars of Tex dep. under £100,000 is 2º2cc. Deposits withdrawn for cash 1º4cc. Aus, lander mite of dispount on Mer 7 , 5.7960pc. ECGD fixed rate Sdg. Export Finance. Make up day Feb 28, 1897. Agreed mate for period Mer 28, 1897 to Apr 21, 1997, Schema il 7.53pc. Februaries querie for period Feb 1, 1897 to Feb 28, 1997. Schemas N & V 6.285pc. Finance House Base Rate 6º2pc from Mer 1, 1997 PHILADELPHIA SE E/S OPTIONS \$21,250 (cents per pound Est. vol. Open int. 5828 83011 12045 136301 12139 89890 13250 67657 4534 46780 May 1.76 2.18 2.84 -0.01 -0.02 -0.04 -0.05 Apr 0.89 1.27 1.77 93.75 93.56 93.35 93.18 2.00 1.38 2.78 2.33 Mar May 1.67 1.85 1.06 Маг May Дрт Apr 0.22 0.53 0.84 0.02 0.15 0.46 0.580 0.585 0.590 1.05 .Mar Jun 0.01 0.25 0.50 0.05 0.46 0.67 0.01 E THREE MONTH EUROPOLLAR (IMM) \$1m points of 100% Hìgh Low Est wol Open Int. 94.42 94.15 93.92 94,42 94,19 Ξ BASE LENDING RATES Jun Sep



GUANGDONG OVERSEAS CHINESE TRUST & INVESTMENT CORPORATION FLOATING RATE NOTES In accordance with the provisions of the Floating Rate Notes in three series issued on 12 March 1997, notice is hereby given that for the period from 12 March 1997 to 12 September 1997, the Floating Rate Notes will carry the following Rate of Interest: 12 March 2000 12 March 2001 12 March 2002 IMPROVE YOUR READING to keep abreast of all the important events that affect your and financial events or technological breakthroughs, the FT provides you with invaluable information and insight to Subscribe today. You will enjoy considerable savings on the regular newsstand price, and you will receive four weeks of the FT (24 issues) at no extra charge. More important, however, BESMART, SUBSCRIBENOW., I would like to subscribe to the Financial Times. Please enter my subscription for 12 months at the following rate ATS 4,610 Germany DEM 850 Portogal BEP 16,360 inty ITL 648,000 Spain DEK 3,665 Luxembourg 1UF 16,364 Swotca FIN 2,800 Norther and FEF 2,246 Norwity NOK 3,590 "Correctory raises are only which for the country to which they are quotest, bearingtion proces are convect at time of going to press. Praces are continued of KA.T. in all E.U. committee except France, Gorganity, Spain and Sweden. RELIVERY ADDRESS BILLING ABBRESS UP BIFFEREST! PINAMETAL TIMES V.A 7 NOMBER: BE 114728147. PLEASE ALLOW UP TO 31 DAYS POR TOCK BREES TO START.

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THE ROYAL BANK OF CANADA
U.S. \$300,000,000 Floating Rate
Debentures due 2085
NOTICE IS HEREBY GIVEN that for
the interest Period commencing on
17th March, 1997, the Notes
will bear interest at the rate of
5.75% per annum. The Interest
psyable on 17th June, 1997 spainst
Coupon No. 45 will be U.S.
\$14.694444 per U.S. \$1,000 nominal.
Agent Benk ROYAL BANK OF CANADA

BANCA DI ROMA GRUPPO CASSA DI RISPARMIO DI ROMA

NOTICE TO THE HOLDERS OF B WARRANTS ORIGINATING FROM MEDIOBANCA INTERNATIONAL 1991-1996 BONDS WITH BANCA DI ROMA (FORMERLY BANCO DI SANTO SPIRITO) WARRANTS.

The Board of Directors of Banca di Roma has convened an

ordinary share holders General Meeting for 28th April 1997 as a first convening, and, if necessary, for 29th April 1997 as a second convening to approve, among other items, the 1996 Balance Sheet. Consequently, in accordance with article 3 (C) of terms and conditions of the B warrants governing "Banca di Roma (formerly Banco di Santo Spirito) warrants" request to exercise said warrants may not be presented during the period between 24th March 1997 and the day after the date on which that meeting takes place, or, if applicable, the day following the payment. of any dividends, the distribution of which may have been resolved by that Meeting.

Cesare Geronzi

BANCA DI ROMA - Registered Office in Basse, Via Masso Mingheni, 17 Paid up Capital Lee 1.675 billion - Reserves Lee 8,725 billion.

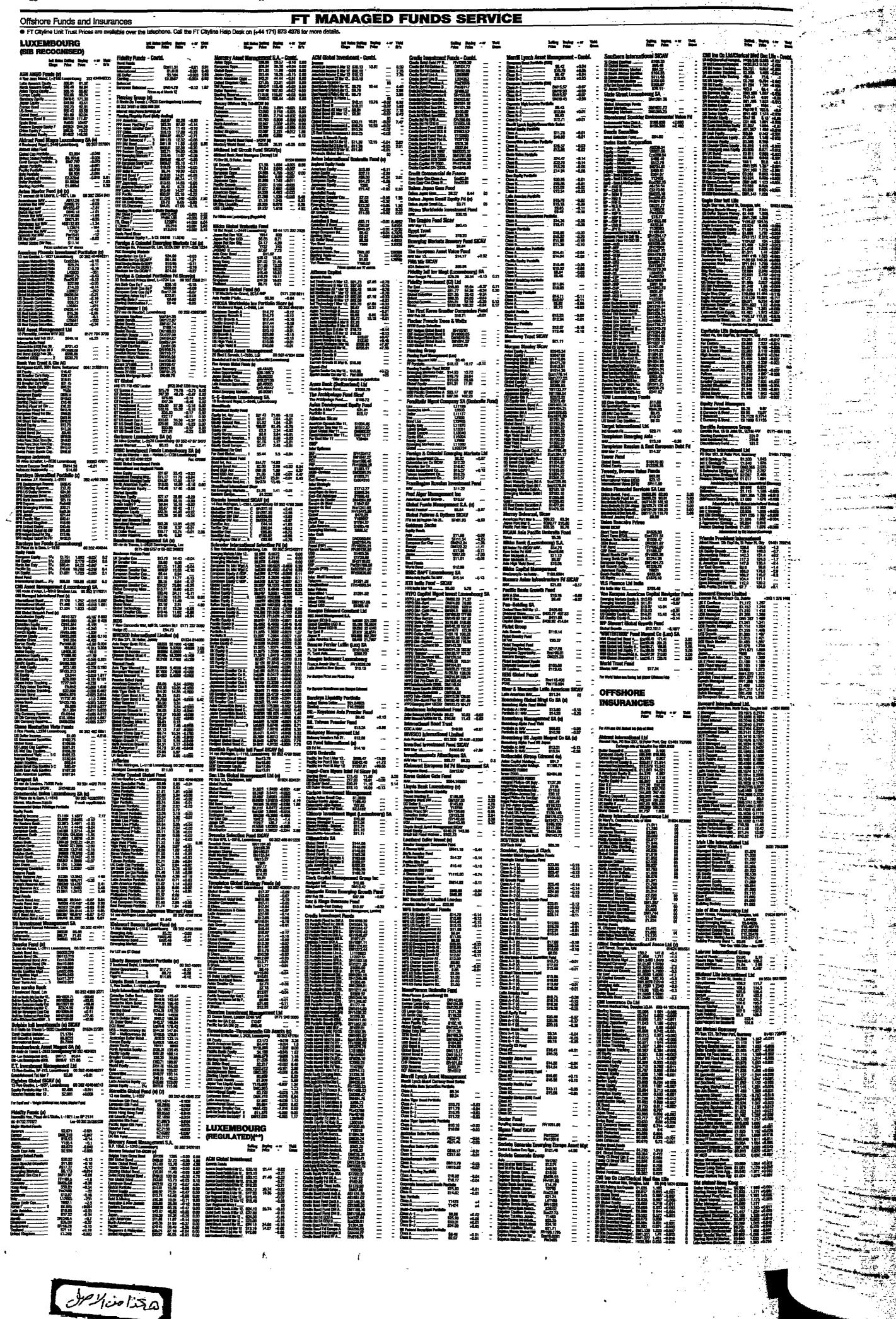
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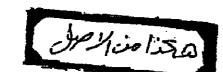
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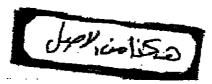
DIVIBERD NOTICE

At the Annual General Meeting held on 12 March 1997, the shareholders decided the payment of a dividend of US\$ 0.29 per share, payable on or after 21 March 1997 to shareholders on record on 12 March 1997.

The shares will be quoted ex-dividend as from 13 Merch 1997. By order of the Board of Directors







1PF FT MANAGED FUNDS SERVICE Offshore Funds ● FT Cityline Unit Trust Prices are available over the telephone. Call the FT Cityline Help Desk on (+44 171) 873 4378 for more details 235.18 -0.07 0.06
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J-th World's fifth largest reinsurer 10 PM on track for success Invested assets + 15 % Further dividend increase planned Strong rise in the share price during the last 9 months PCF believed 0 \$18.54 19.89 PCF Fire Earth 98.74 18.34 PCF Fire Earth 98.74 PCF Fire Earth 98 5:250 5:027 53:251 51:073 51:779 52:757 52:758 54:335 "Excellent" and 'Superior ratings from Standard & Poor's and A. M. Best hannover **re** Nannover Rückverscherungs-AG P.O. Box 5103 69, 30625 Hansover, Germany Phone +49/511/56 D4-0, Fax +49/511/56 04648 ## 25. Doe 10 (24.0) 2015 Horsever, Commany

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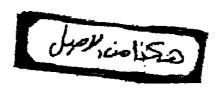
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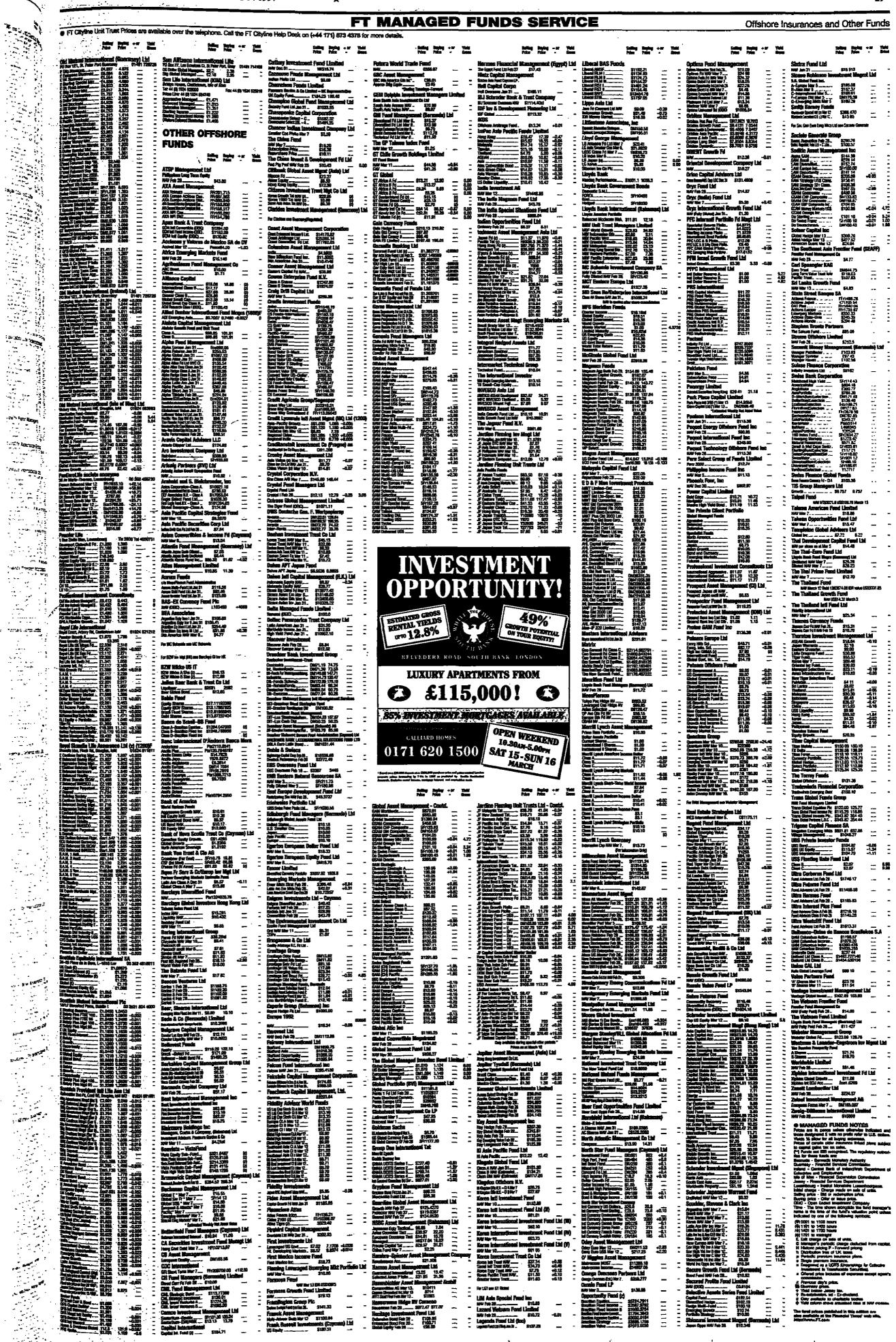
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UK stocks hit by gloomy US rate outlook

MARKETS REPORT By Steve Thomason. **UK Stock Market Editor**

Concerns that the March 25 meeting of the US Federal Reserve's Open Market Committee might bring an increase in US interest rates weighed heavily on European stock markets yesterday and London was no excep-

The FTSE 100 index was never comfortable yesterday, opening around 13 points lower and retreating to a session low of 4,394.0 shortly after Wall Street opened.

It closed the day 24.8 off at

4,397.7. The FTSE 250 stocks were of a higher than expected 0.8 per ticks lower. That brought more size, dealers said. The SmallCap looked like launching another attack on its all-time high, but ran out of steam to finish 0.1 off at 2,374.1_

Rate rise fears have reappeared over the past couple of sessions, driving Wall Street lower. The latter was pressured on Wednesday, when the Dow Jones Industrial Average lost 45 points and again at the opening yesterday when the Dow shed 30 within minutes of the bell. More worryingly for London, the Dow was 100 points weaker two hours after

Those losses came in the wake

also being sold, but never in big , cent increase in US retail sales in February. Weekly jobless claims fell 5,000. So with those two embarked on a rapid slide. pieces of data pointing to a stronger US economy, the US bond market came under pressure.

London's stock market also had to contend with a sharp fall off in attendances across the City's dealing rooms, with many traders and fund managers seeking the counter attraction of the Cheltenham National Hunt racing festival, always one of the City's favourite events.

Gilts were instantly affected by the news from the US, slipping even further and eventually finishing the day between 9 and 12 Although there have been numer-

pressure on an already unsteady UK equity market which

Strategists said the US data was the latest to be on the high side of expectations and had increased perceptions that the Fed could raise rates. But one added that the chances of the Fed moving as soon as March 25 were no better than fifty-fifty, which mostly reflecting relief that meant the Dow could be volatile.

Dealers said London would rumoured rights issue to finance bave to contend with a period of consolidation on Wall Street plus the forthcoming general election. currency fluctuations and the stocks where Argos, relegated continuing results season.

and Mergers Commission,

because it believed Sears

was in discussions with

The deal would push N

Brown into the number

three spot, with about 14 per

cent of the mail order mar-

ket, after Great Universal

Analysts viewed the expec-

ted deal positively. One said

that N Brown, which has a

reputation for catering for

older and larger people, had

a proven ability to sell

Freemans, in the context

of the traditional agency

mail order business, had a

reputation for fashion and

would give N Brown more

access to this market. There would be benefits of critical

mass and cost savings. Sears

through direct catalogues.

Stores and Littlewoods.

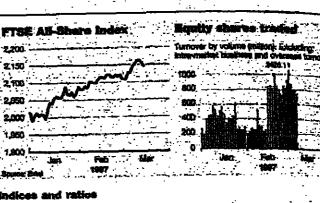
other parties.

impact of strong sterling recently, the effect on the market has been relatively light, but that

might yet change dramatically. Turnover at 6pm was 862.5m shares and was said to have been boosted by a series of small-scale

Oil exploration stocks led the FTSE 100 performance table, Enterprise Oil did not launch the a £ībn bid.

Downside stories in the FTSE 100 largely involved the retail from the top index, is scheduled to announce figures on Monday.



Life Assurance

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TRADING VOLUM

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Oil group results please

By Peter John, Stave Thompson and Lisa Wood

Enterprise Oil jumped to the top of the Footsie performance chart yesterday as the production and exploration group managed to dispel acquisition talk. Analysts had anticipated a rights ond time in 10 years that the issue with the figures in order to help Enterprise load

up for a bid. In fact, the 40 per cent tax was accompanied by good news. Enterprise said it expected production to rise to 320,000 barrels of oil equivalent per day in 1999, raising its estimate from 300,000 previously. The dividend was above forecasts.

The two perceived targets were British-Borneo, and Monument Oil & Gas, although the company said it was still interested in acquisitions Mr Pierre Jungels, the chief executive, said he had no intention to bid for Monument and added that British-Borneo was operating in a specific niche of the offshore oil exploration sector, which was of no interest to Enterprise.

Enterprise moved forward 18% to 652p while British-Borneo initially fell more than 120p, but closed 2½ up at £14.25. Monument ended 3 lower at 82%p.

United Biscuits strengthened 12% to 250p following will be taken over."

results slightly above expectations for a group, which analysts said proved it had turned a corner.

There were improved margins in the UK, improved returns on capital, a better second half in Europe and Australia was as expected. Analysts said the surprise was the extent to which it had generated cash, which underpinned a better performance on financing costs.

Mr Michael Landymore, of Henderson Crosthwaite, said that this was only the seccompany had thrown off cash before acquisitions, disposals and share issues. Mr Carl Short of SGST said UB increase in 1996 profit after had "now turned the corner and was being rehabilitated with investors.

There has been speculation that the company might be prey to a bid. Analysts said the timing was right, but there were no specific rumours. A number of brokers edged up profit fore-

Shares in Christian Salvesen, the storage and distribution group, ran up 81/2 to 312p after the company's shareholders voted through a proposal to pay a special dividend and consolidate the share capital.

Some 69 per cent of the shareholders approved the moves with 30 per cent Mr Roddy Sutherland, of

the eponymous Edinburghbased stockbroker advising Salvesen's rebel shareholders, said "The only reason to hold the shares now is on the basis that the company

Barclays closed up as spec- Freemans, which was ulative stories swirled around the stock. There was a strange rumour that the bank wanted to buy BNP of France and also rumours that it may want to offload

The shares ended 2% up at £11.19%p. NatWest fell 5 to 739p as the bank revealed its multi-million pound derivatives losses totalled nearly

its BZW securities arm.

twice the amount initially thought and the problem had begun as long ago as December 1994. N Brown was suspended, after falling 4 to 377% p. as it confirmed that it was in discussions with Sears about buying Freemans, the mail order business. The deal

would necessitate N Brown making a rights issue. Littlewoods last week said it was abandoning its pro- strengthened one penny to posed £390m purchase of 81p.

Mar 13 Mar 12 Mar 11 Mar 10 Mar 7 Yr ago "High "Low 2907.3 2922.6 2927.9 2931.4 2920.3 2758.2 2931.4 2688.6 9.88 3.86 3.84 3.85 3.87 3.92 4.22 3.76 17.93 18.04 18.09 18.07 17.97 18.61 18.09 15.80 17.71 17.82 17.87 17.84 17.75 18.28 17.87 15.71 Ond. div. yield P/E natio met P/E natio mil

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Mar 13 Mar 12 Mar 11 Mar 10 Mar 7 Yr ago "High 1138.9 1135.5 1135.5 1138.6 1131.1 988.3 1140.4

59 Week biobs and lower LIFFE Entity ontions

Selected paper and packagreferred to the Monopolies ing stocks performed strongly after BZW issued a basket of 20m one-year call warrants on the sector. Bunzl gained 101/2 to 232p

> 1¼ to 195¼p. EMI, the music company. fell 41 to £11.95p with dealers citing a Merrill Lynch sell

> note. Advertising group Cordiant gained 91/2 to 1131/2p as the company swung back into profit, promised 35 per cent earnings growth this year and, one analyst said, secured the Delta Airlines account, worth \$100m.

> Industrial conglomerate BTR fell 6 to 271p as investors sold the stock to lock in profits after a strong run. In the past two weeks the shares have risen more than

British Steel fell 3 to 155p on talk that BZW had downgraded their recommendation on the stock to "sell" from "hold". MAID improved 16 to

1881/ap after the information provider announced results in-line with expectations and predicted a profitable 1997. Rentokil Initial gave up 121/2 to 403p in the wake of Wednesday's results. Nat-West advised clients to

'reduce' holdings. Molins, the maker of cigarette machinery, slid 70 to 830p. The company warned that there would be no earnings growth in 1997 until the order flow improved.

General Cable lifted 3 to 196%p. The cable communications supplier said it had bought imminus, a managed data network, for £33m.

Ladbroke rose 4 to 242%p, with the market said to be short of stock. There was profit-taking in Bass, which weakened 10 to 8431/ap, with company was not being very were in bullish in comments it was

FTSE Actuaries Share Indices

making to the City.

Costs Viyella recovered 6 to 136%p as the textiles group maintained the dividend despite a sharp fall in profits. Mr Neville Bain, the and Arjo Wiggins Appleton outgoing chief executive, said the decision to maintain the 1996 dividend was a "sign of strong confidence

for 1997". General Accident dropped 10 to 831½p as UBS repeated a "sell" recommendation. Legal & General climbed 51/2 to 411%p after the insurer announced a 15.4 per cent rise in operating profits and predicted strong dividend growth. Credit Lyonnais Laing, Dresdner Kleinwort Benson and HSBC James Capel were all said to be keen on the stock.

FUTURES AND OPTIONS

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E EURO STYLE FTSE 100 INDEX OPTION (LFFE) 210 per full index point 4225 4275 4325 4375 4425 4475 4525 45 164 2½ 116½ 5 72 10 36 24 12½ 50½ 3½ 91 1 138½ 1 185 22 144½ 31½ 166 44½ 76 52 58 85½ 30 115½ 16 151 7½ 211½ 3½ 173½ 35 138½ 88½ 105 87½ 80 169½ 57½ 38½ 38½ 168½ 28½ 281 60½ 280½ 73 170 88 138½ 105½110½125½ 88½ 151 64½ 179 67 287 95 238½ 126 172 164½ 122½ 212

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The UK Series

Year Div. Net P/E Xd adj. Total

FT GOLD MINES INDEX

ents of London Stock Exchange Limited. It does debenture stock of Abtrust New Preferred Income Investment Trust PLC ("the Company").

ABTRUST NEW PREFERRED INCOME INVESTMENT TRUST PLC (Incorporated and registered in England and Wales number 326307!)

ISSUE AND PLACING

up to 23,000,042 ordinary shares of 10p each

up to £7,500,000 nominal RPI-linked debenture stock 2007

in connection with a recommended offer for the entire ordinary income share capital of Abtrust Preferred Income Investment Trust PLC

sponsored by **BREWIN DOLPHIN BELL LAWRIE LIMITED**

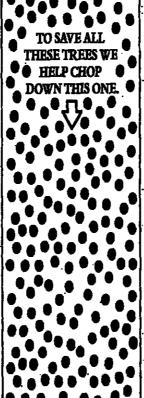
Application has been made to London Stock Exchange Limited for the ordinary shares and RPI-linked debenture stock 2007 of the Company to be admitted to the Official List. It is expected that dealings in the shares and debenture stock will commence on 27th March 1997. Listing particulars of the Company have been published in connection with the application and copies of them can be obtained during normal business hours on any weekday (excluding Saturdays and public holidays) up to and including 25th March 1997 (or, if later, the date on which the offer becomes or is declared unconditional

Abtrust New Preferred Income Investment Trust PLC Browin Dolphin Bell Lawris Limited

5 Giltspur Street London ECIA 9BD

Copies of the listing particulars can also be obtained from the Company Announcements Office, The London Stock Exchange Tower, Capel Court Entrance, off Bartholomew Lane, London EC2N 1HP on 14th and 17th March 1997.

14th March 1997



loggen lane no qualus about destroying other teses that stand in their way. So a WWF project in Costa Rica is researching ways of felling a tace without bringing down several others around it. And how to remove it without buildoring a park through the sourcembing trees. If the rainforests are used wisely, they can be used forever. Help WWF prove

(69 WWF (Seconds World White Free!) cist, 1996 (Chard, Sanitage Inc

World Wide Fund For Nature

writing to the Membership Officer at the

	Mer 13 d	nge%	Mar 12	Mar 11	Mar 10	_ago	ylekt%	COVER	ratio	<u> 720</u>	Return
FTSE 100	4397.7	-0.6	4422.5	4444.3	4437.4	3881.8	3.68	2.10	16.23	21.90	1849.14
FTSE 250	4720.2		4725.1					1.48			1940.89
FISE 250 ex IT	4763.8	-0.1			4773.8			1.50			1983.46
F7SE 350	2175.2	-0.5			2191.6			1.98	17.56		1867.94
FTSE 350 Higher Yield	2101.6		2112.2					1.86			1521.63
FTSE 350 Lower Yield	2255.4		2285.1					2.21			1592.82
FTSE SmallCap	2374.08				2368.14			1.67	25.95		1990.03
FTSE SmallCap ex IT	2382.36		2380.44					1.75			2012.62
FTSE All-Share	2146.80		2156.05					1.96		8.67	1871.34
				2103.84	£ 101.13	1020.74	3.34	1-80	10.01	8.07	1011,04
B FTSE Actuaries Ind			H-2			V	Div.	N-A	25	Xd adi	-
1	Mar 13 d	yay'a	Mar. 42	Mar 11	May 10	Year ago	yleid%	Net	ratio	AD BO	. Total Return
]	ME 13 U	3470	1425 12	(max ()	IME IV		yeun	COTE	1944	700-	L/GHZ II
10 MINERAL EXTRACTION(20)	4094,39	-0.5	4115.93	4130.67	4150,55	8296.60	8.66	2,11	16.14	15.36	1801.53
12 Extractive Industries(5)	4176.05	+0.5	4157.20	4167,06	4098.31	4185.05	3.68	2.33	13.82	0.00	1244.67
15 Oil, Integrated(3)	4188.94	-0.9	4228.03	4247.22	4287.0\$	3331.87	3.89	2:08	15,47	20.17	1895.81
16 Oil Exploration & Prod(12)	<u>3598,39</u>	+1.2	3555,29	<u>3532,09</u>	3592,04	2338,84	1,58	213	<u>37.14</u>	0.00	2181.62
20 GEN INDUSTRIALS(272)	2058.73	-0.2	2063,75	2071.14	2086.38	2081.59	8.84	1.89	17.20	5.65	1155.12
21 Building & Construction(35)	1367.96		1371.16					1.78	28.37		1169.74
22 Building Matts & Merchs(32)	1912.66		1917.04					2.55	11.80		989.00
23 Cherricals(25)	2378.07				2377,49			1.56			1186.65
24 Diversified Industrials(16)	1556.20	-1,3	1576.24					1.80	15.08		902.56
25 Bectronic & Bect Equip(39)	2282.76		2288.34					1.51	24.06	1.74	1213.29
25 Engineering(70)	2654.00		2651.12					2.43			1646.67
27 Engineering, Vehicles(13)	2948.42	-0.4	2956.59	2985.50	2971.57	2759.48	3.76	0.19	80.001		1558.23
28 Paper, Policy & Printing(27)	2593.91	-0.1	2597.20	2594.31	2587.75	2696.61	4.02	2.01	15,48	1.47	1107.08
29 Textiles & Apparei(14)	1102.41		1082.89				6.43	1.13	17.26		698.97
30 CONSUMER GOODS(84)	4223.59	-00	4257.49	1200 77	4242 74	2000 42	3.57	1.88	_		1602.59
32 Alcoholic Beversges(7)	2833.24		2851.95					1.87			1061.28
33 Food Producers(25)	2901.57	-0.,			2670.90			1.91			1348.58
34 Household Goods(17)	2852.42	74.9	2858.51					2.31			1152.17
36 Health Care(15)	2191.42				2206.31			1.90	24.53		1356.84
37 Pharmaceuticals(18)	6654,67		6727.50					1.86			2384.69
38 Tobacco(2)	4834.88		4703.67					1.85	11.58	0.00	1103.55
40 SERVICES(273)	2892.27		2701.61					1.98	22.24		1432.44
41 Distributors(30)	2787.31		2786.18					1.99			1050.39
42 Leisure & Hotels(31)	3589.30		3620.16					1.71			1987.77
43 Media(44)	4399.12		4418.75					2.08			1615.69
44 Retailers, Food(15)	1950.45		1986.48					229	13.53		1279.25
45 Retailers, General(53)	2079.96		2083.33					202		7.10	1218.19
47 Broweries, Pube & Rest.(22)	3412,28	-0.5	3428,54	3426.45	3403.04	2959.05	8.18	2.10			1683.25
48 Support Services(56)	2984,58	-0.8	2893.00	3066.08	9044,40	2098.54	1.77	2.56			1929.00
48 Transport(22)	2676.99	-0.2	2661,66	2898.62	2914.28	2396.16		1,28			1232.54
60 UTILITIES(\$1)	2737.92		2737 78	2751 40	2780.96	2446 41	4.89	1.50	17.08		1244.29
62 (Sectricity(10)	2904.59	-0.5	2918,52					2.20		22.08	
64 Gas. Distribution(2)	1654.43		1549.39					120		0.00	850.54
66 Telecommunications(8)	2310.45		2302.58					. 1.56	22.10		1090.91
68 Water(11)	2588.54		2582.58					2.33	9.24		
											148 <u>5.5</u> 8
69 NON-FRIANCIAL S(680)	2198.21	_	2207.07		_			1.87	18.66	<u> 6,57</u>	171 <u>8.78</u>
70 FINANCIALS(106)	3960.58		3980.45					2.40	14.54	41.48	1766.67
71 Banks, Retali(8)	5747.25	-0.7	5786.45	5829.52	5611.86	3844,85	3.48	2.65			1951.74
73 Insurance(18)	1750.97	-0.7	1763.51	1758,19	1749.01	1367.58	4.83	2.81			1370.88
74 Life Assurance(7)	4741.04		4722.76					2.07			2015.72
77 Other Financial(29)	3909.87		3328,94					2.42			1944.23
79 Property(44)	1917.68		1918.87					1.32	28.63		1214.48
80 INVESTMENT THUSTS(127)	3375.90		3397.15								
				_				<u>1.11</u>	32.32	10,20	1199.50
BO FTSE All-Strang(F13)	2146,80	<u>-0.4</u>	2156.05	<u> 2163.94</u>	2161,13	1826.73	3.54	1.96	18.01	9,67	1871.34
FISE Redging	1346.52		1945 02	1344 05	1342.99	1152 65	2.90	0.76	E7 10		
FTSE Fledging ex IT	1368.01	+01	1368.75								1438.23
		144.1	- there is	inni	(447-10)	101.63	3.10	4.72	J-1.54	5.25	1463.54
1 .											

■ Hourly movements Open 9.00 10.06 11.00 12.00 13.00 14.00 15.00 16.10 High/day Low/

4409.4 4401.5 4403.9 4409.7 4411.7 4411.2 4398.4 4394.8 4399.0 4412.3 4394.0 4720.8 4719.1 4719.8 4720.7 4724.0 4723.9 4720.8 4719.3 4719.5 4724.2 4718.7 2179.9 2176.8 2177.6 2180.0 2181.1 2180.8 2175.8 2174.0 2176.3 2181.3 2173.7 Time of PTSE 100 Day's high: 12:10 PM Day's low: 255 PM, FTSE 100 1996/07 High: 4444.3 (11/05/67) Low: 9892.3 (18/07/60)

■ FTSE 350 industry baskets

Open 9.00 10.00 11.00 12.00 13.00 14.00 15.00 16.10 Close Previous Classope 1294.9 1294.2 1294.0 1294.3 1293.3 1291.4 1290.0 1287.6 1288.0 1288.7 1295.8 -7.1 6607.3 6591.8 6578.0 6572.4 6572.0 6571.0 6550.2 6540.8 6568.6 6571.2 6945.7 -74.5 2577.7 2576.2 2576.3 2576.8 2578.4 2578.4 2578.3 2570.5 2565.8 2583.3 2583.3 2583.3 2577.7 -14.4 5831.1 5818.3 6827.3 5825.2 5625.7 6821.1 5807.1 5803.6 5814.9 5820.6 5880.3 -39.7

For further information on the FTSE Actuaries Stare Indices please contact FTSE international on 0171 448 1810. The FTSE Actuaries Share Indices are calculated in accordance with a standard set of ground rules established by International in confunction with the Faculty of Actuaries and the Institute of Actuaries. © FTSE International Linear AP Rights reserved. "FT-SE" and "Footise" are trade marks of the London Stock. OF TSE International Linear Scence. † Sector P/E ratios greater than 30 are not shown. ‡ Values are negative. DELETION: Life Sciences International (FTSE SmallCap) & GSP & Taragmorton Preferred Inc Tst (FTSE Fledgling).



- 31

International Container Terminal Services, Inc.

Exchange Offer

To eligible holders of the

US\$60,000,000 5 per cent. Convertible Notes Due 2001 ("Notes") ("Noteholdens") of International Container Terminal Services, Inc. ("ICTSI")

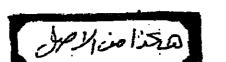
of the right to exchange each one Note for 5.25 new US\$111,426,000 1.75 per cent. Convertible Notes Due 2004 of ICTSI

(the "New Notes") (the "Exchange Offer")

Further to previous announcements relating to the Exchange Offer, an aggregate amount of US\$48,426,000 New Notes have been issued to eligible holders of Notes who accepted the Exchange Offer. Jurdine Fleming International Inc., as Exchange Co-ordinator, ("Jurdine Fleming") has reported that acceptances were received in respect of approximately 75.1 per cent. of the outstanding Notes as at 13th

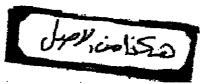
Such aggregate amount of US\$48,426,000 New Notes were issued on 13th March, 1997 in addition to the US\$63,000,000 1.75 per cent. Convertible Notes due 2004 of the Issuer and is subject to the issue of a further US\$18,574,000 of Optional Notes (as defined in the Offering Circular) at the option of Jardine Fleming on or prior to 12th April, 1997. The aggregate principal amount of Notes that may be issued, if Jardine Fleming enerciaes its option to issue the Optional Notes in full, is US\$130,000,000.

On exchange eligible notabolders received 5.25 New Notes of US\$1,000 each for every one Note of US\$5,000 held and a further number of New Notes in respect of unpaid accrued interest on each Note and a cash amount in respect of fractions of New Notes (i) arising on exchange and (ii) which cannot be issued in respect of unpaid accrued interest. ent has been usued on behalf of ICTSI by Robert Flemong & Co. Limited, which is regulated by



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LONDON SHARE SERVICE MEDIA - Cost.

PHARMACE!

PHARMAC **PHARMACEUTICALS** TEXTILES & APPAREL - Cont. ## Property | Property 100 m Min 12471244002112271124112413717171222302511241371124132302311227112413241323023023112271124132413 80 (C. 140) G127025 - 1425479 - 00958246 を記している。 のでは、 の Country Canada. Art 6 50 AUT 1911 August 1912 August 1 。《明治是对法律》27年,他为"为"的"对不知",这个是一个"人"的是一个"我们的"我们是一个"我们"的"我们"的"我们",这个"我们"的"我们",这个"我们"的"我们",我们就是一个"我们"的"我们",我们就是一个"我们",我们就是我们就是一个我们就是一个我们就是一个我们,我们就是我们我们就是一个我们们,我们就是我们就是我们就是我们就是我们 等 电对应 10 m 人名 11650415774491716864564445158864568645677678 THE STATE OF THE PARTY OF THE STATE OF THE PARTY OF THE STATE OF THE S + or 52 week Mar - Mon loss Caption -10 572 411 17.211 -12 478 1141 597.8 -4 458 22 2.284 Marie 1971 - 12 1948 | 12 1948 | 12 1948 | 12 1948 | 12 1948 | 12 1948 | 12 1948 | 12 1948 | 12 1948 | 12 1948 | 12 1948 | 12 1948 | 12 1948 | 12 1948 | 12 1948 | 12 1948 | 12 1948 | 12 1948 | 12 1948 | 12 1948 | 12 1948 | 12 1948 | 12 1948 | 12 1948 | 12 1948 | 12 1948 | 12 1948 | 12 1948 | 12 1948 | 12 1948 | 12 1948 | 12 1948 | 12 1948 | 12 1948 | 12 1948 | 12 1948 | 12 1948 | 12 1948 | 12 1948 | 12 1948 | 12 1948 | 12 1948 | 12 1948 | 12 1948 | 12 1948 | 12 1948 | 12 1948 | 12 1948 | 12 1948 | 12 1948 | 12 1948 | 12 1948 | 12 1948 | 12 1948 | 12 1948 | 12 1948 | 12 1948 | 12 1948 | 12 1948 | 12 1948 | 12 1948 | 12 1948 | 12 1948 | 12 1948 | 12 1948 | 12 1948 | 12 1948 | 12 1948 | 12 1948 | 12 1948 | 12 1948 | 12 1948 | 12 1948 | 12 1948 | 12 1948 | 12 1948 | 12 1948 | 12 1948 | 12 1948 | 12 1948 | 12 1948 | 12 1948 | 12 1948 | 12 1948 | 12 1948 | 12 1948 | 12 1948 | 12 1948 | 12 1948 | 12 1948 | 12 1948 | 12 1948 | 12 1948 | 12 1948 | 12 1948 | 12 1948 | 12 1948 | 12 1948 | 12 1948 | 12 1948 | 12 1948 | 12 1948 | 12 1948 | 12 1948 | 12 1948 | 12 1948 | 12 1948 | 12 1948 | 12 1948 | 12 1948 | 12 1948 | 12 1948 | 12 1948 | 12 1948 | 12 1948 | 12 1948 | 12 1948 | 12 1948 | 12 1948 | 12 1948 | 12 1948 | 12 1948 | 12 1948 | 12 1948 | 12 1948 | 12 1948 | 12 1948 | 12 1948 | 12 1948 | 12 1948 | 12 1948 | 12 1948 | 12 1948 | 12 1948 | 12 1948 | 12 1948 | 12 1948 | 12 1948 | 12 1948 | 12 1948 | 12 1948 | 12 1948 | 12 1948 | 12 1948 | 12 1948 | 12 1948 | 12 1948 | 12 1948 | 12 1948 | 12 1948 | 12 1948 | 12 1948 | 12 1948 | 12 1948 | 12 1948 | 12 1948 | 12 1948 | 12 1948 | 12 1948 | 12 1948 | 12 1948 | 12 1948 | 12 1948 | 12 1948 | 12 1948 | 12 1948 | 12 1948 | 12 1948 | 12 1948 | 12 1948 | 12 1948 | 12 1948 | 12 1948 | 12 1948 | 12 1948 | 12 1948 | 12 1948 | 12 1948 | 12 1948 | 12 1948 | 12 1948 | 12 1948 | 12 1948 | 12 1948 | 12 1948 | 12 1948 | 12 1948 | 12 1948 | 12 1948 | 12 1948 | 12 1948 | 12 1948 | 12 1948 | 12 1948 | 12 1948 | 12 1948 | 12 1948 | 12 1948 | 12 1948 | 12 1948 | 12 1948 | 12 1948 | 12 1948 | 12 ·我一般教育的一句是我们!!!我一次一句我们是我们的我们!!! SUPPORT SERVICES 14 2237 13.4 03 314.0 17.7 03 812 12.6 03 838 14.3 04 3003 2.6 08 3248 27.7 155.6 14.3 Anderstein der beiter bei bereiter beiter des beiter beiter beiter beiter beiter beiter beiter beiter beiter b Angesträßer beiter beit 1.500 10.10 ADT 5
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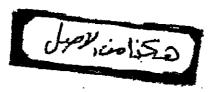
BE OUR GUEST. CONRAD INTERNATIONAL 3 R U S S E 1 S When you stry with us in BRUSSELS stay in touch -with your complimentary copy of the

FINANCIAL TIMES

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Andreas true



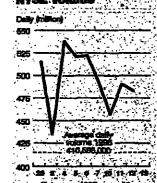
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Rate rise fears hit **US** shares

US share prices fell for a second day as Wall Street weighed the prospect of an

imminent increase in interest rates, writes Richard Waters in New York.

The reversal had sent the Dow Jones Industrial Average back below 7,000 by bunchtime in New York. The widely followed index was down 75.04, at 6,964.33, having hit a closing high of



The Standard & Poor's 500 also fell. losing 7.06 to 797.20. while the Nasdaq composite alid 4.00 to 1,300.13.

The losses, which echoed those seen in the bond market, followed a retail sales report which pointed to strong consumer spending so far this year.

That prompted concerns that the Fed might take early action to raise interest rates in order to head off the risk that inflation would begin to pick up.

Interest-rate sensitive stocks suffered some of the

Among the largest banks, Chase Manhattan fell \$1% to \$102%, Citicorp was off \$3% at \$119% and BankAmerica slipped \$2% to \$116%. The

constituent, fell \$1% to \$79%. to lose ground included Philip Morris, which fell back after a powerful rally

at \$132, a decline of \$4% on the day, but it was still more than 20 per cent higher above its level at the start of the year.

join the Dow on Monday all did better than the market at large, reflecting a belief that they might attract a greater investment following once they were members of the narrow, 30-share index.

Hewlett-Packard rose \$1% to \$55%, Walmart was up \$% at \$29% and Johnson & Johnson climbed \$% to \$60. Only the fourth, Travelers Group, fell, losing \$% to

The index heavyweight, Northern Telecom, had a torrid time during the opening session, losing C\$1.75 to C\$93.45 after media reports suggested that the telecoms group had lost out on a Southwestern Bell contract.

Canada's banks continued to move lower. Royal Bank of Canada lost a further 20 cents to C\$59.20 and Toronto Dominion Bank retreated 70

Golds edged higher with Barrick Gold adding 15 cents construction equipment to C\$36.55 and Placer Dome maker Caterpillar, a Dow up 10 cents to C\$28.10.

Mexico City nervous

MEXICO CITY came off gain hunting. Dealers said sharply in line with the the most recent scare stories weak opening on Wall were emerging from the Street. "They're nervous and Brady debt markets where prominent broker who added that worries about a US interest rate rise later this month had been given a fresh lease of life following the latest US retail sales data At midsession, the IPC AIRES lost ground in a index was off 26.27 or 0.7 per

CARACAS edged higher as the shake-out in recent sessions prompted by the worries at CANTV, the state tal the Merval index shed telecoms group, sparked bar- 1.93 to 716.04.

that Venezuelan equities had so far managed to stay calm. At midsession, the IBC index was up 37.61 at

6,099.60 SANTIAGO and BUENOS morning of mostly light trading for both stock markets. The IPSA index was off 1.19 at 115.68 at midsession, while in the Argentine capi-

Industry keeps S Africa up

FT/S&P ACTUARIES WORLD INDICES

Golds continued to wilt in Johannesburg, but there R395, but most of the action was enough support for was in secondary stocks, industrial shares to push notably Sweets from Heaven the all-share index marginally higher to 7,171.6, up

Dealers said that further reflection with the previous day's budget and strong bond and currency markets had helped underpin industrials, but that trade had been very mixed.

Iscor gained 5 cents to which jumped 60 cents to R2.80 after announcing the purchase of a 60 per cent stake in a US confectionery

from bullion price woes. The golds index dipped 17.9 to 1,429.6 for a two-day setback of 34 points.

profits, although a number of them closed well off their lows for the day. Other Dow constitutents FRANKFURT came back from a low of 3,332.32, the Dax index closing 14.58

in recent months. The company was trading

Four new stocks due to

Meanwhile, three of the four companies that they will replace in the index lost ground. Texaco lost \$2% to trade at \$100%, Woolworth fell \$% to \$22% and Bethlehem Steel fell \$% to \$8%, while Westinghouse Electric rose \$\% to 19\%.

TORONTO continued to track Wall Street, sliding lower from the opening bell and closing the morning session with heavy losses. At the noon calculation, the TSE-300 composite index was off 51.01 at 6.206.20.

cents to C\$38.20.

The Topix index of all

154 unchanged.

50 index was down 1.00 to Y122 to the US dollar during

Y46 to Y900 on rumours that it was under investigation for activities involving teers, similar to those which hit its rival Nomura.

Bourses stage recovery following US data

FTSE AC	tuari	es Sh	are l	ndic	25			
Mar 13					TH	E EURO	PEAN	ŝera
Hourly changes	Open	10.30	11.00	12.00	13.00	14.00	15.00	Close
FTSE Symbook 100 FTSE Euroback 200	2183.86 2216.84	2182.50 2215.31	2183.98 2218.70	2184.57 2218.85	2185.3E 2216.68	2184.39 2213.60	2182.75 2211.12	2163. 2212.
		Mar 12	Mar		Mar 10	Ner '		Mar \$
		****	_		2010 67		A 41	2100

subsidiary HMR, at least hopes after Allianz of Gerlower at an Ibis-indicated within the next few years, had tended to put phantasie buying GAN, a rival insurer 3,367.82 in turnover of into perspective, he said. PARIS made it three FFr214.5. Its winners included Adi-

das, the sportswear group, downside days in a row, but DM10, or 6 per cent, higher at DM176.50; BMW, DM29.05 almost 20 points above the higher at DM1,295 after a session low. Volume was DM18.75 gain on Wednesday; again thin and the lead and Deutsche Telekom, index ended off 9.60 at accelerating its recent uptrend with a rise of 2.632.10. Lafarge surged against the

Base water 1000 (20/10/90); II. O FISE International Control

trend, rising FFr10.40 to FFr382.40 for a two-day gain of more than 3 per cent following broker upgrades. Strong results from the group's US unit promoted enthusiasm from Morgan Stanley while Wednesday's solid group numbers led James Capel to shift from "neutral" to "buy". BNP attracted the bargain

prefs shed another DM3.01 at DM92 after the previous hunters after Wednesday's shake-out for the banking Mr Hans-Peter Wodnick, of sector, adding FFr9 to furt, detected a switch from FFr252, and Promodes rose FFr45 to FFr1,925 on ruary CPI came in up 2.5 per renewed deal speculation.

originally estimated. Daiei

shares dropped Y53 to Y693.

tries suffered in the wake of

Tuesday's fire and explosion

at a Japanese nuclear power

plant because of its involve-

ment in the industry. Its

shares fell Y86 to Y767 and

Nikon, the camera and

instrument maker, slipped

Y100 to Y1,680 after a news-

paper report claimed that its

unconsolidated pre-tax prof-

its would probably drop 12

per cent in the coming finan-

cial year because of a decline

in sales of steppers, used in

In Osaka, the OSE index

closed down 129.55 at

18,919.03 in volume of

HONG KONG declined for

the third day running as

rumours of an imminent rise

for interest rates ran

through the market. At the

close, the Hang Seng index

was off 202.04, or 1.5 per

to heavy selling of property

shares. Cheung Kong came

off HK\$1.25 to HK\$70.50 and

Sung Hung Kai lost HK\$2,00

to HK\$85.00. Henderson

Land slid HK\$1.75 to

HK\$64.50. Cathy Pacific

chose a bad day to unveil

strong 1996 results. It dipped

5 cents to HK\$11.95.

The interest rate scare led

187.93m shares.

cent. at 12,917.09.

semiconductor production.

Mitsubishi Heavy Indus-

2218,55 2200.11 2198,65 2263,24 2232,47 2233,60 spin off its pharmacenticals stage on fading takeover

> - ended FFr4 better at Michelin turned in the day's steepest decline, sliding FFr12.60, or 3.6 per cent,

many declared an interest in

to FF1383.20. ZURICH closed weak the SMI index losing 66.3, or 1.4 ner cent. to 4.609.9.

Ciba Specialty Chemicals peaking at SFr118 before a close of SFr116.50, a premium of SFr6.50 over its issue price. In pharmaceuticals, however, Novartis and Roche were weak after both fell by 3.1 per cent. Wednesday's sector sell-off Petrofina lost BFr300, or 2.4 in the US, losing SF732 at SFr1,756 and SFr225 at SFr12,255 respectively.

MADRID bucked the trend on positive inflation data, the general index rising 2.18 foam maker, whose pref to 485.11 in high turnover of shares jumped BFr37, or 9.2 Pta98.5bn after Spain's Febcent, year-on-year, compared The Hoechst decision not to AGF - off sharply at one with 29 per cent in January. from leading Belgian institu-

Banks went well, Banesto gaining 3.1 per cent. Repsol, fancied in its run up to privatisation, rose another Pts90 to Pts5 990.

AMSTERDAM mostly concentrated on Heineken where sentiment recovered strongly ahead of today's results. An upbeat statement on Irish trading, combined with bargain hunting after Wednesday's steep slide, left it F112.30, or almost 4 per cent, higher at FI 329.50.

Aegon also bounced strongly, rising Fl 3.60 to Fl 136.80 on what looked to dealers like a shortage of stock. Among second-liners, Boskalis fell F12.40 to F141 after poor results and Stock came off F18.80 to F183 on worries about investment in the bankrupt Fokker aircraft

The AEX index ended the session off 1.38 at 758.03. BRUSSELS blamed profittaking as leaders such as steel cord and wire maker Bekaert and retailer GIB per cent, at BFr12,050 and the Bel-20 index closed 18.79

However, it had a winner in Recticel, the polyurethane per cent, to BFr441 after better than expected 1996 results and upgrade ratings

lower at 2,191.82.

Strang price & Index (recessed)



tions. STOCKHOLM, too, reflected the weakness in the US drugs sector, with Astra A down SKr7.50 at SKr364.50, and Pharmacia & Upjohn SKr5 lower at SKr296.

However, the broad market ended virtually flat, the general index closing 0.12 higher at 2,763.58.

Merger rumours lifted banks again, speculation about a merger between S-E-Banken and Nordbanken, as well as rumours that ABN Amro of the Netherlands might bid for Nordbanken leaving the latter SKr4 higher at SKr269.

Handelsbanken climbed SKr8.50 to SKr284 on positive analysts' reports, and hopes that the bank would benefit from others being preoccupied with mergers. COPENHAGEN.

results as the KFX index closed I.25 lower at 158.53

The wholesale, consumer goods and graphics group East Asiatic posted a 59 per cent profits gain, forecast "ressonably better" 1997 operating profits and dropped DKr? to DKr152.

Sophus Berendsen contin ued to fall on a disappointing result for its Rentokii associate, losing DKr33 at DKr805, but Novo Nordisk changed its mind about Wednesday's results. rebounding DKr25 to

VIENNA buckled under profit-taking, the ATX index losing 7.95 at 1,241.97, but it had its consolations. Lauda Air soared Schi4, or 14.6 per cent, to Sch110 on Wednesday's news that Austrian Airlines had bought a 36 per itself gained Sch65, or 3.6 per cent, at Sch1,865.

ISTANRIII, leant by 4.7 no cent after the Islamist government, following a cabinet meeting, said that it would rigorously enforce a crackdemanded by the secularist Turkish military.

The IMKB 100 index closed 67 higher at 1,504, turnover climbing from TL20,070bn to TL25.500bn.

Strong yen sees Nikkei fall below 18,000 mark

A stronger yen and a rash of negative corporate news and rumours hit TOKYO and the 18,000 for the first time since February 7, writes Bethan

Stronger than expected US

data brought interest rates

back to the table, hit the

Dow and bonds and lifted

the dollar. Faced with this,

bourses continued to take

DM1.53, or 4.3 per cent, to

the week's disappointments,

turnover in the stock falling

from DM3.8bn to a still-

inflated DM2.2bn, and the

share price flattening out to

close 11 pfg higher at

DM69.25. However, Henkel

day's 3.5 per cent decline.

Crédit Lyonnais in Frank-

shareholder value situations

to organic growth prospects.

Hoechst stayed active after

DM15.5bn

The 225 index ended at its low for the day, 282.79 down at 17,900.48. It had opened at the day's high of 18.144.14. Volume was estimated at about 337m shares, down from 356.2m, with many participants staying on the side lines ahead of today's special quotation on futures.

first-section shares fell 15.54 to 1,351.04 and the capitalweighted Nikkei 300 fell by 3.35 to 258.41. Declines led advances by 791 to 280 with

In London, the ISE/Nikkel

the day and this had a nega tive impact on exportoriented blue chips. Honda Motor fell Y130 to Y3,550. Daiwa Securities plunged

"sokalya" corporate racke-The company denied that

it was the subject of a special investigation, but said it had undergone a routine check. Nomura continued its slide, falling another Y20 to Y1,380, while the other scandal-hit issue, Ajinomoto, recovered Y6 to Y971. Nomura and Daiwa, respectively, were the day's fifth and tenth most actively

Daiei, the supermarket chain, also fell heavily after cutting its profit forecast on Wednesday. It now expects an unconsolidated pre-tax profit of Y500m for the year which ended on February 28, rather than the Y13bn it scribed to the worries about a rate rise. "We are looking ahead to late March at the earliest for an upward move by the Fed. Even then it is index ended off 12.62 at not a foregone conclusion," SINGAPORE moved

steep fall in industrial output for January. The Straits Times Industrials Index ended 23.06, or 1.1 per cent, lower at 2,154.33. Fallers led gainers by

almost four to one after industrial output came in 7.2 lower in quiet trade after the per cent down on January a year ago. Creative Technology gave up S\$0.70 to S\$14.80. Cycle & Carriage fell S\$0.60 to S\$14.10.

move lower after heavy selling among the banks. Bank Negara Indonesia fell Rp100 to Rp1,350. The composite 669.99. News that the central

bank had set tough new limsharply lower after news of a its on bank credit expansion for 1997 caused the shakeout. Although there were no immediate moves by analysts to downgrade sector earnings, sentiment was clearly rattled.

SYDNEY closed slightly release of higher than expected unemployment figures. The All Ordinaries index came off 1.8 at 2.452.6. Coles Myer, a sharp faller Wednesday, added 2 cents to another six-year high, and A\$5.93 after posting solid took its 1997 gains to 19.2 per interim results. In a mixed session for banks, NAB rose 20 cents to A\$16.05. BHP lost 10 cents to A\$17.04.

SEOUL took profits in blue chips after Wednesday's 1.2 per cent gain and the composite index fell 6.00 to 657.90. The market was still plagued by a slowing economy, high interest rates and a weakening won.

China Bs were mixed, SHANGHAI'S B share index correcting with a fall of 0.675 at 70.994, but SHENZHEN's adding a further 3.32, or 2.05 per cent, at 165.53 with institutions encouraged by the overnight rates tumbled on

JAKARTA continued to in nervous trading on TAIPEI inched up to cent as hopes for an imminent end to a 47-year ban on Taiwan-China shipping outweighed profit-taking. The weighted index rose 13.08 to

> KARACHI recovered L8. per cent after a 13.1 per cent decline over 12 sessions After initial weakness, the market set aside its concerns for the Pakistani economy.

> Short-term covering by big players brought retail investors, selectively, into blue chips and the KSE 100 index rose 27.92 to 1,571.0. In the money markets, meanwhile.

Generale Bank Group

Net profit 1996: BFr 15.1 billion (up 10.4%)

Steady growth in net profit. Excellent growth in all

market segments. Sharp increase in savings accounts, short-term deposits and lending to the private sector.

Total assets up 17%.

Consolidated figures

(1) Taking account of the capital

temporis" basis, earnings per

increase on a "pro rate

share were BFr 982 and

ROE 13.24%.

Net earnings per share: BFr 914 (7).

Gross dividend increased from BFr 513.33 to BFr 526.67 (rounded figures); number of shares increased by 10%.

ROE of more than 12.5% for the fifth year running.

1995

5.73

1996

Successful capital increase. Consolidation of the recent acquisition.

Acquisition of a stake in Meeschaert-Rousselle, a French broking house.

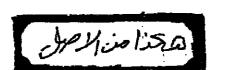
BFr billion				
Interest income	82,9	71.7	+ 15.6	+ 5.2 (2)
Non-interest income	49.1	41.6	+ 18.0	+ 12.3 (2)
Gross income	132.0	113.3	+ 16.5	+ 7.8 (2)
General expenses	<i>-</i> 79.0	- 68.2	+ 15.9	+ 4.9 (2)
Depreciation, write-downs				
and provisions	- 22.0	- 20:2	+ 9.3	- 0.9 (2)
Profit on ordinary activities				
before tax	31.0	25.0	+ 23.8	+ 22.5 (2)
Net profit (group share)	15.1	13.7	+ 10.4	+ 8.2 (2)
Total assets	5.544	4.739	+ 17.0	
Customer deposits	2,908	2,705		
Lending to the private sector	2,060	1,763	+ 7.5	
Lending to the public sector	1,171	•	+ 16.8	
Own funds (sensu stricto)	129	1,025 107	+ 14.2	
Own funds (sensu lato)	256		+ 20.2	
Ciril Idinos (delida Idio)	200	233	+ 23.2	•
Ratios in %		-		
ROE	12.80 (1)	13.11	(2) Assumb	no changes to t
ROA	0.29	0.31		onsolidated:
Risk Assets Ratio (RAR)	10.66 (3)	10.54	-	•
Tion 4	10:00 (9)	10.34	excuoing Gi	MIC in 1995 and

5.78 (3)

Generale Bank Group

REGIONAL MARKETS				ESDAY (MARCH	12 1997 •					MARCI	H 11 199	77	DQ		
igures in perentheses	US Dollar	Day's Change	Pound Sterling	Yen	DM	Currency	Local	Gross Div.	US Dollar	Pound Sterling	Yen	DM	Local	95 was also		Yes
how number of lines f stock	index	%	Index	Index	Index	Index	on day	Yield	Index	index	index	index	Currency & Index	≥ week: High	LOW LOW	(20 (400)
	004 75	-0.5	209.15	174.22	198.80	188.06	-0.7	4.04	225.77	208.53	173.90	200.18				
ustralie (76) ustria (24)	-224,/Q	-0.5	174.51	145.36	185.87			1.76	187.73		144.60			225.77 195.04	188.44 174.70	
	240.94	-02	224.22	188.77	213.12		-0.6	3.28	241.54		186.05	214.18		241.54		
		-24	224.88	187,13	213.54		-23	1.20	247.23		190.43				148.46	
mzs (28) anada (174)		-0.8	187.40	156.10	178.12		-0.9	1.85	202.89		156.28	179.90			154.12	
	279.00	-1.0	347.34	289.31	330.14		-1.1	1.35	378.08		290.37	334.28		378.98		
enmark (32)	نظين اند مم محد	-0.9	247.58	208.22	235.32		-1.1	1,91	268.56		206.87	238.14		268.58	291.30	
nland (28)	220.74	-1.4	205.43	171.11	195.28		-1.6	2.59	223.89		172.53	198.60			174.47 183.87	
rance (81)	203.15	-1.7	189.05	157.A7	179.69	179.69	-1.3	1.44	205.33		158.15	182.08				
		-1.1	443.81	369.67	421.83		-1.1	1.44 3.25	482.29						184.47	
ong Kong (59)	700 4 E	-0.9	222.58	185.38	211.54		-0.7	1.51			371,49	427.63			402.53	3 41
donesis (27)									241.25		165.83	213.91				•
tend (16)	338.46	-0.1	313.11	260.51	297.51	304.84	0.2	3.09	336.73		259.37	298.57	304,09	343.35	255.16	
ly (56)	85.04	-1.7	79.14	65,62	75.22	107.75	-1.7	2.07	86.50	79,89	66.62	76.69		96.32	70.61	
pen (480)		-0.8	105.87	88,18	100.62		-0.2	0.89	114.70		88.35	101.70			109.16	
	642.15	-0.2	597.80	497.77	568.00		-0.1	1.05	643.44		495.62	570.52			512.47	
exico (27)	.1337.16	-0.8				11632.25	-1.1	1.13	1347,42		1037.88	1184.71	11764,19	1445.68	1072.61	107
otherland (19)	_351.14	-1,7	326.78	272.19	310.60		-1.9	249	357,18	329.91	275.12	316.70	312,99	357.18	275,74	2
w Zeetand (14)	87.34	-0.2	81_28	67,70	77.25	85.70	-0.6	4.33	87.56	80.87	67.44	77,64	66.12	95.60	75.94	
wey (41)	312.80	-0.2	291.08	242.A7	278.68	288.84	-0.4	2.13	313.41	289,48	241,41	277.89		321.23	236,19	
dippines (22)	199.47	-0.4	165.63	154.62	176.44	261.66	-0.4	0.66	200.27		154.26	177.57				
ngapore (48)	_412.45	-1.6	383.83	319.71	384.83		-1.5	1.01	419.19		322.88	371.68		448.15	371.28	42
with Africa (44)	987.50	0.6	342.09	284.94	325.15		0.0	2.37	365.69		281.68	324.24		390.34	301.49	
min (35)	215 62	-0.9	200.68	167.14	190.73	235,72	-12	2.71	217.61	201.00	157.62	192.95		228.16	164.51	
vaden (49)	439.16	-1.5	407.76	339.65	387.57	498.27	-0.9	2.09	444.87	410.90	342.68	394.45				
ritzerland (35)		0.5	239.57	199.55	227.71	233.97	-0.1	1.28	258.29						330.14	
			78.11	85.06	74.24	84.50				236.72	197.41	227.24			229.36	
	83.93	3.2					3.1	3.83	81.34		62.65	72.12		187,79	73.98	
ited Kingdom (212)	2057,95	-1.2	262.39	218.58	249.40	262.39	-0.4	3.73	285.30		219.75	252.98		285.30	224.39	
A (854)	228.00	<u> </u>	304.12	253.32	289.06	326.80	-0.8	1.84	329.64	\$04.47	253.81	292,28	329.84	<u>331.54</u>	254.79	26
nerices (823)	299,25	-0.9	278.49	231,97	264,70	251.82	-0.8	1.83	301,89	278.84	232.53	267.88	254.08	303.45	233.09	2
rope (729)	248.93	-1.1	229.24	180.94	217.89	229.79	-0.9	2.65	248.97	229.96	191.77	220,75			201,68	
rdic (150)	381.05	-1.2	354,61	295.37	337.05	372.25	-0.9	1.95	385.69	356.24	297.08	341.98	375.68	385.85	285.08	
	_135.02	-0.8	125.65	104,68	119.43		-0.3	1.40	136.09		104,82	120.66		177.01	131.50	
ro-Pacific (1509)		-0.9	168.82	140.62	160.46	151.15	-0.7	2.11	783.13		141.05	162,37	152.16	191.51	176.79	
orth America (766)		-0.9	297.06	247.44	282.35	318.37	-0.9	1.84	321.97		248.00				248.65	
1000 Ex. UK (514)		-1.0	206.22	171,77	198.01	207.31	-1.2	2.04	223.82		172.40			223.97	184.29	
cific Dr. Japan (393)		-0.7	290.10	241.64	275.73	268.72	-0.8	2.78	313.90		241.79					
		-0.7	172.52	143.70	163.98	157.42	-0.7					278.33	270.76	820.6 5	268.97	
			209.93		199.53			2.09	187.11	172.82	144.12	165.00	158.51	193,47	178.28	
orld Ex. UK (2254)	225.58	-0.9		174.88		200.47	-0.8	1.78	227.54		175.27	201.75		228.59	199.58	
orld Ex. Jepun (1986)	<u>289.84</u>	0.9	269.73	224,67	256.37	280.33	-0.9	2.18	292,49	270:16	225.29	259.34	282.80	292.72	233,10	22
e World Index (2466)	230.41	-0.9	214.42	178.60	203,80	206.08	-0.8	1.97	232,48	214.73	179.07	206.13	207,67	233.38	202.32	20
																_=

The FT/SEP Actuaries World Indices are owned by FTSE International Limited, Goldman, Secha & Co. and Standard & Poor's. The Indices are compiled by FTSE



Charles MALINE

Generale Bank Nederland and

Adequacy Directive replaces the

Cooke-ratio as the measure of

the capital adequacy of credit

institutions. The new method of calculation takes market risks

Firmagest in 1996.

into account.

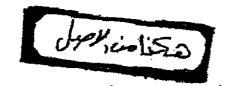
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4 per close March 13 NYSE PRICES NASDAQ NATIONAL MARKET 4 pm alose March 13 | 1986-007 | 1986 | 1986 | 1986 | 1986 | 1986 | 1986 | 1986 | 1986 | 1986 | 1986 | 1986 | 1986 | 1986 | 1986 | 1986 | 1986 | 1986 | 1986 | 1986 | 1986 | 1986 | 1986 | 1986 | 1986 | 1986 | 1986 | 1986 | 1986 | 1986 | 1986 | 1986 | 1986 | 1986 | 1986 | 1986 | 1986 | 1986 | 1986 | 1986 | 1986 | 1986 | 1986 | 1986 | 1986 | 1986 | 1986 | 1986 | 1986 | 1986 | 1986 | 1986 | 1986 | 1986 | 1986 | 1986 | 1986 | 1986 | 1986 | 1986 | 1986 | 1986 | 1986 | 1986 | 1986 | 1986 | 1986 | 1986 | 1986 | 1986 | 1986 | 1986 | 1986 | 1986 | 1986 | 1986 | 1986 | 1986 | 1986 | 1986 | 1986 | 1986 | 1986 | 1986 | 1986 | 1986 | 1986 | 1986 | 1986 | 1986 | 1986 | 1986 | 1986 | 1986 | 1986 | 1986 | 1986 | 1986 | 1986 | 1986 | 1986 | 1986 | 1986 | 1986 | 1986 | 1986 | 1986 | 1986 | 1986 | 1986 | 1986 | 1986 | 1986 | 1986 | 1986 | 1986 | 1986 | 1986 | 1986 | 1986 | 1986 | 1986 | 1986 | 1986 | 1986 | 1986 | 1986 | 1986 | 1986 | 1986 | 1986 | 1986 | 1986 | 1986 | 1986 | 1986 | 1986 | 1986 | 1986 | 1986 | 1986 | 1986 | 1986 | 1986 | 1986 | 1986 | 1986 | 1986 | 1986 | 1986 | 1986 | 1986 | 1986 | 1986 | 1986 | 1986 | 1986 | 1986 | 1986 | 1986 | 1986 | 1986 | 1986 | 1986 | 1986 | 1986 | 1986 | 1986 | 1986 | 1986 | 1986 | 1986 | 1986 | 1986 | 1986 | 1986 | 1986 | 1986 | 1986 | 1986 | 1986 | 1986 | 1986 | 1986 | 1986 | 1986 | 1986 | 1986 | 1986 | 1986 | 1986 | 1986 | 1986 | 1986 | 1986 | 1986 | 1986 | 1986 | 1986 | 1986 | 1986 | 1986 | 1986 | 1986 | 1986 | 1986 | 1986 | 1986 | 1986 | 1986 | 1986 | 1986 | 1986 | 1986 | 1986 | 1986 | 1986 | 1986 | 1986 | 1986 | 1986 | 1986 | 1986 | 1986 | 1986 | 1986 | 1986 | 1986 | 1986 | 1986 | 1986 | 1986 | 1986 | 1986 | 1986 | 1986 | 1986 | 1986 | 1986 | 1986 | 1986 | 1986 | 1986 | 1986 | 1986 | 1986 | 1986 | 1986 | 1986 | 1986 | 1986 | 1986 | 1986 | 1986 | 1986 | 1986 | 1986 | 1986 | 1986 | 1986 | 1986 | 1986 | 1986 | 1986 | 1986 | 1986 | 1986 | 1986 | 1986 | 1986 | 1986 | 1986 | 1986 | 1986 | 1986 | 1986 | 1986 | 1986 | 1986 | 1986 | 1986 | 1986 | 1986 | 1986 | 1986 | 1986 | 1986 | 1986 | 1986 | 1986 | 1986 | 198 PY Sin.
Dis. E 1970: Might Low Last Chap.
Shock Dis. E 1970: Might Low Last Chap. N Str Die E 180s Sign (nor Last Charg Die Eigen Heim Lee Cong 1900/EP Mgit Low Stock State 1 Continued from previous page ACC Corp 67 2304 25 22¹2 23 -1¹4 Resident 1.21 1810033 6112 6014 6018 12 Residente 0.20 16 82 18 174 1744 12 14 12 14 12 14 12 14 Larroptics. Easter bot 286 832 712 744 4 11 787 1314 1212 1274 4 48 2705 84 778 826 16 - V -- V
1.52 22 14 1300 683; 683; 685; -3

0.52 15 23 1907 325; 534; 535; -3

0.20 25 23 67 325; 534; 535; -3

17 640 25 245; 245; -3

1.00 7.5 63 118 103; 104; 105;
-3 900 35 255; 255;
-2 90 377; 33 354; -14;
-2 90 377; 33 354; -14;
-2 90 377; 33 354; -14;
-2 90 377; 33 354; -14;
-2 2 300 377; 33; 134; 134;
-2 2 300 377; 33; 234; -4;
-2 300 377; 33; 234; -4;
-2 300 377; 33; 254; -4;
-2 3130 704; 685; 685; -37;
-2 255 4.1 25 505 404 615; 634; -27;
-2 255 4.1 25 505 404 615; 634; -27;
-2 255 4.1 25 505 404 615; 634; -27;
-2 255 4.1 25 505 404 615; 634; -27;
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-2 255 4.1 25 505 404 615; 634; -27;
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-2 255 4.1 25 505 405 615; 634; -27;
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-2 255 4.1 25 505 405 615; 634; -27;
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-2 255 4.1 25 505 405 615; 634; -27;
-2 255 4.1 25 505 405 615; -2 25; -2 - V
71½ 47½ WGp x 1.52 22 1
34 20½ NemE 0.52 1.8 2
6½ 5½ Valid line 0.20 2.5
25½ 16½ Valid line 0.20 2.5
25½ 40½ Valid line 0.20 2.5
25½ 40½ Valid line 0.20 2.5
25½ 40½ Valid line 0.20 1.5 51
76 67½ Valid line 0.22 1.5 51
77 55½ 55 Valid line 0.76 1.7 20
61½ 35½ Valid line 0.76 1.7 20
61½ 35½ Valid line 0.76 1.7 20
61½ 35½ Valid line 0.25 6.1 25 53 434 434 434 435 234 1334 1334 1334 133 Lattice 5 22 8479 45¹4 43¹4 44 -1³4 Lattice Pr 8.52 12 355 22¹4 21³4 22 +¹6 0.68139.2891.2213.22%.22% Ross Str x 0.18 19 5408 4253 2718 2712 020 15 6883 2212 204, 214, -14 ÇCI Tel Lectment 38 71 37 35 37 37 Life Tech 0.16 21 14 27 26 26 42 Rosectolect RoyalGold 20 3411 20% 19% 19% 7386 5 4½ 45g 4½ 11 329 28 27 27½ 5g 11 504 55 54½ 845g +7g 50 z0 12la 12la 12la RPM Inc. 0.52 15 1020 18 17% 17% LindsayAdi 0.20 18 781 35 33 33¹2 -1¹2 Lineariec 0.20 2514763 46¹4 44 45¹3 -²4 10 3738 7% 7% 7% 29 8851 2778 2812 2774 - 58 38 37 374 374 374 1146 1678 1578 16 Erncon Ass Linguistan 0.52 12 157 31¹4 29¹2 29¹2 LineSurSol: 18 3073 27⁷8 27¹4 27¹2 LineSurs: 15 555 18 17¹4 17⁷8 - **S** -Mar 15 555 18 17¹e 17⁷e +¹2) 2853 5⁵e 5¹e 5¹e -²e 0.64 24 176 47¹e 46²e 46²e +²e Sname Equaçõe 1.16 13 4372 43% 39% 39% -% Seleco Selector 85 250 p40 4 40 4 40 4 LVMH 0.20128 100 17 164 164 0.22 352690 35 34 34 34 47 Ericar8 SchimborA 0.42 15 3657 194e61815 185e. Ethic 5 44 44 44 15 1747 53 51 4 51 4 7 61¹4 35⁵8 Virtudo 66¹2 53¹2 VideoM Score 2458 7 8 7 7 2 Schex Cp 0.52 21402 9 4 9 8 9 4 Evans Stb 23 283 274 253 254 -3 27 300 2*4 3*5 3*4 - 3 27 300* 11 10*5 10*1 + 1 181 9 8*2 6*2 - 1 69 12*4 12 12 - 1 0.08 29 1635 28*4 27*4 27*4 - 1 Estables Estables MCI Cra 0.05 2032105 36% 35% 35% 35% -% 284, 1652 WASS lest
270 2712 WASS lest
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17 751 3873 3334 446
12 7332 2132 1874 3344 -146
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040 10 362 1034 10 10 10 -36
367 7a 12 12
22 303 374 374 374
00 14 3720 4076 38 2844 - 7 Fst Secty 0.92 15 2127 35 34¹/₂ 34¹/₃ -7²/₆ Fst Tenn x 1.20 17 4435 47¹/₄ 45⁵/₈ 45⁵/₈ -1¹/₂ 100 14 3720 40% 38 28% 12% 1245 7% 7% 7% 7% 6% 106 2278 9 68% 8% 048 16 1636 28½ 27½ 29½ 336305 2212 2116 2116 5816066 30% 39% 30% 4 258 8% 68% 8% For Howard x 1.24 13 283 34 334 337 Forfer HS 0.66 14 534 5014 48 48 -214 Fortroofin 0.68 15 511 2478 24 2414 -78 MigwGrain 10 144 144 144 0.10 10 418 1012 10⁵8 10⁷4 178 1³2 1₁6 1₁6 28 8031 25 22½ 22¾ -¾ 1364 4¼ 4½ 4¼ +¾ Miler H x 0.52 22 892 575 664 6714 +18 050 10 8 18% 18% 18% 13 16¹2 16¹8 16¹2 1309 4 5 13 21 2552 215 304 215 - Q -Strates* 0.10 23 4533 36¹4 25¹8 25¹4 Sufficient 0.20 16 579 15 14¹4 14⁵8 Surnitornol 0.80 12 2100 29¹14 29¹14 29¹15 29¹16 5466 8¹e 7 8 2 2¹e 2¹e 2¹e 2048554 30⁵e 29¹e 29⁵e Suntitic Swift Tra - B -24 299 25¹2 25²2 25²4 7950 14²8 13²4 14 Gent Bind x 0.44 20 216 323, 321, 323, 33 | BEI Elx | 0.06 95 255 11\(^12\)_2 11\(^12\)_2 11\(^12\)_2 11\(^12\)_2 11\(^12\)_2 11\(^12\)_2 11\(^12\)_2 11\(^12\)_2 11\(^12\)_2 11\(^12\)_2 11\(^12\)_2 11\(^12\)_2 11\(^12\)_2 11\(^12\)_2 11\(^12\)_2 11\(^12\)_2 11\(^12\)_2 11\(^12\)_2 11\(^12\)_2 12\(^12\)_2 25 \(^12\)_2 18\(^12\)_2 12\(^ BE(日x 0.08 95 255 11년 11월 11년 나 Sylvaniac Symatte Synatte Synatte Genlyte GensiaPh 11 81 113 111 1114 +12 1249 43 43 44 -16 18824 13⁵8 13¹8 13¹2 + ¹8 0.36 15 178 18¹4 17¹4 17¹4 - ²8 94 124 51 50 50¹8 - ³8 - U -30 2142 20³4 20 20³8 + ¹8 1257 4¹2 64⁷5 4⁷5 - ¹8 16984 24⁷8 23³8 24¹8 - ¹2 Nash Frich 0.72 10 97 1834 18 185₈ +3₄ Secure Inc SystemSact 0.10 1084 10 94, 97 geotaje (zu geotajes (zu 7848 6k 5k 5k 15 901 21½ 20% 20% Navigator 8 5 177g 177g 177g GEDERON ČE Giddingsi.x 0.12 2013 14¹₈ 13⁷₈ 14¹₈ 4¹₈ Gibert A 0.40 852 118¹₈ 17⁷₈ 17⁷₈ 4¹₂ Gidn Bloom 48 51 6 5⁷₈ 5⁷₈ 4 0.44 26 102 574 564 563 -78 29 2802 18 17% 18 -3 0.64 34 129 55 545 545 816 253 243 243 11416314 275g 2612 277g +1g 25 3606 241g 225g 2312 +5g 1483 15 15 15 15 +5 T-Cell Sc BE Aero 816 25-13 20-13 27-13 Beautilions 0.42 16 265 15-14 14-25 14-15 Beautilions 0.42 16 265 15-14 14-25 14-15 12-15 GANGERS GOOD GUYS Neuropea 139 1501 1512 175₀ 1849-1.86 Neuropea 0.04 16 456 87₆ 85₆ 85₆ -7₆ NeuteCmA 20 131₄ 131 T.Rowe Pr TBC Cp 8.52 27 3242 4678 43³2 43⁵8 -2⁵8 13 678 9¹3 873 9 43 64 22 465 22¹8 31²8 31²4 - ¹4 Ben&Jerry BertdeyWR Bentany 23 63 13 124, 124 Bentany WF 0.52 13 415 54¹g 52 52¹4, -1⁵g BHA Carp 0.12 15 158 v19 18 18 -¹2 36357 13¹2 13 13¹4 + ¹4 22 5178 27 25¹2 26⁵8 - ¹2 TCI GOA 25 387 734 712 712 Ndstrea x Norstan 1 Tecumseh x 1.80 10 37 54 4 54 4 54 4 54 4 54 4 54 4 56 4 20 52 20 4 20 1 20 58 86 4513 48% 474 47% 14 122 16 15 15 -5a Bloomet 0.40 191466 17½ 16% 16% Blook Drg x 1.24 16 2 46% 46% 46% 46% BMC Softer 3220213 46% 44% 45% BM Frans 0.32 28 1163 14 13% 13% 0.72 18 2436 42%, 40% 40% - X - Y - Z -

53¹4, 38¹4, Xanux x 1.22 2.1 17 7055 65⁷4 61 61¹4 - 1¹2 61⁷3 30¹4, Xanux x 1.22 2.1 17 7055 65⁷4 60⁷4 40¹4, 40¹4, -1¹4 25¹4, 21¹5 3 22nata 10.36 0.8 13 2336 45¹4 21¹4 21¹ GTI Corp 85 6¹8 5⁷8 5⁷8 -¹6 SatNY Sug 0.20 19 1329 u16¹6 15⁷8 15⁷8 -¹2 7 8888 424 4012 414 + 12 253280 912 813 912 + 14 13 6253 8012 7812 7934 - 14 72 199 1073 1073 1073 13 20 212 212 212 487 15 13 1314 -114 4929 22 2 21 2 21 2 - 7 21 2514 274, 264, 267, 4013753 384 364 375 4013753 384, 364, 3751 -5 01 2405 1751 164, 1671 -7 24 684 25 234, 24 -4 20 3165 254, 225, 224, Telegra Co 0.01 MPC Int 2400 8/2 7/2 7/2 58 20129-1 29-1 29-1 Tetra Tec BredyW A 0.52 18 177 25¹4 23¹2 24 -¹4 89C Hodge 44 596 39¹2 36¹2 37¹2 +⁷8 2151791 35% 34% 35% +% 725 165 74 7 74 +4 100 12 337 31¹4 30¹2 31 2008 6¹8 6¹2 6⁵8 258 2⁵8 6²4 2⁵8 18 1502 32⁵8 32 32⁵8 Harlenyel x 0.84 15 50 31 2 30 2 31 Harper 6p x 0.24 16 456 22 2 22 22 4 - 0 -982 Bros 17 37 134, 13 13 -T-HBO & Co 0.08 4616235 571, 547, 55 18 1838 42% 41% 42%; 8 1552 4월 64월 4월 T/Int 0.22 23 360 20 2 20 20 20 1 Todd-AO 0.08 18 32 812 814 912 +14 Todd-AO 0.31 18 303 47 4 47 47 5 112 12 27 11 10¹2 10¹2 31 54 14 13⁵8 13¹4 Healthcre Price data specified by Patel, part of FT Information. Yearly highs and lows for MYSE reflect the period team Jan 1 7898. 560 1提 1提 1登 Tota Brown 65 423 19¹a 18³a 18³a - ⁵a Old Kent x 1.36 14 2182 5158 4878 4914 -214 10 36 97, 91, 97, 444, 17 T.K.
422, 0.5 19 4028, 454, 45 45, -1, 255, 275, 189 k.
439, 41, 12 22, 245, 234, 234, 24 -1, 3 255, 379, 189 k.
439, 245, 245, 234, 244, -1, 3 255, 395, 1809, 18³2 12 Nothings 0.92 5.7 1
38³3 14³4 Unitions 1.04 3.0 1
20³3 12³4 100 Foods 1.04 3.0 1
20³3 17³5 Unit Rith x 1.70 8.0 1
38³4 22³4 Unit Rith x 1.70 8.0 1
38³5 22³4 Unit R 1.10 1.5 2
30³5 17³4 US Ind 37³2 27³4 US Ind 37³2 27³4 US Ind 37³2 27³4 US Ind 37³2 27³4 US IND 10³5 17³4 US IND 10³5 17³4 US IND 10³5 17³4 US IND 10³5 2.8 1
30³5 17³4 US IND 10³5 2.8 1
30³6 24³5 US IND 10³5 2.8 1
30³7 28³5 24³5 US IND 10³5 2.8 1
30³7 28³5 28³ - C -| Disk Meriti N. 0.92 | 16 | 122 | 37¹2 | 37¹4 | 37¹4 |
Onto Price	1762	4¹3	3¹2	4¹6	4⁵7	+¹4			
One Price	1762	4¹3	3¹2	4¹6	+⁵2				
Onto Score	29	107	15¹4	16¹4	16¹2	-¹3			
Onto score	29	107	15¹4	16¹4	16¹2	-¹3			
Onto score	29	107	15¹4	16¹4	16¹2	-¹3			
Onto score	29	107	15¹4	16¹4	16¹2	-¹3			
Onto score	29	107	15¹4	16¹4	16¹2	-¹3			
Onto score	29	107	15¹4	16¹4	16¹2	-¹3			
Onto score	29	107	15¹4	16¹4	16¹2	-¹3			
Onto score	29	107	15¹4	16¹4	16¹2	-¹3			
Onto score	29	107	15¹4	16¹4	16¹2	-¹3			
Onto score	29	107	15¹4	16¹4	16¹2	-¹3			
Onto score	29	107	15¹4	16¹4	16¹2	-¹3			
Onto score	29	107	15¹4	16¹4	16¹2	-¹3			
Onto score	29	107	15¹4	16¹4	16¹2	-¹3			
Onto score	29	107	15¹4	16¹4	16¹2	-¹3			
Onto score	29	107	15¹4	16¹4	16¹2	-¹3			
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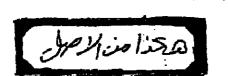
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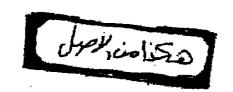
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RECRUITMENT

Over-reliance on machines may lead to people becoming computer fodder, says Richard Donkin

Downsized to the peasantry

tributed to the growing number of unfit people, technology experts believe that the dvancement of computers nd robotics will erode the uman ability to think and lake decisions.

Dave Keating, a technolgy lecturer in the cybernets department at Reading niversity, is one of a group f robotics specialists who ave gathered in Glasgow n Robotix 97, part of the ty's Science Week festival. compared the creeping ifluence of artificial intellience to that of the car hich, he argued, has a perasive presence in society. Computers will begin to prode people's intellectual apacity, Keating said. achines, he pointed out. ere already deciding bether people qualified for bank loan, taking away

pect of bank managing. Similar mechanistic points stems decide how much ur or house insurance we y, whether we qualify for batth insurance and what edit rating we enjoy. Keating's warnings about production lines. He argues e march of technology are

uch of the judgmental

new. A professor at greatest contribution to cor-

Miami University, addressing the International Airline Pilots Association in 1989, described the sort of aircraft that might exist in 2005. He said the crew would consist of one pilot and a dog. The

the pilot if he tried to touch anything. The story is recalled by Gibson Burrell, professor of organisational behaviour at Warwick University, in a not socialise the peasantry: new book*. The author pursues a vigorous polemic on

pilot's role would be to feed

and look after the dog. The

dog's role would be to bite

organisational development. One of the book's themes is the assault on the peasant through the ages, whether by terror of execution, mass entertainment or by organisational ideas such as Taylorism, the scientific management theory which divides jobs into their constituent parts, such as on that scientific management's

agricultural immigrants into the service of industrialism as soon as they set foot in the country.

The breakdown of tasks into repetitive actions enabled people who had no command of the language to be put to work in factories. Taylorism, he argues, was "assault on the peasantry by making their origins, beliefs and values meaningless and immaterial. It does it circumvents them."

He also fears that the 1994 General Agreement on Tariffs and Trade, which is expected to increase world trade by \$2.5bn, will do little to help the 30 per cent of the world's population who live on just 3 per cent of the world's output.

Even in rich nations the increasing alienation of the unemployed and the low paid is causing concern among some commentators. It moved Robert Reich, labor

porate America was to put secretary in the first Clinton able, for example, in places administration, to raise in a like Bangalore, India's softincome in society.

> While the US now has full employment by most definitions of the term, says Reich. it has experienced an increasing gulf in inequality of earnings, wealth and

he reduction opportunity in US society is stressed by Randall E. Stross in his book. The Microsoft Way: The Real Story of How the Company Outsmarts its Competition. Bill Gates, the college drop-out who became one of the world's richest men in just 10 years, is now worth something between \$20bn and \$30bn.

Gates pursues a policy of recruiting the most intelligent people he can find. This intellectual elite is rising among software producers the world over. It is notice-

recent FT article the moral ware city where many comobjection to divisions of puter programmers earn vast amounts compared with the average Indian income.

> Stross complains that such elitist recruitment policies are destroying a long perpetuated ideal in American society, popularised in the film Forrest Gump, that anyone with enough persistence and drive can achieve success.

In such circumstances there is a danger that whole layers of society, including much of the disenfranchised middle classes demoralised by downsizing, could be reduced to the intellectual status of peasantry. Fortunately, just as the popula-tion was placated by the staging of gladiatorial spectacles in Roman times, the computer appears to have become its modern equiva-

lent in mass sedation. There is a computer game called Civilization that enables the participant to

from the founding of a settlement around 4000BC to the culmination of the game in 2040. Success is achieved in two ways - either by world domination or by taking a technological route, creating a society so advanced it can send out colonies to Alpha

Centauri.

The technological revolution is taking the US to a position where it may succeed in securing both objectives, although it might be prudent to substitute Mars for Alpha Centauri. Admiral William Owens, a former vice-chairman of the chiefs of staff, argues that US superiority in military technology will give it the ability to offer coalition leadership among the world powers.

But where do these technological changes leave ordinary working people and those who cannot find work? In spite of the thousands of people grappling with the

plot the progress of a society have made Gates one of the wealthiest individuals on the planet, a recent survey of home computer use found that the most widely used function of the personal computer was the "set-up screen" facility, which allows the user to create screen "wallpaper" with various patterns. The most popular game was solitaire. a

card game installed to help

people practise their mouse-

moving technique. Keating's observations may be less futuristic than they at first seemed. If the over-reliance on machines does wither intellectual performance, it may not be too fanciful to contemplate an urban population which, in terms of domestication and subjugation, has few options over the average farm animal in its daily existence. People will have become little more than computer

fodder. The middle class has computer developments that already reached the stage £13.95

where the shackles of taxation, family responsibilities and commitment to work define the boundaries of personal freedom. Are these boundaries really so different from fenced in pasture for cattle and sheep? People. it must be conceded, still have choices, but once a particular route has been adopted, the necessary self-imposed restraints bind

the individual to the system. These arguments are not advanced as some Luddite objection to new technology but as a counter to the almost continual mantra of those advocating its benefits. They may even support Burrell's ideas of retroorganisation theory.

Technological gain must not be for the financial enrichment of the few, sustained by committed employees working to such punishing schedules that their effort could be defined as semi-slavery. Governments need to find ways of harnessing its advantages for the betterment of the whole of

Pandemonium, Towards a Retro-Organization Theory, bu Gibson Burrel, Sage.

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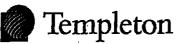
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Corporate Finance

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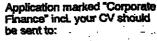
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tion (MBA) level with a minimum three years of relevant finance

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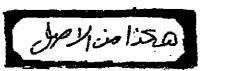
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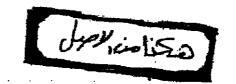
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Our client has an established Risk Management team which is independent of the product groups and is responsible for company and transaction analysis within specific sectors for major British and international corporates. The investment banking business is growing rapidly, with notable growth in international structured and project finance. This new position is important to the further development of this business and offers a significant role for a senior analyst with extensive experience of analysing and adding value particularly to these complex transactions. We invite applications from candidates with credit training from a leading bank, at least 5-6 years' well-rounded high quality credit analysis experience and the personality to contribute substantially at a senior level to the development of the team. Additional sector expertise would be an advantage. Applications in strict confidence, quoting reference SCA6106/FT, to the Managing Director, CJA.

ANALYSTS BANKING Competitive Salary + Benefits -

As the central bank of the United Building on your analytical ability and

Kingdom, the Bank of England is at the heart of this country's - and world financial markets

Fundamental to the stability of the UK's financial system, the Bank's Supervision and Surveillance Division is responsible for the prudential supervision of all banking institutions carrying out business in this country. A career in this vital part of the Bank offers a unique perspective of financial institutions, their strengths and the consequences of their actions.

As part of a high calibre team focusing on a designated portfolio of banks, you will analyse their financial and business situation, highlighting potential issues, and offer advice to senior management within the Bank and the supervised institutions. An essential requirement for Analysts is to build effective working relationships, internally and with their banks, and

underpinning technical knowledge with

establish credibility at all levels.

proven interpersonal skills.

Developing Commercial Opportunities

HALLIBURTON, BROWN & ROOT IS ONE OF THE LARGEST DIVERSIFIED ENERGY SERVICES, ENGINEERING AND CONSTRUCTION COMPANIES. MARKET DEVELOPMENTS AND NEW BUSINESS ACTIVITIES ARE CREATING NEW CHALLENGING DEAL MAKING OPPORTUNITIES.

The successful candidate is likely to have an engineering background (but is not or Spanish, or a European national will have a significant advantage in future

These key positions command first class benefits packages and represent excellent opportunities to become part of a very successful multi-national.

Please forward your details to Keith Tracy, Heathfield Hargreaves Ltd., Chanelle House, 86 New Street, Birmingham, B2 4BA. Telephone: +44 (0)121 643 3911 or Fax: +44 (0)121 643 4094

HEATHFIELD HARGREAVES

Leatherhead TRADE FINANCE

provide the comprehensive training necessary to enable you to conduct sophisticated risk-based assessments. The Bank seeks to recruit individuals with intellectual excellence. Equipped with a

sound financial judgement, the Bank will

2.1 degree or above from an established university and, possibly, a relevant postgraduate qualification, you will have at least three years' financial assessment or analytical experience gained preferably in accountancy, banking, law or a related financial environment. The Bank offers a range of development

and career prospects, tailored as far as possible to your talents. If you wish to explore these opportunities, please write, in confidence, with full career and salary details to: Ann Rodrigues. MSL International Limited, 32 Aybrook Street, London W1M 3]L. Please quote ref, C62725.

The Bank of England is an Equal Opportunities Employer.



As Halliburton, Brown & Root rapidly expands into developing countries, they

will continue to establish new business partnerships. They have, therefore, recognised the need to recruit an experienced professional who has the ability

to establish close working relationships with a wide range of development

The successful candidate will be a self starter who is likely to have already

number two in a team, and who now wishes to take the lead in the raising of

There is good potential for further growth and candidates with either French

gained a knowledge of Trade Finance either through a similar role or as

banks and European Export credit agencies.

funds for the development of business opportunities.



MOZAMBIOUE Contract Manager

Customs service, advise on and implement new legislation, procedures and management systems, and establish and hand over a modernised Customs Department. The project, which is a key component of Mozambique's economic reform programme, will make an important contribution to the Government's revenue collection, and to the prevention of fraud and corruption.

A specialist contract manager is required to help the Ministry of Finance monitor and manage the performance of the contract. The post will be based in a special unit at the Ministry of Finance in Maputo, reporting to the Director of the Unit. The appointment will be for three years, starting in June 1997.

QUALIFICATIONS

The successful candidate will have experience of negotiating, managing and enforcing major public sector contracts for services, an understanding of institutional and human resource development and he CIPS qualified by the examination route. You will be able to deal with Ministers and senior managers, as well as to work alongside inexperienced staff and to pass on your skills to them. Experience of working in Africa, knowledge of the workings of a modern customs service, and ability to speak Portuguese, will be advantageous, though intensive language training will be provided if necessary. Applicants should be either nationals of Member States of the European Economic Area (EEA) or Commonwealth Citizens who have established right of abode and the right to work in the United Kingdom.

TERMS OF APPOINTMENT

You will be on contract to the British Government, in service to the Government of Mozambique. Salary will be competitive and UK taxable. Additional benefits will normally include variable tax-free allowances, children's education allowances, free accommodation and passages. Closing date for receipt of completed applications is 4 April 1997.

For further details and application form, please write to Appointments Officer, Ref No AH304/MMcM/FT, Abercrombie House, Eaglesham Road, East Kilbride, Glasgow G75 8EA, stating Ref No AH304/2 clearly on your envelope, or telephone 01355 843398.

ODA is committed to a policy of equal opportunities and applications for this past are sought from both men and wo



OVERSEAS DEVELOPMENT ADMINISTRATION BRITAIN HELPING NATIONS TO HELP THEMSELVES

AND LAKE VARIOUS

CAYMAN ISLANDS MONETARY AUTHORITY

HEAD OF BANKING SUPERVISION

c. US\$104,000 package tax free

Based in Grand Cayman

The Cayman Islands Monetary Authority was established on 1 January 1997 to assume the responsibilities previously undertaken by the Financial Services Supervision Department and the Currency Board, The Monetary Authority now seeks to appoint a Head of Banking Supervision who will contribute towards the further development of the regulatory system in this major international

The Role

Reporting to the Managing Director, the appointee will be responsible for the overall supervision of the banks and trust companies licensed in the Cayman Islands. Key responsibilities will be:

- to manage a Division comprising some 15 professional staff;
- to administer a system of both off-site and on-site prudential supervision;
- to continue developing the procedures in line with best international practice;
- to institute a comprehensive training programme for staff at all levels;
- to be involved "hands on" in the day-to-day supervision of licensed banks and trust companies.

To be effective the appointee will need to gain credibility very quickly, not only with the local financial community, but also with the overseas supervisory authorities with which he or she will be required to liaise closely.

Qualifications

The appointee will possess a university degree or professional qualification, and will have had at least ten years' experience in a supervisory authority in a major financial centre, or within the internal audit and inspection department of an international bank. The attributes required will include:

- a thorough appreciation of international supervisory standards consistent with those of the Basie Committee and European Union Directives:
- proven ability as a team leader capable of motivating staff and delivering "on-the-job" training;
- strong interpersonal skills, at ease chairing high level meetings and as a public speaker;
- an ability to design and implement change within a high profile public sector organisation; a willingness to undertaké frequent overseas travel.
- To apply please write, enclosing a curriculum vitae (to be received by 1 April) to:

Cayman Islands Government Office

6 Arlington Street, London SW1A 1RE

Tel: 0171 491 7779 Fax: 0171 491 7944

INTERNATIONAL M & A

A leading mid-market international M & A advisory firm with a world-wide presence is seeking ntrepreneurial professiona with a minimum of five years transactions experience.

Paris and Dusseldorf offices Please send resume in antidence to Box A5367 Financial Times, One Southwark Bridge,

to join its London,

APPOINTMENTS WANTED

London SE1 9HL

INT. EQ. SALES TRADER

oven track record, impressive reputatio stensive cornacis, strong communicatio & presentation skills, member of the SEEKS NEW CHALLENGE ne reply in confidence to Bez A5375, nocial Titles, One Southwark Bridge, Landon SE1 9HL

Head of Group Audit

c. £55,000 & car

This client is a multi-divisional Service Sector Group whose operating businesses give it an international spread through Europe, USA and the Far East, Individually the businesses set a varied and exciting range of competitive opportunities and challenges guaranteeing sharp end experience of the first order to Group and operational managements at all levels.

The Head of Audit will be in a particularly advantageous position to gain an overview of the Group's Operations and will lead a function which is tasked to add value to the businesses and pursue projects of significance to the Group's future in addition to the prime function of ensuring that financial control is maintained. The position, with its high profile and wide-spread exposure, calls for an individual with resilience and strength of character, very sound technical ability, and the leadership/communication skills to advance the function in all of the divisions. An understanding of international business issues is important.

Applicants must be Chartered Accountants aged early 30's with a high grade 1st degree and a continuing record as a successful senior audit manager in a big 6 firm or within the internal Audit function of a major Corporate. The lifestyle, and energy to handle an international role with a material overseas travel element is important.

Base location - Inner West London Please reply in confidence quoting ref: 1625 to

Brian Mason Mason & Nurse Associates 1 Lancaster Place, Strand London WC2E 7EB Tel: 0171-240 7805

Mason & Nurse

FINANCE DIRECTOR

PLC in leisure industry South West of London

Attractive package, including share options, c. £85,000

The company is a fully listed PLC specialising in the leisure facilities industry. It has approximately 200 employees in five European countries and is intending to increase the size of its operations significantly over the next three years.

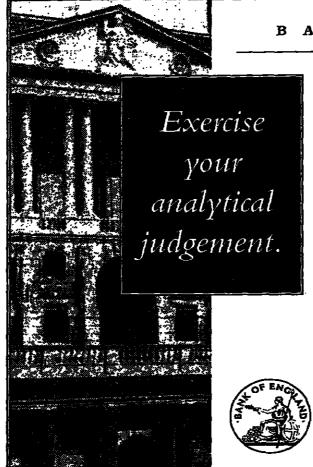
Reporting to the Managing Director, you will be responsible for:

- Liaising with the City.
- Financial implementation of acquisition strategy.
- Management and development of finance function.

The successful candidate is likely to be ambitious, aged 35-45, a graduate qualified as a chartered accountant, with a proven track record as a finance director or group financial controller. Knowledge of a second language would be useful.

Interested candidates should apply in writing, with full career details including salary and notice period to:

> Lesley Ball, Box A5369, Financial Times, One Southwark Bridge, London SE1 9HL



BANKING

Competitive Salary + Benefits -

As the central bank of the United Kinedom, the Bank of England is at the heart of this country's - and world financial markets.

Fundamental to the stability of the UK's financial system, the Bank's Supervision and Surveillance Division is responsible for the prudential supervision of all banking institutions carrying out business in this country. A career in this vital part of the Bank offers a unique perspective of financial institutions, their strengths and the consequences of their actions. As part of a high calibre team focusing on

a designated portfolio of banks, you will analyse their financial and business situation, highlighting potential issues, and offer advice to senior management within the Bank and the supervised institutions. An essential requirement for Analysts is to build effective working relationships, internally and with their banks, and establish credibility at all levels, underpinning technical knowledge with proven interpersonal skills.

Building on your analytical ability and sound financial judgement, the Bank will provide the comprehensive training necessary to enable you to conduct sophisticated risk-based assessments.

The Bank seeks to recruit individuals with intellectual excellence. Equipped with a 2.1 degree or above from an established university and, possibly, a relevant postgraduate qualification, you will have at least three years' financial assessment or analytical experience gained preferably in accountancy, banking, law or a related financial environment.

The Bank offers a range of development and career prospects, tailored as far as possible to your talents. If you wish to explore these opportunities, please write, in confidence, with full career and salary details to: Ann Rodrigues, MSL International Limited, 32 Aybrook Street, London W1M 3JL. Please quote ref. B62725.

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c£40,000

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BENEFITS

WARWICKSHIRE

Scholastic is the UK's leading direct marketing distributor and publisher of children's books, educational resource books and magazines. Its American parent company, Scholastic Inc., operates worldwide with revenue in excess of \$1bn. The UK business is growing at an average rate of 25% per annum, with revenue of around £50m.

This important senior management role reporting to the Finance and IT Director will be involved in:

Systems: The Group has an ambitious IT strategy and a key element of this role will be the implementation of upgraded financial systems based on JDE software, and financial input into all system development, including inventory management, customer service and telesales systems.

Projects: Following recent acquisitions, two of the UK businesses are being restructured to create profit oriented divisions. Additional financial support will be required in these areas and on a wide range of projects assisting the Director of Finance and IT. These will include interpretation of management accounts, preparation of budgets and forecasts, analysis of sales and inventory, acquisitions and investment appraisal.

The ideal candidate will have an excellent academic record and a strong interest in computer systems. They will be able to demonstrate commercial awareness, flexibility, initiative, persuasiveness and potential.

Company benefits include 25 days holiday, PRP and a contributory pension scheme.

Please apply in writing with your CV and salary details to Jeanette Robinson at the address below. Interviews will be held in Coventry. Closing date for applications is Wednesday 26th March. All. CV's and enquiries will be redirected through Cavill Robinson.

Robinson

Financial Recruitment Thurston House, 80 Lincoln Road . Peterborough, Cambridgeshire PE1 2SN Tel: 01733 358588 Fax: 01733 358786

"Future Captains of Industry"

OPERATIONAL CONSULTANTS Brentford - up to £37,000 + Bonus + Car + Outstanding Benefits Package

SmithKline Beecham is one of the world's most innovative and highly respected healthcare companies, its principal activities are the discovery, development, manufacturing and marketing of pharmaceutical medicines, health related consumer brands and clinical laboratory testing services. The Company's vision is to be the global leader in healthcare by becoming an integrated

healthcare company. Operational Consultancy within SmithKline Beecham is a multi disciplined, high profile, specialist team acting as a

development, and sales and marketing, with approximately 40% of your time spent on consultancy projects and the remainder on audit reviews. The international dimension provides excellent exposure to a variety of economic, social and cultural issues from

highly developed and sophisticated Western Europe markets through to the

emerging high growth markets of Eastern Europe, Africa and Asia. Operational Consultancy, therefore, provides an exceptional highly into the international operations of a major global organisation and consequently acts as the springboard for high calibre finance professionals to reach the top echelons of financial and general management within this major Blue Chip international corporation. To succeed in this extremely challenging position, the ideal?

cross-functional trouble-shooting taskforce. The Team undertake a wide variety of projects across all areas of the business, including manufacturing, logistics and supply chain, research and to reach the top. Whether you have trained in practice or industry, it is unlikely that you will have less than 3 years post qualification experience and will already be identified as a fast track professional with an outstanding record of achievement to

For further information please contact either Lindsay Dell or Jeremy Hancock (quoting ref: F70093) at FSS Financial on 01753 621866 (Jeremy in the evening on 01372 274337) Fax: 01753 621877. Alternatively

nd your curriculum vitae to PO Box 2489, London, W1A 2YL, quoting Job Ref 1982.



LAFARGE SPECIALTY MATERIALS

Management Accountant

Close to J31 - M25

diagr. Aluminates, would leaders in the manufacture of celcium aluminates, c. £20m UK do, part of the Specialty Producer Division of the Latage group, such a Management Accountant to be superable for a small team in the feature department. This post appear to the France Manager/Company Secretary, whose promotion has a

accounts are prepared for presentation to management in the U.K. and France. Also to assist in

Company

Our ideal candidate will be a graduate with accounts perione, just qualified CIMA and finent in French as NTURIX environment plus experience of a general length of the perione of a general length of the perion.

Please and a short hand-written note explaining why this is the post for you, together with your car, quoting its 97/2/F1 to Managaret Glaudes, Parsonnel Memogra, LAFARCE ALUMINATES LTD., 730 London Road, Ganya, Fasce RM20 3NJ Ray 01706 681216. Telephone: 01706 863333.

MATERIALS FOR BUILDING OUR WORLD

MANAGEMENT ROLE WITH GLOBAL LEADER SUPPLYING THE AUTOMOTIVE INDUSTRY

EUROPEAN GROUP MANAGEMENT ACCOUNTANT

to £45,000 + full range of benefits

Our client is the world-leader in its field, manufacturing and supplying parts for the automotive industry. A division of a US multi-national, it also has significant European and African operations which are expanding in a highly competitive market. An outstanding opportunity now exists for a finance professional with strong cost accounting skulls to make an immediate impact in the business and embark upon a challenging career with this global market-leader.

Reporting to the Executive Management in Europe and the US, take responsibility for the managerial and cost accounting functions in all European/African operations.

The Position

- Create an independent managerial/cost accounting support function for Europe and establish effective cost accounting controls, procedures and guidelines across the region.
- Co-ordinate and implement a new integrated compute software system to support the accounts function.
- Introduce inventory valuation methods and procedures for internal and statutory reporting and establish a customer pricing support system to enhance management information.
- Act as a key member of the management beam, providing support to the beam in matters relating to cost accounting

Extensive managerial/cost-accounting experience is essential, gained preferably within a European multi-site manufacturing environment. A broad accounting background covering all aspects of finance, particularly relating to financial control as well as audit and tax would be beneficial.

The Requirements

Experienced in using state-of-the-art cost accounting ods and systems ACMA or ACA qualified with no less than 5 years'

industrial experience and familiarity with US reporting requirements. A commercially aware, hands-on and progressive individual who wants to develop a career with a -national organisatio

Please send your CV with current salary details to: David Gibbs, K/F Selection, Concorde House, Trinity Park, Bickenhill Lage, Soilhull, West Midlands B37 7ES.

quoting Ref: 90794A. Alternatively, send by fex on 0121-782 2524, or by e-mail to cyffkiselection.com Internet Home Page: http://www.kfselection.com

K/F SELECTION A DIVISION OF KORN/FERRY INTERNATIONAL

Audit Professionals - Banking Sector

BRAZIL - SOUTH AND CENTRAL AMERICA

IMPRESSIVE EXPATRIATE PACKAGE

Our client, one of the world's largest and most successful banking and financial services providers, is currently seeking to develop the scope and depth of its overseas audit resources. They seek relevantly qualified professionals with a desire to experience the challenge and diversity of an international posting in an exciting and rapidly changing

Joining this global, professional organisation, you will have recent and directly relevant audit or operational banking experience, gained within either a retail or te environment. If this experience has been gain in Brazil or within an organisation with a Brazilian focus, then so much the better. Preference will be given to those professionals whose backgrounds include an in-depth exposure to one or more audit disciplines, including Operations, Credit, Information Technology or Treasury,

- Candidates should, specifically, possess the following: * Fluency in both Portuguese and English, coupled with a willingness to relocate to Brazil for a minimum of
- TWO YEARS. * Willingness to travel extensively within
- South and Central America. * Five years' Banking experience

demonstrating progressive career development, a university degree, Chartered Accountancy status and ACIB qualifications.

In addition, our dient's business environment calls for flexible, focused professionals, who can demonstrate the ability to function effectively in a pressurised commercial setting, as well as possessing a high degree of cultural

The successful candidates will be rewarded with a full highly competitive expatriate remaneration package, which includes a tax-paid salary, housing and other elements supporting this dynamic out-of-country

So if you are seeking the fast-paced professional environment of a truly global financial institution, focused on providing superior local service, then look no

Please write with full career and salary details, plets confidence, to our consule Robinson, MSL Advertising Services Limited, 32 Aybrook Street, London

WiM 3JL, quoting refer R1589/PT

HEAD OFFICE LONDON

TEL: 0171-487 5000

11 OFFICES NATIONWIDE



Twe have thought a lot about how

ACSICCEED How to starpen our supperson segme our competitive advantage and you know what?

Elifeally is

very smple

ADMIAL ITALL.

ינָג, יייי

include:

 Development, use and interpretation of advanced modules, schedules and tools for forecasting, budgeting and statutory reporting. Managing the integrity and exchange of best

practice between central head office and operating companies worldwide.

Michael Page Finance

Planning Manager

London

c £40-50,000 + Bens

Virgin Interactive Entertainment (VIE), a worldwide publisher and leader in the rapidly expanding software industry, is seeking to appoint a commercially focused Business Planning Manager to join its London

This is a new position, created to ensure the company's financial and investment strategies meet the increasing demands of this constantly changing business. Key responsibilities will include:

Co-ordination of the Group's annual budget, together with monthly and quarterly foregaining.

Liabing with a retrieve to establish cash flow predictions.

Performance of investment appraisal analysis on project proposals

and staluating new business ventures.

Ad-hoc projects evolving from a highly creative and diverse ka order to take advantage of the exceptional future opportunities offered and to succeed within this role, the ideal candidate will be an ambitious qualified accountant (ACA or CIMA) with 3-5 years post-

qualified experience. Clear communication skills, high computer

teracy, broad commercial vision and effective presentation are pre-

tes as is a sense of humour and a flexible outlook. If you have the necessary qualities, please apply in writing, enclosing a full CV to Elizabeth Ewen at Michael Page Finance, Page House, 39-41 Parker Street, London WC2B 5LH, quoting ref]/339277.



Senior Management Accountant Media

London

London

At the forefront of innovation and international nication, our client is truly a world leader within the media and entertainment industry. Its name is synonymous with excellence in a hugely diverse range of activities from television to ablishing. In an increasingly competitive and changing market, the organisation is responding with ambitious plans to meet the challenges and

opportunities of the future. At the centre of the organisation, a number of high profile functions drive these exciting developments. These include the Information Systems and Technology Division which plays a key role in providing innovative solutions in a changing

The division wishes to strengthen its capabilities by recruiting a key member of its management team who will contribute to the development and success of the department. Supervising the duties of a small, expert team, specific responsibilities will

Our client is a diverse, internationally-renowned group with over 40 years' experience in the media

industry. An expanding worldwide network is

comprises a number of successful divisions.

breaking through the frontiers of the industry's

development principally in the supply of equipment and services to an impressive range of clients. The

group has a turnover in excess of £100 million and

A Finance Director is sought by one of the London

based divisions which is a leading force in its field

Given the continued changes being experienced in

business, which requires constant capital investm

with expanding overseas offices and interests.

the media industry, this is clearly a growing

in new technology and continued advances in

Although the overall control of aspects of

finance and information technology will

Central London

Our client, a global chemicals organisation and market leader in its field, with 53 operations in

way of organic and acquisition-led strategies.

The dynamic changes across the group have

over 18 countries and sales of £1 billion, is firmly

created a rare and exciting opportunity for a high

to challenge existing practices and to drive and

Working closely with the Group Management

Accountant, key responsibilities of the role will

facilitate further development group wide.

calibre systems professional who has the confidence

mitted to expand its operations globally by

Michael Page Finance

c £40,000 + Benefits

include: production of management accounts for a number of business areas, preparation of budgets and forecasts, monitoring and implementation of complex controls and ad-hoc reporting and analyses in conjunction with senior management.

Applications are invited from ambitious qualified accountants (probably CIMA) with approximately 3-5 years post qualified experience, ideally gained vithin a large company/multi-site environ The successful candidate is likely to have a keen interest in IT and computerised systems and will ess first class communication, man-management and commercial skills.

If you feel you have the necessary qualities to take advantage of the exceptional career prospects offered, please apply in writing to Justin Pearson, Michael Page Finance, Page House, 39-41 Parker Street, London WC2B 5LH or by fax on 0171 242 1020, quoting reference J339534.

c £50,000 + Car + Bonus

come under your jurisdiction, emphasis will also be

placed on the role of supporting the Managing

Applications are invited from ambitious, self-

motivated, ACMA/ACAs with a minimum of

commercial and preferably international

reference 324482.

Director in commercial decision making, analysis

5 years' post qualified experience, several of which

environment. The size of business you are currently

must have been spent in a finance role within a

working in is less important than the required

personal qualities, which will include a strong,

robust character and well developed interpersonal

personal qualities and are aged in your 30s, please

apply in writing to Elizabeth Ewen at Michael Page

Finance, Page House, 39-41 Parker

Street, London WC2B 5LH, quoting

to £40,000 + Car

· Key intermediary in the promotion and

financial efficiencies.

proactive style.

Specialists in Pinzocial Recruitment Birmingham Ediabungh Giasgow Leatherhead Leeds chester Nottingham Reading St Albans & Workfwide

co-ordination of a group-wide reporting system to aid business decision-making and achieve

Providing proactive management support and

close liaison with IT and finance staff,

including ad-hoc projects and training.

Candidates will be qualified accountants, aged

between 27-35, with strong IT/pc skills, or have

systems, preferably Commander FDC. Extensive

skills are also prerequisites, as is a persuasive and

Interested applicants should apply in writing to

House, 39-41 Parker Street, London

WC2B 5LH, quoting reference 339427.

Jazz Dhanda at Michael Page Finance, Page

Credibility, maturity and strong interpersonal

Excel modelling experience is essential.

knowledge/experience of consolidation accounting

skills. If you feel you have the necessary aspirations,

Specialists in Financial Recruitment London Bristol Birmingham Edinburgh Glasgow Leatherhead Leeds

Finance Director

Entrepreneurial media-related business

Michael Page Finance

Specialists in Financial Recruitment London Bristol Birmingham Edinburgh Glasgow Leatherhead Leeds Maidenhead Manchester Nottingham Reading St Albans & Worldwide

Financial Systems Accountant

and negotiation.

Financial Controller

Central London

Our client is a joint venture between two of

expertise in its particular market, encompassing consultancy, systems support and business solutions. With a blue-chip client base in the UK, as well as a network of sister offices throughout Europe, the company is poised for a dynamic growth phase.

the largest computer services companies in

the world. It is the leading supplier of

The role of Financial Controller is seen as vital to its growth. Reporting directly to the Managing Director and as a member of the management team, you will have full responsibility for the finance function including the management of a small team.

Most importantly, you will be expected to

c £42,000 + Car + Bonus

make a significant contribution to the future of the business. The successful candidate will be a qualified

accountant with commercial experience, strong communication skills with non-finance personnel and the ability to progress into a more senior role within the organisation.

If you believe you have the necessary skills, please send a copy of your curriculum vitae to Andrew Bentote or Peter Gerrard at Michael Page Finance, Page House, 39-41 Parker Street, London WC2B 5LH or alternatively fax: 0171 831 2612.

Michael Page Finance



AIB Group (UK) p.Lc. is a wholly owned subsidiary of Allied Irish Banks p.l.c. which has one of the stronges pital bases of any bank in Great Britain and Ireland. Allied Irish Banks p.Lc. has assets of £26 billion and has consistently outperformed many of its competitors - a fact recognised by the Financial Journal, Euromoney and many analysts. Value and service are key elements to the success of this business and AIB Group (UK) p.l.c. now have significant market advantage, due to their commitment to relationship banking. AIB Group (UK) p.l.c. now seeks a Senior Financial Manager to run the financial management reporting team.

- Key aspects of the role will be to: Prepare statutory accounts for AIB Group (UK) p.l.c. and its subsidiaries.
- Manage the production of financial and n information for AIB Group (UK) p.l.c.
- Develop working relationships with UK regulators and ensure all regulatory equirements are complied with.
- enhance reporting and improve the quality of management information.

UK company.

The successful candidate will be an ambitious and self motivated professional, with a thorough comprehension of financial control. This is a genuine management allenge and experience of running a highly motivated team is essential. Previous experience of using IT systems to re-engineer finance operations would be

· Manage capital, taxation and liquidity issues for the

Develop and standardise IT and accounting systems to

advantageous. This is a rare opportunity for a dynamic finance professional to have a significant impact in a top quality

sted candidates should contact Keith McCambridge at Michael Page Finance, Page House, 39-41 Parker Street, London WC2B 5LH or telephone him on 0171 269 2296.

Michael Page Finance

Specialists in Financial Recruitment Birmingham Edinburgh Glasgow Leat

'Leadership in Worldwide Healthcare'

Group Reporting Manager

Central London

Our client, a FTSE-100 healthcare company with operations worldwide, is at the forefront of technical innovation and a world leader in its field. With a strong sales and profit base, the Group looks forward to continued expansion. Its group finance function manages reporting systems at 50 locations and is looking for a Group

Reporting Manager to join their head office team. Reporting to the Group Financial Controller, you will be responsible for providing the Group's reporting system for senior management.

- Responsibilities will include:
- Consolidating the annual budget and monthly
- performance indicators. Designing and developing the next
- Providing a database consolidation system

demonstrate a resilient and responsive attitude. combined with interpersonal and organisational skills. You should also have operational

commercial environment. You will be able to

· Managing a small professional team and

maintaining user training worldwide.

The successful candidate will be a qualified

accountant, either ACA or ACMA, with

three years post qualified experience in a

to £45,000 + Car + Benefits

experience of database consolidation systems-This is an outstanding career opportunity for the right candidate, with the potential to develop a career within a multinational company.

Interested candidates should send their CV to Malcolm Kelly, Michael Page Finance, Page House, 39-41 Parker Street. London

WC2B 5LH, quoting reference 336092. generation of reporting applications. Michael Page Finance

Financial Standards Manager

Hampshire

Our client is a world leader in the science of information technology and its application to achieve clients' business objectives. Working in partnership with its customers, the company offers a full range of services from consulting in the strategic use of information and business re-engineering, through systems design, development and integration to the

oursourcing of the entire IT function. An internal promotion has created the need to recruit a Financial Standards Manager for the European Head Office. Reporting to the European Group Financial Controller, this role is seen as critical in ensuring the consistency of accounting policies and procedures across

the European organisation. The ability to quickly gain a full understanding of the services offered by the company and the accounting issues that can arise will be vital. Specific ibilities will include the maintenance European policies to facilitate the

c £40,000 + Car provision of technical knowledge to senior Finance Managers within the business, the accounting aspects of acquisitions and the application of US GAAP in this

The successful candidate, probably aged 30-40, will be a graduate calibre qualified accountant with a strong technical knowledge of UK and US accounting requirements. It is likely that candidates will be in a similar role in industry or a Manager in the accounting profession. You will have well developed interpersonal skills along with a high level of personal presence, maturity and commercial acumen, which will be vital in order to make a positive contribution to the future success of the business.

Interested candidates should forward a comprehensive CV, including details of current salary and daytime telephone number, quoting ref 339096 to Wayne Mason ACCA, Michael Page Finance, 33 Blagrave Street, Reading, Berkshire RG1 1PW.

harmonisation of accounting and reporting, the Michael Page Finance

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Chief Financial Officer

Investment Banking

£ Outstanding Package

Our client is the investment banking subsidiary of a leading global institution and has a rapidly expanding business in the debt and treasury markets.

The scale of this growth, both in terms of transaction volume and product sophistication, has created the need for a truly outstanding finance professional to be Chief Financial Officer and a key part of the senior

The role will incorporate all aspects of finance including product control, financial accounting, management reporting, systems development, taxation and regulatory issues. There will clearly be considerable interface with all other support functions and the front office management team.

Candidates will be graduate chartered accountants, probably aged 35-45, with a demonstrable record of achievement with a high quality investment bank. They should have experience of change management, strong leadership and man management skills supported by a detailed understanding of debt and treasury instruments including interest rate and foreign exchange derivatives. Long term prospects for the exceptional individual sought are outstanding.

The remuneration package will include a substantial base salary, a highly attractive bonus scheme and supporting benefits and will not be a limiting factor for the right candidate.

In the first instance, interested applicants should write, enclosing a comprehensive curriculum vitae and full details of remuneration package to Jonathan Williams, Managing Director, Michael Page City, Page House, 39-41 Parker Street, London WC2B 5LH. Please quote reference 322260.



"Future Captains of Industry"

OPERATIONAL CONSULTANTS

Brentford - up to £37,000 + Bonus + Car + Outstanding Benefits Package SmithKline Beecham is one of the world's most innovative and highly respected healthcare companies. Its principal activities are the discovery, development,

manufacturing and marketing of pharmaceutical medicines, health related consumer brands and clinical laboratory testing services. The Company's vision is to be the global leader in healthcare by becoming an integrated healthcare company. Operational Consultancy within SmithKline Beecham is a

multi disciplined, high profile, specialist team acting as a cross-functional trouble-shooting taskforce. The Team SmithKine Beecham undertake a wide variety of projects across all areas of the business, including manufacturing, logistics and supply chain, research and correspond to Whether you have trained in practice or industry, it is unlikely that

development, and sales and marketing, with approximately 40% of your time spent on consultancy projects and the remainder on audit reviews. The international dimension provides excellent exposure to a variety of economic, social and cultural issues from

For further information please contact either Lindsay Dell or Jeremy Hancock (quoting tell 170093) at FSS Financial on 01753 621866 (Jeremy in the evening on 01372 274337) Fac: 01753 621877; Alternatively

end your curriculum vitae to PO Box 2489, London, W1A 2YL, quoting Job Ref 1982.



J Ray McDermott SA Middle East and Far East Operation

Accountant

18 month renewable single status contract Salary + Allowances c\$45,000 (tax free)

Ray McDermott are leaders in the design, engineering and project management of major offshore and onshore oil and gas facilities. We are now seeking to appoint an Accountant to provide accounting support for our operations in the Middle East, Far East and Azerbaijan. Based in our Dabai offices, the position will involve extensive pavel and will

- Treasury and Project Finance . . .
- Tax Administration
- Management Accounting, including Budgetary Control and Contract Accounting
- Development of Systems and Procedures
- General Administrative services, including Payroll

A high calibre graduate, applicants should possess one of the following qualifications: CA/ACMA/ACCA/CPA, and have at least one year's post qualified experience together with excellent interpersonal and communication skills.

In addition to an attractive salary and benefits package, you can expect to receive subsidised medical insurance, accommodation and two rotation air tickets to UK ps. Applicants should write with full CV to:

Michel Agini, McDermott Dubal, PO Box 3098, Dubai, United Arab Emirates

FINANCIAL CONTROLLER Kent

Following Brands Hatch Leisure PLC's successful flotation in 1996, a proactive manager is required to interface with all; areas, providing top quality management information, to tight: deadlines, highlighting key performance indicators, explaining variancies and identifying trends, to ensure business objective

You will be a highly computer licerate, FCA, ACA or ACMA accountant with a management accounting blas and 4-5 years post qualification experience, preferably gained within a multi-

Please send your CV with details of current salary pad strictest confidence to;

Donna Newell, Personnel Team Leader, Brands Hatch Leisure Group Limited, Fawkhara, Longfield, Kent DA3 8NG Tel: 01474 872331 Fax: 01474 879259



GROUP PROJECT ACCOUNTANT

NEWLY/RECENTLY QUALIFIED ACA

C£35,000 + BONUS + CAR

This is an exceptional career development opportunity with a multinational fracg group, whose brands are household names throughout the world. A market leader In the manufacture and distribution of sports goods, our client turns over £300m and operates through 30 units worldwide. As part of an ongoing strategy of change, innovation and growth, it is now moving to a new Head Office and expanding its finance team.

This is a high profile role reporting to the Group Financial Controller and undertaking projects for the Managing Director and Finance Director. The brief will be to participate in any one-off exercises requiring financial or project management skills. These may include corporate finance and acquisition studies, business valuations, group restructuring, strategic reviews, capital expenditure appraisals and operational benchmarking. In addition the successful candidate will be involved in the development of management reporting, financial procedures and FX policies.

SURREY

We are looking for an ambitious, high-filer who has qualified in the last four years with a major professional practice. Candidates should be commercially aware and capable of handling complex projects, applying sophisticated modelling and appraisal techniques. For an individual with senior level credibility and strong communication skills, this appointment will provide real scope for career development in a prestigious, forward-looking group.

Please reply in confidence, enclosing your CV and current salary details to Paul Carvosso at Howgate Sable & Partners, 35 Curzon Street, London W1Y 7AE, quoting ref: FT435P.



Howgate Sable

& PARTNERS -

EXECUTIVE SEARCH AND SELECTION

FINANCIAL CONTROLLER

highly developed and sophisticated Western Europe markets through to the

Operational Consultancy, therefore, provides an exceptional insight into the

international operations of a major global organisation and consequently acts as the

you will have less than 3 years post qualification experience and will already be

springboard for high calibre finance professionals to reach

the top echelons of financial and general management

To succeed in this extremely challenging position, the ideal-

candidate will be a sophisticated communicator with the

intellectual capacity, commercial focus and determination

within this major Blue Chip international corporation.

emerging high growth markets of Eastern Europe, Africa and Asia.

Biocompatibles Established in 1984, Biocompatibles International plc is one of the fastest growing healthcare companies in the world. The Group is highly regarded in the City, its market capitalisation having risen from £74 million at flotation in 1995 to over £800 million today and the stock now features in the FTSE 250. There are numerous commercial opportunities for the Group's innovative technology and growth prospects are exceptional.

Surrey

A new role has been created to strengthen the finance team and help shape the organisation to meet the complex challenges of rapid international growth. Key involvement will be to:

- Provide operational management with strong commercial and financial support
- Evolve control and reporting systems to deliver profitable, added value benefits Drive forward efficiencies in planning, budgeting and forecasting
- Anticipate change and implement new initiatives to keep pace with business needs

Excellent salary package including options, bonus

This high profile role provides an excellent opportunity for "fast track", international career development. Candidates will have outstanding academic and professional qualifications combined with at least 10 years of demonstrable commercial achievement, preferably gained in fast moving, consumer led environments. Innate enthusiasm for personal impact and positive change management is essential.

Interested candidates should write with full CV, quoting current rewards package to Mark Hurley, Hoggett Bowers, 7-9 Bream's Buildings, Chancery Lane, London EC4A 1DY, Tel: 0171 430 9000, Fax: 0171 405 5995, quoting ref: HMH/10243/FT.

Hoggett Bowers





C. London -

Finance Director

Germany

DM150,000 + Bonus + Car

Our client, a publicly quoted, British based multinational is one of Europe's leading textile and clothing companies. With 50% of current turnover derived overseas, they are currently seeking a highly commercial Finance Director for one of their German manufacturing

Working closely with the Chief Executive, the appointed candidate will be a key member of a newly established management team, with overall responsibility for finance and continued improvement of systems. You will be instrumental in the long term growth and success of operations by formulating and implementing the company's plans and strategies.

The candidate will probably be aged 30-45, a graduate, qualified accountant who has worked in a senior financial role

with a major international company. You should speak German and be able to demonstrate self motivation and leadership qualities. A track record of success with technical, commercial and product costing issues in a fast moving production environment is a prerequisite Experience of working in Germany would be an advantage, but above all you must have the strength of personality, flexibility and

This is a senior appointment within the international group and is expected to offer significant long term potential in financial or operational management overseas or in the UK. Interested candidates should send their

enthusiasm to succeed in an expanding

international business.

curriculum vitae to Dean Ball at Michael Page, Clarendon House, 81 Mosley Street, Manchester M2 3LQ. Please quote reference 229159.

Michael Page International

Financial Controller

Central London

Our client is a joint venture between two of the largest computer services companies in the world. It is the leading supplier of expertise in its particular market, encompassing consultancy, systems support

and business solutions. With a blue-chip client base in the UK, as well as a network of sister offices throughout Europe, the company is poised for a dynamic growth phase.

The role of Financial Controller is seen as vital to its growth. Reporting directly to the Managing Director and as a member of the management team, you will have full responsibility for the finance function including the management of a small team.

c £42,000 + Car + Bonus Most importantly, you will be expected to:

make a significant contribution to the future of the business. The successful candidate will be a qualified

accountant with commercial experience, strong communication skills with non-finance personnel and the ability to progress into a more senior role within the organisation.

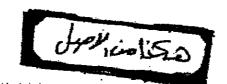
If you believe you have the necessary skills, please send a copy of your curriculum vitae to Andrew Bentote or Peter Gerrard ar Michael Page Finance, Page House, 39-41 Parker Street, London WC2B 5LH or alternatively fax: 0171 831 2612.

Michael Page Finance

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Accountant



£ Outstanding Package

Chief Financial Officer

Investment Banking

Our client is the investment banking subsidiary of a leading global institution and has a rapidly expanding business in the debt and treasury markets.

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London Paris Frankfurt Hong Kong Singapore Sydney



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- Treasury and Project Finance
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OPERATIONAL CONSULTANTS Brentford - up to £37,000 + Bonus + Car + Outstanding Benefits Package

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To succeed in this extremely challenging position, the ideal

multi disciplined, high profile, specialist team acting as a cross-functional trouble-shooting taskforce. The Team undertake a wide variety of projects across all areas of the business, including manufacturing, logistics and supply chain, research and development, and sales and marketing, with approximately 40% of your time spent on consultancy projects and the remainder on audit reviews. The international dimension



FINANCIAL CONTROLLER Kent

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Donna Newell, Personnel Team Leader, Brands Hatch Leisure Group Limited, Fawkham, Longfield, Kent DA3 8NG Tel: 01474 872331 Fax: 01474 879259



LEISURE GROUP LIMITED

GROUP PROJECT ACCOUNTANT

NEWLY RECENTLY QUALIFIED ACA

SURREY

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& PARTNERS EXECUTIVE SEARCH AND SELECTION

real scope for career development in a prestigious, forward-looking group.

quoting ref: FT435P.

Visit our web site at http://www.topjobs.co.uk/howgate

In addition the successful candidate will be involved in **Howgate Sable**

FINANCIAL CONTROLLER

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EXECUTIVE SEARCH & SELECTION





Finance Director

Germany

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Michael Page Finance

Are you ready to join a company that regularly redefines the word progressive?

Hyperion Software is one of the fastest growing and most progressive global software companies. Founded in 1981, today operating in 25 countries with a world-wide revenue exceeding \$172 million, we market and support the world's best seiling, Windows-based enterprise financial management reporting systems. More than 3000 mplex blue-chip organisations across the globe rely on our expentse for intelligent,

Our German Operation, with its head office in Frankfurt and another base in Munich, represents one of the fastest growing markets in Europe. We now intend to support this growth by opening two further locations in Germany in the coming year and we are therefore looking for people with the drive and stamina to set the pace for a major

Senior Sales Management

Your ultimate goal will be to maintain and extend our business in Germany. You will achieve this by managing, inspiring and developing our multifunctional team of professionals and by meeting the challenge of continuously evolving goals.

Results orientation, enthusiasm and initiative are key attributes for this position Educated to degree standard with the support of a finance and accountancy focused business qualification, you must be able to demonstrate a track record of success at

Sales Executives

The Sales Executives will maximise the amount of Software Sales Revenue derived from an allocated territory. You excel at meeting and beating your targets and have the experience and tenacity to

quickly establish yourself as a respected professional in the field.

The ideal candidate for this position will have a proven sales record within the software industry, including a minimum of five years direct selling experience at sensor executive level. Knowledge of the financial/banking sector would be a big advantage.

Consultants - Statutory Applications

Providing high-level consultancy services in the field of statutory consolidation, you will apply your accountancy and technical expertise to analyse client needs. Working closely with the sales team, to advise on all aspects of this and related applications you'll have the scope to utilise your extensive technical knowledge of the PC/Network environments and your commercially astute understanding of competitive products in

Educated to a degree level in accountancy/finance discipline, you will have the experience of preparing both statutory accounts and management reporting, and the

Business/Technical Consultants

You will be responsible for implementing the full range of Hyperion products by developing solutions to meet the specific needs of our elients. To deliver effective training courses and prototype solutions is also part of the job.

The ideal candidate for this position will have a degree with a formal financial qualification. Special knowledge in areas such as networks/operating systems, intranet solutions, databases, data warehousing and experience from project management is highly desirable.

Self motivation, strong interpersonal skills and an analytical approach to problem-

For all positions mother tongue German and excellent English are essential. Senior Sales Managers positions are based in Frankfurt. Other positions could be based at any of our

To apply, please send you CV, stating position of interest as well as details of where we can contact you, by mail, fax or e-mail to: Sandmark Executive Search, rue Charles Degroux 35, B1040 Brussels Fax + 32 2 733 18 21

Hyperion

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appears in the UK edition every

Monday, Wednesday & Thursday and

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every Friday.

For further information please call:

EMERGING MARKETS GLOBAL DERIVATIVES PRODUCT CONTROLLER

Dominant player in dynamic new business area

Global Investment Bank

One of the first of the premier global corporate and investment banking firms to invest in the emerging markets, our client has developed a pre-eminent reputation for consistent profitability and creativity in these high risk markets.

As a natural extension of this business they are establishing an international fixed income sales and trading derivatives infrastructure with the intention of rapidly building this capability. This is a global business managed from London which will be trading the latest generation of derivative products.

A new position has been created for a dedicated product controller to build a team in order to establish a sophisticated level of risk control and profit and loss reporting for this business start-up. The role will involve a considerable element of modelling and valuation of highly complex structured products.

A qualified accountant, you will have obtained two to four years post qualification product control experience dealing with complex OTC derivatives. Previous emerging markets experience would be an advantage but is by no means essential. Accomplished team management skills and the ability to relate effectively with the front office will be prerequisites.

This role will appeal to an ambitious individual wanting to stretch themselves beyond the routine of daily P&L reporting. The nature of the business and the anticipated pace of growth will require lateral thinking, mental agility and the determination to make an effective contribution. Such an opportunity, to grow with an exciting new business,

To apply in the strictest confidence, please write, quoting ref: 0274, enclosing a full CV to Tim Musgrave at The Bloomsbury Group, 4th floor, 1 Southampton Street, London WC2R OLR. Fax: 0171 240 6362. Or, if you prefer, call him on 0171 379 1100.

c.£60,000 plus bonus

Toby Finden-Crofts

on +44 0171 873 3456 **Karl Loynton**

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THE BLOOMSBURY GROUP

Executive Search

INTERNATIONAL FINANCIAL CONTROL OPPORTUNITIES

WORLDWIDE

This global business media group, with a numover in excess of \$500m, operating in most of the major capital cities, has need to recruit a number of high calibre finance professionals to assume local or international roles as part of continued global expansion.

Reporting to the Chief Financial Officer you will be an integral member of a dynamic project-led team. Responsibilities will be both demanding and varied, but will incorporate all aspects of:

- financial reporting and control
- systems development and integration

- due diligence including acquisition and competitor analysis
- recruitment and development of staff
- various ad hoc projects.

The positions are available on either a permanent or long-term

Aged between 25-35, candidates will be of graduate calibre and experienced qualified accountants with a recognised professional status. A background in a fast-moving and flexible, entrepreneurial culture, whilst not being a necessity, would be an advantage - as would a foreign language.

EXCELLENT TAX EFFICIENT PACKAGE

These exceptional roles are likely to suit self starters with flexible working approaches. Strong systems knowledge is essential.

If you are an energetic, enquiring individual with commercial acumen and a real drive to succeed then you should forward your curriculum vitae stating current salary package and passport/visa status to Kaccy Young (for permanent) or to Gareth Flynn (for contract) at Robert Walters Associates, 25 Bedford Street, London, WC2E 9HP, fax: 0171 304 4131. E-mail: kacey.young@robertwalters.com or gareth.flynn@robertwalters.com. Please note that for contract roles there will be no visa restrictions.

ROBERT WALTERS ASSOCIATES



Up to £35k + car + benefits. Borehamwood, Herts.



Key financial analyst roles in one of the world's fastest growing industries

With over 545,000 customers, the digital network used by One 2 One covers 80% of the population of Great Britain, and will cover 95% by the winter of 1997/8. More than 30 million calls are handled each week, 70% of our subscribers use the service every day. Our capital expenditure programme until March 1998 totals £970 million and we are increasingly focused on the value added services we can offer our customers. The business potential of this market sector is vast.

To help us realise our phenomenal potential we need Financial Analysts to make a significant contribution to the running of our business. These are hands-on roles where your proactive involvement will be key to our growth and will offer you limitless potential to maximise your talents and skills.

Financial Analyst -**Network Services**

You will work with Business and Technical Managers involved in running our mobile network. Your role will involve analysing and projecting costs and revenues as well as evaluating and validating business cases for major products and services proposals. Monitoring and reporting on the progress of the network capital programme will also be a key aspect of your role.

Above all, you will help develop real understanding of the cost drivers in the business to support business planning and profit enhancement

- the ability to communicate with highly technical staff to ensure that the financial implications of technical decisions are fully understo
- experience gained in a telecoms, IT or cable ideally, experience with cost allocation

techniques and ABCM, Ref-RH6270

Financial Analysts - Commercial Working closely with Business Managers, you will analyse and project financial performance data for key business areas. You'll report and interpret, business results, Identifying issues, risks and business implications. You will also evaluate and validate business cases for major projects. You will need:

• 2 years' PQE in a commercial environs ideally, telecoms or FMCG. Ref:RH6271

For all roles you'll need to be a qualified ACMA or ACA with excellent presentation and communication skills - and you will be used to dealing comfortably up to board level. We are seeking strong, determined and confident individuals with powerful influencing abilities. Furthermore, you'll have competent PC modelling skills and be experienced in conducting

In addition to attractive salaries, we offer the sort of benefits you would expect from a progressive, fast growing international company - together with exceptional career prospects in one of the world's most exciting industries.

To apply, picase send your full CV, quoting the appropriate reference, to Stafford Long & Partners Recruitment Ltd., 30-32 Whitfield St., London W1P 6HR. Fac: 0171 304 4433. Alternatively apply on-line via JobSurf

http://www.job-surf.com One 2 One is a joint venture company equally owned by Cable and Wireless and US West, two of

the worlds leading communication companies.

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Corporate Financial **Analyst**

WELLINGTON

c. £40,000 & car

This is an opportunity for an ambitious Chartered Accountant with 2 or 3 years post-qualification experience (gained either in the profession or in a first job in commerce) to join the dynamic Corporate Headquarters Finance team of a major Aviation/Travel Services Group.

The job will involve a range of projects in Corporate Finance; Treasury; Financial Control and Reporting; Forecasting and Budgeting; and Systems; with direct accountability to the top level in the Group. The range of experience and exposure make this an exceptional career opportunity and an invaluable stepping stone

on the route to the top. The role calls for a confident pro-active individual strong-minded and decisive, with the intellectual ability to pick up new situations quickly, identify the central issue and deliver a prompt solution. A good academic record and above-average. professional experience are an important basic requirement.

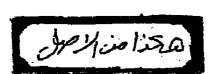
The position will be based in the vicinity of the M25/M4.

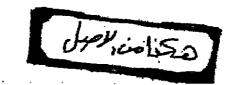
Please reply in confidence quoting ref: L628 to

Brian Mason Mason & Nurse Associates I Lancaster Place, Strand London WC2E 7EB Tel: 0171-240 7805

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Executive Resourcing



THE NATIONAL TRUST

The National Trust is a leading conservation charity, established just over 100 years ago to protect countryside, coastline, gardens and historic buildings for the nation to enjoy, it is independent of Government and relies for most of its \$150 million income on voluntary supporters, including over two million members.

Reporting to the Director General, working closely with the Finance Committee and acting as a member of the Management Board, you will have direct responsibility for some 60 head office finance and IT staff and functional responsibility for a further 80 or so in the 16 regions. Key functions will be to manage the functions of the Trust in accordance with plans and budgets agreed with the Finance Committee and Council, provide advice on the generation of financial resources and aversee the ongoing development and implementation at a costeffective IT strategy.

A qualified accountant, with a strong commercial focus, you will akmost certainly have worked for, or trained with, a "blue-chip" organisation and must have a proven record of successfully managing a substantial finance function in a complex, multi-site and stand-alone organisation. Accustomed to working in a matrix organisation you must be effective at both strategic and operational levels. First hand knowledge at developing and implementing advanced, networked it systems will be essential. Drive, energy and a commitment to the objectives of the Trust should be combined with very highly developed Interpersonal and people-management sidils and the personal standing and stature commensurate with such a high profile role.

Based at Westbury in Wiltshire, the role will involve trequent travel to London and extensive travel throughout England, Wales and Northern Ireland.

Please send full personal and career details, including current remuneration level and daytime telephone number, in confidence to Torrance Smith of Coopers & Lybrand Executive Resourcing Ltd, 1 Embankment Place, London WC2N 6NN, quoting reference TS1243 on both envelope and letter.

Financial Analyst

London

£ Excellent + Car + Bonus

Our client is an acknowledged world leader in the global development of co-generation and independent power projects. Operating in a fast moving environment, the company is now seeking a similarly ambitious and confident individual to join the finance team of its European, Central Asia, Middle East and Africa region, based in Central London.

Involved in the business from project development through to operations, analysis and project management you will play a fundamental role in enhancing success and profitability. A strong team culture exists within a democratic environment and participation at high levels will be assumed. Principal areas of activity

- will include: Performing overall financial analysis for purchase or construction of various co-generation and large power
- Applying IRR and NPV techniques to analyse the
- above projects.

project financing and financial risk

Developing project operational models in support of

The successful candidate will benefit from exposure to a variety of cultures and projects and work with colleagues across the development, legal and engineering functions. High achievers will find themselves with a wide range of opportunities to progress their careers.

Relevant candidates will have more than two years post qualification experience and have trained in a large countancy firm or an illustrious commercial organisation or bank. Corporate finance or analytical experience is desirable. Strong spreadsheet skills are essential. A second language would be an advantage.

If you have the ability to contribute to a dynamic team culture, enjoy having scope for lateral thinking and a questioning, proactive style, then send a comprehensive curriculum vitae stating current salary package to Martin Dowson at Michael Page Finance, Page House, 39-41 Parker Street, London

WC2B 5LH, quoting reference 338180.

Michael Page Finance

Specialists in Financial Recruitment London Bristol Birmingham Edinburgh Glasgow Leatherhead Leeds

Finance Manager

Southern Poland

Excellent Package + Reloc.

With a turnover in excess of DM 4.1 billion, our client is a subsidiary of one the largest producers of packaging materials for the food and beverage industry. Polish operations began in 1994 with a manufacturing facility for the largest subsidiary, serving customers across Europe. Due to the continued expansion of the company's business in Eastern Europe, a need has arisen for a dynamic Finance Manager to take charge of the accounting and finance function based in Southern Poland.

Reporting to the European Finance Director and locally to the General Manager, you will be a full member of the local management team. Responsibilities will be the on-going design and implementation of Western accounting procedures to include budgeting, forecasting and cash flow analysis. Other duties will include supervising the preparation of local and international statutory accounts.

This is a hands on role and candidates

should have already some management experience gained in an audit or Western company environment in Poland. Knowledge of US GAAP and Polish reporting principles are essential. In addition, applicants should be qualified or part qualified accountants with an internationally recognised qualification. Due to the location and nature of this role, knowledge of the Polish language is a pre-requisite-

The company is committed to the growth and development of all its employees and therefore offers excellent career progression opportunities for the successful candidate.

Interested candidates should forward a comprehensive CV with salary details in confidence, quoting reference 302098 to Catherine Zasadzka, at Michael Page Eastern Europe, Page House, 39-41 Parker Street, London WC2B 5LH, England or by fax on +44 (0) 171 404 6370, telephone +44 (0) 171 269 2384.

Michael Page Eastern Europe

International Recruitment Consultants

Tiger Economy – Genuine Career Opportunity

Finance Manager

Malaysia

Boasting an impressive range of consumer branded products, our client is a multi-billion US dollar company. With an outstanding reputation built on quality products, innovative marketing techniques and strong management, the company is recognised as the leader in its field. Rapid growth within the Asia Pacific region has created an opportunity for a high calibre finance professional to join their recently set up operation in Malaysia. Forming an integral part of the new management team, the position will involve significant commercial focus with exposure to all aspects of the business.

Your key responsibilities will be:

- Assist in the formulation and implementation of the business plan for the new operation ensuring that the company runs smoothly on a day-to-day basis.
- Implement and develop the overall accounting for manufacturing operations. Responsible for the budgeting and forecasting process
- as well as the monthly reporting.

This opportunity requires a qualified accountant with 5-8 years experience ideally gained within a

US\$ Attractive Package

multinational environment. You will have a hands-on approach, coupled with the ability to think strategically.

Excellent communication skills in both English and fluent Malay together with a high degree of computer literacy qualifications is required by the successful candidate. Costing or manufacturing based experience is preferred but not essential.

Excellent career prospects and a highly attractive package will be available to the successful candidate. Candidates with more or less experience will be considered on their merit. Based near Kuala Lumpur the opportunity would suit a Malaysian who has lived abroad and is looking to return home. Preliminary interviews will be conducted in our London office or Hong Kong.

If you are interested in the above, please telephone Nigel Milford (Manager) on 00 852 2530 2000, or fax your CV together with details of corrent and expected salary to 00 852 2530 2255 quoting ref NM129 at Michael Page International, 601 One Pacific Place, 88 Queensway, Hong Kong.

Michael Page International

London Paris Amsterdam Dusseldorf Frankfurt Hong Kong Singapore Sydney Melbourne

MANAGER, BUSINESS ANALYSIS **US Fortune 500 Group**

C. London - £45,000 - £50,000 + Car + Bonus

Our client is a world leader in healthcare information services and has an outstanding record of innovation and growth in demanding worldwide markets. Proactive and sophisticated financial management plays a key role in their success.

Reporting to the Director of Business and Financial Planning and working closely with the CFO and other Senior Management, you will be responsible for a diverse range of projects including:

- Analysis and presentation of financial and business results Development and implementation of strategic and
- business planning
- investment and capital planning
- Ad hoc commercial projects

e-mail: ss@fss.co.uk

To be considered for this exceptional appointment please call Deam White on 0171 209 1000 or send/fax your CV (quoting reference FT0095) to 155 Financial Charlotte House, 14 Windmill Street, London, W1P 2DY, Fax: 018 1205 0001 all: dwOfss.co.uk

This is a demanding and critical role requiring strong business analysis and conjinercial skills. You will be a highly inotivated and flexible individual with strong interpressional and presentation skills. In addition, you will have an understanding of compiler multi-national organisations most likely garged with a renowned consultancy firm, a top accountancy practice or the peanignatures of a multi-national organisation. An MBA is desirable but not ressential.

This is a high-profile entry point and the american chall all successful and high performing and case will move obviously within the UK of overseas within 18 months to 2 years lit your circles to the deferred from applying

GROUP FINANCE DIRECTOR

North London

Competitive Package + Equity Opportunity

We are a medium-sized dual sited independent food manufacturing group operating in a niche market. The present turnover is £23m with strong growth forecast over the next three years.

The position reports to the Managing Director and requires a proactive individual capable of commercial input and with a hands-on financial approach. It is expected that the individual will be capable for making a strategic contribution to the board, manage relationships with the City and help in the identification of suitable acquisition opportunities.

The ideal candidate will be a graduate Chartered Accountant with at least 5 years post-qualification experience who can co-ordinate the financial plan behind the company's future growth strategy.

For further information please forward your full CV and expected remuneration package to:

Mrs Anne Clark Personnel Manager Rayner & Co Ltd 4 Bull Lane, Edmonton London N18 1TQ

INTERNATIONAL FINANCI NTROLLER/FD DESIG US Multinational Market Leader

Midlands - Package to £80,000 + executive benefits & share options

This young, dynamic US quoted company has gained global leadership through strategic acquisitions and continual brand development manufacturing and distributing capital equipment through a worldwide network of independent dealers.

Sales growth and profitability have been outstanding and their share and improved shareholder value.

The UK based headquarters of the company's international operations, which provide strong functional management and direction to all its activities outside the Americas, have a turnover of \$2 billion.

The company wishes to appoint a Financial Controller who has the ability and ambition to progress to the role of Finance Director in the ability and ambition to progress to the role of Finance Director in the rear future.

To be considered for this exceptional appointment please call Suzanne Swycharon 0171 209 1000 or preferably send/fax your CV (quoting reference F10094) to FSS. Financial, Charlotte House, 14 Windmill Street, London W1P 2DY Fax: 0171 209 0001



Recently Qualified Internal Auditor

London Based

c. £30,000 + Car

With a growing client base and increasing product portfolio, this hugely successful UK service organisation can offer an ambitious, recently qualified chartered accountant the perfect opportunity to move into the

challenging and rewarding commercial sector. This is a pivitol and wide ranging audit role that will provide a rare insight into all the Group's activities. Reporting at Board level, you will evaluate certain areas highlighting internal weaknesses and adding value to business processes and the management of business risk. Additionally, you will support line managers with quality advice to aid them in maintaining high operational standards and financial control.

To succeed you will need excellent communication skills, an inquiring mind and strategic vision and be able to demonstrate considerable tact and discretion. Your flexible approach and professional attitude in this high profile role will lead to outstanding career opportunities within two

Please write, enclosing a full CV and contact telephone numbers to Patrick Donnelly, quoting reference FT/152.

PD Consultants 23 Durlston Road, Kingston-Upon-Thames, Surrey KT2 5RR.



Financial Controllers

Change Management Opportunities

The Thames Water Group of companies is engaged in water-related businesses the world over. As well as operating the largest water utility in the UK, the company has developed a worldwide reputation for the supply of high quality water treatment products and services, water process engineering and specialist environmental services. With annual capital investment close to £400 million and a turnover esceeding £1 billion the company employs over 10,000 people.

Thames Water Services is a key division within the Group, with a turnover of close to £200 million, derived from six business units. Following a recent re-organisation of the division, there is a need to recruit for two of the business units.

FC-Utility Services

c £50,000 + Car + Relocation South East Utility Services, with a turnover of £70 million, supports the core Thames Water business of supplying clean water and disposing of waste. A significant shift in strategy has led to an g emphasis on customer service and the company now seeks a high profile Financial Controller to assist the General Manager in driving through this change. The

prime purpose of the role is to define, design and implement a responsive and commercial siness support function. Responsibilities will include the introduction of key perform indicators, establishing more efficient business practices and raising the profile of the ance function with both internal and external customers Likely candidates will be qualified accountants with a strong commercial track record gained in a blue chip service or manufacturing environment. Most importantly, you will have

gained practical experience of managing change in competitive and den conditions. Interested applicants should quote reference 336930. Page Finance, The Citadel, 190 Corporation Street, Birmingham B4 6QD (FC-Grounds Mainte

FC-Grounds Maintenance

c £40,000 + Car + Relocation West Midlands This business is the market leading supplier of grounds maintenance services to local authorities and private companies throughout the UK. With a surnover of £40 million the company employs 2000 people at peak season. The company now wishes to appoint an ambitious Financial Controller to the management tesm. The prime purpose of the role will be to integrate the finance function into the business unit and provide commercial support to the General Manager. Other responsibilities will include development and improvement of management information systems and contribution to the strategic development of the business particularly with regard to new product development.

Likely candidates will be qualified accompants who can demonstrate a successful career in a customer orientated environment. It is important that you can point to a track record of influencing and supporting non-finance managers at all levels. Interested applicants should

Interested candidates should write to Dan Chavasse at Michael Page Finance, 33 Blagrave Street, Reading, Berkshire RG1 1PW (FC Utility Services) or to Stephen Wilson at Michael

Michael Page Finance

GUERNSEY

FOR SALE BY SHARE TRANSFER

Circa £900k

Ideal investment, possibly for delayed occupation. Excellent rental returns. Good capital growth projections. Potential for development.

No VAT, 20% personal/corporate tax.

Substantial detached family house. Permission hotel/nursing home. Extensive accommodation. facilities including swimming pool, sauna, detached double garage and boardroom.

Details:

PO Box 401, St Peter Port, Guernsey

Tel & Fax: (0)1481 721572

Email: marc@guernsey.net

http://www.guernsey.net/~marc/offshore.html

Fund Accountancy – Retail & Institutional

Fidelity is the world's largest independent investment management organisation managing over \$520 billion assets and serving 10 million retail and institutional investors around the world.

As a result of significant growth in both our institutional and retail businesses, we have several positions available within our fund accounting group. We are looking for ambitious professionals seeking an opportunity to join a dynamic, global company. If you are looking for a challenging and rewarding career, we can offer you exposure to a world class fund accounting group administering our UK, European and Far East funds and accounts.

Fund Accounting Supervisor

Responsible for:

- managing a team of part-qualified accountants
- planning, prioritising and reviewing the teams' workload making best use of systems and human resources
- recruiting, training and developing staff participating in the development of new products
- participating in the design, testing and implementation
- of new systems.

The Fund Accounting Supervisor position requires:

- · comprehensive experience in an investment accounting environment ideally with some exposure to unit trusts
- a university degree and a professional accounting qualification such as ACA/CIMA/ACCA
- 2-3 years' supervisory/management experience.

Fund Accountants

- Responsible for:
- daily control of portfolio accounting
- preparation of interim and year-end accounts for unit trusts,
- off-shore funds and investment trusts preparation of month-end control packages
- close interaction with our custody, tax and legal departments and our external custodians and auditors.
- The Fund Accountant positions require:
- · preferably degree level qualification
- at least 2 years' financial services experience, accountancy
- experience preferred
- excellent PC skills primarily with Microsoft Excel.

In return, all positions offer exceptional rewards and career prospects, in a team culture that combines City atmosphere and a beautiful rural location just 23 miles from London.

To find our more, please send your full CV, including salary details to:

Judy Cole, Human Resources, Fidelity Investments, Beech Gate, Millfield Lane, Lower Kingswood, Tadworth, Surrey KT20 6RB. Fax: 01737 836997.



GROUP FINANCIAL CONTROLLER

Very attractive package + bonus potential

Herts/Cambs Border

Established in 1986 we are a highly successful privately owned Group specialising in the sourcing, processing and distribution of a range of high quality products on an international basis. The group has achieved impressive year on year growth and from its current projected £25 million turnover is seeking to fill this key new role to support the continued development of the Group.

Reporting to the Group General Manager the position will have total responsibility for the Group's finance and IT functions and as part of the senior management team will be expected to make a wide ranging contribution to the direction and development of the business. The initial task will be to establish effective finance and IT systems to deliver more timely and relevant management information appropriate to the current and future needs of the

The successful candidate will be a qualified accountant with a proven track record of managing a sizeable finance team within a rapidly growing organisation. A high degree of computer literacy, combined with in depth experience in championing the development and implementation of networked IT systems, across all business areas, is essential. A team player and "hands-on" by nature, you will be comfortable operating in an informal culture and have the credibility to influence at all levels. Perhaps the most important requirement will be the vision and breadth to make a broad commercial contribution to the development of the business and the drive and talent to aspire to board level.

In return the Group offers the opportunity to join a dynamic and successful business at an exciting point in its development, a substantial performance driven remuneration package and considerable scope for potential future career development.

Applications should be made in writing, enclosing a comprehensive CV and details of current remuneration package, to the following:

Gavin M Hill

General Manager

Meldform Metals Limited

York Way, Royston, Herts SG8 5HJ



GROUP FINANCIAL CONTROLLER

Guildford

£40,000 + Car + Bens

Our client is a European, high tech group, specialising in communication software and consultancy. Over the past five years, the group has grown at a rate of 75% a year, with a turnover in excess of £20m. With a varied and impressive blue chip client base, further significant growth and diversification is projected in line with their investment programme.

This is a key appointment to the senior management team, with an initial brief as follows:

- Hands on control, development and management of the finance function
- Preparation and meaningful interpretation Tactical and strategic financial support for existing
- of detailed management information
- Budgeting, forecasting and long term
- business planning
- country operations and any new business ventures. With an impressive academic background you will be a qualified accountant who is able to demonstrate commercial

awareness and have proven ability to address a broad range of business issues. Excellent communications skills, energy and a pro active approach are all essential qualities required for this role. Interested applicants should write in confidence (quoting reference AC1621) and enclosing a full CV detailing current

remuneration package to Alistair Cook, Howert Thorpe, 3 Hart House, The Hart, Furnham, Surrey GU9 7HJ.Tel: 01252 718777, Fax: 01252 718717. E-mail: acook@howett-thorpe.demon.co.uk.

TWO CHALLENGING FINANCE ROLES

c. £36k plus car and benefits

Our client is a young and dynamic company offering management and consultancy services to the construction and property related sectors. Rapid growth has created to new roles in the Finance Department, working in a small team reporting to the Financial Director.

Financial Accountant

- Duties will include:
- Management and statutory account Cash forecasting and control
- VAT and other taxation issues

Candidate: qualified ACA or ACCA: 3 years' post-qualification experience Duties will include:

- Budgeting and forecas ■ Developing segmental reporting
- Monitoring and controlling costs

Candidate: qualified CIMA 3 years' post-qualification experience

Both roles will additionally encompass the overall improvement of accounting and control systems, especially through improved use of IT resources. Experience of the construction and/or consultancy sectors would be beneficial, and the ability to suggest and implement change is If you feel ready for the challeng of our dynamic and result-driven environment, and are flexible as regards location within London, please send

your CV plus a covering letter (quoting reference CK/MA02) to: Kethy Knapp Chantrey Vellocott, Russell Square House 10-12 Russell Square, London WC1B 5LF Closing Date for applications: 21st March 1997

MANAGEMENT DEVELOPMENT PROGRAMME

East Coast USA

c. US \$ Excellent package

HE COMPANY

Quoted on the New York Stock Exchange this well established and highly prestigious US distribution and manufacturing group are poised for significant growth beyond their current \$1 billion global turnover through targeted acquisition and

A genuine opportunity to follow a 'management development programme', working in each of the following areas for a total period of 2 years, before progressing onto an operational or financial management position:

 Manufacturing operations Financial Control

Corporate Finance

 Treasury and Global Markets Holding a recognised financial qualification, you will have worked in a similar environment and possess broad ranging experience within audit and finance. Travel will be up to 75% throughout the USA, Asia Pacific Rim, Australasia and

Europe. A second European language would be a considerable advantage. Interested candidates should send their CV to Richard Clark or Gary Johnson, Douglas Uambias Associates PL 10 Bedford Street, London WC2E 9HE, Tel: 0171 420 8000. Fax: 0171 379 4820. E-mail: info@liambias.co.uk



EC1/EC2

DOUGLAS LLAMBIAS ASSOCIATES



LONDON BANKS

£14-£41k

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Exotic Products & Derivative

0171 940 2000 Barry Hough

<u>Angel</u>

EXPERIENCED EXECUTIVES

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independents, CV/Details to: CMB, 13 Herley Street, London WIN 10A

APPOINTMENTS WANTED

(UK Permanent Resident).

38, plenty of initiatives, full of energy/ enthusiasm, sales/

Singaporean

marketing & trading/shipping ackground seeks employment in UK. An asset to any company

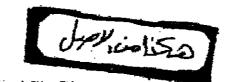
especially those doing business in the Far East Tel/write for CV: Paul Huan, 79 Mallard Drive, Horwich, Bolton, BL6 5RN UK

Tel: (01204) 699365

William

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+ expat. benefits

Business Unit Controller

Investment Banking

Frankfurt

c DM140-160,000 + Bonus + Banking Benefits

Our client is one of the world's most prominent and successful investment banks with a strong European presence. The Frankfurt operation, which is 350 people strong, trades Fixed Income, Equity and Derivative products as well as undertaking Investment Banking operations.

Due to an internal promotion, our client is seeking a top calibre finance professional to head the Business Unit Control function, to be based in Frankfurt.

This position reports directly to the Finance Director in Frankfurt and is responsible for the controllership of trading activities including daily profit and loss production, management and financial reporting, budgeting and forecasting and the systems implications of these activities. There are currently three direct reports to this role. Whilst regular contact with and support from London will be available, responsibility for all significant daily decision making will lie with this position.

The Bank is currently undergoing a major international reorganisation and significant input will be sought from this position as to the systems design and implementation, as well as general operational matters.

This is an excellent opportunity for a high calibre individual with product control exposure to consolidate their experience in an all-round, managerial position covering both equities and fixed income products. A mature, professional outlook, supervisory skills and the ability to build and develop relationships is essential. German language skills will be advantageous but certainly not a pre-requisite. Career prospects both in Frankfurt and London are excellent.

Candidates who wish to build a career with one of the world's leading Banks should write, enclosing a comprehensive curriculum vitae to Rosalind Coffey, Michael Page City, Page House, 39-41 Parker Street, London WC2B 5LH or telephone her on 00 44 171 269 2337.

Michael Page City

Chief Financial Officer

Investment Banking

Our client is the investment banking subsidiary of a leading global institution and has a rapidly expanding business in the debt and treasury markets.

The scale of this growth, both in terms of transaction volume and product sonhistication, has created the need for a truly outstanding finance professional to be Chief Financial Officer and a key part of the senior

The role will incorporate all aspects of finance including product control, financial accounting, management reporting, systems development, taxation and regulatory issues. There will clearly be considerable interface with all other support functions and the front office management team.

Candidates will be graduate chartered accountants, probably aged 35-45, with a demonstrable record of achievement with a high quality investment bank. They should have experience of change management, strong leadership and man management skills supported by a detailed understanding of debt and treasury instruments including interest rate and

£ Outstanding Package

The remuneration package will include a substantial base salary, a highly attractive bonus scheme and supporting benefits and will not be a limiting factor for the right candidate.

foreign exchange derivatives. Long term prospects for the exceptional

individual sought are outstanding.

In the first instance, interested applicants should write, enclosing a comprehensive curriculum vitae and full details of remuneration package to Jonathan Williams, Managing Director, Michael Page City, Page House, 39-41 Parker Street, London WC2B 5LH. Please quote reference 322260.



Michael Page City International Recruitment Consulta

London Paris Frankfurt Hong Kong Singapore Sydney

European Co-Ordinator

Major European Banking Group

London

c £50,000 Basic + Bonus + Excellent Benefits

Our client is one of the world's leading banking and financial services organisations represented in all five continents and in all the world's principal financial centres. Due to increased business activity and a wide ranging reorganisation, a new opportunity has been created to strengthen the European Corporate Controllers Team.

Reporting to the Continental European Controller, initial responsibilities will include:

- Co-ordination of regional financial control departments of major European offices including Paris, Milan, Madrid and Frankfurt.
- Acting as remote Head of Finance, Administration and Operations for the
- Assisting in the integration of departments in locations where there are two

offices from a systems, reporting, regulatory and personnel perspective. On average, four days per month will be spent in Paris and some further travel throughout Europe will be required in order to build relationships with

Michael Page City

The role requires an individual who has the credibility and maturity to deal with senior level management both in London and across Europe, and the vision and confidence to operate independently and determine the key issues for escalation.

The ideal candidate will be a qualified accountant with at least two years post qualification experience, preferably, but not essentially with some exposure to the financial services sector. A high level of competence in French is essential and skills in other European languages would be an advantage.

This is an excellent opportunity for a high calibre individual who wants to facilitate change in a global organisation. Future opportunities within the group

Interested candidates should contact Rosalind Coffey at Michael Page City, Page House, 39-41 Parker Street, London WC2B 5LH enclosing a comprehensive curriculum vitae including details of current neration package or telephone her on 00 44 171 269 2337.

International Recruitment Consultants
London Paris Frankfurt Hong Kong Singapore Sydney

LONDON **APPOINTMENTS**

MANAGER ACQUISITIONS/ **CORP FINANCE** c£50K + PKG+ BONUS

Outstanding opportunity to head up the Bank's MBO team. Strategic planning, risk portfolio monitoring and the development of long-term business relationships will be just some of your key responsibilities. Ideal applicant will be age 30's, of graduate calibre, with minimum 3 years experience and possess first-class communication/management skills.

ASSISTANT MANAGER PLANNING/ RISK MANAGEMENT c£50K + PKG

Extremely varied role for someone who possesses pronounced analytical talents with advanced IT spreadsheet skills. Responsibilities will include the design and implementation of risk methodology, refining risk-reporting procedures, production of reports relating to bond positions/new issues etc. 3 to 4 years relevant experience is essential to secure this career move.

Tel: 0171 583 0180 Fax: 0171 583 7800 HARE PLACE, 47 FLEET STREET, EC4Y 1BJ e-mail: elafleet@dial.pipex.com

Group Internal Audit Manager

c£60,000+Car+Bens

ACA with banking experience required to manage & develop the London Group Audit team of this Merchant Bank. Internal Business & Computer Audit experience & SFA reporting required together with spoken French.

Deputy Compliance Officer

c£60,000+ Bens

A unique opening has arisen within this highly diversified bonus driven City Investment Bank. You will need superb academics combined with proven derivatives/equity/debt experience together with good analytical skills. Excellent opportunities for career enhancement.

c£55,000 + Bens Internal Auditors Global Investment Bank requires recently qualified ACA's to work within a high profile Audit Team. You must possess excellent communication & report-writing skills, with

exposure to financial products including Capital Markets. Bonds, Derivatives, & Fixed Income c£50,000 + Bens

Required by dynamic Financial Software organisation. rience in Pensions or Benefits with proven technical ability. Excellent career path.

Compliance Officer c£40,000 + Bens Global Investment Bankers seek bright, articulate individual with solid SFA & financial regulations experience to work in a high profile Compliance Team. You must have a minimum of 2 years experience within the securities sec-

Student Actuary c£35,000 + Bens Large well funded organisation seek a part qualified actuary to assist with increasing work load. Autonomous position with excellent prospects. Pensions knowledge essen-

CAREER GROUP

EXECUTIVE BANKING TEAM

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FINANCIAL CONTROLLER Middle East

the European operations.

c.\$80,000 tax free

Our Client, an expanding airline based in the Middle-East, is seeking an ambitious individual who possesses the drive to take on responsibility for all its financial matters.

You will be responsible for reporting, system implementation, cost analysis, budgeting and ad hoc work as required by the

You will have exposure to all levels of the business and contribute to the future development of the airline.

Ideal candidates will be qualified accountants who have had exposure to the Middle East and have a sound knowledge of the airline industry. Applicants will have at least a basic understanding of Arabic and will possess the strength of character needed to take on such a challenge.

If you believe that you meet these criteria and are looking for an adventurous next step in your career, contact Matthew Blagg, International Consultant, at Harrison Willis on +44 171 344 5134, or fax him your curriculum vitae together with covering letter on +44 171 344 0362. E-mail: hwgroup@hwgroup.co.uk http://www.hwgroup.co.uk/hwgroup

HARRISON **WULLIS**

Financial Controller - Retail

Our client is a major blue-chip organisation in the retail industry with a turnover in excess of £200m and sites nationwide. Due to continued expansion an exciting and challenging opportunity has arisen within the Head Office finance team. Reporting directly to the Finance Director, you will be responsible for business appreisals, departmental forecasts and have involvement in the planning and budgetary processes. A highly commercial role, you will provide financial, analytical and business support to the Finance Director and the Board. In order to succeed in this high profile role you will need to demonstrate the following:

- Qualified accountant with at least 3 years PQE
- Excellent verbal and written communication skills Strong analytical and technical reporting skills
- High level of commercial awareness.

To discuss this opportunity in total confidence, please telephone Jo Coombes on 0161 831 3300 or alternatively send your details to her quoting reference no: 49120 at the address below:



PSD

Amethyst House Spring Gardens Menchester M2 1EA Tet: 0161 831 3300 Fax: 0161 832 9123



Deloitte & Touche Consulting

PRACTICE LEADERS & PROJECT MANAGERS

(Enterprise applications solutions)

PAN EUROPEAN OPPORTUNTITES

Excellent Negotiable Package Deloitte & Touche Consulting Group, the world's leading consulting services practice, is part of Deloitte Touche Touche Touchestsu International, a global professional services firm with over \$1.2 billion in consulting revenues worldwide. With an integrated, multidisciplinary team of 7,500 professionals worldwide, one of Deloitte & Touche Consulting Group's global specialisations is the implementation of Enterprise Application Solutions (EAS), focused on four major packages - SAP, Oracle, PeopleSoft and Baan.

Practice Leaders

The Position

- Build EAS team to meet client and business needs. ■ Grow and manage EAS business, developing strategic plans
- within a dynamic and growing organisatio Lead business development activities, taking ownership for
- EAS business performance. Assume prime responsibility for quality control and client satisfaction.
- Be a role-model for the organisation.
- Lead Pan-European projects. Fast-track Partnership potential.
- The Requirements ■ At least seven years' project implementation experience.
- Willingness to travel.
- Hands-on experience of enterprise-wide integrated
- application packages. International in outlook and experience; fluent and literate in
- English and at least one other language.

Familiarity with Financial, Distribution and Manufacturing

- Excellent team skills membership as well as leadership. ■ Proven commercial skills in a client-facing role.
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2 LATIN AMERICAN FINANCE: Policy

A NEW WASHINGTON CONSENSUS • by Stephanie Flanders

Recipe for reform has been refined

Hindsight has produced some urgent debates over what should happen next

Seven years ago Mr John Williamson, a US economist, coined the term "Washington Consensus" to describe a mary health and education revolution under way in and infrastructure. Latin American policy-mak- Tax reform: raising ecoing. He has regretted it ever nomic efficiency by broaden-

Not that he had misjudged what was taking place. Gov-
Financial liberalisation: ernments across the region had embarked on a reformist lines he described. The trouble, as critics were quick to point out, was that it had very little to do with Wash-

Calling it the Washington Consensus was provincial, Trade liberalisation: pretentious and arrogant," says Professor Sebastian Edwards, economics professor at the University Of California. Los Angeles. "The reform agenda developed out of political and economic changes in the countries themselves, not anything a few bureaucrats in Washington might have been say-

The name, then, was unfortunate (as Mr Williamson himself has long since admitted). But the fact that enterprises most of the reform movements were home-grown did not disprove his central claim: that they were all **Deregulation**: abolishing heading in surprisingly similar directions.

Is the same true today? Many policy-makers and petition. external advisers in Latin Property right reform: to America would still stand by large chunks of that early for all members of the econreform recipe. But the benefits of hindsight experience the informal sectors. have produced some important amendments - and on the list was already consome urgent debates over what should happen next.

comprised 10 broad sets of

would stop printing money and stoking inflation.

■ Re-ordering public spending priorities: shifting spending away from politically powerful groups - civil servants, the military and industrial subsidies toward urgent, poorly defended areas such as pri-

ing the tax base and cut marginal tax rates.

moving toward a system of market-determined interest agenda broadly along the rates and competitive allocation of investment funds. ■ Exchange rates: eliminating multiple exchange rates and ensuring a competitive, broadly stable exchange rate for exporters.

replacing quotas and other quantitative trade restrictions with tariffs, which should be made more uniform and slowly reduced to spur domestic efficiency improvements through tougher external competi-

■ Foreign direct investment: lifting the barriers impeding FDI inflows and treating foreign and domestic businesses alike.

■ Privatisation of state accounted for 10 per cent of GDP, on average in Latin American countries in 1985). market-unfriendly regulations to encourage greater efficiency and market com-

secure basic property rights omy, including workers in

At least one of the items troversial in 1989: the proper handling of the exchange Mr Williamson's 1989 list rate. Mr Williamson was public spending. against fixing the exchange rate to reduce inflation, on

cripple the export sector. He believes the Mexican peso crisis and consequent recession vividly made his point.

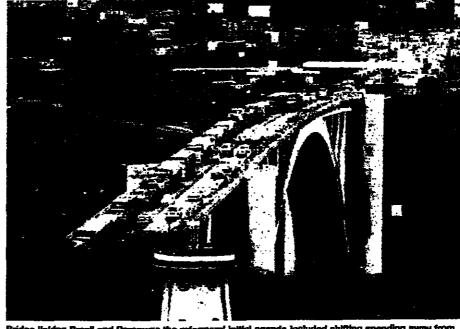
Others, mindful of Argentina's greater success in sticking with its rigid exchange rate regime, would say the jury was still out. brought home the risks of relying solely on a fixed exchange rate to achieve macro-economic stability. And the Mexican and the Argentine experience have both put the stability of the banking system much higher on the "Washington" reform agenda than in 1989.

Mr Williamson says that early efforts to deregulate domestic financial systems as the "consensus" prescribed - paid too little attention to supervision. As Venezuela and Mexico. Argentina have been extremely vulnerable to banking crises which then spread throughout the econ-

Governments' pursuit of greater fiscal discipline, lower inflation, and more liberal trade has encountered fewer pitfalls. The average level of budget deficits in Latin America and the Caribbean fell by two-thirds between 1988 and 1995, from (which 5.5 per cent of GDP to 1.8 per cent. At the same time, Mr Williamson reckons that persistent efforts to liberalise imports mean that the level of the average tariff in Latin America is now close to the reformers' long-term goal of 10-20 per cent.

But reformers' success on these fronts has also helped to show up the areas where they have fallen behind. Prof Edwards is one of many who believes governments have been far too slow to tackle the vested interests which stand in the way of reform of

"Everyone in the region has been talking about tack-



Bridge linking Brazil and Paraguay: the reformers' initial agenda included shifting spending away from

GDP growth 1990 dollar orices

"But so far there has been very little action – and even fewer concrete results." Similarly, he believes that the need to give all the population, especially the poor, access to secure property rights and legal protection from the courts is as great as

His remarks echo a

whatever the success in initial agenda, this has yet to deliver concrete benefits to the mass of the population. By and large, growth in sis the region has been disappointing. On average, Latin America and the Caribbean have achieved 3.1 per cent since 1991. This compares lic funds into argent investwith an average of 6 per cent ments in health, education from 1965 and 1980 and an and infrastructure. The sec-■ Fiscal discipline: to bring the grounds that it could ling the social aspects of estimated 3.4 per cent miniond important area, given But we are heading in that down public borrowing far severely unbalance the econ-reform," says Prof Edwards. mum required to reduce pov-less emphasis in 1989, would direction."

erty. The worry is that the lack of a "reform dividend" is making voters increasingly sceptical of the "consensus". At best, this could impede government efforts to press ahead with the crucial "consolidating" reforms. At worst, it could reverse

the process altogether. Awareness of these danbroader worry about the gers has produced the beginreform period to date: that, nings of a "Washington Con-whatever the success in sensus, Mark IF. This is not implementing much of the fundamentally inconsistent with the earlier version. It does, however, include important changes of empha-

Item one on the revised list would be the renewed emphasis on the social dimension mentioned above.

be to boost national savings rates to foster more rapid investment and growth. At first, most believe that this can only be achieved through higher rates of pub-

lic saving.

Mr Albert Fishlow, econo mist at the Council of Foreign Relations, argues that if governments do not start they are destined to repeat the experiences of the 1970s and 1980s and rely excessively on foreign inflows. That is not the solution to the investment which more rapid growth will require," he says, "it is part of the

The third striking shift of emphasis is on rebuilding legal and regulatory institutions and, more generally, the basic capacities of the state. For his part, Mr Williamson argues that reformers should focus less on shrinking the state and more on strengthening public institutions.

Prof Edwards would make a similar amendment to the land. reform list. "The underlying assumption of earlier efforts was that reform would always weaken the state. But there is a realisation that Latin America needs stronger states as well as smaller ones - states that growth in GDP per annum focusing on channelling pub- can resist the pressure of special interests and protect the poor. I wouldn't say this was the new 'consensus'.

REFORM • by Stephen Fidler

Hard work lies ahead

Further structural should show some improvechanges are needed if the region is to match Asian growth

The economic reforms introduced across the region since the late 1980s have yet to evoke the growth response that many reform proponents were hoping for. Does this mean the reforms have been wrong-

headed, or have they not been deep enough or broad enough? Or do they just need more time to work? A paper prepared for discussion at a seminar on reform at the InterAmerican

Development Bank annual meeting in Barcelona examines these questions. It concludes that the

reforms contributed some 2% percentage points to Latin America's annual growth running budget surpluses rate in the 1990s - but that the apparent effect was lessened by an unfavourable economic environment that chopped I percentage point from the benefit. However, it concludes that

Latin America "still does not look like East Asia". The growth gap with this region amounted to 4% percentage points, 2% points of which could be made up by pursuing similar reforms and the rest by broadening the scope of reform. This latter process may have to include changes in legal frameworks, in the administrative efficiency of the public sector bureaucracy, or in the distribution of assets, such as capital or

"improvements in macroeconomic management are simply not sufficient for Latin America to achieve long-run growth rates comparable to those achieved in east Asia," the report states. However, there is no evidence that Latin America is in some way "different" and reforms that have worked elsewhere are not working in the region.

Indeed, future growth

ment even if reform is not intensified.

The paper cites recent eco." nomic research suggesting reforms undertaken along the following lines do influence growth: ■ Sustained low inflation is

■ Government consumption The preservation of private property rights and an

open trade regime are critical to the achievement of rapid growth; ■ Deeper financial systems enhance growth; ■ Foreign exchange restric-

tions hurt growth. Another paper by IADB economist. Mr Michael Gavin' for discussion at the that the reform programmes have also reduced the volatility of Latin American economies. However, volatility remains high by international standards, and is still very high in several important countries - including Argentina, Mexico and Peru, all of which have made significant reform efforts.

Moreover, some of the greater stability of economies in the 1990s has been due to the existence of a more tranquil international environment than the region faced in the 1980s.

Neither paper, however, provides much in the way of proposals to address the shortcomings that remain, though the Gavin paper suggests four critical areas: gov ernment management of fiscal issues, of domestic financial markets, of capital flows and of the exchange rate regime.

LADB economists have gone further in addressing some of these issues elsewhere. On budgetary issues they have suggested an independent fiscal council - a sort of fiscal counterpart to an independent central bank - to avoid the tendency of governments to run a fiscal

Continued on page 4





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LATIN AMERICAN FINANCE

Latin America: an economic profile

Although structural weaknesses remain, market-oriented reforms have given the region a new stability, says Stephen Fidler

Investors warm to a benign climate

Investors in Latin America Ricardo Hausmann, chief have cast off much of the economist of the InterAmeripessimism generated by can Development Bank: the economy. Mexico's financial crisis of 1994-95. Expectations of growth over the next two years have been scaled up, and investors see the chance of a more sustained economic expansion replacing the volatility of the past.

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Marie Salara

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Forecasters polled by UKhased Consensus Economics believe Latin American growth will accelerate from 3.7 per cent in 1996 to 4.2 per cent this year and 4.6 per cent in 1998.

At the same time, inflation is expected to drop from 17.7 per cent last year to 11.3 per cent this year, and then into single digits.

The performance of the region's stock and bond markets since the start of last year, and prospects for more privatisation in Brazil and elsewhere have intensified competition among investkers. Fees have declined dramatically.

Yields on Latin American the levels achieved by higher quality issuers, leading to questions about whether investors are being adequately compensated for the

risks they are taking. Meanwhile, foreign direct investors, including foreign buyers of Latin American banks, are increasing their commitment to the region, comforted by the continuity since the Mexican crisis.

picked out a pattern in the the market-oriented economic reforms of the last is achieved, while the cur-

"The reforms generated a powerful economic cycle that started with a boom typically lasting about three years. This is followed by a period of stress - low growth, high real interest

rates and pressure on the exchange rate - that could depending on how it is handled, end in crisis." The implication of this analysis is that relatively early reformers, including Mexico and Argentina - are starting a new economic cycle with the potential for rapid growth. However, Bra-

later - has yet to brave its

period of stress. Mr Hausmann says the rapid recovery from the 1995 crisis arose in part because the reforms had placed the economies in a stronger iniment banks and stockbro-tial position. "The region is not having to absorb the consequences of a big stabilisation." he said. "What's honds have fallen almost to driving the recovery is real investment growth and export growth. This time it looks much more sustain-

No large budgetary or current account imbalances have built up, certainly none to compare with the current account deficit equivalent to 8 per cent of GDP that Mexico experienced in 1994. Brazil is running substantial in economic policy displayed deficits on its fiscal and current accounts but its budget-Some economists have ary position should be temporarily aided Ъy region's fortunes following privatisation revenues until

There are latent concerns nevertheless. One is the strength of the exchange which, if further reinforced may stunt export growth and again eventually prove the catalyst for crisis.

However, according to Ernest Brown, Latin American economist at Morgan Stanley in New York: "None of the currencies are high enough to generate a compelling argument for overvaluation." Moreover, Brazil and Mexico have both retained the flexibility to zil - which began its ecoadjust rates before a crisis nomic reform programme develops.

Another worry is the continuing tendency of governments to run budget deficits in good times. Although budgetary discipline is stronger than it was at the start of the decade, the practice leaves governments with an inadequate cushion when conditions take a turn for the worse.

Because of this and because access to credit is often cut off in the face of a downturn, governments are often forced to take fiscal actions which reinforce rather than dampen the violence of the economic cycle. The Mexican crisis also

structures of the region's economies. Attempts are being made to address some of these issues, such as deficient supervision and regulation of banking systems but other defects - such as corrupt and inefficient governa more permanent resolution ment bureaucracies, judiciaries and police forces - will decade. According to Mr rent account shortfall is less be harder to correct.

External debt as a % of GDP (1996 automate Las 2 T 424 NETHERLANDS ANTILLES 3.2% 7.5% 18.6% Chile Colombia Costa Rica 2 7.1% E 3.5% 7.3% 21.6% 17.6% 5.2%° 1995 A B 33.7% **T 35.4%** 1996 () B Salvedor 35.3% 1.0% 1998 6.6% je 1.3% 1.2%

3.5% 1998

contributions this year. If

they maintain equity hold-

ings at 18 per cent of total

portfolios, possibly a conser-

vative assumption, by the

market's estimated float of

For some time to come

Moreover, the region still depends excessively on foreign capital because of a lack of internally generated

11.8%

■ 41.7%

C. 5.1%

\$18bn.

Although public sector savings can be increased relatively rapidly, the impor-tant objective of increasing private sector saving can only be achieved in the medium- to long-term.

Nevertheless, the establishment all over the region of Chilean-style private pension funds should help over time to reduce dependence on foreign markets, though the immediate consequence laid bare inadequacies in the of such reforms has been to put greater pressure on the budget, as contributions to recovery. the old state-run schemes fall and expenses do not.

Even in the short-term, and Germany - important however, pension funds can direct buyers of Latin American bonds in the last begin to sustain domestic financial markets in the absence of foreign buying.

According to researchers at of capital via the US market Robert Fleming, Argentine _ have created relaxed be muted.

pension funds should be col- monetary conditions in an lecting \$220m a month in attempt to stir their sluggish economies.

28.5% 1990 un i i

Few researchers are expecting a dramatic reversal this year in this benign picture, although the end of the year they will first move is likely to come hold \$1.5bn of Argentine with some increase in US equities, 8.5 per cent of the interest rates. Even then, there are few

expectations that the Federal Reserve will raise however, the disposition of interest rates by more than 1 the international financial percentage point, far less markets will remain critical than the 1994 increases that contributed to the Mexican to the region's prospects. crisis. Nonetheless, the International liquidity has been abundant since 1995, reaction of Wall Street will helping to maintain the be decisive.

speed of Latin America's If a downturn generates large-scale selling of US equities by US mutual funds Interest rates have been low in the US, while Japan and other investors, Latin America would be unlikely to emerge unscathed. However, many analysts now think that, given a modest rate increase, the US market reaction is likely to

. Infrastructure Debt market 5 Brazil Mexico

This could even redound

markets.

to the benefit of Latin

particularly if investors

started to concentrate on the

prospects for growth in

One other reason why the

market reaction may be

undramatic is that individual US institutional

investors, having heeded the

lessons of the Mexican crisis,

do not appear to be carrying

the concentration of risk

that some had in Mexico in

Hale of Zurich Kemper Asset

Management in Chicago,

American

corporate earnings.

 Argentina Page 6 .. Peru Colombia

in this survey

Page 2

Page 3

Page 4

Page 8

A new Washington

D Economic reforms

2 Attermath of the

bank crisis

Equities

 Foreign banks Foreign direct

Consensus

Chile Venezuela Ecuador

Central America Page 9

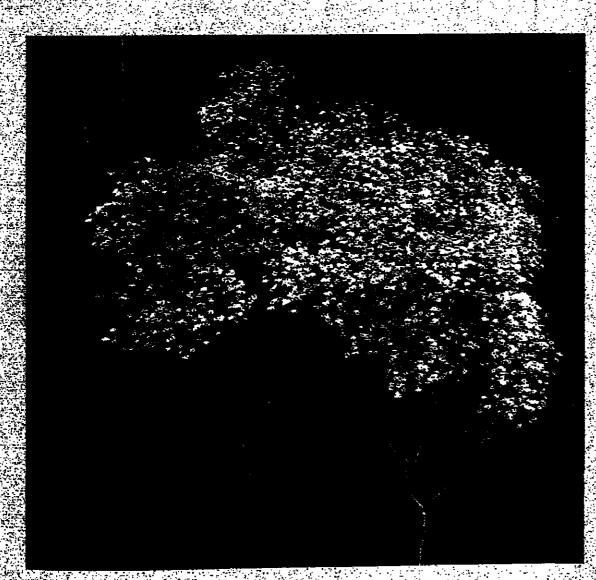
Production editor: Roy Terry

Still, as Mr Hale points out, there remain important political questions. While Brazilian political risk is considered to have been reduced by the likely passage of a constitutional amendment that will allow President Fernando Henrique Cardoso to stand for re-election next year, Mexico's fast changing political picture retains the capacity for unpleasant

surprises. Moreover, throughout the region with the exception of According to Mr David Chile, economic reform has yet to deliver growth significant enough to raise living conditions for whole 'there is much more populations.

diversity in investor portfolios". Mr William This requires, say the Washington-based Cline, chief economist of the Washington-based Institute multilateral institutions, a of International Finance redoubling of the often unpopular reform efforts, a agrees: "There doesn't seem to be a pre-crisis situation difficult task governments given the developing comparable to intensifying social clamour what was seen in Mexico in

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Better supervision is needed

The arrival of foreign banks should help to system

Mexico's financial crisis in 1994-95 revealed some important weaknesses in the reform programmes under- crisis. taken by Latin American governments in the early newly privatised banks 1990s, perhaps the most conspicuous of which was the lack of attention paid to regulation of the region's newly liberalised financial systems.

This oversight should not have occurred. Chile's crisis of 1982 had provided close parallels and had underlined the dangers of exchange rate overvaluation and a weak banking system. By 1983, 10 financial institutions accounting for 45 per cent of the capital in the banking system had been closed by the government or put under government control. In a wry reference to the Chicago school of free market economists who were running the Chilean economy at the time, Chileans joked that this was "the Chicago road

Mexico's banking crisis in other financial systems. increased the severity of its

Many observers now agree banks in 1991-92 had been excessively focused on maxstrengthen a weak imising the price obtained by the government. Insufficient attention was also given to the status of some of the new owners - fraud increased the severity of the

> More significantly, the embarked on a lending spree: new owners had overpaid and had a strong incentive to recover their outlays by excessive lending to the private sector, for which many were woefully ill equipped. It was a classic sequence of financial repression producing a financial boom, followed by what looks in hindsight like an

almost inevitable bust. The US credit rating agency, Standard & Poor's, estimates the crisis could cost the government \$30hn, 12 per cent of 1995 gross domestic product. Venezuela's banking crisis of 1994 may have been proportionately even more costly, and bank failures in Brazil, Argentina and elsewhere have indicated weaknesses

"Fragile banking systems

lles' heel of many Latin especially banks, have been that the privatisation of the American economies, and credited with contributing to our analysis of the process of that region's higher savings adjustment to the region's rate. recent stabilisation and vide a weak destabilising

argues Mich	nael Gavin, a ith the Inter-	n natio			
Commerci	iai banks' n	et flows	(\$bn)		
eries in	1993	1994	1995		
Latin America Short-term	7.6 net 12.1	10.7 9.0	15.9 12.0		

merican Development Bank, in a paper to be presented to an IADB conference in Barcelona this month.

"Bank lending booms amplify economic booms, and leave the financial system in a highly vulnerable state when the economy decelerates. The result has all too often been a financial crash that greatly amplifies the downside of the economic cycle."

In addition, a lack of trust in financial institutions may be an important factor inhibiting savings. In east Asia, high public savings and reforms which have created

Even if governments have reform programmes suggests learned their lesson, there that they continue to pro- remains the question whether they can really prevent future problems. "Interevidence suggests ling booms are dan-

> gerous even for the relatively well-supervised financial systems of the industrial economies," argues Mr

9.2

7.5

In Mexico, Venezuela and other countries, efforts have been made - with the help of the international financial institutions - to improve bank supervision and regulation. But the experience that governments in the region have with such regulation is limited, and even where the law is satisfactory, there remains the question of

"The supervisory system has been strengthened, of banking sector problems:

last crisis immeasurably. have for long been the Achi- safe financial institutions, though I wouldn't say it's recession and optimal," said Mr José exchange rate adjustments Grasso, a financial analyst can severely affect the bankwith Softline Consultores in ing system. IADB econo-Caracas, of the Venezueian

Mr Oscar García Mendoza, president of Banco Venezolano de Crédito warned that to operate should be "there are still strong ties between bankers and politicians" and that the autonomy of the superintendency of banks was compromised by a temporary control board set up by the government to oversee the banking sector's recovery.

not happen overnight, how-

ever. "Strengthening supervision is a time-consumina process. It often takes years to produce a well-trained and equipped corps of supervisors," IADB economists argued in a report last year." Furthermore, in an envi-ronment where some banks are still relatively weak - as in Mexico - measures to adopt better and more transparent accounting practices are difficult. Mexico bad to postnone the full ambication of US accounting principles it was planning at the start of this year for that reason. Poor regulation and super-

mists have argued that the volatility of the economic environment in which Latin American banks are forced reflected in higher capital requirements for Latin American banks than for their counterparts in industrial countries. However, one important

recent development should serve to strengthen the Latin <u> American banking system –</u> improving supervision will the influx of foreign banks convinced that the region's relatively underdeveloped banking systems will grow faster than the economies. Foreign banks now control more than 40 per cent of the Venezuelan banking system and are on their way to accounting for more than a quarter of Mexico's. This greater integration with the financial systems of industrialised countries should allow for the importation of best practice in accounting, risk management and disclosure standards.

A decade of reform in Latin America: Has it delicered lower volatility? By Michael Gaoin, Office of the Chaf Economist, InterAmerican Development Bank, Washington; "Economic and vision is not the only source

their increasingly competi-

tive domestic business - but

they have also been cautious

in focusing on high-return

BBV, which has mostly

minority holdings (although

it insists on management

control), has been looking at

prospects in Chile, but has

so far held off on price

grounds. Santander, which

has studied some 25 banks

as possible takeover targets

in the last five years, says it

has sometimes waited a year

Central Hispano has set

itself a ceiling of \$1.4bn-

\$1.6bn for its investments

outside Spain, and is already

larger groups, anxious to

persuade US and European

gers are limited, also aim to

restrict their interests in the

region to about 20 per cent

"It is obvious that all

of their capital base.

for the right timing.

investments.

DIRECT INVESTMENT • by Stephen Fidler

A source of weakness turns into a virtue

After domestic savings, FDI is seen as the next most desirable investment

Over the past decade or so in Latin America, the conventional view of the virtues of foreign direct investment has come full circle. From being considered a source of Latin American weakness the dependency theorists led by Brazilian philosopherturned president Fernando Henrique Cardoso saw it as a manifestation of the region's neo-colonial status - it is now seen by governments as critical to development.

Part of this derives from a perception that FDI is a much less volatile source of capital than portfolio and other types of inflows. If investment in Mexico investment derived from mestic savings is the most desirable and reliable, FDI is usually regarded as the next most desirable investment. Moreover, governments have changed the rules of the game to encourage FDI because it is seen as a valuable source not only of capital, but also of technology

and management expertise. The benefits of foreign direct investment are so widely accepted now that it is almost inevitable that over the next decade they will come to be examined more closely. As investments mature and significant sums begin to be remitted abroad in the form of profits and dividends, the issue may well become more

politically sensitive. Some academic research already purports to show that the apparent stability of FDI is illusory. And the behaviour of foreign companies in moving money out of Mexico during its devalua-tion crisis has also brought some critical academic commentary. But most opinion these days shares the view close to that figure. The two of Mr Sebastian Edwards, professor of international economics at UCLA

rency crisis, there is no such thing as long-term investment. Locals are supposed to be the most committed investors, but in the days leading up to the Mexican devaluation, it was Mexicans withdrawing money that were the straw that broke the camel's back." he said. Longer term capital and FDI are less responsive to conditions in the global economy. That doesn't mean that investors won't try to protect themselves under

extreme conditions." The idea of FDI as the least fickle type of foreign capital inflow seems to be borne out by the figures - at least on a regional basis. According to the Institute for International Finance, the Washington-based study group owned by international banks and other financial institutions, FDI to slightly from \$19hn in 1994 it \$17hn in the crisis year of 1995. In 1996, this rose to a record \$3400 and is foretage by the institute to rise again to \$26bn in 1997. The III forecasts net portfolio equit inflows to the region wil remain constant at about 29hn this year.

According to an DF repor on capital flows published it January, multinational cor porations perceive a growing need to broaden their pro duction facilities to compen effectively. "It has become increasingly more efficiento base manufacturing plants close to new market and where labour costs are lower," it says.

There has been something of a shift, however, in the focus of FDL Brazil is seeing increased emphasis, surpas ing that in Mexico. Direc appears to be growing again after falling from the peak o \$11bn in 1994, and amounter to some \$6.5bt last year, Bu Brazil, particularly will important privatisation: such as that of the minim giant CVRD due this year, i likely to take significantly

"In terms of FDL the tim ing of privatisation plan has a hie impact" said M William Cline, the IIF's chis

According to the Inter American Developmen Bank, Latin America ha received about \$2bm-3bm year in foreign direct invest ment from privatisation du ing the 1990s, accounting fo 20 per cent of total FD

In smaller countries, the FDI component of privatisa tion tends to be higher than in larger countries - parti because the high costs of a initial public offering an the smaller countries' les well developed stock man kets make a flotation uneco

States in Brazil hav joined the federal govern ment in privatising assets The Venezuelan govern ment, also a privatisation banks taken over during it 1994 banking crisis, an plans to sell the rest it owns Across central America, pri vatisation is gathering pacas governments try to bal ance budgets and encourage foreign investment.

However, the effect of pri vatisation on capital flows i not necessarily limited to the immediate revenue obtained. According to a 1993 paper by Mr Frank Sader for the World Bank each dollar in immediate **FDI** revenue from privatisa tion generates an additiona 88 cents of FDI outside the

Romanies, Institute for International Finance, 2000 Peruspianala Ant, NW Sutie 8500, Washington DC 2006-RBI Economic and Social Progress to Latin American 1986 report of the Inter American development Bank, 190 New Prick Am, NW, Washington DC 1957 Privational Public Enterprises and Privation Investment in Development

FOREIGN BANKS • by David White

world seeks gold in the new

Local banks face strong competition from

Spain's ambitious

entrants Nobody in the 1980s, or even a couple of years ago, would have expected to see a solid and self-respecting European banking group proudly featuring Mexican, Colombian and Peruvian banknotes alongside US dollars and

annual report. That, however, is the case with Banco Bilbao Vizcaya, one of the Spanish banks that has led the way in the banking acquisition trail in Latin America.

D-marks on the cover of its

the trend has taken on all the characteristics of a rush. Just in the last six months. the three Spanish groups which have chosen to make Latin America the main focus of their international expansion have invested some \$1.7bn in bank shareholdings in the region, in half a dozen separate operations

The most important turning point came just under two years ago when BBV was faced with a choice

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built up a minority stake in Mexico's troubled Probursa group. Under a debt-clearing deal with the Mexican authorities it agreed to plough in a further \$350m, making it the first institution to take advantage of new Mexican legislation allowing foreign majority control of a domestic bank.

Its move was an expression of confidence in the months after the country's financial crisis. Other foreign banks have followed. which made a \$372m investover Grupo Financiero Inverbank, now known as Banco Santander Mexicano.

its retail banking network in the Spanish market now with smaller acquisitions. The Bital group, in which Spain's Banco Central Hispano and Portugal's Banco Comercial Portugues both have stakes, has also been busily adding new branches, challenging the more staid competitors by offering longer hours and Saturday opening.

between cutting its losses in the continent, the new arrival a latent gain of at least \$1bm.

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Mexico and making a fresh als have taken on large commitment. It had already chunks of the retail banking sector as well as developing corporate custom and exploiting new growth areas such as pension funds.

Between them, the three Spanish banks have invested more than \$4bn in Latin America, mostly in the last two years. About half of this has come from the Banco Santander group, present in the region since the 1950s but now a prominent name Mexican economy just in its own right in retail banking markets from Mexico to Chile, where it is now the number two bank including Banco Santander and lays claim to the top place among financial ment last October to take groups. People think of it as a Chilean bank," says Mr méxico, giving it control of Juan Rodriguez Inciarte, banking

Both Banco Santander and BBV itself has reinforced BBV, the two biggest banks employ more people outside Spain than within it, and most of those are in Latin America. According to BBV, they rank third and fourth in assets in the whole of Spanish-speaking Latin America, after Mexico's Banamex and Bancomer groups. Santander, with book-value investments of some \$2bn, Here and in other parts of reckons it has accumulated

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\$25 V

The Latin American connection

ARGENTINA: 88V - Benco Francés, 8CH - Benco Tornquier

BRAZIL Sentander - Banco Garal do Comercio

ERU: artander Perù BCH - Banco del Sir. nerged with Liberta BV - Senoo Costin PARAGUAY: BCH - Bat CHILE Santander Barron Santander Chile Sugged with Cook

MEXICO:

BBV - Probunte, Banos Correl, Banco de Orlante

PUERTO RICO:

COLOMBIA: SBV - Banco Garack

BCH - Banco de Color

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ier - Stnco: er Mexicans

ron Sentander Puerto Ric

Banco Central Hispano have studied possible acquihas also built up a substantial Latin American empire, although taking a rather lower profile working through partnerships with powerful family groups -Grupo Luksic in Chile, with which it shares holdings in the southern part of the continent through a joint com-pany, O'Higgins-Central Hispano (OHCH), and more recently the Gilfoksi group in Colombia, which it sees performing a similar role in the northern countries of

south America. The fever has not caught on with other Spanish banks. Argentaria, the partly state-owned group, with American markets a com-

sition targets, but stopped short of taking such a decisive plunge. It has, however, regrouped its activities and recently headed one of the two winning consortia chosen to run Bolivia's new pension scheme - alongside another led by BBV.

O'Higgins - Central Hispario joins holding venture

priority," argues Mr Fran- he said, would not take on cisco González, Argentaria's any investments in Latin chairman. "The pay-off for doing things right here (in Spain) is a lot more profitable than buying something in Latin America." The other three big Span-

ish banks clearly disagree on the pay-off - seeing in Latin pensation for the low growth would not be especially seri-

investments carry risks," Mr Emilio Ybarra, BBV's chairman, told shareholders at the bank's recent annual meeting. "The important thing is that the possibility of losses should be offset by the business opportunities that present themselves, that is, by the probability of "Latin America is not a obtaining profit." The bank,

> ted return of at least 20 per cent after tax. This gave it "a fair margin of manoeuvre" for any possible upsets.
> "In the worst of cases," he said, "if all our forecasts failed and we had a disaster scenario, the consequences

America without an expec-

EQUITIES • by Edward Luce

some long-standing interests in the region, is believed to and declining margins of ous."

Latin America fell only

Pampas bull run outstrips tigers

are looking cheap compared with other emerging markets

markets are on a roll. With growth this year of almost 20 per cent - compared with an south-east Asia - the region's hourses look set set to outstrip last year's impressive returns.

double-digit growth in dollar terms since January 1, with just one country, Pakistan, has posted growth of more than 10 per cent.

much more attractive than in New York. Asia, with converging and increasing growth rates, while Asia looks to be temporarily slowing down," said Mr Mark Precious, emerging market specialist at SBC Warburg in London. In addition to Latin Amer-

ica's improving macroeconomic outlook, which should result in the highest growth rates this year since before the Mexican "tequila crisis"

The stock markets benefiting the region as well. Worries about the possible crunch effects of a rise in US interest rates are being offset by Latin America's high rates of real interest. "Even if the Fed bikes rates by 50 basis points this year, there Latin American stock is wide scope for Latin American rates to come down," said Mr David Roberts, head of Latin Ameranaemic 2.5 per cent in ican equity at Salomon Brothers in New York. With price/earnings ratios

of between 11 and 15 times. Latin America's stock mar-According to the ING Bar- kets are also cheap by ings emerging market index, emerging markets standards all Latin America's stock elsewhere. Brazil, the exchanges. barring Vane- region's largest with a total zuela, have posted capitalisation of over US\$200bn, is trading at an overall discount to its net Brazil at 24 per cent growth value. "There are some leading the pack. In Asia, really cheap buying opportunities in Latin America at the moment," said Ms Jane Heap, Latin America analyst "Latin America is looking at Deutsche Morgan Grenfell

Emerging market portfolio funds are also cheered by the dramatic performance of Latin American debt over the last 12 months which has seen spreads on the region's Brady bonds - distressed commercial loans collateralised by US Treasuries - fall

to historic lows. In contrast, the region's equity rally is still in the early stages. "Investors in of 1994, global liquidity is search of higher returns will

have to switch from debt to expected \$2bn privatisation scope for the continued interest. tightening of spreads has been much diminished by tend to outperform other Latin Bradys." With US mutual funds and

Japanese investors increas- ing in March 1995 has seen ingly jittery about the dan- its shares rise to more than gers of reaching the top of \$100 - well in excess of the the bull market on Wall gains made by more conven-Street, Latin America spetional listings. Most of the cialists are confident that more exciting IPOs will be there is a lot of scope for Brazilian companies," said funds to continue flowing to Ms Heap. Latin American for some

privatisation of Unibanco in

equities in Latin America of CVRD, a large mining this year," said a fund man-conglomerate, by the end of region, measured as a proager in New York. "The the year, should attract portion of GDP. Brazilian privatised stocks

the bull performance in listings. For example, Telebras, which was trading at \$19.75 on its New York list

With a growing queue of the stock exchange include government has indicated privatisations in the pipe- Telesp, the municipal tele- that GVG, the state sluming the process of the state sluming the pipe- Telesp, the municipal teleprivatisations in the pipe-line, most are training their phone company, Eletro ium and steel industry, will focus on Brazil. The \$15n Paulo and other inunicipal be among the first to be no the next few weeks and the the state-oil company - in parts. . 12.

rently under review in Con-

Apart from Brazil, there is some speculation that the Argentinian government is planning to sell its remain ing 20 per cent stake in YPF, the cil company, listed as an ADR in New York

The sell-off of Banco Hipotecario, the state mortgage bank, is also under consider-

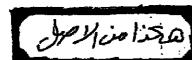
With a stock market capl talisation of just US\$45bn compared to a gross domestic product of over \$300bm Argentina has one of the smallest exchanges in the

In Mexico, which has largely completed its privatisation programme, the macroeconomic recovery is not expected to feed through to higher consumer spending

untII 1998. The banking sector's return to profitability, how: ever, and the strength of the privatised utilities are expec-

ted to attract interest. Elsewhere, expectations that Venezuela will embark Other companies expected on a state sell of programme to be sold off and listed on are rising. The Fancanelan electricity groups, Petrobras, ken up and probably sold of

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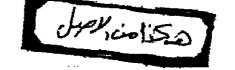


Solidity

PENSION FUNDS • by Stephen Fidler

Private pension funds

in Latin America (inception dates)



"In my view, there is no

pensions of those unable or

However, the higher pub-

tributed to the phenomenal

rate, from less than 10 per

cent in 1986 to almost 29 per

more than 5 per cent by 1993.

reform has has actually

directly is still somewhat of

an open question," he adds.
It has undoubtedly helped,

important long-term finance

an important

schemes.

cent in 1996."3

Hard Work lies ahead

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Latin America

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than r firm of ... The state of the s ANN PARTY

Pension funds have spurred the growth of the region's equity markets The chief architect of Chile's

1981 pension fund reform is a crusader for the cause. "A spectre is haunting the world," wrote José Piñera in the journal of the Cato Institute, a US free market think tank. "It is the spectre of bankrupt state-run pensions

Pension fund reform has heen the key, he argues, to Chile's economic success of the last decade. "By improving the functioning of both capital and the labour markets, pension privatisation has been one of the key reforms that has pushed the growth rate of the economy noward from the historical 3 per cent a year to 6.5 per cent on average during the More important still pen-

sions have ceased to be an issue for government, depoli-

Continued from page 3

nomic cycle.

hard to reverse .

they have argued.3

deficit throughout the eco-

Despite the improvement

in fiscal management, when

the going is good Latin

American governments still

too often use access to credit

"During the surge, precau-

tionary fiscal surpluses

should be run to strengthen

the fiscal position and to

needed to permit a counter-

the eventual downturn."

economic shock, govern-

provide the flexibility institutions.

Private pension funds in Latin America

<u> </u>	Stock market cap (Sm)	under mgt 1996e (Sm)	% essets under mgt in stocks	under mgt by 2000e (Sm)	in stocks by 2000e
Argentina	42,345	5,389	14.8	19,927	20.0
Bolivia	970	•		1,543	25.0
Srazii	153,931	71,789	33.0	103,114	35.0
Chille	57,423	29,540	28.5	43,347	35.0
Colombia	14,579	772	. 0.5	4,738	10.0
Mexico	102,735			24,228	20.0
Penu •	12,385	1,018	23.0	3,680	35.0
Urugusy	2,500	49	0.0	802	25.0
Total .	386,868	108,537	30.5	201,377	30.8
e estimate	Sources: S	alomon Broth	ers and Institu	to of Internet	oval Finance

The success of Chile's private pension funds - and the bankruptcy of their state-run many other Latin American governments to follow suit. Yet, though all have been modelled on the Chilean system, there have been important differences in each country that will affect the

cases perhaps for better, in others for worse.

economic cycle. A restrictive

fiscal position offsets a boom

in domestic spending and

reduces the resultant cur-

rent account deficits and

exchange rate appreciation.

to run fiscal deficits and to a report last year from the

make too many spending World Bank. It identifies

commitments which are five factors inhibiting

cyclical fiscal response to may have eased since the

Partly because during an shortcomings that remain.

ments also lose access to it blames inefficient banking

external finance because of systems and barriers to

creditworthiness worries, entry which increase the

they are forced into surplus spread between lending and

Another view comes from

growth: high real interest

rates, high and rising unem-

ployment rates, low domes-

tic savings, sluggish export

Some of these concerns

growth and weakened state

report was written last year.

but they still point to the

For high real interest rates

during recession, a response borrowing rates; a tendency ing real exchange rate over-

Hard work remains to be done

that accentuates rather than to rely on tight monetary

mitigates the violence of the policy to compensate for too

management in Latin Ameri can pension funds last year. Some \$72bn of this was managed by Brazilian employee benefit plans - started in 1977 under a regime significantly different from the Chilean system. Some \$29bn was in Chile, \$5.4bn in Argentina and just over \$1bn in Peru.

By 2000, it forecasts that the total will grow to more way they function - in some than \$200bn, half of which will be in Brazil. \$43bn in According to Salomon Chile, almost \$20bn in ticising a huge sector of the Brothers, \$108bn was under Argentina and \$24bn in

lax a fiscal stance; and con-

tinued high country risk

assessment for the regions,

based on investor unease

about the sustainability of

reform and the region's out-

To combat high unemploy-

ment, changes are necessary

to eliminate distortions in

the labour market that prej-

udice employment and to

improve education systems

Low domestic savings

should be countered by fiscal

prudence that results in high

public savings; the develop-

ment of a sound and modern

banking sector, and the cre-

ation of retirement systems based on private pension

funds to boost private sector

Greater export growth

should be achieved by avoid-

to enhance skills.

dated legal structures.

be under management - 23 effect whatsoever of pension per cent of regional gross reform on saving in the funds. domestic product, with some short run," said Mr Sebas-\$240bn in Brazil, \$108bn in Argentina, \$95bn in Chile, \$94bn in Mexico, \$35bn in Colombia and \$20bn in

Mexico. By 2011, \$600bn will

's crusader for the cause

For brokers such as Salomon, the importance is in the potential it offers for growth in the equity markets. Already, Argentina's state receives to fund the pension system which began in 1994 has provided a boost for the Buenos Aires stock market.

"Argentina's Bolsa is no longer just a slave to foreign funds flow," said researchers at Robert Fleming Argentina in January. But, however impressive

the potential for long-term growth, it is already clear that private pension systems do not provide a short-term panacea for the resolution of Latin America's remaining structural economic problems - including an inadequate savings rate which averages 19 per cent of gross domestic product, compared

property rights.

though, to create a dynamic and modern capital market insurance companies, for valuation, increasing infraexample, have increased as a nercentage of GDP by more structure investment and attracting larger amounts of than four times between 1985 foreign direct investment. and 1995 - and has provided

Finally, public sector for investment. reforms need to increase effi-It has also improved the ciency and accountability, functioning of the labour while East Asia's experience market, thereby lowering suggests a professional, effiunemployment, by reducing cient and well-paid bureauthe total rate of payroll taxes cracy - almost nowhere to and reducing the labour tax be found in Latin America component of the retirement plays an important role in that region's economic suc-Chile, however, enjoyed cess. The judicial systems

circumstances after the also need reform to ensure establishment of its pensions the credible protection of funds that will be difficult to replicate elsewhere. From, Reform and Growth in Latin America:
All Pain, No Gain! By Eduardo Ferindez-Arias, Office of the chief extromined that the America and Peter Montel, Williams College; 'A decade of reform in Latin America: Has it delivered lower volatility! By Michael Gawin, Office of the Chief Economist, IABE; 'Extraoristic and Social Progress in Latin America: 1996 report. IABE; 'Distanting the Populist State: The unfireshed revolution in Latin America: and the Carlobean, By Shahid Javed Burki and Sebastian Eduards, World Bank Latin American and Carlobean States and 1985 to 1991, performance was boosted by high real interest rates, while the stock market enjoyed 14 consecutive years of positive returns.

A recent study showed that the return on the stock of two electrical utilities -Enersis and Endesa

of the total return of Chilean "Up to now the rates of

explained almost 40 per cent

tian Edwards, professor of return of the new system, as international economics at well as the pensions being UCLA. "An increase in pripaid out have been very vate savings is offset by a high. This trend, however, is decline in public savings." likely to change in the years This is because the fiscal to come as Chile's rates of burden on governments is return begin to converge increased because of the towards world levels," says reduced contributions the Mr Edwards. In fact, this is already

beginning to happen. Last unwilling to join private year the funds reported a 3.5 per cent profit, against a 2.5 per cent loss in 1995. lic saving that eventually Because of this, pressure is growing in Chile for the results from the reform prorules restricting investment abroad by pension funds to be relaxed. Even Mr Piñera long-term payback. Mr Edwards notes: "It has con- asked if there are any increase in [Chile's] savings imperfections in the Chilean system - says Chilean funds should be more diversified internationally".

This has been mostly That conclusion is backed through an increase in pub-lic sector savings from close by a recent paper from the OECD Development Centre to 0.1 per cent of GDP to

"High volatility of develop-Whether the Chilean ing-country asset returns. combined with low risk tolincreased private savings erance of pensioners with low lifetime incomes, would suggest that the benefits of global portfolio diversification advanced by the theory of portfolio choice apply par-

ticularly to developing country pension assets," it says. Other rules - in particular that which limits each pension fund operator to only one fund and which sets minimum and maximum profitability levels - have resulted in Chilean pension funds having extremely simi-

lar portfolios. These may not be the Chilean model's only failings. Competition between the funds is usually viewed as beneficial - but some observers believe excessive competition is now becoming a matter for concern, with excessive incentives being offered to fund holders

administrators. Figures from the superintendency for pension funds showed that almost 1.4m people, nearly half of all paid-up contributors, changed from one fund to MEXICO 1997 COLOMBIA 1994 BOLIVIA 1997

CHILE 1981

ARGENTINA 1991

LATIN AMERICAN FINANCE: Policy 3

operating costs.

million more than in 1995. High member turnover is estimated by the superintendency to have cost \$161m in 1996, or almost 30 per cent of

Sales costs as a percentage of total costs have more than doubled between 1988 and

Nonetheless, total administrative costs have come down over time - after starting at 9 per cent of wages or 90 per cent of contributions they fell by 1994 to 1 per cent of wages and 10 per cent of contributions.

remain significantly lower than under the old pay-asvou-go system.

Some of the drawbacks. Mr Edwards believes, could be addressed by allowing pension fund administrators to operate more than one fund.

This would increase diversity and offer holders the opportunity of switching funds at a lower cost. Of all the similar pension

to induce them to switch regimes, Peru's is probably the closest to Chile's. The systems of Argentina and Mexico, however, both leave a significant role for the state.

Argentina's two-tier system still leaves the overall another in 1996, over half a contribution to pensions

very high, reducing the benefits to employment. Unlike Chile, the contribution to private pension funds is optional.

URUGUAY

Contributions to Mexico's pension funds, which start in the middle of this year. are mandatory for all salaried workers.

The rules will allow more flexibility for portlohos and administrators will be able to manage more than one fund.

However, the big drawback seen by many observ-Administrative costs ers is the compulsory contribution to the IMSS, the inefficient and corrupt social security bureaucracy. The IMSS itself is also in the monopoly position of collecting all contributions - critics believe this function should be opened to competition - and will run its own fund administrator.

Empowering teachers. The Princitization of Social Security in Critic, Business Palera, Cata humal and its, No. 2, Cata Institute, 1900 Massachusetts Arv., NW. Washington DC 2000, 15A.

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The Contem Princip Review, A pronecting program. By Sebestics, Edwards, Working page, No.11, National Bureau of Economic Research, 1050 Massachusetts Arv. Cambridge MA ULIS, USA;

Liberalising Freedom Internacias on Pension Funds: Posture and Normative Aspects. By Helmat Research, OFCO Development Centre, 2 rue Andre-Pascal, 1873 Paris Ceder, France

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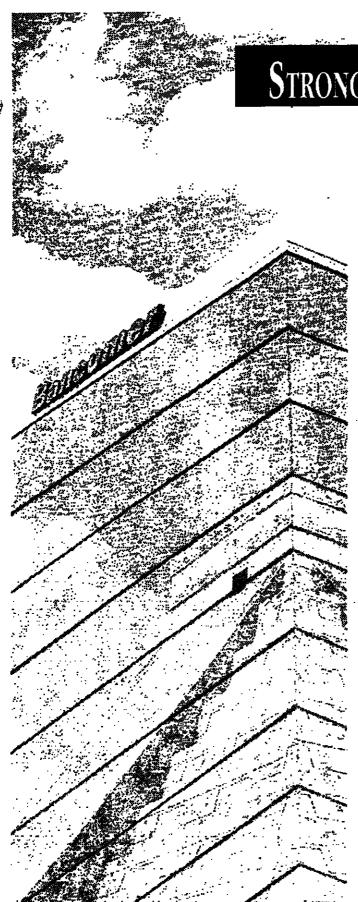
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INFRASTRUCTURE • by Samer Iskandar

Project finance is taking off in all sectors as privatisation accelerates

Latin American project finance is expected to grow rapidly this year, despite its stagnation in 1996.

Bank lending fell to \$2.9bn in 1996, from \$3.1bn the previous year, but analysts are optimistic for 1997 and point tees." She illustrates this to some promising trends. For example, more than half of the 10 largest limited Latin American projects last year, up from three in 1995, according to IFR Project Finance International.

"Project finance is taking off in Latin America in all sectors - power, oil and gas, water, mining and telecommunications - as govern-ments push forward toward privatisation of traditionally state-run utilities," says Ms Karol Nielsen, Americas correspondent for the specialised publication.

The financing landscape. however, was dominated by steady evolution rather than outright revolution, although a few noteworthy

innovations emerged. The accelerating pace of privatisations was largely responsible for the continuing shift from public to private financing of projects. It also fostered innovation in some landmark deals. For example Endesa, the Chilean electricity generator, issued the first bonds with a maturity of 100 years – part of the proceeds was used to finance ness to lenders.

Prospects for

nervousness

hefty profits.

many Latin bond

markets remain

good despite the

worried by fears of US mon-

However, although the

observers say it does not

spell the beginning of the

end to the bull market -

although it may well herald

a period of nervousness and

choppy trading. This is an

environment where discern-

ing investors will come into

their own, and underlying

credit fundamentals will

boats, even the less seawor-

thy ones," says Ms Hélène

Williamson, director of fixed

income at fund managers

Foreign & Colonial Emerg-

more than \$300m of its funds

in Latin American debt mar-

months, she says, debt prices

board and investors showed

people will again look more

closely at underlying credit

triggered by a hawkish Hum-

fundamentals."

ing markets, which inves

"A rising tide raises all

regain a new importance.

DEBT MARKETS • by Conner Middelmann

After a year of nearly of themselves during the

uninterrupted price gains, 1996 rally - and which have

Latin American debt mar- suffered most severely in the kets came in for a rude recent sell-off - are Ecuador

etary tightening, took some nomic front. The markets

sell-off was sharp, many Brazil - were less affected

tets. about its privatisation pro-During the past six gramme, and market observ-

rose strongly across the B1/B+ credit ratings may be

little discrimination regarding credit quality. "Now, ness over US interest rates is

phrey-Hawkins testimony to were driving the rally last

عجذا من الاصل

The recent sell-off was remain good.

investors. which are experien

by the sell-off.

the acquisition of a Colombian power company.

"Privatisation is the driving force behind the move to Antonio Vives, infrastructure and financial markets American Development Bank.

Innovations, Ms Nielsen points out, include "a growing number of deals done without political risk insurance or government guaranwith the example of Aguaytia, the Peruvian energy project, "the first merchant plant to secure long-term financing before construction".

"Disintermediation" - tapping the capital markets instead of relying on bank loans - is also on track. According to the IADB, Latin American projects led to the launch of 13 securities issues in the international capital markets in 1996.

"This shows the maturing nature of private financing of infrastructure in the region," Mr Vives says. However, "bank loans continue to be the overwhelming source of finance, usually with some sort of guarantee by the government or by bilateral and multilateral

lending institutions". But the degree of innovation continues to vary widely from sector to sector and from country to country, with credit ratings pointed

out as a significant factor. Only Chile and Colombia enjoy investment grade ratings from the large US credit rating agencies, which increases their attractive-

rude awakening

US Congress by Federal

Reserve chairman Mr Alan

Greenspan in late February.

in which he warned of possi-

ble pre-emptive policy tight-

Dealers say those markets

which were furthest ahead

lems on the political and eco-

with sounder fundamentals

Mexico, Argentina and

Although Mexico may be

affected by general elections

in mid-year, its economy has

recovered remarkably from

the 1995 peso crisis and fun-

Argentina, boasts a grow-

ing economy, rising tax reve-

nues and a strong govern-

ment commitment to

orthodox economic policies.

On the international mar-

kets, Argentina is also well

positioned, having funded about \$5bn of its \$8.5bn proj-

ected borrowing requirement

becoming more serious

ers are speculating that its

set to continue, many

observers say prospects for

many Latin bond markets

"The two main factors that

upgraded this year.

Meanwhile, Brazil is

in the last three months.

damentals look promising.

markets - a result of its pension reforms of 1981. Last private finance," says Mr year, Metro Gas was the first division chief at the Inter- ancing. Mr Vives points out

company in the region to tap local pension funds for finthat although the amount was small, the move was nonetheless significant and could inspire others. The existence of a well

Chile also benefits from its

defined programme of projects to finance is also a favourable factor in attracting lenders. Here again, Chile leads the way. Its projects for road works, for example, are defined several months in advance, according to Bank of America. "Banks have been

attracted to Chile because of the existence of a programme," says Mr Tim Treharne, managing director, project finance, at the bank's London operation.

He also highlights the importance of a clear regulatory framework and market transparency.

There is a lot of money in the world chasing projects," he says. "Ideally, it would go to countries with a clear regulatory framework, clear tendering process and, if possible, a clear timetable for

In a favourable environment, bankers believe existing trends - such as lengthening loan maturities and shrinking margins on interest rates charged by lenders - should persist. Loans of up to 10 or 12 years are more common now, Ms Nielsen says. This is up from typical

year are still there: improv-

ing economic fundamentals,

and a lot of liquidity chasing

higher yields," says Mr Peter

West, economic adviser to

Investors' and banks'

search for yield at a time of

low OECD interest rates trig-

gered an exodus of cash into

record \$230bn in 1996.

Washington-based think

Even when US interest

rates do rise – as widely

expected - most observers

say they do not expect that

to trigger a re-run of the

emerging market collapse of

1994, when the bull run of

1993 screeched to a halt after

the Fed's surprise decision

"I don't expect a repeat of

1994," said Mr West. "Even if

US rates rise, they won't do

so to the same extent as in

1994, when the Fed Funds

rate was raised six times

from 3 to 6 per cent." He

warns that the eventual

tightening may initially

spark a negative reaction,

with dealers fearing more

than a pre-emptive tweaking

positions in the "big three"

of interest rates.

to raise interest rates.

West Merchant Bank.

developed domestic capital Structural changes

are needed to consolidate the success of the Real Plan

BRAZIL • by Jonathan Wheatley

President Fernando Henrique Cardoso could hardly have wished for a better start to 1997. A special session of Congress, sitting during the traditional holiday between Christmas and carnival, voted to change the constitution to allow him to run for a second consecutive term in office.

The measure another vote in the lower house - which it won easily last month - and two more in the Senate. Victory seemed assured and the president's political capital soared over night. Now at last, analysts said,

he could force through Congress the politically unpopular structural reforms needed to consolidate the success of the Real Plan, which cut inflation from 5,000 per cent in 1994 to 10 per cent last year.

The euphoria was not to last. Even as the government was flexing its political muscles in Congress, the finance ministry announced a record trade deficit for 1996 of \$5.54bn, fuelling concerns over Brazil's current account deficit of about 3 per cent of domestic product (GDP). Coupled with an increasingly worrying budget deficit, running at about 4.5 per cent of GDP, the figure has led economists to take a more sober view of

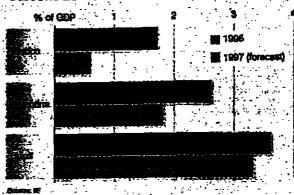
the prospects for Brazil's

economy during 1997. The trade deficit is set to worsen this year. Early signs are that imports were up 30 per cent on 1996 in the first two months, while exports remained stable. Economists say the deficit in 1997 could be as much as \$10bn.

"The trade balance is a big worry," says Mr Mauro Schneider, an economist at ING Barings in Sao Paulo. "It's true that most imports are capital goods and raw materials, but this does not imply that the situation will be solved by future growth in exports. The potential for growth in demand among Brazilian consumers is so big that any increase in manufacturing output will easily be absorbed by the domestic market."

The finance ministry says the worsening trade deficit does not threaten Brazil's Current account deficits % of GDP

Reforms set to go ahead



foreign reserves of \$60bn and strong capital inflows.

The quality of foreign investment is certainly improving. Direct investment more than doubled last year to about \$9bn and should continue rising this

"There is no worry about financing the current account deficit," says Mr Schneider. "The problem is that, as with internal debt, external debt is increasing. Interest payments, the trade deficit and other service elements are all adding up and could become a threat to the

account deficit. It points to now to avoid serious problems in the future."

Long-term improvement in the trade balance Will depend on efforts to increase industrial efficiency through investment in infrastructure and by cutting red tape.

Privatisation will help. Sales by the federal and state governments are expected to net \$11bn this year. The communications ministry is preparing to transfer munications to the private sector. On April 7 it will take bids for concessions to run cellular services. It hopes to sell the entire public network by the ability to finance its current Real Plan. We need reforms end of 1998, though this is

Throughout 1996, the free-

ly-floating peso maintained

its nominal parity against

slide in 1995. Mr Paulo Leme,

man Sachs in New York,

Liquidity in the world cap-

ital markets has not only

allowed Mexico to refinance

its external debt on increas-

profit margins.

against the dollar.

Significant sales area ted in electricity gund and distribution, espe by state governments. to open the petroleum try to greater - in involvement is m through Congress.

The biggest strain or private sector is fire high interest rates. Real falls rates averaged 17 per tra last year. They are expected to fall to about 13 per cent to 1997, but the burden on industry remains beary

The government keep interest rates her partly to contain customs ton and partly to attract the eign capital. It will only be able to lower rates to in national levels once it has brought public spands under control

That depends on for Care doso's ability to push as structural resource them. Congress. The referms are contained in three constitutional amendments, requiring a three-fift majority in both house.
They aim to end public emblokusur osas pari ta to. lite and cut being emblokees, amazureed in tuek sum to sid babes pensions system and str

MEXICO • by Leslie Crawford

Recovery exceeds expectations against the dollar.

Outstanding debts with the US were settled on the second anniversary of the crisis

The Mexican economy began 1997 on a strong note. The economic recovery is gathering pace, foreign

investment is buoying the stock market and driving the expansion of the manufacturing base, interest rates are falling and the currency is appreciating against the

In January, the govern-ment marked the second emerging markets last year. anniversary of the financial dised interest repayments on ing system since the start of Global capital flows to crisis by settling its out mortgages and other loans. the crisis, are spearheading awakening at the beginning and Venezuela, both of emerging markets reached a standing debts with the US. The government estimates the shake-up in the industry. Mexico has now repaid in according to the Institute of full the \$12.5bn emergency International Finance, a US loan which rescued the government's tottering finances in 1995. It has also begun early repayments to the International Monetary Fund, which contributed to the Mexican salvage operation with \$17.8bn. The rapid, although still uneven, turnaround in the economy has

> surpassed expectations. Gross domestic product grew by 5.1 per cent in 1996. following the deep recession of 1995, when the economy contracted by 6.2 per cent. The recovery is being led

> by export-related manufacturing activities, which grew by more than 10 per cent last year. Even the construction industry is on the rebound following the devastating collapse of public and private investment after the peso devaluation in Decem-

In this environment, says Ms Williamson, investors are The near-collapse of the best off holding defensive domestic banking sector has been the costliest legacy of the financial crisis. To keep markets - Mexico, Argentina and Brazil. "Longer-duration the banks afloat, the government has absorbed more bonds have been worst hit we've been holding mainly than \$40bn of bad loans, or 20 per cent of the assets of floating rate notes, which the banking system, underserved us well in the recent written the emergency capi-

tal replenishments of many which have taken control of Mexican banks and subsi- about one-fifth of the bankthe cost of the bail-out the cost will be closer to 12 per cent of GDP.

role as an efficient purveyor role as an efficient purveyor so without allowing the peso of credit. Foreign banks, to appreciate too rapidly

The momentum of the which will be spread over at recovery is expected to also brought an estimated

least two decades, to be in gather pace this year, even the region of 8.5 per cent of as the Bank of Mexico congross domestic product. tinues to juggle with two Independent analysts believe goals which are not always easy to reconcile: the central bank aims to curb inflation The banking system will from a rate of 27.7 per cent require further consolidation in 1996 to 15 per cent by the in 1997 if it is to resume its end of 1997, and it must do

gly favourable terms, it \$7.5bn to \$8bn of direct foreign investment to Mexico in 1996, according to Mr Leme's estimates, and allowed the Bank of Mexico to accumulate more than \$8bn in international reserves.

According to GEA, the eco-City, the strengthening econestimated 800,000 new jobs in 1997 – fewer than the Land jobs Mexico needs to accummodate new entrants to the labour market every year

the dollar, despits the wide inflation differential between Neither job creation neith the economy's improving Mexico and the US. As a result, exporters have begunoutlook, however, is expec to complain that the peso's ted to bring about a significant recovery in real incomes, which have lest strength is hurting their Most analysts believe the one-fifth of their purchasing power since the devaluation. exchange rate required a

correction following its rapid The squeeze on incomes explains why Mexico's recova senior economist at Goldery has been so uneven to date. It has accentuated the estimates the peso is still divide between Mexico's undervalued by 10 per cent modern, export-oriented economy, which now accounts for almost 30 per cent of national output, and

the deeply depressed local economy, which plummetted 1995 recession and only recovered an estimated I per cent of lost output in 1996.

Exports have doubled in less than five years to \$95.9hm pesos in 1996. Most of this growth has taken 😘 place since the peso devaluation, as manufacturers nomic consultants in Mexico sought foreign buyers for goods they could no longer omy is expected to create an sell at home.

now firmly set on a sustainable growth path. Even with

out further advances in the

reform process - such as

labour deregulation - Argen-

tina should be able to grow

several years, he says.

at an annual 5 per cent for ~

On the political front, the

Peronist administration

reeling from largely self-in-

flicted allegations of corrup-

tion – may do badly in this year's mid-term congressional elections. That could

leave Mr Carlos Menem as a

lame duck president, over-

ARGENTINA • by David Pilling

Rebound – or start of new era?

Controlled growth is fostering a recovery which will prove fruitful for markets

If 1995 was the year in which Argentina survived Mexico's confidence-sapping devaluation, 1996 was the year it overcame an equally stiff test - the sacking of Mr Domingo Cavallo, the economy minister.

Rumours of the departure of Mr Cavallo, considered by many to be the architect of an economic transformation launched in 1991, had been enough to send markets tumbling. When the muchfeared event finally came last July, investors appeared relieved that the political air had been cleared and that economic reform had proved sufficiently well embedded to withstand the shuffling of personalities.

Instead of dipping, the Merval index of blue-chip stock edged upwards following Mr Cavallo's sacking. In spite of the subsequent turbulence, that investors have come to expect of Argentina's relatively immature market, the Merval ended the year 25 per cent higher, spurred on by long-awaited signs of economic recovery.

The choice of Mr Cavallo's successor helped. Mr Roque Fernandez, an orthodox Chicago-school monetarist and formerly central bank president, immediately introduced a \$4bn fiscal austerity package designed to plug the growing budget deficit. The move relied largely on diesel and petrol tax rises. It reassured those investors who had become concerned about Argentina's ability to fund a by a respectable 5.6 per cent deficit heading towards \$6bn, about 2 per cent of gross domestic product.

past, relatively small deficits ment of 17 per cent. The

Andual % change --- Latin America 🔊

tend to be punished severely by the markets. The importance of maintaining fiscal discipline is also enshrined in the five-year-old convertibility system, which removes monetary discretion from the authorities. This means budget deficits cannot be covered by printing money, but must be plugged by borrowing.

The tough package was applauded by orthodox economists. But some analysts, notably on the equity side. feared that Mr Fernández's austerity package would hit consumer confidence. They need not have wor-

ried. Growth, spurred mainly by the return of bank deposits and the consequent rise in credit, took off in mid-year. It notched up an impressive 9.2 per cent increase in the fourth quarter against the same period in the previous year. For 1996 as a whole, GDP rose 4.4 per cent while inflation was kept at virtually zero for the second year in succession.

According to estimates by Robert Fleming, the merchant bank, GDP will grow in 1997. This assumes a 3.7 per cent increase in real consumption - still stifled by Because of an inflationary near-record-high unemploymain impetus is coming from a 14.4 per cent rise in gross fixed capital formation and an increase in exports of 8.5 per cent.

"What we are seeing is mostly a rebound from a had year, not the start of a dynamic new era," says Mr Joe MacHatton of Dresdner Kleinwort Benson. Despite such caution, Mr MacHatton is considering apprading his growth forecast for 1997 from 5.3 per cent to 6 per cent. Such growth may not be reflected in the earnings of companies listed on the Merval index, he says.

Mr Miguel Angel Broda, a local economist, believes that, having survived Mexico's devaluation, a bitter recession and Mr Cavallo's departure, Argentina is

seeing a fractious party more concerned with the 1999 presidential poll than with governing. There is also the question.

of Argentina's public debt, which has risen significantly over the past two years. A. debt of \$90hm in relation to GDP of \$300hn is not high by international standards, but virtually all of it is funded by foreign borrowing. As long as international

liquidity remains at current vels, Argentina should find it fairly easy to raise the \$16.6bn Mr Brodn estimates it will need in 1997 - much has already been raised. But a reversal of interest rates could leave the treasury gasping for funds. It will be some years before pension reforms create enough Drivate savings to wean Argentina off its international drip-feed.

Private Banker INTERNATIONAL

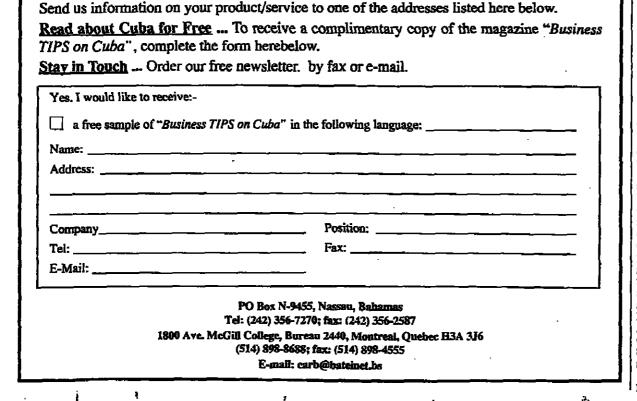
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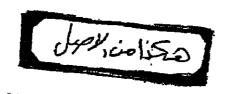
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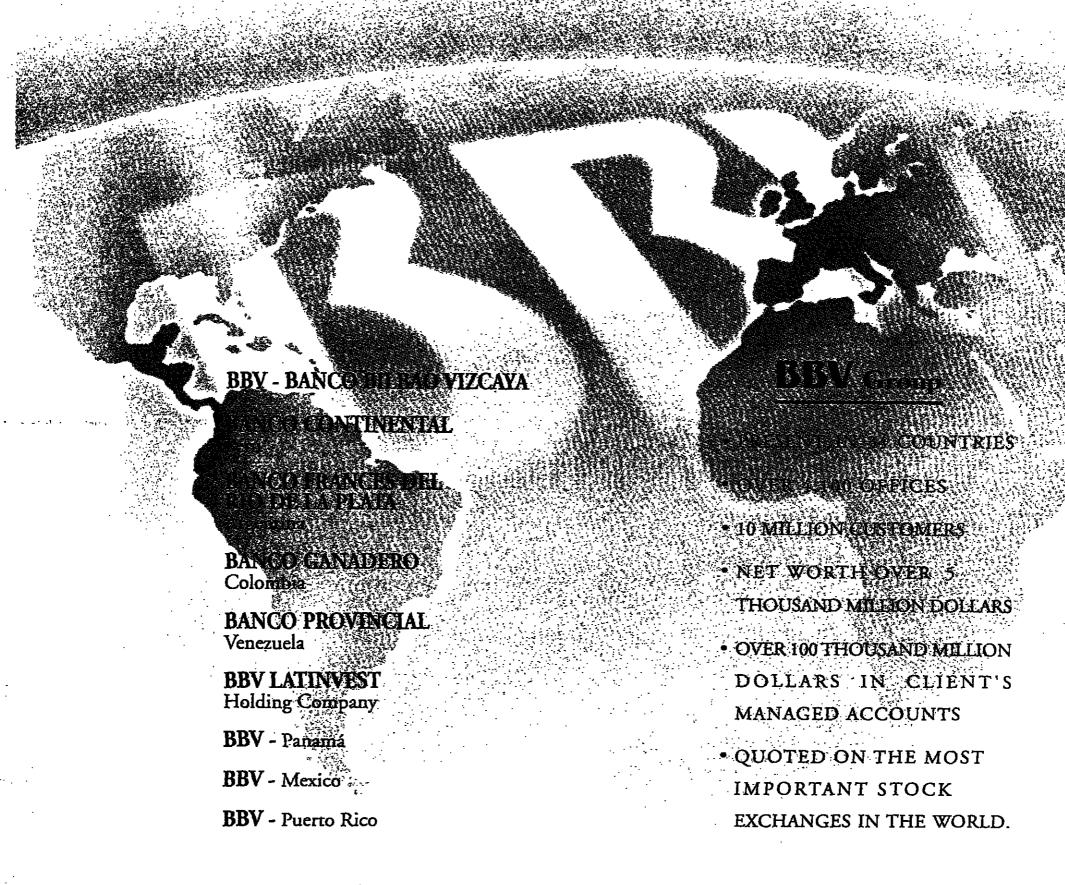
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Economic miracle loses its bloom

Peru's 1996 slowdown was more marked than anyone had expected

Suddenly the bloom seems to economic miracle. Investment bankers and interna- 2000. tional stockbrokers, so keen to sell Peru as one of the region's most exciting emerging markets just a couturned lukewarm.

There might have been a little bit of overenthusiasm by everybody at some point," is the candid admission of Ms Susana de la Puente, a director of JP Morgan who bas been intimately involved in selling the new Peru to the international community. "But that's typical for a country that has come back after 20

Peru's 1996 economic slowdown after three years of the tion." highest growth rates in Latin America was more

Foreign 'strategic

former state-owned

Last year was something of

a landmark for the Bolivian

economy: for the first time

in decades, the level of pri-

vate investment at 54 per

cent of the total exceeded

to capitalisation," says Presi-

dent Gonzalo Sanchez de

Lozada, in reference to his

which has attracted some

administration's idiosyn- far, the state has divested

cratic form of privatisation, itself of five monopolistic

\$1.7bn in under two years in tricity and telecommunica-

investment commitments tions concerns, the railroads

"A good part of that is due

that of the public sector.

partners' now

manage five

companies

BOLIVIA • by Sally Bowen

now predicting less spectacper cent a year from 1997 to

Business people accuse the government of having slowed the economy down barely before it had recovple of years back, have ered from the dramatic 25 per cent slump in GDP years of the Alan Garda gov-

> "Peru cannot remain paralysed, we cannot have a continuation of last year's recession," says Mr Jorge Picasso, a leading banker and head of Peru's private business people's organisation Confien. "We have to confront the problem of widescale unemployment, and that means economic reactiva-

Growth prospects hinge on Peru's traditionally impormarked than anyone had tant sectors: mining (kickanticipated, although the started by big privatisationassociated investments) and up 2.8 per cent and inflation fishing, with support from by 2000.

mer state-owned companies.

per cent in 1996 compared

with a target of 5 per cent] is

still not what we had hoped

for, capitalisation is the loco-

motive that will pull the

economy into the 6 per cent

growth band where we think

it should be. And that ahould be sustainable."

Capitalisation has been

the chief economic pillar of

the Sanchez de Lozada gov-

ernment's 1993-97 "revolu-

tion in democracy", as the

president likes to call it. So

companies - the state elec-

at 11.8 per cent - were better construction and manufac- Manufacturers and exportthan had been feared. Fol- turing, which in turn is ers, however, are sceptical. lowing last year's IMF-pro- highly dependent on semi- They complain that they still moted measures to pre-empt processing raw materials. suffer from a series of "antioverheating and balance of But, in the modern world, technical" taxes and ineffipayments difficulties, the these are capital-rather than ciencies - imports, customs

Fujimori administration is labour-intensive industries. and basic infrastructure -Increasing exports - to which push up costs. Their ular but better sustained reduce the current deficits chief bugbears are the minihave gone off the Peruvian growth of between 4 and 5 on trade and current mum tax on a company's account - is a priority. assets, rather than profits,

In what seems like a long-

delayed but genuine attempt

to boost exports earnings.

the government last month

launched a new institution

called Prompex, headed by

Mr Ricardo Marquez, Peru-

telecommunications, the

(three US-based indepen-

faster than expected, and

fresh generating capacity.

fibre optic cables and cellu-

lar telephones are finally

The rapid transfer of what

had largely been deadweight

state companies to private

sector management has

allowed a significant shift in

company YPFB. There is one first two sectors to see their

Pertil economic Indicators 1902 1993 1994 **1905** GDP growth (%) Annual inflation (%) 8.5 6.9

Although 9 per cent lower in introduced early in the first 1996 than the previous year, Fujimori government as an at just under \$2bn Peru's emergency revenue-raising trade gap remains uncom- measure but since institufortably high. Last year's tionalised, and the "Fonavi," imports totalled \$7.9bn, up 2 a payroll tax of 9 per cent per cent on that of 1995, while exports earned \$5.9bn. which goes to finance President Fujimori's nationwide up 6 per cent on the previous projects for improving basic infrastructure at community

The government points out that inputs and capital goods necessary to modernise industry account for a large percentage of the import bill and is confidently predicting that Peruvian exports will be \$10bn mark

from foreign "strategic part- and flag-carrier airline, as promising. Electricity and

"Though GDP growth [3.9 to go, the tin and antimony state companies capitalised

The "capitalisation" solu-

tion, a Sanchez de Lozada

invention, differs from stan-

dard privatisation in that

"the state doesn't sell a

thing, and it doesn't pocket the revenue", explains the

president. Instead, pre-se-lected companies bid at pub-

hic auction for a 50 per cent

stake and full management

control. The amount offered

fresh capital contribution.

with the new investor-opera-

tor bringing in badly-needed

So far, the results look

technology and know-how.

goes into the company as a reaching the people.

smelter complex of Vinto

plus two associated mines.

ners" now managing five for- well as the state oil and gas

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self a successful exporter. Prompex should provide a ernment has also taken a lobby for improved legislation and a channel for opening up new markets in promising areas such as textiles. Mr Marquez has pledged himself to a continuing reduction of costs which north and south give sweepshould, he says, translate into more job openings. Nevertheless, much of the

initial dynamism of the early Pujimori years, at the start ment and divert imports. of the 1990s, seems to have evaporated. The once-aggressive privatisation programme, which netted more than \$5bn between 1992 and 1995 – plus another \$4bn in investment pledges - has slowed down. True, last year saw important "secondphase" sell-offs of retained state holdings in telecommunications and the energy sector, but the earlier sense of conviction has gone.

Statements late last year by President Fujimori suggest that some important large state companies may not now be privatised. These are likely to include the Mantaro hydro-electric complex, Lima's water and sewerage authority and the Petroperu oil refinery at Tal-

Bolivia: economic indicators

In recent months the govnumber of interventionist economic measures which smack uncomfortably of populism. The creation of special industrial transformation zones in the extreme ing tax concessions (once anathema to the Fujimori economic team), intended to stimulate industrial develop-

particularly of used cars,

away from Chilean ports to

Peru. Chile has protested to international trade bodies. On the local level, Mr Fujimori has relaunched an earlier programme to provide a somewhat artificial boost to microenterprise. The government, he says, will buy large quantities of school equipment_ shoes and uniforms for distribution to the poor. That, he estimates, will create 70,000 new jobs and support 7,000 small companies.

Meanwhile, the sweeping "second stage structural reforms" including downsizing of the still-overweight state bureaucracy which Mr Fujimori promised when he was overwhelmingly reelected in April 1995, remain

Idiosyncratic privatisation pays off

4.2 3.5 3.9 GDP growth (%) 8.5 12.6 7.9 370.9 509.3 650.2 950.8

dents came into Bolivia's Annual inflation (%) power market and Stet of Net international italy acquired control of the reserves (USSm) monopoly), registered strong growth in 1996, 10.4 and 8.7 per cent respectively. The allocation of resources. Bolivia's 1996 budget was new strategic partners are fulfilling investment pledges

already 6.4 per cent lower than that of 1995, yet social spending (basic bealth care. education and sanitation) received three times more than the amount spent on state industries. As recently as 1994, state companies had swallowed up more than all social expenditure put

Decentralisation has also had significant budget impli- This represents, for many making power and budget cash in an entire year. control to local municipalities, has changed the face of much of the Bolivian coun-

three main cities received 92 per cent of all revenues, with the country," says President Sanchez de Lozada. "Now

it's 60-40." Pension fund reform, was pushed through conalso make its impact on the Bolivian economy. Instead of the inefficient and virtually lines in which to set up individual accounts: levels of domestic savings will be boosted and, in time, the pension funds should provide a much-needed alternative source of non-bank fin-

ancing for local companies.

over the age of 65 are to receive, from May, an annual old-age pension of \$250 or more paid from the gency" proceeds of capitalisation.

ble. In 1996 inflation was 7.95 per cent, the lowest for "Two years ago, Bolivia's years, while the budget deficit was 2.1 per cent, lower than the target agreed with

Bolivia's trade deficit remains high, however -imports totalled \$1.64bn last year, up 14 per cent on that strenuously opposed when it of 1995, with exports at was pushed through con-gress late last year, should so-called "non-traditionals" - mainly soya beans and gold jewellery - grew 34 per cent last year alone. Once bankrupt state social secu- the ambitious, \$2bn pipeline rity system, Bolivians will taking Bolivian natural gas shortly have two private to Sao Paulo is up and run-pension fund administrators ning in 1999, the trade deficit (AFPs) run along Chilean should turn into surplus.

Sanctions threat to growth

Overseas political pressure thwarts healthy economic prospects for vear ahead

Colombia tends to produce steady, though not spectacular, economic growth. Both the government and the private sector expect the economy to pick up during the second half of 1997, producing a growth rate of around 4 per cent.

The sudden jump in world coffee prices is giving a welcome boost to family income and demand in the coffee zones, while increased oil output will bring extra foreign earnings. Following the decertification of Colombia's anti-drug efforts by the US, however, the threat of economic sanctions is now real and could affect the country's prospects.

Although the overall political situation has calmed. with President Ernesto Samper still firmly in his seat, campaigning for the 1998 general elections starts in the second half of the year. The defeat of the government's pay policy, as a result of last month's strike by public sector employees, could affect other labour demands and fuel inflation. The government was forced to concede an average salary increase of 17 per cent. compared with the original 13.5 per cent offer and an inflation target of 18 per cent for

Both the approaching elections and the labour situation put pressure on public spending. Finance minister José Antonio Ocampo ecently announced substantial budget cuts in order to reduce the central government deficit from 4 per cent of gross domestic product (GDP) to about 3 per cent.

While a few orthodoxvoices said this was not enough, most interpreted it Meanwhile, all Bolivians as a welcome signal that the government is taking the deficit problem seriously.

The "economic emerwhich announced in January and tunity for further Spanish lasted three weeks met surcations. "Popular participa- poor country-dwellers, more prise and hostility from the tion", devolving decision- than they normally see in private sector. It was widely revolution is going on, Other macroeconomic indi- and it created uncertainty at cators are reassuringly sta- a moment when optimism was surfacing in business

> The government justified the emergency on the grounds that fiscal income had fallen short of the 1996 target. Incoming dollars unexpectedly took international reserves to nearly US\$10bn at the beginning of

The discussion as to whether or not the emergency was constitutional is still dragging on and the emergency decrees could be toppled by the constitutional

cent tax on foreign credit, for near the extension of sales tax to income.

television and cuts in special tax benefits granted to an area in the south-west affected by the 1994 curtiquake. Mr Ocampo said it was essential to avoid another wave of foreign bor-

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rowing and revaluation. Monetary policy has been tight during the Samper government, but recent changes in the composition of the central bank's board of directors will probably bring the bank closer to the government's more flexible monetary position, Real interest rates have fallen by more than five points over the past year and are expented to drop further.

"Prices have gone up by 25.8 per cent in the first two months of the year... this year looks better than either 1996 or 1995. I'm a little hit optimistic," said Mr Carlos Cabaliero, president of the Bogota stock exchange. "People are keeping a close watch on the economy, they're not ready to invest heavily in new projects because there's some uncertainty. But Colombia has kept its investment rating. the spreads on the last bond issue were good and oil and financial investment are going shead."

Another 29 foreign funds were authorised to operate in Colombia during 1996, taking the total to 180, with a portfolio of over US\$1bn. Last year brought a slowdown in GDP growth - the industrialists' association, ANDI, reported a drop of 0.7 per cent in industrial production - and this was reflected in the performance of most sectors listed on the

stock exchange. A month ago the government sold off 47 per cent of the Cerro Matoso nickel complex to Gencor for about US\$180m and the state oil company, Ecopetrol, will shortly sell three gas sector enterprises though the stock

exchange. Concasa, a savings and loans corporation, will also be coming up for privatisation in the next quarter and this could provide the opporinvestment in Colombia's financial sector. A veritable alez, head of the banker's

association, Asobancaria "It's a revolution in size and structure, we shall have fewer, bigger financial enti-ties. Competition will be very fierce," said Mr Gonzalez. The sector is attractive to foreign investors because the banks are well managed, the system is wellregulated and supervised and it's still profitable."

Despite the financial flurries, it is oil that takes centre stage in any discussion about Colombia's economic outlook. Oil production will rise to 720.000bpd before the end of 1997 and by the end of Measures included a 6 per the decade oil will account for nearly a third of export

CHILE • by Imogen Mark

Exports forge ahead

Chile opts for Latin link to exploit growing trade with near neighbours

Last year Chile opted formally for its Latin iden-tity and for its neighbours. For a while at least, it has shelved its long-cherished hopes of being the next nation into Nafta, the North American free trade agreement, and negotiated associate membership in Mercosur, the customs union, with Argentina, Brazil, Uruguay

Chile's trade within the region has been growing steadily since the beginning of the decade, as the other economies have begun to stabilise and open up. Exports to its nine main Latin American partners were worth \$3bn last year, up more than 50 per cent since 1990, and representing 17.5 per cent of all exports. Argentina and Brazil each account for about 5 per cent. Latin American markets are important for manufactured goods, and increasingly for luxury items like fresh fruit,

salmon and wine. But more striking than its exports of tangibles is the steady export of Chilean capinvestment plans for an esti- down to a range of 3-5 per mated \$3bn in six countries cent by the time its six-year in the region, bringing the term ends, in March 2000.

investments to an estimated \$10hn, equivalent to a solid 15 per cent of Chile's gross result for one company, Enersis, the biggest utilitybased holding, its Argentine investments contributed 30 per cent of net profits last year. Not surprisingly, Chile is pushing to include services in the next phase of Mercosur negotiations, later

The biggest outside investors are the private utilities, but behind them are banks and private pension funds, supermarket chains and forestry companies. What is driving their expansion into the region is the limited scope for growth in Chile's own domestic market, a modest 14.5 million people with an average \$4,800 a

It is not that the domestic economy is doing badly. On the contrary it managed a growth rate of 7.1 per cent last year, the highest in the region, and the 12th year running of continuous growth at an average 7 per cent a year. The central bank, an autonomous body, and the government came within a point of their inflation target - 6.6 per cent last year - and have set themsteady export of Chilean capital into the region. Last year Chilean companies selves a harder goal, 5.5 per cent for 1997. The government of president Eduardo announced acquisitions and Frei wants to bring inflation

finance ministry do not the management of the always see eye to eye on the means of achieving the tar-high domestic interest rates domestic product. As a get The Central Bank regularly urges the government to curb fiscal spending with a tighter fiscal budget. The finance ministry argues that it regularly turns in a steady 4-5 per cent fiscal surplus. General government spending accounted for an estimated 20.6 per cent of GDP last year, according to figures from SBC Warburg, the investment bank

But the same study shows a steady decline in expenditure, from 26 per cent at the beginning of the decade, when democratic government was restored, and with only modest increases in

This year, for example, with congressional elections in December, government spending is set to rise to 20.8

per cent of GDP. For the past year, however, the central bank has been applying a squeeze on credit, with its benchmark eight-year paper at rates terms, and the short-term, 90-day paper averaging 7.25 per cent. The trend was downwards towards the end of the year, as the market anticipated a relaxation. But Mr Carlos Massad, the central bank president, has made it clear he will allow

during 1997. The other aspect of the steadily increasing private economy which falls within investment in the sector.

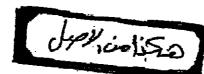
the central bank's brief is attracted substantial inflows of foreign capital, pushing against the dollar despite foreign exchange controls which are meent to check this. In October the Central Bank adjusted the rules on foreign investment to try to

close one loophole. The central bank and the government are both happy to see Chilean capital being shipped out of the domestic der bank lending, as a way of balancing the inflow of only long-term means, he says, to reduce the pressure on the balance of payments and eventually reduce the

current capital controls. The capital account belped last year to finance a \$1.2bm trade delicit, the result of worsening terms of trade. Exports were down to \$15.3bn, from \$16bn in 1995, while imports continued to grow strongly, to \$16.5bn (\$14.7hn). This year is expected to bring a similar deficit. as the price for copper, 40 per cent of export earnings last year, is expected to stay around the same level of \$1.04 a pound. Output has been rising, up by 20 per cent lest year to 3.1m tonnes rates to fall only gradually and a projected 13 per cent

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private sector. It was widely revolution is going uncertificised as unnecessary according to Mr Cesar Gozz.

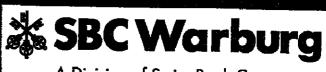


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VENEZUELA • by Ray Colitt

Oil gives a boost to confidence

Foreign investors eve privatised industry while government snubs IMF loan

Nearly a year after the government of president Rafael Caldera, 81, embarked on a course of market-oriented reform. Venezuela has stabilised its economy and regained the confidence of international investors. It struggles, however, to implement structural reform.

A year ago Venezuela was grappling with run-away inflation, a budget deficit of 7 per cent of gross domestic product (GDP), and a series of unwieldy foreign exchange controls that were fuelling the black market while stifling industry and

Today, a snap-shot of the economy reveals stable macroeconomic indicators. International monetary reserves are at a record \$15.8bn, the exchange rate has shown unprecedented stability, and the current account showed a surplus in excess of \$7bn in 1997. As part of last June's stand-by agreement with the International Monetary Fund, the government is aiming for a modest budget

Renewed investor confiinflow considerably. The stock exchange saw unprece-Finance Corporation composite index for emerging markets with a return of

nearly 115 per cent. Foreign direct investment also experienced a rebound, especially in the petroleum and banking sectors. Three of the five largest banks were taken over in December last year by Spanish and per cent. Chilean investors, and at likely to be bought this year. into the country, many Ven-Nearly half of all bank assets ezuelans question when and are now under foreign conhow much of this will trickle

1994 financial sector crisis, 15 per cent and nearly half which cost more than 8 per cent of GDP and plunged the

Foreign investors are now eyeing privatisation in Venezuela's steel and aluminium industry, where ample resources and low energy costs make for a strong advantage. These sales could be worth close to \$4bn. Renewed investor confi-

dence in Venezuela has also given the government access to international capital markets. "We used to take our proposal to the investment banks, now they come to us," said Mr Raul Matos Azocar, the finance minister, when recently announcing the government's plans to restructure its foreign debt obligations. Indeed Venezue la's external accounts have improved so dramatically that the government decided to turn down the remaining two tranches of its IMF stand-by loan.

Undoubtedly, the govern-ment has been aided by the recovery of international oil prices. Last year Venezuela received some \$3bn surplus income as a result of the surge in oil prices. While part of that went to service the foreign debt, most windfall oil revenue this year is earmarked for a special reserve fund, to help balance dence has increased capital the budget in times of depressed oil prices.

Investment in the oil secdented growth last year and tor is also kick-starting an the International economy which has not seen significant economic growth since 1992. According to the state petroleum company, PDVSA, an estimated \$65bn will pour into the petroleum industry by the year 2005. Nearly half of that is to come from private investors. GDP growth estimates for 1997 vary between 4 and 5

While large amounts of

of the work force is employed in the informal economy into a prolonged sector, that is, without recession, health insurance, pension plans or other benefits. High inflation and four years of economic recession have eroded real income to the lowest levels in decades. Demand for consumer products has plummeted.

Indeed, one year after the government implemented stiff austerity measures most Venezuelans have seen no tangible improvement of their economic situation.

Recent public sector salary increases of up to 130 per cent are likely to nudge up inflation several percentage points, even though the gov-ernment says it is restructuring its expenditures and increasing its revenue base to compensate. Most independent economists helieve that accumulated inflation at year-end will be at least 10 points above the governnent's inflation target of 25 per cent.

Large capital inflows and the obligatory exchange of oil revenue from dollars to bolivars have swelled the money supply and are further hampering the anti-inflation campaign. The gov-ernment has agreed to pay back its debts to the central bank, allowing the bank to issue securities to soak up excess liquidity. In practice this mechanism has not been implemented yet.

As much as oil has been a blessing for the government. it may also have been a misfortune. The comfort of its oil cushion, critics say, has led the government to slow down on much-needed reform of a corrupt judiclary, a bloated central government, and an outdated social security system.

"The rise in oil prices should have helped to accelerate all these changes but least another four banks are foreign capital are flowing instead they have slowed down," says Mr Oscar Garcia Mendoza, head of the Banco Venezolano de Crédito. "My impression is that there is a lack of leadership to push

January (1996) November January (1997) February 2.3

through these reforms. The government admits that some 250,000 of the central government's 800,000 employees are redundant. For this year its target is to reduce the state sector by 30,000. With the election campaign heating up for the

end of this year, significant

progress in streamlining the

ernment offices is unlikely.

enormously inefficient gov-

Mr Gustavo Tarre Bricenho, chairman of the lower house finance committee, says that there has been no qualitative improvement on the expenditure side of the 1997 budget. "Despite all the rhetoric, the government has done nothing to restructure expenditures. It appears as though the unbudgeted [oil] income has caused the government to forget bow

urgent it is to implement

these reforms," he adds.

According to figures from the Caracas-based consultancy MetroEonómica, current expenditure amounts to 70.1 per cent of total expenditures. The pay roll of the central government alone accounts for 1,300bn bolivars expenditures. A sudden drop in oil prices, says Mr Franklin Santarelli, an analyst with MetroEconômica, could once again throw the budget out of balance and require another round of economic austerity measures.

ECUADOR • by Justine Newsom

Uncertainty clouds prospects "Many governments have ernment increased utilities ity and uncertainty about said they want to improve and transport tariffs. economic policy in the past. tax collections," says econo- National food and fuel sup-

The interim government has little time to implement its policies

After two years of political instability which helped keep Ecuador's real annual gross domestic product growth down to an average 2 per cent, prospects for 1997-8 are not much brighter. Interim president Fabián Alarcón, has been appointed by Congress to replace the deposed Abdalá Bucaram, until August 1998, when a newly elected government will take over. This gives Mr Alarcón little time to implement his policies. The approaching 1998 elections add uncertainty to investors' planning horizons and give politicians little incentive to collaborate with his coalition

Given this time constraint. the government's economic aims are limited. "This is a transition government which needs to recover macro-economic equilibrium. It is better to be realistic and hand over the fiscal accounts with responsibility", explained Fidel Jaramillo, newly appointed head of Ecuador's central bank, on television.

First it must cut a potential fiscal deficit of 6.6 per cent to 2.5 per cent of GDP. But the measures adopted. (\$2.83bn) or 18 per cent of its including higher customs and tax collections, a 10 per cent cut in spending, a temporary 4 per cent increase in import duties, and a partial increase in electricity tariffs, may not be achievable or sufficient without structural

mist Mr Luis Jácome of plies were disrupted by Cordes, "but this requires

institutional reform." productive - a disincentive

Quito-based research centre, strikes and road blocks at the beginning of February,

in protest against his Others claim that increas- regime. The government ing import duties is counter anticipates year-end inflation around 30 per cent. Prito imports with the net vate analysts are less optieffect of cutting customs mistic. Mr Jácome predicts income. It is a step back- inflation will end 1997 at wards for Ecuador, which 33-35 per cent. Looking has been following the ahead, Mr Jaramillo expects global trend towards lower-inflation to slow to 25 per ing tariff barriers, causing cent by March 1998 and 20-23 problems with Andean Pact per cent by December.

Ecuadors economic indicators

	 1995	1996	19971
Real GDP growth (%)	 2.3	1.82	3.5
Year-end inflation	 22.8	25.5	30.0
External debt/GDP	 94,4	93.2°	92.9
Stock market index			
(annual % change).	-10,6	3.1	n/a
	 		

free-trade partners and the World Trade Organisation, which Ecuador joined last year, they argue.

Anticipating that spending cuts and revenue increases will be insufficient, Mr Jácome predicts a deficit of 3-4 per cent of GDP. But even a 2.5 per cent deficit is unlikely to satisfy the IMF, whose seal of approval Ecuador urgently needs to reassure international lenders. by renegotiating \$200m of arrears on its Paris Club

If the government cannot reduce the deficit, its inflation target may be another casualty. Annual inflation had accelerated to 31.7 per cent by February, compared with 25.5 per cent in December, after the Bucaram gov-

The central bank has adjusted its crawling-peg exchange rate band for these higher inflation expecta-tions, allowing for annual devaluation of 21 per cent, instead of the 18.5 per cent assumed when the band was last adjusted in August 1996. The crawling-peg system, used since December 1994. allows the sucre to fluctuate up to 5 per cent either side of essential parity, against the dollar. Parity will now

lar by December 31. Brazilian-style currency exchange rate and resulting which have characterised periods of political instabil- infrastructure.

reach 4,452 sucres to one dol-

rates may be less volatile, a significant cut cannot be expected while investors demand a risk premium due to uncertainty over political and economic prospects.

Critics argue the short-term macro-economic targets are insufficient. The government should push ahead more rapidly with reducing the size of the state and make it more efficient. It will be impossible in the long term to cut public spending or to redirect it to urgent social needs such as education, health and housing. The interest burden on the budget must also be reduced, say analysts, by contracting cheaper longerterm debt to allow the repurchase of Brady bonds issued in 1995 when commercial bank debt was renegotiated.

However, Mr Alarcón has adopted a half-hearted approach to cutting back the state and institutional reform, reflecting his populist leanings and congres nal mandate. The repeatedly postponed sale of 35 per cent of state telecommunications company, Emetel, to private operators, is now scheduled for the last quarter of 1997. Mr Bucaram's plans for partial privatisation of the oil industry and a second private oil pipeline for heavy crude also seemed to have been shelved. An earlier plan to expand the capacity of the existing cross-country auctions have also been state pipeline to 400,000 barintroduced to reduce the rels per day is being resur-sharp fluctuation in the rected. Business people await clear policy decisions interest-rate volatility, for customs modernisation

trol. The arrival of foreign down to benefit them. Unembanks marks the end of the ployment is between 12 and

CENTRAL AMERICA • by Johanna Tuckman

War-weary region faces new challenges

In an era of peace, violent crime and poverty keep Central America volatile

On December 29 last year the Guatemalan government and left-wing rebels signed a first time in more than three decades all six countries in the war-weary region are

now officially at peace. But although ideological conflict in Central America has run out of steam, high levels of violent crime and generalised poverty keep the region potentially volatile.

Throughout Central Amernomic analysts see sustainable development providing jobs and improved living standards as the only guar-antee for long-term stability.

a challenge giving the coun- America". try a unique and unrepeatable opportunity to develop".

nomic slowdown that cut

coffee prices and the promtional donations and loans to support the peace.

out, a sharp fall in growth in debt. neighbouring El Salvador boom.

5 per cent and 7 per cent period. they enjoyed between the

new reputation of being at market opening. the vanguard of modernisa-

foreign investment next most determined to push

Nicaraguan economy is after signing the peace, Presemerging from the painful ident Alvaro Arzú's busirecession that set in with the ness-linked administration post-war crackdown on announced an aggressive prihyperinflation in the early vatisation programme with

5.5 per cent rise in GDP regarmed confrontation. For the grow when you start from zero."

Nor is unqualified optimism appropriate in other Central American countries that were only indirectly affected by the regional conflicts.

As in Nicaragua, the maintenance of the growth rate in economy during 1996, ica local political and eco- reflects a slow recovery from the strongest tradition of recession rather than a sus- state intervention in Central

tained trend. And in Costa Rica belt- towards selling off state tightening to control serious fiscal problems brought the For Mr Gustavo Porras, a economy to a virtual standformer revolutionary who became the Guatemalan government's chief negotiator in still last year, stripping bare behind the trend although the country's already questionable claim to be "the could be reactivated at any 1996, the signing of peace "is Switzerland of Central time.

growth to 3 per cent from 5 American economies remain action. delicate, the region can Prospects for this year are boast relative macro-ecoburdens are also far more turf. But as regional economic manageable in the wake of

owning of the accords in ama governments are now committed to programmes are willing to predict how 1992 and 1995," he says. committed to programmes are within the popula-Nevertheless, if El Salva- that include state moderni- much more time the popula-tions of Central American dor can take advantage of its sation, privatisation and tions of Central American

From Guatemala to Pan- Morales.

ironically, the countries the post-war development tion in Central America, it where left-wing rebel move model to deliver on its promcould benefit from increased ments were strongest are the

such policies through. In Further south, the tiny Guatemala, just six weeks the shotgun sale of the state-Reflecting on the healthy owned telecommunication's company at its heart.

peace treaty ending Central istered this year Mr Morales Similarly, the right-wing America's last remaining comments: "It is easy to El Salvador government of President Armando Calderon Sol started the year with an acceleration of existing privatisation plans for telecommunications.

Nicaraguan President Arnoldo Aleman is expected to follow suit once his new government has settled in. Costa Rica is more relucthe vulnerable Honduran tant to join the privatisation race. But the country with

> America is now moving assets as the only available way out of its fiscal disaster. Honduras is also lagging

But as Central America Even in Panama, where converges into a post-war the canal marks the country consensus regarding privati-Ironically the winding off from the rest of Central sation, the vision of turning down of the war in Gua- America, 2 per cent growth the region into a free trade temala last year was accom- in 1996 is a far cry from the 8 zone capable of tagging on to panied by a serious eco- per cent registered in 1990. Nafta in the future appears But although Central more difficult to put into

Meanwhile, efforts to open up borders within the region looking up given healthier nomic stability with infla- itself are moving forward on tion and exchange rates far paper although they repeatises of US\$1.9bn in interna- less arratic than they were a edily come up against family few years ago. External debt monopolies protecting their

This leads Mr Morales, at analyst Mr Fernando successful renegotiations of least, to take a sceptical Morales de la Cruz points bilateral and commercial view. "When they start selling Guatemalan beer in El This stabilisation is Salvador and Salvadoran last year warns against rely- largely the result of beer in Guatemala then I'll ing too heavily on a post-war structural adjustments that believe it. If you want free have accompanied the peace trade you have to start with "in El Salvador the enthu- process and put economic the big companies, but the slasm of peace has met the policy in the region firmly big companies all have reality. Growth fell to 3.5 per within the dominant para- famous last names and they cent in 1996 compared to the dignos of the post cold war are still the guys who make the decisions," says Mr

Meanwhile, few analysts countries will want to allow

HIGHLIGHTS OF THE YEAR 1996

-Consolidated net income for the year 1996, including minority interests in consolidated subsidianes, emounted to US\$ 579 million which, in relation to the stockholders' equity of US\$ 3,868 million, represented a return on equity of 15% (ROE).

tait's 20.9% risk-based capital ratio endorses its solid financial structure. This figure is far beyond the Baset Committee's recommended 8% minimum.

Domestic Rating concept, which is their highest rating calegory for this concept.

 Consolidated assets amounted to US\$ 30,823 million. The consolidated portfolio of loans, leasing and advances amounted to US\$ 12,531 million, with special emphasis on real state credit lending (8,312 housing units financed in 1996 in the amount US\$ 477 million and to the language country with a profession at US\$ 3,716. USS 407 million) and on trade financing and guarantees, with a portiolio of US\$ 3,718

-Own free resources, added to those raised from the public or managed by Itaû, amounted to a consolidated figure of US\$ 38,916 million, a 36.2% increase over the 1995 fiscal year. "Caderneta de Poupança Itaú", the bank's savings account, deserves to be highlighted as resources amounted to US\$ 8,060 million, accounting

Banco Itaú Argentina, with its current 18 branches in Buenos Aires, has obtained a successful market entry, a fact attested by the 31,000 new bank accounts. Banco Itau Europe ended the year 1996 with total assets of USS 629 million, thus increasing its

 Restructuring at Banco Francès e Brasileiro has been concluded, and the business volume has already increased. Itaú Bankers Trust - IBT started operations, having co-ordinated or participated in 10 corporate linance operations in the domestic market (USS 1.7 billion) as well as 23 such operations in the overseas market (USS 1.6 billion).

"Itauprevidência", which has come under the control of Banco Itaú, has successfully taunched "Rexprev", its new pension plan. 28,000 plans were sold in only two months. "Itaucard MasterCard" and "Itaucard Visa" credit cards were also successfully launched in the Brazilian market, with 292,000 new account

•The number of bank account holders grew by 9.4% last year. This growth can be amplituded mainly to the launching of "MaxtConta Itad", an innovative product whose features include a transparent bank fee policy and convenient customer services

tail's collect services were granted ISO 9002 certification, the only certification of this lund to be obtained by a major domestic bank in Brazil for such wide-ranging and complex services.

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CASH AND CASH EQUIVALENTS	1,236	1,309	INCOME FROM FINANCIAL OPERATIONS
INTERBANK FUNDS APPLIED	6,915	3,143	EXPENSES OF FINANCIAL OPERATIONS
SECURITIES	3,828	2,359	
INTERBANK ACCOUNTS	1,411	2,287	NET INCOME FROM FINANCIAL OPERATIONS
INTERBRANCH ACCOUNTS	14	5	OTHER OPERATING INCOME (EXPENSES)
LOANS AND LEASING OPERATIONS	9.940	9.522	Banking service fees
Losns and leasing operations	10.476	9,917	Capitalization premiums and Pension plans
Non-scoruel loans	506	539	Expenses in constituting technical provisions
Legs: Provision for igen losses/doubtful legse receivables.	[1,042)	(934)	
FOREIGN EXCHANGE PORTFOLIO	2,716	2,334	Saturies and employee benefits
OTHER RECEIVABLES	2,385	1,443	Other administrative expenses
OTHER ASSETS	137	143	Other operating income
PERMANENT ASSETS	2.241	2,591	OPERATING INCOME
Investments	344	488	NON-OPERATING INCOME
Pored assets	1,826	2,043	MONETARY CORRECTION
Deferred	71	60	
			INCOME BEFORE INCOME AND SOCIAL
TOTALASSETS	30,823	25,136	CONTRIBUTION TAXES

LELMONGIAL MODELLO		~~~.
investments	344	488
Post assets	1,826	2,043
Deferred	71	60
TOTALASSETS	30,823	25,136
LEGIS DESCRIBE STOCKHOLDERS EGGES.	ing all and	
DEPOSITS	11,119	10,845
Derhand disposits	1,435	1,689
Time deposits	1,612	2,098
Savings accounts	8,072	7,078
ACCEPTANCES AND DEBENTURES	481	123
MONEY MARKET REPURCHASE COMMITMENTS	3,972	1,266
INTERBANK ACCOUNTS	228	185
INTERBRANCH ACCOLINTS	272	169
ROBROWING AND ON-LENDING LIABILITIES	5.051	4.322
Domestic	1,210	1,169
Foreign	3,841	3,153
FOREIGN EXCHANGE PORTFOLIO	393	318
OTHER LIABILITIES	5.415	4,178
Cluck trestures	9,713	4170
TOTAL LIABILITIES	26,931	21,408
(OIAL DAGE) (ES	20,00	21,100
DEPERRED INCOME	24	28
MINORITY INTEREST IN CONSOLIDATED SUBSIDIARIES	171	271
WINCH IN WALL TO LANGUE AND AND AND AND AND AND AND AND AND AND		
STOCKHOLDERS' EQUITY	3,697	3,431
Capital stock	1,921	1,195
Monetary correction	-	268
Capital reserves	466	468
Revaluation reserves	13	13
Retained Income	1,720	1,499

INCOME FROM FINANCIAL OPERATIONS	5,652	6,435	
EXPENSES OF FINANCIAL OPERATIONS	(3,732)	(4,861)	
NET INCOME FROM FINANCIAL OPERATIONS	1,920	1,574	
OTHER OPERATING INCOME (EXPENSES)	(1,021)	(1,102)	
Banking warvice fees	1.365	880	
Capitalization premiums and Pension plans	2.525	657	
Expenses in constituting technical provisions	(2,485)	(630)	
Salaries and employee benefits	(1.372)	(1,107)	
Other administrative expenses	(1,431)	(1,042)	
Other operating income	377	140	
OPERATING INCOME	899	472	
NON-OPERATING INCOME	(8)	(4)	
MONETARY CORRECTION	D	111	
INCOME BEFORE INCOME AND SOCIAL			
CONTRIBUTION TAXES	891	579	
INCOME TAX AND SOCIAL CONTRIBUTION	(265)	(199)	
EXTRAORDINARY RESULTS	(17)	8	
PROFIT SHARING	(30)	(23)	
MINORITY INTERESTS	(10)	(4)	
NET INCOME OF THE PARENT COMPANY	569	353	
Net Income of the Parent Company	569	353	
Net income of minority interests	10	4	
NET INCOME OF ITAL) GROUP	579	357	
NUMBER OF SHARES OUTSTANDING	11,973,512,660	11,934,724,335	



NET INCOME PER THOUSAND SHARES - USS

STOCKHOLDERS' EQUITY PER THOUSAND SHARES - US\$

TOTAL LIABILITIES AND STOCKHOLDERS' EQUITY

25,138

(423) 30,823

2. The consolidated financial statements of Benco Itaú S.A. have been prepared in reals (RS) of constant purchasing power as of December 31, 1996, and converted into LS contain no reservations, were issued on February 20, 1997 oblers. The exchange rate used was RS 1,0994 to US\$ 1, which was the official setting rate on December 31, 1996.

3. The complete consolidated financial statements and independent auditor's report - KPMG - Pear Manwock, which contain no reservations, were issued on February 20, 1997 in both newspapers O Estado de S. Paulo and Datno Oficial of the São Paulo State.

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